The Sydney Morning Herald.

No. 12,081—VOL. LXXV. TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1877. PRICE TWOPENCE.

BIRTHS.

BREES.—January 26, at her residence, Johnson's Bay, Balmain, the wife of Harold Brees, of a son.
FORSTER.—December 22, at her residence, 168, Westbourne-terrace, Hyde Park, London, the wife of the Hon. William Forster, Agent-General for New South Wales, of a son.
GEARY.—January 28, the wife of E. Geary, of a son.
HAM.—January 15th, at Bayswater, Glenmore Road, the wife of Henry Ham, of a daughter.
HAYNES.—February 4, at her residence, Berry-street, St. Leonards, the wife of Abraham Haynes, of a son.
JOUBERT.—February 3, at Hunter's Hill, Lane Cove River, Mrs. Jules Joubert, of a son.
KINGSCOTE.—February 4, at Manly, the wife of W. A. Kingscote, Esq., of a son.
PEATE.—February 4, at her residence, Strawberry-hill, the wife of Thomas Peate, of a son.
TREND.—February 5, at her residence, Cook's River Road, Mrs. Robert Trend, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

DAVIS—FOX.—January 25, by license, at St. Luke's Church, Adelaide, by the Rev. J. Pollitt, Henry Edward Davis, engine-fitter, eldest son of Valentine Davis, Esq., Waterloo, Sydney, to Sally Roskilly, eldest daughter of Robert O. Fox, Esq., of Sturt-street, Adelaide, S.A.
PAGE—PENDERED.—January 8, at Hill End, by the Rev. Colin R. Gregg, Presbyterian minister, Alfred William Page, to Laura Leeman Pendered, eldest daughter of the late Mr. John Pendered, of Somersetshire, England.

DEATHS.

ALLPORT.—January 21, at Birrery station, Namoi River, after a few days' illness, John Ireland, second son of the late Henry Curzon Allport.
COHEN.—December 16, at her residence, Lancaster Gate, London, Julia, the beloved wife of David Cohen.
KELLY.—October 30, 1876, at the residence of Benjamin Taylor, Esq., Kilchrist, county Galway, Ireland, Jane, the dearly-beloved sister of Charles and Richard Kelly, of H.M. Customs, in her 55th year.
LEVY.—December 4, at his residence, High-street, Islington, after a very short illness, Mr. Henry Levy, in his 61st year (for many years with Messrs. E. Moses and son, Minories), deeply regretted by his sorrowing wife, family, and large circle of friends. Beloved Father of Isaac H. Levy, of George-street.
ROBINSON.—February 5, at 214, George-street, Alice Maud, aged 14 days, daughter of H. R. and Lavinia Robinson.
SAVAGE.—January 27, at the residence of his uncle, Jesse Smith, Muswell Creek, Alfred, eldest son of Richard and Emily Savage, of Camperdown Road, Sydney, aged 20 years and 8 months. Deeply regretted by a large circle of friends.
SEMPILL.—February 4, by accident, Robert Hamilton Collins, aged 21, the only and dearly-beloved son of Mr. Robert Sempill, Sydney.
WALTON.—February 3, at his residence, St. Clair, near Enfield, John Walton, aged 77 years, after a long and painful illness, which he bore with Christian fortitude.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL S. S. CO.—OVERLAND ROUTE TO GREAT BRITAIN, THROUGH AMERICA.
Under contract with N. S. W. and N. Z. Governments,
AUSTRALIA,
3000 tons, W. Cargill, commander
will be dispatched
at 3 p.m. on FRIDAY, 9th February, 1877, carrying her Majesty's mails and passengers to Auckland, Kandavu, Honolulu, and San Francisco.
Drafts, payable in gold in San Francisco, issued by the undersigned.
For rates of passage and freight, and for all other information, apply to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Agents, Spring-street.

STEAM TO AUCKLAND Direct.—The Pacific Mail steamer
AUSTRALIA,
3000 tons, W. Cargill, commander,
will leave as above on FRIDAY, the 9th February at 3 p.m.
For freight or passage apply to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Spring-street.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
The Company's steamship
CHINA,
2016 tons, 400-horse power,
J. C. Almond, commander,
will leave Sydney, for MELBOURNE, on MONDAY, 19th February, 1877, at 12 noon, in connection with the departure from that port of the Company's steamship
TANJORE,
2263 tons, 450-horse power,
which will be dispatched on THURSDAY, the 22nd February, 1877, for ADELAIDE, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, and GALLE, with H.M. mails, passengers, cargo, and parcels; also for INDIA, MAURITIUS, JAVA, SINGAPORE, CHINA, JAPAN, and EUROPE.
Cargo will be received until 5 p.m. on the 16th, specie and parcels until 10 a.m. on 17th February.
For information on all subjects connected with the Company's various lines, apply to
HENRY MOORE, Agent.
Moore's Wharf, 22nd January, 1877.
Passengers' accommodation in TANJORE allotted in Sydney by plans in office.
Passage money and freight per CHINA between Sydney and Melbourne at local rates.
☞ A steamer will be in attendance to convey passengers and baggage to and from Moore's Wharf on arrival or embarkation.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS.
TO MELBOURNE.—City of Adelaide, this afternoon, Tuesday, at 4.30; and Ly-ee-moon, Saturday afternoon, at 1. FARES AND FREIGHTS AT CURRENT RATES.
TO NEWCASTLE, RAYMOND TERRACE, AND MORPETH.—Coonanbara, to-night, Tuesday, at 11; and Collaroy, to-morrow night, Wednesday, at 11.
TO CLARENCE TOWN (FOR PASSENGERS AND CARGO).—Coonanbara, to-night, Tuesday, at 11. FREIGHT PAYABLE IN SYDNEY.
TO BRISBANE.—Alexandra, this afternoon, Tuesday, at 4. (FARES AND FREIGHTS AT GREATLY REDUCED RATES); and Yarralla, Saturday afternoon, at 1.
TO MARYBOROUGH.—Balclutha, this afternoon, Tuesday, at 4. FARES AND FREIGHT AT GREATLY REDUCED RATES.
TO ROCKHAMPTON.—Boomerang, within 48 hours after arrival.
TO PORT DENISON, TO CLEVELAND BAY, TO CAIRNS (TRINITY BAY), TO COOKTOWN WHARF, TO CARDWELL, KEPPEL BAY, AND FLAT TOP ISLAND } Passengers and cargo forwarded per Alexandra, this afternoon, Tuesday, at 4, for transhipment to s. s. Leichardt, sailing from Brisbane on Saturday next.
CARGO is now being received for transmission to any of the above ports.
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.

THE CLARENCE AND RICHMOND RIVER STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS will be dispatched from the Company's Wharf, Sussex-street, as follows, weather permitting:—
TO GRAFTON, CLARENCE RIVER, direct.—The splendid new paddle steamship CITY OF GRAFTON, THIS NIGHT, Tuesday, 6th February, at 9.
TO MACLEAY RIVER, via NEWCASTLE.—BALLINA, MONDAY, 12th February, at 9 p.m.
TO PORT MACQUARIE, via MACLEAY RIVER.—BALLINA, MONDAY, 12th February, at 9 p.m.
TO THE RICHMOND RIVER, via NEWCASTLE.—AGNES IRVING, TO-MORROW, Wednesday, at 10 p.m.
Cargo received daily for transmission to any of the above ports.
JOHN WHITE, Secretary.
Sussex-street.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE, BRISBANE, AND MARYBOROUGH.
The M. S. S. CO. will dispatch their STEAMSHIPS (when practicable) as follows, from STRUTH'S WHARF, foot of King-street:—

FOR MELBOURNE:

Ship.	Master	Sailing Date.
CHEVIOT....	J. B. Clarke..	FRIDAY, at 12 noon.
BARRABOOL.	John Pain...	MONDAY, Feb. 12

FOR BRISBANE:

EDINA........	J. H. South ..	THIS DAY, Tuesday, at 4 p.m.

FOR MARYBOROUGH:

EDINA........	J. H. South ..	THIS DAY, Tuesday, at 4 p.m.

carrying passengers and cargo. Time-tables on application. Return tickets issued to and from MELBOURNE, available for two months, by any of the Company's steamers. Cargo received for the above ports every day. These vessels have their SALOONS amidships, and are victualled by the owners.
Steerage passengers supplied with bedding.
WM. HOWARD SMITH, Struth's Wharf.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.—The M. S. S. Co. will dispatch the S. S. CHEVIOT, 1500 tons, J. B. Clarke, commander, on FRIDAY, at 12 noon.
For freight and all particulars apply to
W. HOWARD SMITH, Struth's Wharf, King-street.

MANLY BEACH STEAMERS Leave Queen's Wharf—7.15, 10.15, 11.30, 2.15, 4.30, 6.
Woolloomooloo—10.30, 11.45, 2.30.
Manly Beach—8.15, 9.15, 12, 3.15, 4.45, 5.30.
Fare—Return ticket, 1s 6d; children, 1s.
N.B.—Extra late boats will leave Sydney, on Wednesday and Saturday, at 11 o'clock p.m.

ILLAWARRA S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS.—TO WOLLONGONG.—To-day, 9.15 a.m. and 11 p.m.
MERIMBULA, Eden, and Tathra.—To-day, 9.15 a.m.
KIAMA and SHOALHAVEN.—To-night, at 11.
ULLADULLA, and CLYDE.—Friday, 9.15 a.m.
MORUYA.—Friday, 9.15 a.m.

HUNTER RIVER N. S. N. CO.—STEAM TO NEWCASTLE, MORPETH, RAYMOND TERRACE, &c.
FROM SYDNEY.
TO-MORROW (Wednesday) MORNING, at 9, the MORPETH.
On THURSDAY NIGHT, at 11, the MAITLAND.
Cargo for Miller's Forest forwarded to-morrow morning, at 9.
F. J. THOMAS, Manager.
Offices, foot of Market-street.

M. S. N. CO.'S S.S. DIAMANTINA, Captain Hersee, for Taree direct, 24 hours after arrival, from Caledonian Wharf. JOHN RITCHIE, Agent, King-street.

UNION STEAMSHIP COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND (Limited).
The magnificent full-powered steamship
WAKATIPU,
2000 tons, 1250 horse-power indicated,
will be dispatched from Dibbs's Wharf POSITIVELY on THURSDAY next, 8th instant, at 12 noon, calling at WELLINGTON, LYTTELTON, PORT CHALMERS (Dunedin), transhipping at Wellington cargo and passengers for NELSON, NAPIER, WANGANUI, and TARANAKI, and at Port Chalmers for OMARU, TIMARU, and BLUFF.
AUCKLAND passengers and cargo booked through for transhipment at Wellington.
Her passenger accommodation, in saloon (amidships) and steerage, embracing LADIES' BOUDOIR, SMOKING and BATH ROOMS, combined with space and ventilation, is unequalled on the Australian coast.
Shippers will oblige by sending cargo down at once.
Shipping order required.
A milch cow is carried.
For rates of freight and passage money, apply to
FREDK. W. JACKSON, Agent, 58, Pitt-street.

STEAM TO AUCKLAND.—The powerful and favourite steamer
HERO,
1000 tons, Thomas Logan, commander,
will leave the Grafton Wharf direct for Auckland, on SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 10, at 2 p.m.
SHIPPERS are requested to make engagements and take shipping orders without delay.
Passengers booked through to the famous Waiwera hot sulphur springs.
Passengers should lose no time in securing accommodation. The saloon is amidships.
For freight or passage, apply to
BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and CO., Agents, 52, Pitt-street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—HERO (s.), for AUCKLAND.—This powerful and favourite steamer is in dock, undergoing a thorough overhaul, and her departure for Auckland is therefore necessarily delayed till SATURDAY, February 10th, at 2 p.m.
BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and CO., Agents, 52, Pitt-street.

STEAM TO NEW ZEALAND DIRECT.—NEW GOLD RUSH to TEREMAKAU, near HOKITIKA.
The splendid steamship
ALBION,
800 tons, Captain J. W. Clark, will be dispatched from GRAFTON WHARF, on WEDNESDAY, the 14th instant, at 2 o'clock p.m., carrying passengers, and cargo for HOKITIKA, the NEAREST PORT to the ABOVE GOLD-FIELD; also GREYMOUTH, NELSON, TARANAKI, AUCKLAND, WELLINGTON, NAPIER, WANGANUI, LYTTELTON, TIMARU, DUNEDIN, OMARU, BLUFF HARBOUR, HOBART TOWN, and MELBOURNE.
For freight or passage apply to
JOSEPH WARD and CO., Agents, Bridge-street-chambers.
Shipping orders required.

STEAM TO NEW ZEALAND direct.—The S. S. ALBION, 800 tons, Captain J. W. Clark, will be dispatched for all NEW ZEALAND PORTS, on WEDNESDAY, 14th February, calling at HOBART TOWN, en route for MELBOURNE.
For freight or passage apply to
JOSEPH WARD and CO., Agents, Bridge-street-chambers.

STEAM TO NEW ZEALAND FROM MELBOURNE.
TARARUA, 14th February, via Hobart Town and Bluff.
Through tickets to and from all New Zealand ports issued by the undersigned.
JOSEPH WARD and CO., Bridge-street Chambers.

STEAM TO HOBART TOWN direct.—The fine steamship
TASMAN, 720 tons register,
will be dispatched from the GRAFTON WHARF on TUESDAY, 13th February, at 3 p.m.
Storage charged on inward cargo not removed whilst the vessel is at the wharf.
For freight or passage, apply to T. and W. WILLIS, Agents, 48, Pitt-street.

TO PASSENGERS FOR ENGLAND.—The magnificent and A1 favourite steamship
NEMESIS,
3396 tons register, 500-horse power nominal, 2000-horse power effective,
George R. Stuart, commander,
will be dispatched from
SYDNEY FOR LONDON,
positively on
SATURDAY, 24th FEBRUARY, 1877.
The NEMESIS, possessing unrivalled accommodation, with roomy cabins 10 feet by 8 feet, spacious SALOON 107 feet in length, and going via Cape of Good Hope, presents the most favourable and only opportunity to PASSENGERS and FAMILIES desirous of securing a fair-weather and speedy passage to England. With many engagements, early application is invited.
FARES.
Saloon .. .. .. 50 to 70 guineas
Second Cabin .. .. .. 30 to 35 guineas
For plans of cabins and other information, apply to
JOHN FRAZER and CO.
Wool received at Flood's.

TO PASSENGERS for CAPE TOWN.—The magnificent steamship,
NEMESIS
will be dispatched for LONDON on 24th February, calling positively at CAPE TOWN.
For cabin plans and other information apply to
JOHN FRAZER and CO., Agents.

TO PASSENGERS FOR LONDON.—Sailing SATURDAY, 31st March 1877, the magnificent and fast A1 ship
NORTHAM,
1537 tons register,
M. Cotter, commander,
with roomy cabins and spacious SALOON; the accommodation generally being superior to that of any sailing ship on the berth, and offers a most favourable opportunity to intending passengers.
RATES OF PASSAGE:
Saloon, according to accommodation required.
Second cabin, £27.
Third ditto, £20.
Steerage, £16.
With exceedingly liberal dietary scale.
For plans of cabins and other information apply to Captain COTTER, on board, at DIBBS' WHARF; or to
JOHN FRAZER and CO.

FOR LONDON. FOR MAY WOOL SALES.
The regular trader and A1 clipper ship
DUKE OF SUTHERLAND,
1047 tons register,
Thomas Louttit, commander,
having the whole of her dead weight completed and stowed, with large wool engagements, will be dispatched early in February, thus securing May wool sales.
For rates of freight and passage, having splendid accommodation for a few saloon passengers, early application is invited to Captain LOUTTIT, on board at Circular Quay; or to
JOHN FRAZER and CO.
WOOL received at FLOOD'S.

FOR LONDON.—The favourite Aberdeen clipper ship
ANN DUTHIE,
993 tons register,
John McKay, commander,
having all her dead weight and a large quantity of wool engaged, will be dispatched early in February.
Has splendid accommodation for first and second class passengers.
For freight or passage, apply to Captain M'Kay, on board; or to
DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO.
Wool received at Flood and Co.'s.

FOR LONDON.—The magnificent ship
EASTMINSTER,
having a large portion of her cargo engaged and on board, will be early dispatched. For freight or passage apply to Captain MOSEY, on board, at Circular Quay; or to
MASON, BROTHERS.
Wool received at Talbot and Co.'s.

FOR ADELAIDE, the A1 brig NIAGARA. For freight apply to E. W. MOLESWORTH, Circular Quay.

ABERDEEN CLIPPER LINE FOR LONDON.—To follow the Damascus,
The A1 clipper barque
WAVE OF LIFE,
887 tons register, John Henderson, commander
will be dispatched as above.
For freight or passage apply to Captain HENDERSON on board; or to
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS FOR LONDON.
THE PARRAMATTA
will sail on the 12th February.
Has accommodation for first, second, and third class passengers.
Fares sixty-six guineas and upwards.
Apply on board, at Circular Quay, to Captain GODDARD; or to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Spring-street.
Wool received at Marsden's.

FOR LONDON.—To sail on the 10th FEBRUARY,
The splendid first-class iron clipper ship
THUNDERBOLT,
1193 tons register.
This ship having the whole of her cargo engaged will be dispatched as above. She has very superior cabin accommodation, especially for families, and will take a few saloon passengers, who will be provided with every comfort.
For rates of passage, apply to the Captain, on board; or to
YOUNG and LARK, Agents, George and Margaret streets.

MESSRS. MONEY WIGRAM AND SON'S LINE of STEAM and SAILING PACKETS will be dispatched from Melbourne for LONDON direct, as follows:—

Ship.	Commander.	To sail. 1877.
HAMPSHIRE, via Cape of Good Hope	R. Ridgers ..	Feb. 14
S.S. SOMERSETSHIRE, via Cape of Good Hope	H. F. Holt ..	Mar. 14
ESSEX	J. Cumming ..	Mar. 22
S.S. DURHAM	F. Anderson ..	Apr. 14
S.S. NORTHUMBERLAND	H. H. Shinner	June

The ACCOMMODATION for all classes of passengers is unsurpassed. PROVISIONS of the best quality are supplied. Each vessel carries a duly qualified surgeon.
PASSAGE MONEY, £16 and upwards: a LIBERAL ALLOWANCE made to families. RETURN TICKETS issued at reduced rates.
PASSAGE ORDERS are issued to persons desirous of sending for their friends at home.
For all particulars apply to
M. METCALFE and CO., 9, Bridge-street.

VIA CAPE OF GOOD HOPE. NOTICE TO PASSENGERS FOR ENGLAND.
Messrs. Money Wigram and Sons' splendid new clipper ship
HAMPSHIRE,
1164 tons, Robert Rodgers, commander, will be dispatched from MELBOURNE for LONDON, VIA CAPE OF GOOD HOPE, on
WEDNESDAY, February 14.
The saloon cabins are provided with all necessary furniture and fittings, and the accommodation in other classes is unrivalled.
FARES.
Saloon (according to accommodation required)
Third-class .. .. .. £18 to £20
Steerage .. .. .. £16.
A liberal allowance made for families.
M. METCALFE and CO., 9, Bridge-street.

FOR LEVUKA, FIJI.—The clipper barque
BHERING, 280 tons,
T. S. Brown, master,
now fast loading at Market Wharf, will clear at Customs on FRIDAY, 9th instant. Superior cabin and steerage accommodation.
For freight or passage apply on board; or to
E. VICKERY, Agent, 116, Pitt-street.

FOR AUCKLAND direct.—The clipper schooner SIR ISAAC NEWTON, now receiving cargo at the Patent Slip Wharf, will have QUICK DISPATCH.
For freight or passage apply on board; or to
WILLIAM LAIDLEY and CO., Agents, Exchange, Pitt-street.

ONLY VESSEL FOR ROCKHAMPTON.—Clipper schooner Princess Louise, 150 tons burthen, sails in a few days. Freight or passage apply to C. B. Bond, Sussex-st.; or to Gibson and Hale, 237, George-st.

MARY ANN, for BROUGHTON CREEK and KANGAROO VALLEY, detained by the request of shippers, positively sails TO-NIGHT, from Patent Slip Wharf.

FOR RICHMOND RIVER (all parts), AMPHITRITE, W. Pratt, going up to Lismore. Shippers will please send cargo down at once to Patent Slip Wharf. Sails THIS DAY. Freight payable in Sydney.
G. F. MASON, Agent.

ELLEN, for EDEN and TATHRA, on Wednesday. Freights must be paid to H. Clarke, Victoria Wharf.

P. M. S. CITY OF NEW YORK, from San Francisco.—Consignees of goods by this vessel are requested to pass Customs ENTRIES at once for Parbury's Wharf. Any goods impeding the discharge will be cleared, landed, and stored at the consignee's risk and expense, and the ship will not be responsible for any damage to, or loss of, cargo after it is landed. Bills of lading must be produced at the office of the undersigned, and orders for delivery obtained, before the goods will be delivered.
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Agents, Spring-street.

MILSON'S POINT FERRY COMPANY.—NOTICE.—The Proprietors, finding that the running of the HORSE BOAT on Sundays is not required, the same will be discontinued.
North Shore, January 31, 1877.

LASS OF GAWLER, from Adelaide.—Consignees by this vessel are requested to PASS ENTRIES immediately for Grafton Wharf. The captain or owners will not be responsible for any loss or damage to goods after leaving the ship's tackles. Bills of lading must be produced, freight paid, and delivery orders obtained from the undersigned before any goods can leave the wharf.
BEILBY and CO., Agents, 123, Pitt-street.

MAY FLOWER, from Adelaide.—Consignees by this vessel are requested to pass ENTRIES immediately for the Grafton Wharf. The captain or owners will not be responsible for any loss or damage to goods after leaving the ship's tackles. Bills of lading must be produced, freight paid, and delivery orders obtained from the undersigned before any goods can leave the wharf.
BEILBY and CO., Agents, 123, Pitt-street.

SHIP INCHGREEN, from Glasgow.—Consignees are requested to pass ENTRIES at once for Dibbs's Wharf. All goods impeding the vessel's discharge will be entered, landed, and stored, at consignees' risk and expense. The ship will not be responsible for goods after landing. Bills of Lading must be produced, freights paid, and delivery orders obtained before any goods can leave the wharf.
MASON, BROTHERS, Agents.
Captain COOK will not be responsible for any DEBTS contracted by his crew without his written authority.

SHIP EASTERN MONARCH, from New York.—Consignees of cargo by this vessel are informed that their goods have arrived here by the WOTONGA, and on presentation of bills of lading and paying freight at the Office of the undersigned, may obtain orders for delivery.
R. TOWNS and CO., Agents.

SHIP ALEXANDER DUTHIE, from London.—Consignees of goods by this vessel are requested to pass Customs ENTRIES at once for Smith's Wharf. Any goods impeding the discharge will be cleared, landed, and stored at the consignee's risk and expense, and the ship will not be responsible for any damage to, or loss of, cargo after it is landed. Bills of lading must be produced at the office of the undersigned, and orders for delivery obtained, before the goods will be delivered.
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Agents, Spring-street.

SHIP GLENGAIRN, from London.—All CLAIMS and ACCOUNTS against this vessel must be rendered in duplicate at the Office of the undersigned before noon on the 7th instant, otherwise they cannot be recognised.
DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO., Agents.

FOR FREIGHT or CHARTER.—The A1 brig LASS OF GAWLER, 224 tons register, Dixon, master, from Adelaide, is open for charter to any part of the world.
BEILBY and CO., Agents.

FOR HIRE, CHARTER, or TOWING, the powerful Steam tug,
GOOLWA,
90-horse power.
For particulars apply to
JOHN BROOMFIELD, 122 Sussex-street.

FOR SALE, FREIGHT, or CHARTER, the A1 schooner ANNIE BOW, 250 tons. Apply to Captain RITCHIE, on board, at Colonial Sugar Company's Wharf.

TONNAGE wanted for San Francisco. GEORGE R. DIBBS and CO., 17, Bridge-street.

WANTED, a first-class SHIP, to load for London. Apply E. and W. PAUL, 62, Margaret-street.

WANTED, two VESSELS, Newcastle to San Francisco. Bright, Brothers and Co., agents.

STEAM-YACHTS for HIRE, shortest notice, 30 to 300; price moderate. HALSTEAD, Circular Quay.

FOR SALE, Centreboard Cedar SKIFF, built by Reynold's, 20 feet long, perfect in every respect; paddles, oars, sails, double strong gear. Also, useful light rowing skiff. Apply GEO. REYNOLDS, Balmain.

DIBBS' WHARF.
The undersigned are prepared to BERTH VESSELS of any tonnage, and to WAREHOUSE GOODS to the extent of 10,000 tons.
The attention of Merchants, Importers, and Shipmasters is invited to the superior accommodation provided at this wharf.
GEORGE R. DIBBS and CO.

FLOATING DOCK, DARLING HARBOUR.—THOMAS S. ROWNTREE and CO., Wood and Composite Shipbuilders and Blacksmiths. Ships of any size docked; repairs and work efficiently carried out on the most reasonable terms. Masts, spars, and ship timber of every description always on hand.

QUAY BERTHS vacant; first-class storage and wharf accommodation. G. F. Mason, Patent Slip Wharf.

THE SHIPPING GAZETTE.
TIME TABLE of Steam Traffic on the Coast, and Intercolonial; Arrivals and Departures, LIST OF PASSENGERS, Vessels Expected, Vessels in Harbour, General Shipping Intelligence.
THE SYDNEY MAIL. Subscription, 5s per quarter. Office, Hunter-street, Sydney.

PERSONS ADVERTISED FOR.

A NEPHEW of JOSEPH MAGEE would like to meet with Mr. SMITH, from adjoining the Croft, county Tyrone, Ireland. Call or address GEORGE G. MAGEE, Mann's Hotel, Sydney.

B. C. will find a LETTER at the HERALD Office in answer to advertisement.

FRIEND from Melbourne, whom I met one night last week, listening to preachers on Hyde Park, please MEET me on FRIDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock, at the corner. SHANDYEGAFF.

GEORGE ORAM, write to C. A. D., General Post Office. Forget me not. All's well. Come soon and see him. Write at once.

HELIOTROPE.—Please write again. Letter reached me too late. Give full address.

IF Miss WILLIAMS, from New Zealand, lately living in Goulburn-street, will write to A. B. C., Post-office, Newtown, she may hear of something to her advantage.

IF THIS should meet the eye of AMELIA CONDEN, please write to her Cousin CHARLES, late General Dealer, of No. 16, Gardener-street, Sussex, England. Address CHARLES TERRY, care of Mr. D. Dowe, Rawciff, Carroll, Tamworth, New South Wales.

LITTLE BIRDIE.—You do not bewilder me; I admire your cleverness. It is hard to think you are what they say; I have borne a great deal for you. I can forgive an injury, but not an insult.

MR. M'MASTER, friend of the late Mr. WILLIAM SMITH, will oblige by calling on, or sending his address to, Mr. ROBBERDS, Solicitor, 159, Castlereagh-street.

PRIERE a Monsieur A. SAUNIER deposer à la Banque Orientale.

ROBERT FEWINGS, on board the brig African Maid, Victoria Wharf, wishes to see his Sister, ELIZA GRINING, as he does not know her address.

WILL Mrs. HARDIE, of Wagga Wagga, please call or send address Mrs. Chandler, 265, Crown-st., S.H.

WILL the LADY that called on W. Steward, chemist, about three or four weeks ago please call again.

WANTED, the WRITER of four Anonymous LETTERS to a lady to call or send their address, and they will oblige and be well paid for their trouble.

W. E. GREGORY FAIRMAN, Bootmaker, last heard of at Yass, New South Wales.—Your Father is going to England by Nemesis, steamer, advertised to leave 24th instant. Come or send your address to 162, Oxford-street.
February 5. EDWD. G. FAIRMAN.

MEETINGS.

INDUSTRIAL AND PROVIDENT PERMANENT BENEFIT BUILDING AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY.
NOTICE.—The Sixth Annual General MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Society will be held at the Temperance Hall, Pitt-street, Sydney, on WEDNESDAY, the 21st instant, at 8 o'clock p.m., to Elect a President, three Directors, and one Auditor; and to transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting.
By order of the Board.
WILLIAM JARRETT, Manager.
N.B.—Candidates for the offices of President and Directors are informed that it is requisite to give a fortnight's notice, in writing, of their intention to stand for such office to the Manager of the Society, 2, Park-street, Sydney.

PRINCE ALFRED YACHT CLUB.—NOTICE is hereby given, that a General MEETING will be held in the Club Rooms, Exchange, THIS DAY, 6th February, at 8 p.m.
By order.
L. A. VESSEY, Hon. Secretary and Treasurer.
A full Meeting is requested to consider the election of Commodore.

AUSTRALIAN BUILDING SOCIETY.—NOTICE is hereby given that a Special MEETING of the Shareholders of the Australian Building Society will be held at the Society's Rooms, 287, George-street, Sydney, on TUESDAY, the 13th February, at 8 p.m., to take into consideration certain proposals having for their object the establishment of a Bank of Deposit, Issue, and Loan.
By order of the Board.
JAMES P. GARVAN, Manager.

MASONIC.—St. Leonards Samaritan Lodge.—The usual Monthly Meeting cannot be held To-night, Lodge-room not available; nor on Thursday Evening next, as Grand Lodge meets that evening. J. A. P., sec.

THE MONTHLY MEETING of the REDFERN MUTUAL BENEFIT ASSOCIATION will be held in the Town-hall, Redfern, THIS EVENING, at 7.30 o'clock. STEPHEN MALLARKY, Secretary.

NOS. 25 and 82 L. O. L.'S will hold an Arch Purple MEETING on WEDNESDAY, at Wesleyan Schoolroom, 7.30 p.m. sharp.
H. J. HUND, Secretary.

SOCIETY FOR THE RELIEF OF DESTITUTE CHILDREN.—A Special General MEETING of the Board of Directors will be held in the Board Room of the Sydney Infirmary, on FRIDAY next, the 9th day of February, at 3 o'clock p.m., when the Draft Report for 1876 will be submitted for consideration.
D. A. THOMAS, Secretary.
Randwick, 3rd February, 1877.

SOCIETY FOR THE RELIEF OF DESTITUTE CHILDREN.—The Annual MEETING of the Society for the Relief of Destitute Children will be held in the Asylum, Randwick, on WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of February, 1877, at 3 o'clock p.m., when the Report of the Directors and the Audited Accounts of the Treasurer for the past year will be presented, the election of a President, two Vice-Presidents, a Treasurer, and eight Directors will then be proceeded with; and such other business transacted as may be brought before the meeting by the Board of Directors.
D. A. THOMAS, Secretary.
Randwick, 3rd February, 1877.

PADDINGTON and WOOLLAHRA BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.—The Annual MEETING of this Society will be held in the Congregational Schoolroom, Point Piper Road, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock. All persons are invited to attend and assist in this charitable cause. JOHN COOPER, Hon. Sec. pro tem.

TO the MAYORS of the SUBURBAN MUNICIPALITIES.—A MEETING of the Committee of Mayors will be held at the New Temperance Hall, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Tuesday, at 4 p.m. sharp, to receive a Deputation from Newcastle and other Boroughs.
W. PIDCOCK, Secretary.

NO. 10 LOYAL ORANGE LODGE.—Regular Monthly MEETING, THIS EVENING, 8 o'clock sharp, Presbyterian Schoolroom, Pitt-street South. Full attendance requested. C. HUNT, Secretary.

MASONIC.—The UNITED SERVICE LODGE OF N. S. WALES.—Regular Monthly MEETING, THIS EVENING, at 7.30 prompt. By order of the W.M.
T. WYNN-KNIGHT, Secretary.

UNION CLUB.—Balloting MEETING, THIS DAY, Tuesday, February 6, 1877, from 1 to 2 o'clock p.m.
T. L. CROMMELIN, Secretary.

TESTIMONIAL TO MR. JAMES PUNCH.—A MEETING of the Committee will be held THIS DAY, Tuesday, 6th instant, at the Australian Building Society Rooms.
M. MOLONY, M. J. MERRIMAN, } Hon. Secretaries.

ST. ANDREW'S ROYAL ARCH CHAPTER, No. 110, S. C.—The Monthly CONVOCATION is convened for THIS EVENING, at 7.30 sharp. The Candidates are requested to be early.

LARKIN for Forest Lodge Ward, Glebe.—Ratepayers, attend the MEETING at Durrell's Hotel, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock. Mr. LARKIN will be present, and address you on important topics. PETER GRAHAM, Esq., will occupy the chair. C. J. FERGUSON and J. HOWE, Hon Secretaries.

CITY VOLUNTEER FIRE COMPANY, No. 3.—Monthly MEETING, THIS EVENING, at the Head Station, Park-street, 8 o'clock sharp.
A. G. CARRUTHERS, Hon. Sec.

WOOLLAHRA L. I. C. C.—Regular Monthly Meeting To-night; all attend. G. GALE, Sec.

L. O. BENEFIT SOCIETY, G. L., meet TO-NIGHT. J. K. LARNER, W.G.S.

DARLINGTON C. C.—A general MEETING will be held on TUESDAY night, the 6th instant, at Mr. Hargraves's room, 8 sharp. Business very important. J. R. EVANS.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
MEETING OF COUNCIL WEDNESDAY, 11 a.m.
Business: Election of Stewards for 1877.
JULES JOUBERT, Secretary.

NO. 1 VOL. FIRE CO.—Monthly Meeting, THIS EVENING, at 8, Head Station, Pitt-st. J. Harvey.

LORNE C. C.—General MEETING, Wednesday Evening, 8, Royal Oak Hotel, Pyrmont. J. H. Clayton.

SYDNEY MECHANICS' SCHOOL OF ARTS
LIST OF MEMBERS nominated for Election at the Annual General MEETING of Members, February 6th, 1877.
☞ The Members not intended to be voted for are to be scored through, and where the number left on the ballot-paper is in excess of the class of officers to be elected, such votes will be invalid.
PRESIDENT.
*Windeyer, W. C., Esq., M.L.A.
VICE-PRESIDENTS.
*Alderson, W. M., Esq., J.P.
*Macintosh, John, Esq., M.L.A.
*Paterson, J. S., Esq., LL.D.
*Sutherland, Hon. John, M.L.A.
TREASURER.
(One to be elected.)
*Fowles, Joseph
Thomas, Francis J.
COMMITTEE.
(Twelve to be elected.)

*Bridges, Frederick	Jones, E. A.
*Dalgarno, James	Levey, Montague, J.P.
*Dowling, Edward	*Moring, John
*Fisher, J. C.	*Oram, Edward
Fisher, C. M.	*Selfe, Norman
*Forsyth, Archibald	*Teece, Richard
Fowles, Joseph	Thomas, F. J.

AUDITORS.
*Clark, William
*Hurley, George
*Ingram, H. W.
The asterisks (*) denote the members of the present committee.
Balloting will commence at 4 and close at 8 precisely.
The Library will be closed this day at 6 o'clock.
JOHN ROGERS, Secretary.

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY.
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—The time for which I was elected a member of the Board of Directors of your Society expiring at the next annual meeting, I beg to inform you that I shall be a CANDIDATE for re-election.
Trusting to a continuance of your confidence,
I am, yours obediently,
SAUL SAMUEL.
January 3.

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY.
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—In compliance with the solicitation of my friends, I offer myself as a CANDIDATE for the office of director at the next annual vacancy, and will, if honoured by your confidence, do my duty honestly and fearlessly.
FREDERICK LEE.
2, Bridge-street, December 11, 1876.

MEETINGS OF PUBLIC COMPANIES

SYDNEY MEAT PRESERVING COMPANY (Limited).
NOTICE is hereby given that the Twelfth Half-yearly General MEETING of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Company's Office, No. 64, Margaret-place, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th February next, at noon to receive the Directors' Report and Balance-sheet to the 31st December last, and to transact any other business that may be brought before the meeting in conformity with the Deed of Settlement.
By order of the Board of Directors,
A. H. J. BAASS, Secretary.
64, Margaret-street, Sydney, 3rd January, 1877.

AUSTRALIAN GAS LIGHT CO.'S OFFICE, Sydney, 24th January, 1877.—NOTICE is hereby given that a Special General MEETING of this Company (being also an adjournment of the last Annual General Meeting) will be held, at the Company's Office, Sydney, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th day of February proximo, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, to receive the Report of the Directors for the past half-year.
By order of the Board.
R. MANSFIELD, Secretary.

SYDNEY TIN MINING COMPANY (Limited).—NOTICE is hereby given that the Half-yearly General MEETING of the Company will be held on TUESDAY, February 6, 1877, at 3 p.m., at the Chamber of Commerce, Exchange, Sydney, to receive Directors' Report and Balance-sheet to December 31, 1876; to elect a Director in lieu of Sir Geo. L. Innes, and two Auditors, in lieu of Messrs. H. C. D'Ardier and R. R. Huntley, all of whom are eligible for re-election; and to transact any other business then submitted in accordance with the Deed of Settlement.
By order of the Board.
GEORGE HARDIE, Manager.
A Special General MEETING of the Company will also be held at the same place, on the same day, at 3.30 o'clock, to confirm or otherwise the resolution passed at the special general meeting held on Tuesday last, 9th January, in favour of the Company being forthwith wound up, and authorising the Directors to realise, and distribute the Company's assets.

ANVIL CREEK COAL MINING COMPANY.—NOTICE is hereby given that the seventh Half-yearly General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the office of the Company, 366, George-street, Sydney, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th February next, at 3 p.m., to receive the Report of the Board of Directors for the half-year ending 31st December last, and to transact such other business as may be brought before them in accordance with the Deed of Settlement.
D. LITTLE, Secretary.
Sydney, January 22, 1877.

MOUNT PERRY COPPER MINING COMPANY (Limited).—NOTICE is hereby given that the Adjourned General MEETING of Shareholders will be held in the Company's Office, 247, George-street, THIS DAY, at noon.
By order of the Board.
B. H. CHAPMAN, Secretary.
Sydney, 6th February, 1877.

RELIGIOUS ANNOUNCEMENTS.

NEW WESLEYAN CHURCH, PADDINGTON.—THIS DAY, Tuesday, February 6th,
TEA and Public MEETING; at 6.30 and 7 p.m.
Chairman—E. Vickery, Esq.
Revs. Dr. Barry, J. G. Fraser, M.A., H. H. Gaud, F. Tait, J. A. Nolan, J. Gardiner, and C. Olden, will deliver addresses.
Selection of sacred music by the York-street and Paddington choirs under the management of Mr. J. S. Huthnance.

METROPOLITAN INTERCOLONIAL EXHIBITION.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
METROPOLITAN INTERCOLONIAL EXHIBITION, 1877.
NOTICE is hereby given that ENTRIES for the above close as under—
AGRICULTURAL Division, 15th March.
NON-AGRICULTURAL ditto, 31st March.
EXHIBITION OPENS TUESDAY, 10th April.
N.B.—Owing to the large number of exhibits expected from abroad, parties wishing to secure space are earnestly requested to send in their applications as early as possible, in order that the Executive Committee may provide ample room.
All necessary forms, as well as schedule of prizes, may be obtained of
JULES JOUBERT, Secretary,
227, George-street, Sydney.

PUBLICATIONS.

NOW PUBLISHING.—HISTORY OF THE ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE, Satsuma, Golden Barrel, Advantages, &c.
W. B. CAMPBELL.

EDGECLIFF ROAD, Woollahra.—Choice Building ALLOTMENTS for SALE, splendid site. J. C. NEILD, Queen Insurance Co., 25, Bridge-street.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST, White Bull Terrier PUP. The finder rewarded. Apply H. Prince, Craigend, Darlinghurst.

LOST, on Friday, a Brewer's Receipt-book. Reward on return to Martyn's, Sydney Arms, Castlereagh-st.

LOST, in Elizabeth-street, a small Bunch of KEYS. Reward at 556, Elizabeth-street South.

LOST, on Saturday night, from King-street to Bourke-street, a gold EARRING, with green stone. 5s reward at 222, Bourke-street, Woolloomooloo.

LOST, a crystal heart-shaped LOCKET, with gold and enamelled love knot; red hair inside. Reward. A. T. GILDER, Mercantile Bank.

LOST, between corner of Barrack-street, in George-street, and Wynyard-square, monogram CUFF-FASTENER; initials, L. F. S. Finder rewarded by returning same to Auburn Villa, Bourke-st., Surry Hills.

REWARD.—LOST, a Gold Masonic LOCKET. 36, Yurong-street.

THE PERSON who removed a Lady's Silk UMBRELLA from Mr. THOMAS'S shop, George-street South, on Saturday night, is requested to return it. Reward given.

5s REWARD.—Lost, a Black Memo. BOOK, with band. Mr. Osborne, Temperance Hall, Pitt-street.

FOUND, brown Retriever SLUT. J. ENGLAND, opposite Barracks, Paddington.

FOUND, a SHEEP. The owner can have it by paying expenses. Apply to WILLIAM ADAM, John-street, Camperdown.

FOUND, a sandy and grey cattle DOG. Owner can have him by paying expenses. Apply to J. BURTON, Waterloo-street, St. Peters.

FOUND, a POCKET-BOOK, containing cheque. Owner can have same by applying to the undersigned and paying expenses. JOHN NISBIT, Cliff Cottage, Point-street, Pyrmont.

LECTURES.

GUILD HALL LITERARY AND DEBATING CLUB.
INAUGURAL LECTURE,
by
J. SHERIDAN MOORE, Esq., editor of the TAMWORTH NEWS, and author of "Spring Life Lyrics," &c., &c.,
On MONDAY EVENING, February 12, at 8 p.m.,
in the Guild Hall, Castlereagh-street.
Subject: "The Royal Stuarts, from first to last."
Admission—Chairs, 2s; back seats or balcony, 1s.
C. A. FARRELL, Hon. Secretary.

LECTURE ON THE SUN
by the Rev. G. MARTIN,
in the Wesleyan Church, Bourke-street,
WEDNESDAY EVENING.

VOLUNTEER NOTICES.

4 RIFLES.—Company DRILL TO-NIGHT, Hyde Park, 7.30. J. J. DAVEY, Captain.

ENGINEERS.—The Company will assemble at the Victoria Barracks, at 7.30 p.m., on WEDNESDAY next, for a MARCH-OUT. Helmets and white tunics.
THOMAS ROWE, Captain.

V. A. TRUMPETERS.—Practice TO-NIGHT, 7.30.
EDWIN E. BURNE, Trumpet-Major.

VOLUNTEER LAND-ORDER, 2 for SALE, at £140 each. M. DYMOCK, 320, George-street.

VOLUNTEER LAND ORDER for SALE; immediate possession. J. G., Post Office.

PUBLIC COMPANIES.

IMPERIAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY (Limited).
Chief Offices—Liverpool and London.
Paid-up Capital, £150,000.
Marine Risks (including Hulls) accepted and Policies issued at the lowest current rates of premium.
W. H. MACKENZIE and CO., Agents.
Exchange-corner, Sydney.

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—A BRANCH of this Bank is now open at GOONDIWINDI, in the colony of Queensland, for the transaction of all ordinary banking business.
SHEPHERD SMITH, General Manager.
Sydney, 10th January, 1877.

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—A BRANCH of this Bank is now open at GUNNEDAH, in this colony, for the transaction of all ordinary banking business.
SHEPHERD SMITH, General Manager.
Sydney, 4th January, 1877.

BOROUGH COUNCIL NOTICES.

BOROUGH OF BALMAIN.—NOTICE is hereby given that the PLAN showing the proposed permanent levels of Short-street, from Bay-street to Ballast Point Road, can be inspected at the Town-hall, Darling Road, until TUESDAY, the 6th February next.
No objections will be entertained after that date.
By order of the Mayor,
JAMES ROBY, Council Clerk and Surveyor.
Town-hall, 24th January, 1877.

EDUCATIONAL.

AVIS.—Evening Civil Service Class, Bookkeeping, Writing, Arithmetic. Fitzjohn Hall, 27, Hunter-st.

AN Experienced Teacher gives Piano and Singing LESSONS; very moderate terms. T. G. M., HERALD.

ADDRESSES Illuminated, Writing and Bookkeeping Classes day and evening. MOORE, 706, George-st.

ITALIAN and French Languages taught by Signor BELLOMI. For terms apply Elvy and Co., George-st.

IN REPLY to inquiries, Mr. F. H. DU BOULAY begs to state he is prepared to give progressive or finishing Lessons on the English Concertina during his stay in Sydney. Terms, &c., Messrs. Nicholson and Ascherberg.

MRS. J. J. N. CLARK, Piano and Singing. Glenisla-terrace, Surry-st., Darlinghurst; or at Paling's.

MRS. COLLEY is now prepared to receive PUPILS for SINGING. Arrangements as to terms, time for Lessons, &c., may be made with Mrs. Colley, at Paling's Music Warehouse, George-street, Sydney, between half-past 3 and 6 o'clock, on Tuesdays and Fridays.

SINGING.—Madame E. WALLACE BUSHELLE has resumed teaching. 149, William-st., nr. Bourke-st.

SINGING LESSONS.—Mrs. A. W. HAMILTON'S quarter commences January 22. Address Elizabeth Farm, Parramatta; or Barncleuth, Macleay-street, Sydney.

WOODBINE, BOWRAL.—Mrs. HOWARD REED will receive a limited number of young ladies on the 22nd instant, to whom a thorough English education will be given. If so desired, accomplishments will be taught by competent masters.
For terms apply as above.

YOUNG LADY desires a few PUPILS for Music; or as Morning Governess. A. B. C., Burwood P. O.

LECTURES.—Pastor D. ALLEN'S Lectures, 25s per 100, upon "The Bible and Throne," "Cromwell and his Slanderers," and "Hidden Springs," obtainable at Mr. S. Glassop's, printer, Clarence-street, and at the house of the author, Castlereagh-street.
Persons who wish to ascertain whether the article in the PROTESTANT STANDARD upon "The Bible and Throne" lecture be true or false, are recommended to read the lecture, and the little books, with the Rev. Charles Archdall's letter upon their Romish tendencies. Also, the address of the Vicar of St. Simon's, Sheffield, upon the Trinitarian Bible Society; also, a review of Mr. S. Cozen's lecture at Wellenhall, England, in the Earthen Vessel, upon "The Bible in the Schools." The latter says:—"We were told the other day that the Irish National Society's reading books will be a substitute for the Bible. They might just as well say that half-a-dozen of Price's sperm candles would be a substitute for the sun. They might just as well tell us that the sun would shine all the brighter for the lighting of a few church candles in our schools."
Thus Pastor D. ALLEN has the intelligent Protestants of England on his side, whatever lowering of the standard there may be in the colonies.
Relative to the low attack upon literary attainments, Pastor D. ALLEN wishes the P. S. to know he is enabled to read the original, and has the assistance of Dr. Parkhurst's Lexicon, and Donnegan's, with Arnold's and W. E. Jelf's Grammars, Trollope's, and Bloomfield's 3 volumes upon the New Testament, in Greek, with other like assistance for the Old Testament, which are mostly used in his pulpit preparations.
Pastor D. ALLEN has made no attack upon the P. S. at any time, therefore its assault upon him is entirely unprovoked.

S. T. LEIGH AND CO.
Engravers, Lithographers, and
ACCOUNT BOOK MANUFACTURERS,
Pitt-street (next HERALD Office), Sydney.

ART UNION OF GLASGOW, 1877.—NOTICE.—PRESENTATION Work, "THE GLEANERS," received per Mail. P. BROWN, Fine Arts Gallery, 216, Pitt-street.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1438922

AMUSEMENTS.

MAMMOTH TENT. DOMAIN. DOMAIN.
The largest canvas enclosure in the world.
SECOND WEEK
of the world-renowned high rope artist, the
AUSTRALIAN BLONDIN.
TO-NIGHT, TO-NIGHT.
February 6. February 6.
Mr. H. L. ESTRANGE will continue in his daring performance on the high rope for a FEW NIGHTS only.
FIREWORKS. FIREWORKS. FIREWORKS.
The grand display of FIREWORKS will be continued under the management of Professor J. W. KELLY, who will vary the display every evening.
The Young Australian Band will be in attendance.
To avoid the crush doors will be opened at 7, performance commencing at 8.
Admission—Reserved seats, 2s; promenade, 1s. Children under twelve years, half-price.
Carriages may be ordered at 9.45.
N.B.—On account of the inclemency of the weather, and disappointing the public, Rockets and Shells will be sent up an hour hour previous to the PERFORMANCE EVERY EVENING, which will take place every evening, weather permitting.

VICTORIA THEATRE.
Stage Manager .. .. Mr. B. N. JONES.
IMMENSE SUCCESS
of that
Brilliant young AUSTRALIAN artiste
Miss CLARA STEPHENSON.
THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, February 6,
the performance will consist of the sensation Drama, of
THREE MONTHS UNDER THE SNOW.
Count Maurice....................Mr. Robert Fulford
Bernard..........................Mr. W. H. Seagrave
Michel...........................Mr. Bland Holt
Martin...........................Mr. E. Ryan
Intendant........................Mr. E. Moway.
Servants, villagers, Russian soldiers, &c., &c.
PAUVRETTE........ Miss CLARA STEPHENSON
Duchess de Beaulieu..............Miss Jenny Grey
Marie............................Miss Myra Kemble
Louise...........................Miss Annie Pixley
Therese..........................Miss Myra Lloyd.
Villagers, &c., &c.
ACT 1.—1812.
RUINED HUT,
near Wilna, in Russia.
ACT 2.—1830.
IN SWITZERLAND.
GRAND SWISS BALLET.
ACT 3.
THE GREAT SENSATION.
ACTS 4 and 5.
FRANCE.
ALINE! ALINE!!
Box plan at Elvy and Co.'s.
Carriages for 10.30 p.m.

THEATRE ROYAL.
Lessee and Manager ....Mr. Samuel Lazar
Acting Manager and Treasurer ....Mr. James Booty.
ROYAL ITALIAN OPERA.
LAST NIGHT BUT FOUR
of the
SHORT SUBSCRIPTION SEASON
prior to the departure of the company for Melbourne and Adelaide, and
LAST SEASON in SYDNEY,
as all arrangements are made for Melbourne, Ballarat, Sandhurst, Castlemaine, Geelong, and Adelaide, where the company terminate their engagement.
THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, 6th February,
will be produced Donizetti's beautiful Opera,
LA FIGLIA DEL REGGIMENTO.
Dramatis Personæ—
Tonio.......................Signor Eduardo Camero
Sulpizio....................Signor Augusto Tessada
Caporale....................Signor Angelo Cisella
Ortensio....................Signor Pietro Favas
Marchese....................Signora Eleonora Fabris
Maria.......................Signora Maria Caranti Vita.
WEDNESDAY,
FAUST.
THURSDAY,
LA FIGLIA DEL REGGIMENTO.
PRICES OF ADMISSION:
Dress Circle, 7s 6d; stalls, 6s; family circle, 3s; pit, 2s. Children in arms not admitted.
Box office at NICHOLSON and ASCHERBERG'S, 317, George-street, where seats may be secured for any night, and tickets purchased for all parts of the house.
SAMUEL LAZAR.

LEVY, THE GREATEST CORNET PLAYER IN THE WORLD
Levy, the Greatest Cornet Player in the World
Levy, the Greatest Cornet Player in the World
Levy, the Greatest Cornet Player in the World
Levy, the Greatest Cornet Player in the World
Levy, the Greatest Cornet Player in the World
WILL SHORTLY APPEAR
Will Shortly Appear
Will Shortly Appear.

SPENCER'S ROYAL POLYTECHNIC, 222, Pitt-street, open daily from 10 a.m. till 10 p.m. Admission, one shillings. Established 6 years.

SPORTS AND AMUSEMENTS
THE COURSE AND FIELD
CRICKET—Reports of Matches
Matches to come
Notes by Square Leg
AQUATICS, YACHTING, and ROWING.
THE SYDNEY MAIL. Subscription, 5s. per quarter. Publishing Office—Hunter-street, Sydney.

NOTICE.—The PICNIC arranged between the RETAIL BOOT TRADE, LEATHER, and UPPER MANUFACTURERS, will take place at Correy's Ground, Botany, on THURSDAY, 8th instant. 'Buses to start corner George and Bathurst streets, 10 o'clock sharp.
H. HILDER and G. RICHARDSON, Joint Secs.

CHALLENGE ACCEPTED.—I, JAMES LYNCH, will accept the challenge to row D. M'DONALD. A match can be made at the Three Crowns, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, between the hours of 8 and 10 o'clock.

THEATRICAL.—Wanted, a full DRAMATIC COMPANY, for Brisbane, to open on or about February 17th, 3 months' season. Apply between 2 and 3 o'clock p.m. personally to Harry Simmons, 145, Elizabeth-street.

TENDERS.

SOCIETY FOR THE RELIEF OF DESTITUTE CHILDREN.
As no satisfactory tender has been received for the supply of Drapery and Medicines for the Destitute Children's Asylum at Randwick, FRESH TENDERS for annual supply of
Drapery and Medicines for 1877
will be received up to 12 noon on TUESDAY, 6th February, at the town office, Pitt-street North.
Samples can be seen, and schedules of contract, and all information obtained at the Asylum, Randwick, on application to
D. A. THOMAS, Superintendent and Secretary.
Randwick Asylum, 26th January, 1877.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS will be received on MONDAY, February 12th, for the erection of a first-class Villa Residence, Elizabeth Bay Point, as follows:—
1. Masons, bricklayers, &c.
2. Carpenters, joiners, and finishing trades.
3. The whole in one sum.
Plans and specifications may be seen, and particulars obtained at the office of Mr. THOMAS ROWE, Architect, Vickery's-chambers, Pitt-street.

TO MASONS AND CONTRACTORS.—TENDERS will be received on the 14th instant for the completion of walls from present foundation in the erection of Wesleyan College situated at Stanmore, as follows:—
1st. Masons' work in one sum.
2nd. Brickwork in one sum.
3rd. The whole in one sum.
Plans and specifications, and full particulars, may be obtained at the office of
THOMAS ROWE, Architect,
Vickery's-chambers, Pitt-street.

PRINCE ALFRED HOSPITAL.
TENDERS are invited for the erection and completion of THE ADMINISTRATIVE BUILDINGS.
The works may be tendered for as follows:—
1. Masonry and brickwork
2. Carpentry and finishing trades
3. Plastering
4. Iron-girders
5. Or the whole in one sum.
PLANS and SPECIFICATIONS may be seen on application at the Office of the Architects, to whom tenders, endorsed "Tenders for Administrative Buildings, Prince Alfred Hospital," are to be delivered, on or before MONDAY, 5th March.
Security will be required for the due performance of the work.
Forms of Tender may be obtained at the Architects' Office.
MANSFIELD, BROTHERS, Architects,
165 Pitt-street, Sydney.

TENDERS are invited until the 10th instant for the erection of a 6-roomed HOUSE in Nithsdale-street, as follows:—1st. Masonry and brickwork. 2nd. Carpenters, joiners, and finishing trades. 3rd. Or the whole in one sum. For plans and specifications apply to A. M'GOVISK, 10, Belvoir-street, Alfred Park.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are required for Building a STORE, in Pitt-street, for Messrs. MACINTOSH and SONS. Plans and Specifications to be seen on application to Mr. EDMUND T. BLACKET, 131, Pitt-street, to whom Tenders are to be addressed, on or before MONDAY, February 19th.
No Tender will be accepted, unless it is perfectly satisfactory.

BOROUGH OF BALMAIN.—TENDERS will be received until TUESDAY, 6th February next, for Forming, Ballasting, and Blinding part of Short-street.
Plan and specification may be seen at the Town-hall, Darling Road.
The Council do not bind themselves to accept the lowest, or any tender.
By order of the Mayor,
JAMES ROBY, Council Clerk and Surveyor.
Town-hall, 24th January, 1877.

FOR PRIVATE SALE, the thoroughbred colt DRUM MAJOR, by the Drummer. Pedigree and particulars, J. T. RYAN, 84, King-street; or, Clibborn's Horse Bazaar, Pitt-street.

TO ARTISTS AND OTHERS.—Required, DESIGNS for a first-class BANNER, for the Operative Bricklayers' Trade Society of Sydney. A PREMIUM of Five Guineas will be paid to the successful competitor. Designs to be sent in to the undersigned, not later than THURSDAY, 22nd of February. Full particulars on application to WALTER HEDGES, 368, Crown-street, Surry Hills.

ENGINEER-IN-CHIEF'S OFFICE, Adelaide, 4th January, 1877.—TENDERS will be received at this office up till noon on MONDAY, the 19th February, for the Supply and Delivery of six Railway Semaphore Signals.
Plans and specification can be seen at the office of Messrs. H. P. Welch and Co., Sydney, where forms of tender can be obtained.
Neither the lowest nor any tender necessarily accepted.
H. C. MAIS, Engineer-in-chief.

TENDERS wanted for Sinking Tank. Apply Mr. J. H. SCOTT, Berry-street, North Shore.

TO BUILDERS and OTHERS.—TENDERS required for PLASTERING and PAINTING St. Bridget's Church, Miller's Point. Apply MICHAEL FAY, Kent street North.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are invited on 16th, for alterations and additions to two Shops, Parramatta-street, Glebe. Plans and specifications at 130, Pitt-street.
W. BOLES, Architect.

TENDERS are required, up to the 8th instant, for alterations and additions to the residence of E. M'Lean, Esq., Stewart-street. For plans, &c., apply No. 1, Union-terrace, Lower Paddington. WM. MARTIN, Architect.

SEPARATE TENDERS are invited up to THURSDAY, 8th instant, for Brick and Carpentering work for a four-roomed House, for Mr. WILLIAM COOK. Plans and specifications may be seen at the Rose of Australia Hotel, Macdonald Town.

BOOKS STATIONERY AND MUSIC.

LAW BOOKS, ex Mail.—Russell on Crimes, Williams' Bankruptcy, Dart's Vendors, Wharton's Law Lexicon, Brookes' Notaries, Scott's Costs, Addison on Contracts, Benjamin on Sales, Brown's Commentaries, Maclachlan on Merchant Shipping, Kerr on Receivers, Kerr's Blackstone Commentaries.
POULTON and BEGBIE, Stationers, 139, Pitt-street.

NEW BOOKS by MAIL STEAMER.
CHARLES KINGSLEY; His Letters, and Memoirs of his Life, edited by his wife, with steel engraved portraits and illustrations, 2 vols, 44s
LOG LETTERS FROM THE CHALLENGER, by Lord George Campbell, 16s 6d
THE BRITISH EXPEDITION TO THE CRIMEA, by William Howard Russell, new and revised edition, with maps and plans, 18s
THE INVASIONS OF ENGLAND, a History of the Past, with Lessons for the Future, by Captain Hozier, 2 vols., 35s
PRINCIPLES OF SOCIOLOGY, by HERBERT SPENCER (being volume VI. of Synthetic Philosophy), 27s 6d
DARWIN'S (CHARLES) The Effects of Cross and Self Fertilisation in the Vegetable Kingdom, 17s
THE MAKERS OF FLORENCE: Dante, Giotto Savanarola, and their city, by Mrs. Oliphant, illustrated, 26s 6d
THE RAJA OF SARAWAK: An account of Sir James Brooke, given chiefly through letters and journals, by G. L. Jacob, 2 vols., 32s
THE LIFE OF MARIE ANTOINETTE, by Charles D. Yonge, 12s 6d
A HANDY BOOK ON THE EASTERN QUESTION, being a very recent view of Turkey, by Sir G. Campbell, 8s 6d
OUTLINES OF AN INDUSTRIAL SCIENCE, by David Syme (of Melbourne Age), 8s
HE WOULD BE A SOLDIER, by R. M. Jephson, illustrated, 7s 6d
AT THE SIGN OF THE SILVER FLAGON, by B. L. Farjeon, 3s
HER DEAREST FOE, a novel, by the author of The Wooing O't, 7s
NOTE OF AN ENGLISH REPUBLICAN ON THE MUSCOVITE CRUSADE, by Algernon Charles Swinburne, 1s 3d
LIFE OF ST. PATRICK, Apostle of Ireland, by M. F. Cusack, 8s
RUSSELL ON CRIMES, new edition
EVERY MAN'S OWN LAWYER, new edition
ALMANACS AND ANNUALS
Benjamin D—— and his Little Dinner
The Mystery, Beeton's Xmas Annual
Judy's Almanac
Whitaker's Almanac, 1877
British Companion and Almanac
Holy Christmas, Xmas number of Graphic
Punch's Almac, 1877.
GEORGE ROBERTSON,
WHOLESALE and RETAIL BOOKSELLER and STATIONER, 125, NEW PITT-STREET.

CHEAP VALENTINES. Cheap Valentines. E. R. COLE, corner of George and King streets.

VALENTINES. VALENTINES. VALENTINES. —The largest, best, and cheapest assortment in Sydney. EDWARD R. COLE, corner of George and King streets.

MUSIC.—NEW BOOKS just received by J. READING and CO., Musicsellers:—
Boosey's New Book of 20 Christy Minstrel Songs, 1s 6d
Boosey's New Christmas Number, containing 7 new dance pieces 1s 6d
Boosey's Sacred Cabinet, new number, containing 13 concluding Voluntaries for the Organ, 1s 6d
Gatty's Little Songs for Little Voices, 36 songs for children, 3s, posted 3s 4d
Home and Colonial Christy Minstrels' Album, book 3, 1s 3d
Morley's Musical Magazine, No. 1, containing 6 choice Songs by Virginia Gabriel, 1s 6d
Book of the Mohawk Minstrels' Favourite Songs, 1s 6d
Pitman's Book of 21 Popular Songs—"Only an Ivy Leaf," "Don't be angry with me, Darling," &c., &c., 1s.
Postage of the 1s and 1s 6d books 3d extra.
J. READING and CO., Musicsellers, 356, George-st.

NEW BOOKS, NEW SERIAL VOLUMES, &c. Ex Mail.
Good Words, Golden Hours, Good Things
Infants' Magazine, Children's Friend, Day of Rest
Children's Paper, Family Friend, Friendly Visitor
Bow Bells (vol. 25), British Workman, Routledge's Annual
Once a Week Christmas No., Punch Almanac
Christmas No. of Quiver, Once a Week, Good Words
London Society, Sunday Magazine, &c., Fun Almanac
Beeton's Annual, Two new Works by author of Coming K., viz.—Vacant Throne and Benjamin D.
New cheap novels, music, &c.
TURNER and HENDERSON, Hunter-street.

DRAPERY HABERDASHERY ETC.

GRAND SEMI-ANNUAL SALE
SELLING-OFF! SELLING-OFF!
EDWARD HORDERN,
676, Brickfield-hill,
near Liverpool-street, Sydney,
begs to announce that he will offer to the public the WHOLE OF HIS PRESENT STOCK OF DRAPERY (£30,000 IN VALUE) AT CONSIDERABLE DISCOUNT OFF ENGLISH COST.
The goods are all of a first-class character, and consist of every requisite for the cottage or the mansion.
In addition to the above the first Autumn Shipments ex Cutty Sark and Nyassa, consisting of Blankets, Flannels, Sheetings, Table Linens, Winceys, Merinos, and Winter Hosiery will be thrown into the General Stock, thus affording an opportunity for Ladies, Hotelkeepers, Heads of Institutions and others to purchase all their requirements for the approaching season at such LOW PRICES THAT DEFY THE KEENEST COMPETITION.
This being a Genuine Clearing Sale the public are invited to call and inspect the goods, and purchase freely and with confidence.
Observe the name and address.

THE PRETTIEST GIFT FOR A LADY is SIX PAIRS of HOBSON and WHITING'S French Kid GLOVES, packed in an elegant scented sachet; also 2, 3, and 6 button Kid Gloves, in every conceivable shade of colour. Orders from the country have special attention.
HOBSON and WHITING, 13, Hunter-street.

W. HOWES, Tailor. Best materials, fit, and workmanship; lowest charges. 428, George-street.

W. HOWES, 428, George-street. Fancy Venetian Pagets or Black Cloth, 55s to order.

W. HOWES, 428, George-street. Black Paget or Walking Coat Suits to order, £5 10s.

W. HOWES, 428, George-street. Black Trousers to order, 27s 6d; Tweed ditto, from 20s.

W. HOWES, 428, George-street.—Ready-made Department.—Geelong Tweeds in Paget Suits.

W. HOWES', 428, George-street.—GEELONG Tweeds in Galatea Suits, ready made.

W. HOWES, 428, George-street.—BLUE Diagonal Pagets, 25s to 35s; Black Cloth, 27s 6d to 37s 6d.

DENISON HOUSE, 376, 378, and 380, GEORGE-STREET.
THOMPSON and GILES'
CLEARANCE SALE of
SURPLUS and
SUMMER GOODS,
previous to TAKING STOCK.

SILKS. SPECIAL ADVANTAGES in BLACK GROS GRAIN Silks, Soft, BRILLIANT FINISH, and WARRANTED to WEAR WELL.
No. 1, 3s 11d
No. 2, 4s 6d
No. 3, 4s 11d
No. 4, 5s 6d
No. 5, 6s 6d
No. 6, 6s 11d
These goods are from the best makers and 50 per cent. less than the present ruling prices.
REDUCTIONS in Fancy Striped Silk.
REDUCTIONS in Japanese Silks of all descriptions
REDUCTIONS in Plain Gros Grain Silks, all New Colours.

FRENCH and BRITISH PRINTED MUSLINS. GREAT BARGAINS.
Lot No. 1.—An IMMENSE variety of PATTERNS REDUCED to 6½d.
Lot No. 2.—300 different patterns REDUCED TO 8½d, all French printing, usual prices from 14d to 18d per yard.

DRESSES. In THIS DEPARTMENT we have made IMPORTANT REDUCTIONS in order to clear out our SUMMER STOCK previous to opening our Winter Shipments
Good useful Dresses, 8s 9d, 10s 9d, 14s 9d, 16s 9d, 18s 9d
Fancy DRESS POPLIN, Silk and Wool, reduced to 1s 11½d, original price 2s 11d
MADRAS CHECKS and Stripes reduced to 1s 11½d, original price 2s 9d.

BRITISH PRINTS AND FRENCH PERCALES. We have carefully gone through and revised our prices in this Department, and have made considerable reductions. For example: All our LAST YEAR'S PRINTS reduced to 4½d per yard, and an immense variety of good Prints, 500 patterns to choose from, REDUCED to 7½d, usual price 10½d
A large lot of FRENCH PERCALES 9½d, usual price 1s 6d.

MANTLES. Our STOCK OF MANTLES has undergone such sweeping REDUCTIONS that ladies will now have an opportunity of making purchases in this Department at MUCH LESS THAN ENGLISH MANUFACTURERS' PRICES
Rich Gros Grain Silk MANTLE, 27s 6d, original price 52s 6d
Rich Gros Grain Silk MANTLE, 35s 6d, original price 63s
Rich Gros Grain Silk MANTLE, 45s, original price 84s.

COSTUMES. ALPACA COSTUMES reduced
JAPANESE COSTUMES reduced
COLOURED SILK COSTUMES reduced
BLACK SILK COSTUMES, reduced
CAMBRIC COSTUMES, reduced
PIQUE COSTUMES reduced
LACE and Net CROSS-OVER MANTLE, reduced.

SHAWLS. ALL OUR SUMMER SHAWLS REDUCED.

UMBRELLAS. A Large ASSORTMENT of Ladies' UMBRELLAS, Foxe's Improved Frames, fancy handles, and with plain sticks, reduced to 7s 11d, 8s 11d, 9s 9d, 10s 6d, 12s 6d.

FANCY PARASOLS. The whole of our Fancy Parasols have been marked very cheap.

LACE AND FANCY. Our REMAINING STOCK of fancy goods, consisting of Fancy Ties, Laces of all descriptions, FICHUS, FANCY HABERDASHERY, FRINGES, and all kinds of TRIMMINGS.

RIBBONS. We call particular attention to a large lot of FANCY RIBBONS, enormously cheap, some at less than half-price.

MILLINERY. Ladies are respectfully informed that in this Department some really choice and elegant styles, imported from the first houses in Paris, will be offered during the sale at considerable reduction from former prices.
TRIMMED and Millinery BONNETS, reduced to 2s 11d, 4s 11d, 6s 11d, 10s 6d, 12s 6d
The former price being from 25s to 45s
LADIES' STRAW HATS, reduced to 1s, 1s 6d, 2s 6d
Former price, 7s to 18s
FLOWERS and FEATHERS, reduced in price.

TABLE LINEN, DRAPERY, AND FURNISHING. We INVITE SPECIAL ATTENTION to our GREAT REDUCTIONS in table DAMASK CLOTHS, all sizes, DAMASK CLOTH, by the yard; DAMASK Napkins, CROYDON, WIGAN, FINLEY'S SHEETINGS, ALL REDUCED in PRICE
HUCKABACKS, GLASS Cloths, &c.
THOMPSON and GILES,
Denison House.

JOHNSTON, NETTLETON, and KINGSBURY, 92 and 94, King-street.
CONTINUATION OF GREAT CLEARANCE SALE.
SILKS ENORMOUSLY REDUCED
BLACK GLACES,
1s 9½d, 1s 11½d, 2s 6½d
BLACK GROS GRAINS,
3s 6½d, 3s 9d, 3s 11d
FANCY STRIPES,
1s 11½d, 2s 3d, 2s 6½d
BEAUTIFUL PLAIN COLOURS,
EVERY TINT,
2s 11½d, 3s 3½d, 3s 6½d
BLACK SATINS,
1s 6½d, 1s 9½d, 1s 11½d
CHINA SILKS, 11½d yard
JAPANESE SILKS,
10½d, 12½d
EXTRA WIDE, 1s 9½d
STOUT GREY CALICO, 2½d
GOOD STRONG SHEETING, 10½d.
WHITE SHEETING, 11½d
COUNTERPANES, large sizes, 6s 6d, 7s 9d.
GLASS TOWELLING, 5½d
PRINTS, 4½d, worth 8½d
DRESSES, REGARDLESS OF COST.
UNDERCLOTHING ENORMOUSLY REDUCED.
WORKED CHEMISES, 1s 11½d, 2s 6½d
NIGHTS, with work, 3s 11d
DRAWERS, with work, 1s 11½d, 2s 6d, 2s 9d.
SKIRTS, HALF USUAL PRICES.
MILLINERY IN SUPERB STYLES
at
NOMINAL PRICES
PARACHUTES, PARASOLS, UMBRELLAS AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
DRESSMAKING CONDUCTED
by
Mrs. FITZMAURICE.
STYLE and PERFECT FIT COMBINED, with ECONOMY.
PATTERNS POST FREE.

JOHN ALFORD
(late Kelk and Alford,)
opposite Royal Hotel.
GREAT BARGAINS
Now offering in
SUMMER COSTUMES, DRESS MATERIALS
BLACK SILKS, COLOURED SILKS
JAPANESE SILKS
NEW GOODS in MILLINERY, LACE GOODS
UNDERCLOTHING, &c., now opening.

M. A. HUGHES and CO., 590, George-street, have just opened a splendid lot of
GENT.'S 8, 12, and 16 RIB SILK UMBRELLAS, bought previous to the GREAT ADVANCE IN SILK
GENT.'S 8-RIB, for SUN or RAIN, from 8s 6d each
GENT.'S 12-RIB, SILK, at 14s 6d, 16s 6d, and 18s 6d each
GENT.'S 16-RIB, SILK, at 18s 6d and upwards.
The above are well worth inspection.
A large assortment of Ladies' 8 and 12 rib Silk Umbrellas at greatly reduced prices, at 590, George-street, 4 doors below Bathurst-street.

SHIP PARRAMATTA.—Outfits, Bedding, Tinware, &c., at low prices. A. Goldstein, 217, Lower Geo.-st.

COMPLETION OF ALTERATIONS.
COMPLETION OF ALTERATIONS.
Messrs. DAVID JONES and COMPANY politely invite the attention of their CUSTOMERS, and beg to inform them that the EXTENSIVE ALTERATIONS being now COMPLETED, every FACILITY is offered to enable THEIR PATRONS to make their purchases with COMFORT and PLEASURE.
A good LIGHT and perfect VENTILATION have been secured, and although the time occupied has greatly exceeded Messrs. D. JONES and COMPANY'S expectations, the GRAND RESULT obtained will fully compensate our friends for any temporary inconvenience.
An inspection of the improvements is respectfully solicited.
DAVID JONES and COMPANY.

MAIL NOVELTIES.
MESSRS. DAVID JONES AND COMPANY WILL, THIS DAY, MAKE A GRAND DISPLAY OF MAIL NOVELTIES, COMPRISING:—
SILKS. A LARGE PARCEL of Superb SUMMER and AUTUMN BLACK Silks, from the eminent manufacturer, C. J. BONNETT ET CIE., a Lyons.
MILLINERY. CHOICE TINTS in Gros Grain—viz., Ecru, Waterloo, Navy, Cafe, Sultan, Sulphur, Mignionette, Myrtle, &c.
LACE GOODS. A CHARMING LOT of Silks, small patterns and stripes, in Black and White, Pale Blue, Mauve and White, and Brown and White—very suitable for Young Ladies.
LACE HANDKERCHIEFS.—Bordered French Cambric and other Novelties in Lace Goods.
ECCLESIASTICAL SILKS.—Black and Blue, Embroidered White, and Watered White.
GLOVES, &c. BRUSSELS KID GLOVES.—Double-Button, from CULVAT and CIE., in all sizes and shades.
DAVID JONES and COMPANY.

JUST OPENED ex MAIL SEEAMER, Rouillon's extra quality Josephine Kid Gloves, in all sizes and most fashionable colours, 1 and 2 buttons
White Kid Gloves, from 1 button to 8 buttons
Gentlemen's Riding and Driving Gloves.
BY LATE ARRIVALS:
Black and Bronze Kid Boots and Shoes
Superior quality Lasting Boots, plain and toe caps
English, French, and German Perfumery.
PARROT, BROTHERS, 12, Hunter-street.

SHIP PARRAMATTA.—Intending passengers can get complete OUTFITS—bedding, tinware, &c.—at low prices, at GOLDSTEIN'S Clothing and Outfitting Stores, 217, Lower George-street.

CROSSLEY'S Stair and Room Tapestry CARPETS for SALE. CHAS. MOORE and CO., 167, Pitt-st.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

FELTOE and SONS' pure "Specialite" Sherry, unusually free of acidity and heat. Peate and Harcourt have recently received shipments of the above celebrated wine, in splendid condition, which they are offering at exceedingly moderate rates.
This wine is highly recommended by the medical faculty both here and at home. Samples can be seen and prices obtained of
PEATE and HARCOURT,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.

PEATE and HARCOURT have also lately received shipments of Pommery and Greno's', Roederer's, de Lossy's, and other Champagnes, very choice Madeira, fine old tawny Port, Amontillado and other sherries, Hennessy's 1 and star, V.O. and V.V.O.; also Sazerac de Forge and Co.'s 3 star and V.O. Brandies, yellow seal Geneva, Cruse and Fils' Bordeaux Clarets, all qualities; Deinhard's Marcobrunn, Sparkling Hock and Moselle, Augl's Bavarian Ale, &c., &c.
258, 260, and 262, George-street.

TANKS, 400 gallons, best London-make, on SALE. J. T. and J. Toohey, Standard Brewery, Elizabeth-st.

AUSTRALIAN WINE, red and white, 10s 6d per dozen, quarts. J. M. Hazeland, 78, King-street.

TO CABINETMAKERS, French Polishers, &c.—Shellac (best Orange), Methylated Spirits, Grass Tree, French Polish, &c., cheapest in Sydney. WILLIAM TIGHE, 65, Market-street.

NOW LANDING, ex INCHGREEN, a SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of COOKING STOVES and RANGES, newest patterns and description, of the improved designs, manufactured expressly to our own order, and combining all the LATEST IMPROVEMENTS for ECONOMY of FUEL and EASE of MANAGEMENT.
Purchasers are invited to inspect the above.
F. R. ROBINSON and SON, 486, George-street (down the gateway).

SKATES, Skates.—Patent Automaton Skates. E. DAVIS, 98, King-street, Sole Agent.

JUST OPENED.—Novelties in Albums, Writing Cases, Clockwork Toys, &c.; also a large assortment of Inkstands, Desks, Workboxes, Musical Companions, Photo. Frames, Card Trays, Vases, Jewel Cases, Folios, Oxidised Silver Belts and Pockets, very handsome Black and Colored Fans, Rocking and Bicycle Horses, Horses and Carts, Lawn Tennis, Badminton and Croquet Games, and other goods suitable for wedding presents, &c., an inspection of which is invited.
E. DAVIS,
The Civet Cat, 98, King-street.

ROGERS and SONS' Table, pen, pocket, pruning, and sporting KNIVES
DRESSING CASES, with J. Rogers and Sons' fittings
OIO CUTLERY, Needham's repeat cutlery; Harrison, Brothers, Howson's cutlery
JOSEPH ROGERS and SONS' razors, Cowvan's and Mechi's razor strops
Butchers' aprons, Blackett's London-made Newmarkets, &c.; chamois skins, housemaids' gloves, polishing paste, plate and knife powder
Portmanteaus, solid leather; carpet and patent leather bags.
TO BARBERS.—Hollow-ground razors, American clistones.
F. G. BENNETT, 89, King-street.

TAYLOR, WALKER, and CO. New Brew STOUT, per Bertram Rigby. Splendid condition.
ALLT and CO., 143, Pitt-street.

TANKS.—400-gallon Tanks, cheap, cemented water-tight, and brass taps. W. Robison, 67, Sussex-street.

BAGS, for tin and copper ore, flour and sugar. SAMUEL HEBBLEWHITE, 432, George-street.

HENRY'S COLONIAL OINTMENT, in 1½d pots 1s each, at all chemists and shopkeepers.

FOR SALE, 44 bundles No. 6 Telegraph WIRE, 3 cases Insulators, 3 ditto Pins, 4 bars Steel. Apply, from 10 to 12 a.m., A. HEESH, 64, Sussex-street.

MEDICALS. CHEMICALS.

TO CHEMISTS and STOREKEEPERS.—The undersigned, having decided upon relinquishing business, is offering the whole of his new and well-selected stock of DRUGS, DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, and PATENT MEDICINES, at greatly reduced prices; and will be happy, on receipt of lists of requirements, to furnish intending buyers with quotations and terms.
W. PRATT, Wholesale Druggist,
644, George-street.

STEEDMAN'S SOOTHING POWDERS for CHILDREN CUTTING TEETH.
CAUTION TO PURCHASERS.
The value of this well-known Family Medicine has been largely tested in all parts of the world, and by all grades of society, for upwards of FIFTY YEARS. Its well-earned extensive sale has induced SPURIOUS IMITATIONS, some of which in OUTWARD APPEARANCE so closely resemble the original as to have deceived many purchasers. The proprietor, therefore, feels it due to the public to give a special caution against the use of such imitations.
Purchasers are, therefore, requested carefully to observe the four following distinctive characteristics, without which none are genuine:—
1. In every case the words JOHN STEEDMAN, Chemist, Walworth, Surrey, are engraved on the Government stamp affixed to EACH PACKET.
2. Each SINGLE POWDER has directions for the dose, and the words John Steedman, chemist Walworth, Surrey, painted thereon.
3. The name Steedman is always spelt with two EE's.
4. The manufacture is carried on solely at Walworth, Surrey.
Sold in packets by all Chemists and Medicine Vendors, at 1s 1½d and 2s 9d each.
Sold in Sydney by ELLIOTT, BROTHERS.

KEATING'S PERSIAN INSECT-DESTROYING POWDER, as supplied to her Majesty's Government.—This POWDER is quite HARMLESS to ANIMAL LIFE, but is perfectly unrivalled in destroying fleas, bugs, cockroaches, gnats, mosquitos, moths in furs, and every other species of insect in all stages of metamorphosis. Sold in tins.
KEATING'S WORM TABLETS, a PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for children. Sold in tins.
THOMAS KEATING, London, Export Chemist, &c.

SOMETHING WORTH KNOWING.—ARNOLD'S CELEBRATED BALSAM OF HOREHOUND, for coughs; the best family mixture ever introduced into Sydney. See trustworthy testimonials. Wholesale Agents, Messrs. TAYLER and CO., Pitt-street. Sold by all chemists.
1s 6d and 2s 6d per bottle.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.—Abscess, Gatherings, Whitlow, Bites.—The early use of this inestimable Ointment will save much pain, trouble, and danger. After fomenting the affected parts in warm water and drying with a towel, Holloway's Ointment should be constantly applied. Sold at 533, Oxford-st., W. C., London, and all druggists.

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LONDON LOAN AND DISCOUNT SOCIETY'S BANK, 125, Elizabeth-street South, next St. James's School. FIRST ESTABLISHED IN SYDNEY.
MONEY advanced in sums varying from £5 to £1000, on two responsible securities. Arrangements can be made for WEEKLY, MONTHLY, or QUARTERLY payments. BILLS OF SALE on Furniture, without possession. Advances made upon Mortgage, Deposit of Deeds, Merchandise, Bonded Certificates, Trade Bills, &c., &c.
N.B.—No agents employed. Forms may be had gratis.

MONEY.
NATIONAL LOAN and DISCOUNT COMPANY.
Office—51, Hunter-street.
SUMS of £10 to £10,000 can be obtained on PERSONAL or OTHER SECURITY, repayable by weekly, monthly, or quarterly instalments.
ADVANCES made upon personal security, mortgage, deposits of deeds (freehold or leasehold), bills of sale, merchandise, bonded certificates, stocks and shares, &c.
GOOD TRADE BILLS discounted at slight advance upon BANK RATES.
Forms and all information can be obtained gratuitously at the Company's Office. Hours, 9 to 5. CLOSED on SATURDAYS.

A CAPITALIST is prepared to make Advances upon Mortgages, Annuities, Dividends, &c.; likewise upon the security of tradespeople, householders, and others, avoiding bills of sale. Address, in confidence, to DELTA, Box 41, G. P. O. N.B.—This advertisement is bona-fide, and does not emanate from any loan office whatever.
CAUTION.—In consequence of my advertisement being imitated by a LOAN OFFICE, parties desirous to negotiate are requested to be careful when penning the addresses to their applications intended for DELTA, Box 41.

MONEY LENT to any amount on Jewellery of every description at low rates of interest, also on deposit of deeds of land. BILLS OF SALE negotiated on furniture without possession; can be repaid by weekly, monthly, or quarterly instalments, as per agreement. I. HIMMELHOCH, 69, King-street, and 292, Castlereagh-street.

THE ADVERTISER, having CAPITAL at his command, is prepared to make advances to gentlemen, Government officials, tradesmen, and others—avoiding, if so desired, bill of sale. Advance made within 24 hours of application. Alpha, Box 382, General Post Office.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
N.B.—Borrowers negotiating are assured by the above that this emanates from a principal and NOT from any agency; they, therefore, can address any communication in confidence, resting assured from the above of the strictest privacy in the conducting of any advance.

£350 WANTED, upon security of freehold land and bill of sale over merchandise. Address Loan, Post Office.

HORTICULTURE, FARMING, ETC.

NEWTOWN SEED WAREHOUSE.—On SALE,—Fine samples of Lucerne Seed, Clovers, Rye Grass, Prairie Grass, Cocksfoot, Couch and other Grasses
VEGETABLE SEEDS of all kinds, including latest novelties
AMERICAN SEED POTATOES, &c., &c.
TOWN and COUNTRY orders promptly executed.
HILTON BROWNE and CO.,
Seed Merchants, Newtown, Sydney.
N.B.—English Malt always on Sale.

PRODUCE, PROVISIONS, ETC.

OATMEAL and SPLIT PEAS—Mend's Tasmanian—on SALE, cheap. J. FREESTON, Markets, York-st.

FLOUR.—Magarey and Hart's superfine Adelaide FLOUR on SALE. Bright, Bros., and Co., Pitt-st.

HOUSES AND LAND FOR SALE.

WEST END, ASHFIELD, facing the Railway.—For SALE, a pretty detached VILLA, five rooms, kitchen, and scullery; perfect drainage, &c. H. PALMER, Ashfield.

CHEAP LAND.—Residue of Bent's Subdivision, Parramatta Junction; terms liberal. Richardson and Wrench.

LARGE Allotment, few yards Railway Station Junction; £12 cash, balance two years. D.H., Redfern Station.

COTTAGES, Houses, and Allotments for private Sale. J. G. READ, 494, George-street.

FOR SALE, a splendid block of FREEHOLD LAND (about 5 acres) at Mudbank, half way to Botany, with 7-roomed verandah Cottage, stable, fowlhouses, &c.; also, 2-roomed Cottage, improvements. E. Sims, 246, Geo.-st. N.

FOR PRIVATE SALE, two 5-roomed HOUSES, overlooking Moore Park, built with stone and brick, slated roofs, balconies; weekly rental, £1 10s; price, £740; a bargain. 41, Phelp-street, near Bourke-st., Surry Hills.

FOR SALE OR TO LET,
That new handsome and substantial Villa Residence
CAPRERA,
ELIZABETH BAY POINT,
Containing TEN LOFTY and commodious rooms, with every adjunct in the shape of KITCHEN, PANTRY, LAUNDRY, SERVANTS' ROOMS, BATH ROOMS, &c. Has detached STABLING, COACH-HOUSE, and GROOM'S QUARTERS.
CAPRERA VILLA
has been erected under the special supervision of Mr. THOMAS ROWE, ARCHITECT, is replete with every CONVENIENCE for FAMILY REQUIREMENTS, commands the most CHARMING VIEWS of the HARBOUR, is SHELTERED from all OBJECTIONABLE WINDS, and is in fact one of the most PERFECT FAMILY residences in the neighbourhood of the city.
CARDS TO VIEW
and further particulars may be had on application to
GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON,
273, George-street.

BOTANY ROAD, Redfern.—Three Allotments of LAND for SALE, 18 and 15 feet, opposite a proclaimed thoroughfare on the Sand Road. For particulars apply to Mr. HUDDLESTON, Agent; or to JAMES BALL, Claremont Cottage, Botany Road. Title, Torrens.

FOR SALE, a well-built COTTAGE, brick on stone foundation, 6-feet verandah back and front, 4 rooms, bathroom, and washhouse, flower garden, fruit and ornamental trees, well of beautiful water, pump, large tank, &c.; land, 202 x 150; corner of George-st. and Wardell's Road, 15 minutes' easy walk from Petersham station. Apply on the Premises; or at R. DOYLE'S, 338, Pitt-street.

FOR PRIVATE SALE, near Parramatta-street, two or more 6-roomed HOUSES. Title, Torrens' Act. Apply J. M'DONALD, North Star Hotel, corner of Pitt-street and Liverpool-street.

HUNTER'S HILL.—For SALE, GARDEN, one acre, choice fruit trees, full supply of water, the pick of the Hill. Apply J. SEYMOUR, Hunter Hill; or PIERCE, News Agent, William-street.

FOR Sale, 2 Houses, Paddington, 6 rooms each, splendid view: a great bargain, £850. J. Pringle, 168, Pitt-st.

FAITHFULLY built family Residence, with spare land, coach-house, Newtown, £750. J. Pringle, 168, Pitt-st.

23s 6d per week rents.—For Sale, 4 Houses, Paddington, freehold, £350. J. Pringle, 168, Pitt-st.

£100 WANTED, for Cottage, stabling, sheds, &c., Waterloo. J. Pringle, 168, Pitt-st.

COTTAGE, Bourke-street, Surry Hills, 6 rooms, bath, outhouse, 35 x 109, £800. J. Pringle, 168, Pitt-st.

FOR SALE, three HOUSES, Glebe Road, each 7 rooms and kitchen; water and gas throughout; freehold, £600 cash, balance at 6 per cent. Freehold Cottage, Redfern, 4 rooms and kitchen, £350. Four Allotments, Wood's Estate, Hereford-street, Glebe, freehold, each 40 x 234 feet cheap. WALTER COOK, 174, Pitt-street.

ASHFIELD! ASHFIELD!—Choice VILLA SITES, most elevated part of above fashionable suburb, for SALE, on following liberal terms;—Ten per cent. cash deposit, and balance by monthly or quarterly instalments, extending over four years, without interest.
W. L. DAVIS, 86, King-street.

FOR SALE, Allotment of LAND, five minutes' walk from Ashfield Station, splendid situation for private residence. Apply by letter CASH, Paddington Post Office.

FOR SALE, ALLOTMENTS on Glenmore Road; freehold; easy terms. MOSS and CO., 416, Geo.-st.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

FOR SALE or EXCHANGE, Chestnut Gelding VENO, 16.14, by Cooramin, 9 off; fast in saddle, single and double harness; stands without being tied. Wanted, well-bred Side-saddle HORSE.
J. KINLOCH, 161, Elizabeth-street.

THE STABLES, BLIGH-STREET. For SALE or HIRE, all kinds of VEHICLES, HORSES, HARNESS, &c. Wedding and pleasure parties supplied with fashionable equipages day and night.
Reasonable terms on application.

AMERICAN BUGGIES, Phaetons, Express Waggons, and Perambulators; also Carriage Material and American Ash and Hickory Plank, American Buggy Umbrellas. BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO., 60, Clarence-street.

AMERICAN HARNESS—Best quality, single and double Buggy, Carriages, and Express Waggon Harness. BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO., Importers, 60, Clarence-street.

HANDSOME Side-saddle MARE, thoroughly quiet, for SALE. Apply KISS'S Bazaar, Pitt-street.

PAIR Bay Carriage Horses, pair Buggy Horses, bay match Horse. Mandelson, Gibson's, 282, Pitt-street.

BAY Cab Horse, pair travellers Horses, useful Hack, buggy Pony. MANDELSON, 282, Pitt-street.

FIRST-CLASS Traveller's Buggy, second-hand double Buggy, Pagnel Cart. Mandelson, Gibson's, 282, Pitt-st.

FOR SALE, Horse, Spring Van, and Harness; also Spring Waggon. F. STACEY, Paddington.

FOR SALE, 2 good quiet MARES—suit buggy or van. Also, two sets of harness. G. Gough, Paddington.

FOR SALE, a Parcel Delivery VAN, with horse and harness. W. J. DOWAN, on stand, Margaret-place.

PAIR good waggon Horses, £26; brown spring-cart Horse, £12; buggy Pony, £15. WOOLLER'S.

BAY quiet saddle and buggy Horse, suitable for a lady to drive, £15. WOOLLER'S.

FOR SALE, Hooded Single BUGGY, Horse, and Harness, cheap. WALTER COOK, 174, Pitt-st.

LIGHT SPRING-CART, good sound Horse and Harness, £19. E. L. HALL, 706, George-street.

THOROUGHBRED Stallion, by Kingston, £60; grey first-class buggy Horse, £18. Knight, Castlereagh-st.

LIGHT Spring-cart, staunch Horse, and Harness, £20; bay, first-class Hack, £15. KNIGHT.

HOODED Buggy Sociable, £30; hooded Buggy, £30; Waggon, £22; new double Buggies, £38. Knight.

NEW Express WAGGON and double Harness, £42; Pagnel Cart Harness, £13; Saddles, 50s. Knight.

FOR SALE, a good quiet sound BUGGY HORSE, used to saddle or harness. Mr. CASE, opposite Kiss's Stable, Castlereagh-street.

BROWN 16 hands phaeton or buggy Horse, £16; pair brown buggy or waggon HORSES, £25; bay good buggy and saddle HORSE, £15; good HACK, £14. E. M'CARTY and CO., 250, Pitt-st.; 235, Castlereagh-st.

STRONG Double-seated Buggy, £25; Tilted Spring-cart, £13; Light Spring-cart, £11; Pagnel Cart, £15; Waggonets, £35; Dog art and Harness, £28. E. M'CARTY and CO., 250, Pitt-st.; 235, Castlereagh-st.

E. M'CARTY has all descriptions of VEHICLES for SALE, Hire, or Exchange. 235, Castlereagh-st.

BUSINESSES FOR SALE.

FOR Private SALE, the LEASE, LICENSE, and GOOD-WILL of a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL, centrally situated with a large family connection. Apply BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Auctioneers.

HOTEL.—For SALE, LEASE (5 years) of first-class suburban Hotel. Apply BURROWS and GLEESON, Royal Cellars, George-street.

FANCY and Underclothing BUSINESS for SALE, William-st.; rent low. RAMSAY, Bank-chambers.

TO CAPITALISTS.—An opportunity for a Gentleman with capital to enter a long-established and flourishing business, either as a SLEEPING or ACTIVE PARTNER, the present partner retiring. Principals only treated with. For further particulars apply to T. J. Thompson, stock and share broker, 178, Pitt-street.

A PLUMBING and Gasfitting BUSINESS for SALE, through illhealth of proprietor. P. G., Herald.

TO CLOTHIERS, MERCERS, &c.—A very lucrative cash BUSINESS, established nearly 25 years, now offers for DISPOSAL, at a low premium, in extensive premises, with splendid frontage, at low rental, in the most central part of the city, and without doubt the best spot for paying, on account of its extraordinary traffic. Particulars of stock and cause of removal on application. The house contains 9 rooms, &c., with every possible convenience. This being an unexceptional opportunity, it will not be enclosed for 14 days, in order to give bona-fide buyers, far and near, a fair chance of trying for a certain fortune.
E. RAMSAY, House Agent, Bank-chambers, Sydney.

OYSTER SALOON, in full trade, to be disposed of; a bargain. Apply 597, George-street South.

SMALL GROCERY for SALE, fixtures, lease; no goodwill required. G. Pierce's, William-street.

FOR SALE, one of the best Business Stands in city, cheap. Apply R. J. Hughes auctioneer, 292, Pitt-st.

FANCY BUSINESS for SALE, very central. E. RAMSAY, Bank-chambers, 412, George-street.

FANCY BUSINESS for SALE, near town—Berlin wool, &c. Stock and fittings, cheap. Rent of premises low. Will give terms. E. RAMSAY, Bank-chambers, 412, George and King streets.

CLOSE to town, Fancy BUSINESS for SALE. Rent premises low. Ramsay, agent, 412, Geo. and King sts.

BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT for SALE, very central. E. RAMSAY, Agent, 410, Geo. and King sts.

BOARDING-HOUSE for SALE, near wharf; price £130. HACKET and CO., 160, Pitt-street.

HOTELS, at all prices, from £160. HACKET and CO., 160, Pitt-street.

HOTEL in William-street; assistance to purchaser. J. HACKET and CO., 160, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, GOODWILL and Furniture of a Boarding-house; best in the city. J.K., Herald Office.

A FIRST-CLASS BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT to LET, the owner leaving through ill-health; full of boarders; no goodwill, only what the furniture will fetch. For particulars apply at 91, Elizabeth-street North.

FOR SALE, Haymarket Hotel, Campbell-st., splendid position, long lease, low rent. Apply on premises.

£260 FOR a well-furnished HOTEL, Surry Hills; trade £30. Joseph, 145, King-st.

£140, SNUG HOTEL, suburbs; low rent; trade £20. Assistance. 145, King-st.

£280, CORNER HOTEL, near Haymarket; trade £25. Assistance. 145, King-st.

HOTELS for SALE in all parts of city and suburbs, from £150 to £1700. Hickling and Co., 247, Pitt-st.

£150—SUBURBAN HOTEL, long lease, low rent. W. T. MUSTON, 166, King-street.

£100 TO £4000—HOTELS everywhere; liberal assistance. W. T. MUSTON, 166, King-st.

GENERAL NOTICE.—The Agents of this Journal in various parts of the colony are as follows:—
The following AGENTS are authorised to supply subscribers and give their own receipts, also to receive advertisements:—

	TOWN.
Gordon and Gotch ..	353 George-street
W. B. Lee	157, Castlereagh-street, near King-street.
F. Barker	85, Sussex-street
G. Wallace	113, King-street East
T. Pierce	William, and Yurong, and Stanley streets
Mrs. Fleming	Post-office, Pyrmont
Spragg and Adams ..	90, Central Oxford-street
Hill, George	68, Oxford-street
R. Iredale	412, Oxford-street, next Commercial Bank
J. J. Cooper	Opposite Wesleyan Chapel, Glebe Road; and Railway Bridge, Parramatta-street
J. Collis	Parramatta-street
William Nash......	George-street, Haymarket
J. L. Castner.........	Bookstall, Railway Agent for the Station, Sydney Western Lines, Southern and Northern.
	SUBURBAN.
H. Richardson	Paddington, Woollahra, Rushcutter Bay, and Double Bay
Miss West	Newtown, Cook's River, Camperdown, and Darlington
Mrs. J. Hinchcliffe ..	Post-office, Waterloo; Alexandria and Botany
A. W. Mihill........	Botany Road, Redfern
F. J. Barker	Balmain
S. Downs	Forest Lodge, Glebe Point
William Deacon	Milsom's Point, North Shore
T. M. Deacon	North Shore
Charles H. Turner ..	Longbottom
P. Rawlings........	Ashfield
Mrs. Williams	Petersham
W. Thomas	Waverley
W. Slocombe	Canterbury
John Croker........	Five Dock and Ashfield
J. Fox	Manly Beach
J. Wilson	Hunter's Hill
J. Kuhn	Randwick
D. Alderton	Burwood
R. Wakeham	Enfield
E. R. Howell	Gladesville
	COUNTRY.
J. H. Berney........	Bathurst, Town of
W. Hall	Mudgee, Town of
F. W. Conolly	Gunning
W. Hewlett	Wollongong
C. E. Fuller	Parramatta
J. J. Beukers........	Parramatta
E. Squires	Penrith
Mrs. Pope	Ryde
Mrs. M. Neilson	Windsor, and the Hawkesbury
R. H. Ducker	Richmond, and the Hawkesbury
E. and W. Fieldhouse	Campbelltown, Picton, Appin, and Menangle
A. J. Powell........	Berrima, Sutton Forest, and Nattai
W. C. Denshire	Muswellbrook and Morton
Robert Craig........	Goulburn
C. A. Scrivener......	Liverpool
R. Blair............	East and West Maitland
David Goodwin	Morpeth
Frederick Alcock	Newcastle
T. Grierson	Lambton and Waratah
W. Edward Shaw....	Raymond Terrace
J. E. Kelly	Baulkham Hills
J. Manfield	Smithfield

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DEMONSTRATION TO MESSRS. ALDERSON AND SONS.

Yesterday, Messrs. Alderson and Sons were entertained at a demonstration and dinner, in the Albert ground, by their employees and others engaged in the tanning business, as an expression of sympathy with the firm in the recent prosecution they had undergone, and of congratulation on their liberation therefrom. Notwithstanding that the weather was unfavourable, upwards of 600 persons were present, including many ladies. Mr. John Davies, M.L.A., Mr. Cameron, M.L.A., Mr. J. Jones, J.P., Mr. Smart, J.P., Messrs. Davenport and Alcock, were among the invited guests. Sides were picked, and a cricket match was carried on during the day. Many couples enjoyed themselves dancing in the pavilion at the eastern end of the ground to the strains of the Imperial band of music. The band in connection with Messrs. Alderson and Sons' establishment played in the dining pavilion.

At half-past 1 o'clock 270 persons sat down to dinner, provided by Mr. Cripps. Mr. Davies, M.L.A., presided, having Mr. W. M. Alderson on his right, and Mr. W. H. Alderson and Mr. Cameron, M.L.A., on his left. Mr. James Jones occupied the vice-chair. After dinner

The CHAIRMAN gave the usual loyal toasts and the toast "His Excellency the Governor," which were duly honoured.

The CHAIRMAN said he rose with great pleasure to propose the toast of the day—the health of Messrs. Alderson and Sons. It had been his pleasure and privilege to be acquainted with these gentlemen for very many years, and he was proud to be with them that day to celebrate the event which had called them together, and which was as much their victory as Messrs. Aldersons'. (Cheers.) If the industries of New South Wales were to be stamped out by a few designing persons, it would be good-bye to the prosperity of the colony, for he knew of no one that more contributed to the material welfare of the community than the Messrs. Alderson and Sons, Messrs. Wright, Davenport, and others, who carried on similar manufactures. In public movements he had been associated with Mr. Alderson, sen., and had always found him fighting on the side of the people, even when it appeared not to be popular to take their part. (Cheers.) For the good of the country Messrs. Alderson and Son had embarked their fortunes in establishing one of the largest and finest industries in the country. They had been enabled to employ some 500 person, young and old, of both sexes, who directly gave support by the wages they received to some 3000 or 4000 people. If it were not for such industries as that of Messrs. Alderson and Son they would not be able to find employment for a large number of the youth of the country. Notwithstanding this, either jealousy or rancour, or disappointment, seemed to have prompted some evil disposed individuals to prosecute, or he might say persecute these gentlemen in the Police Court. Having failed in the first instance they tried again and again, and at last after repeated applications to the Attorney-General who had been wearied out of his life with deputations, as came out in the evidence, that gentleman was compelled to initiate proceedings against Messrs. Alderson and Sons for causing a nuisance by their premises. The evidence of people living in the neighbourhood, of property owners, and others, with a large stake in that portion of the city near the tannery establishment, was to the effect that not only was there not the nuisance represented, but that the nuisance passed by sewers through the whole of Surry Hills, to Messrs. Alderson and Sons—(cheers)—and that two or three designing persons thought it to be their duty to throw all the blame on these gentlemen. He was as proud as they were at the result of the recent prosecution, for Messrs. Alderson and Sons were worthy men, not only in the opinion of their employees but of the whole country, for let them go where they would, satisfaction was expressed that the prosecution had broken down. (Cheers.) The Attorney-General was satisfied that there was no probability or possibility of a jury convicting the gentleman who sat at his right hand. (Cheers.) It appeared to him to be a pity that in a young country like this they should have designing individuals discouraging people from embarking in these enterprises. Many people took their money away and spent it in other countries; but the Messrs. Alderson and Sons spent what they made in giving additional employment to the people of the city. (Cheers.) He regarded the victory as not Messrs. Alderson and Sons alone, but as a victory for the industries and working classes of New South Wales (cheers), not merely those engaged in the leather trades, but in all other industries throughout the country. He trusted that they had heard the last of this persecution, and that Messrs. Alderson and Sons and others would have fair play. With that he was satisfied that they possessed sufficient enterprise to extend their industry until it was capable of supplying not only the wants of people here, but also in the other colonies. To crush the industry would be to crush the working classes. What would become of men who had spent years of their lives learning the occupation, should they suddenly be thrown out of employment. He was sure that there was too much intelligence on the part of those who governed them to attempt to countenance the spirit of persecution which had been evidenced during the recent trial. He esteemed Mr. Alderson, sen., as highly as it was possible for one man to esteem another, and had always regarded him as one of the best types of an English gentleman they had in New South Wales. (Cheers.) By his own honest industry and perseverance he had won for himself not only a proud position as the head of the firm, but the esteem and respect of all classes in this community. (Cheers.) And for his son, Mr. William Alderson, with whom he went to school, he had also a high regard. (Cheers.)

The toast was drunk with enthusiasm, the band playing "For he's a jolly good fellow."

Mr. W. M. ALDERSON, who was received with great applause, said it gave him a great deal of pleasure to be surrounded by such a company. He thanked them warmly for inviting himself and his family to be there that day. They were there to stand up for the industry they got their living by, and the industries of the colony generally, and it gave him a great deal of satisfaction indeed to see that they took such an interest in the case. He knew that they would come to the front—(cheers)—and he knew that if he got into the greatest possible straits through the malignity of any enemy, there were many friends in the country who would come to his support. (Cheers.) Some wanted him not to go into his defence at the Police Court. But he was determined, if he had to spend the last shilling, he would do so to prove their innocence, and he was glad they did go into it. And they could see the necessity of that, for if they had not gone into their defence, the Attorney-General must have filed a bill. So that it was a good thing they did it. Supposing they had been poor men, they would have been settled. Fortunately they had the means to resist. He maintained that the powers that be in the law and anywhere else ought to be very careful in listening to designing men before they took action in law against such establishments as theirs, and Messrs. Alcock and Davenports, and various others all over the country. If they were poor men great injustice might be done to them by such action. He thought that British law, when properly administered, protected poor men as well as rich. (Cheers.) It was only when it got into certain hands that it had not that effect; and while he was on the subject he would give Mr. Smart credit for what he did when the first case was heard. He had acted in a manly and independent way, and taken the responsibility of dismissing the case. It had been proved that he was right, because since then they had had his opinion confirmed by the most learned legal gentlemen—the Crown Solicitor and the Attorney-General — who took the place in this country of the grand jury in England. Mr. Smart ought to be proud of that. As regarded the industries of the country, he felt a deep interest in them. He came there as a working man like many of themselves, without any fortune. He gave the country the credit for what he was. He believed he would never have been what he was now had he remained in England, where poor men had not the opportunities of getting on that they possessed here. He mentioned this to encourage them to do more for themselves. Here were Mr. Alcock and himself, who both had begun as working men. They had persevered and worked hard. It vexed him very much that three or four neighbours of his should have set the law against him and said that he was a poisoner of the community. Many a night he had slept but a little over it. He felt that he had not done these persons an injury, but that his establishment had really been the means of improving the health of the community. (Cheers.) The trial in the Water Police Court proved that by the evidence of an analytical chemist and Dr. Spencer. He was none of your namby-pamby doctors. When he came to examine the sewer with Dr. Gillman and others, they did it as they ought to do. They did not stand at a distance looking at it. These gentlemen had samples of the water taken away and examined them, as also did the analytical chemist. They were thoroughly satisfied that the nuisance did not originate with them, and did not even exist with them, but originated above, which he was sorry for. Some of these complainants would like him to have taken action against the City Council. But he would not do such a thing. He would rather suffer by it. He thought it was the duty of them all to join together and get a sewer made for the general welfare of the public. He had urged many influential people and persons connected with the Press, instead of trying to choke the industries of the colony, which would have been the case, had they succeeded against him, to stand up for them. If this case had succeeded, tanneries would have been shut up and destroyed everywhere. He had thought several times—and he did not know but he would do it yet—of having the indictment printed in large letters, which would let people see what a variety of individuals could be interfered with. Smoke and smells and noises and tinware were all nuisances. And if he had this printed it would show how careful they ought to be in setting the law to work. He had been fighting many a year for the industries of the colony in a variety of ways, and he had been laughed at and scouted for his trouble. However, time would show whether he had done right. He returned them his sincere thanks for the honour they had done him. (Cheers.)

Mr. W. H. ALDERSON also returned thanks, and bore testimony to the zeal of the solicitors in the case.

Mr. L. ALDERSON also returned thanks.

Mr. CAMERON, M.L.A., proposed the toast of the manufacturing industries of the colony. First, he might say, that he shared in the joy that pervaded the assembly at the escape of Messrs. Alderson and Sons. In some sort he might say that he looked upon Mr. Alderson, sen., as his political father, for, if he remembered aright, it was that gentleman who had first introduced him to the electors of East Sydney. It was a matter of great felicitation to see so many manufacturing industries around, as compared with what were in existence some few years ago; and perhaps he would not be accused of flattery if he said that what they now saw was due to the untiring energies of such firms as Messrs. Alderson and Sons, and Messrs. Davenport and Alcock, and Mr. Barker of the tweed factory. (Cheers.) Speaking to those present as one who had lately come from their ranks, he might be permitted to observe that, in paying particular attention to their duties, they were not only doing something to benefit their particular employer and industry, but they were doing something to promote the manufacturing industries of the colony which would tend to make her great. He pointed out the mutual obligations that rested upon employer and employed in their relations, and said that he was happy from personal knowledge to know that in no trade was there a better state of feeling between employer and employed than in the leather trades of this city. (Cheers.) He strongly recommended that all differences should be settled by conference, as the effect of strikes was prejudicial. There was only one thing he regretted in regard to manufacturing industries, and that was that they were not half numerous enough. He would not discuss the question as to whether any particular action should be taken by Parliament to assist industries; but he might say that he thought that there were certain industries that to some extent might be encouraged by the offering of bonuses, and he thought that might be done without abusing anything of free trade, without injuriously affecting commerce, or without injustice to the taxpayer, while it would give capitalists some inducement to sink their capital in the development of the industrial resources of the country. (Cheers.)

The toast having been honoured,

Mr. ALCOCK, sen., responded and said that he had been engaged for twenty-five years past in developing the resources of the country, at his own particular business. He had struggled hard and had had much annoyance to contend against. Even at the present time he had notice of an action in the Supreme Court. It appeared to him that they had a one-sided Press, and he did not disguise the fact that he meant the *Sydney Morning Herald*. People in every line of business would be subjected to this annoyance. Even poor brickmakers would not be able to burn a brickkiln. They would not be allowed to have an extra chimney put on their houses directly. If a man passed a lolly shop, he would be able to complain of a nuisance. If he went into a printing office it might be found to be still worse. (Laughter.) He thought it was the duty of everyone to promote manufactures and not to discourage them. (Cheers.)

Mr. BEAVIS proposed "The Visitors," and expressed the pleasure the employees of Messrs. Alderson and Sons felt at the sympathy manifested by the community generally, and their visitors in particular towards that firm.

Dr. SPENCER responded, and maintained that, though the *Herald* had said, in making allusion to him, that the healthiness or unhealthiness of tanneries was a moot point, all he had said was that working men in tanneries were generally very healthy men. That was an undoubted fact; and it was also a fact that most authorities in England believed that they were not injurious to neighbours. He had found nothing unpleasant in the smell outside the walls of the tannery, and very little inside.

The VICE-CHAIRMAN proposed "The Mrs. Aldersons and the Ladies generally."

Mr. ALCOCK, jun., responded.

"The Press," "the Chairman," and "Mr. Thomas Alderson" were the concluding toasts. The company then adjourned.

Cricketing was resumed, and dancing and other sports continued, and a very pleasant day was spent.

VACCINATION BILL.

The following is an abstract of a bill introduced into the Legislative Council, on January 31, by Sir George Innes, "To promote Vaccination throughout New South Wales as a safeguard against small-pox":—

Clause 1 enacts that the Act shall come into operation on the 1st March next, and shall be cited as the "Vaccination Act of 1877." In clause 2, the term "parent" is defined to include any person having the custody of a child, and the term "medical practitioner" is to mean only a legally qualified medical practitioner. By clause 3 it is provided that the colony may be divided into districts for the purposes of vaccination, and places may be appointed where such vaccination may be performed. Clause 4 gives power to the Governor in Council to make the necessary regulations for carrying this Act into execution, and to fix the amount of fees to be paid. In clause 5 the Governor in Council is empowered to appoint public vaccinators and other officers required to carry out the provisions of this Act. Clause 6 enacts that the parent of every child born in New South Wales after this Act comes into operation shall, within six months after the birth of such child, cause it to be vaccinated by a public vaccinator, or by a medical practitioner. Clause 7 makes provision for vaccination in districts where the population is scanty or much scattered, by the attendance of a public vaccinator at certain intervals; if by reason of such intervals persons cannot get their children vaccinated within the prescribed time they are not to be liable to penalty provided they have them vaccinated at the commencement of the next interval. Clause 8 provides for inspection of vaccination, and that the vaccinator may take lymph from the child if he see fit. In clause 9 it is provided that if the child is not in a fit and proper state for vaccination the public vaccinator shall give the parent a certificate to that effect, which certificate shall remain in force for two months, and be renewable if necessary. Clause 10 provides that certificates shall be given of successive unsuccessful attempts at vaccination. In clause 11 it is provided that where the child is not susceptible of successful vaccination after three trials, a certificate to that effect shall be given to the parent. Clause 12 provides that a certificate of successful vaccination shall be given, which certificate shall be evidence in the hearing of any information or complaint under this Act. By clause 13 it is provided that no fee or remuneration shall be charged to the parent for any certificate, nor for any vaccination done under this Act. Clause 14 empowers medical practitioners to give certificates. Clause 15 enacts that where vaccination is performed by a medical practitioner not being a public vaccinator, he shall transmit a certificate thereof to the district registrar of the district within which the child was born. By clause 16 it is provided that district registrars shall keep a register of the certificates of successful vaccination. Clause 17 enacts that notice shall be given by the district registrar of the requirement of vaccination within twenty-one days after the registration of the birth of any child. This clause also provides penalties for the failure of the parent to comply with the requirements of this Act. Clause 18 requires the district registrar to report to the police all cases where vaccination is neglected. In clause 19 penalties are provided for refusal on the part of any public vaccinator who shall refuse to sign, deliver, or transmit certificates according to this Act. Clause 20 lays down the penalties for signing false certificates, and makes such offence a misdemeanour. In clause 21, provision is made for payment for revaccination in certain cases. Clause 22 requires that persons arriving in vessels in which small-pox exists, or has existed during the voyage, shall be vaccinated. Clause 23 provides where small-pox breaks out in a house, every person not previously vaccinated shall be vaccinated by the public vaccinator. Clause 24 requires registrars to provide books and forms for carrying out the provisions of this Act. Clause 25 enacts that correspondence of registrars and others, relating to the execution of this Act, shall be free of postage. Clause 26 relates to the punishment of persons inoculating or otherwise procuring small-pox. By clause 27 it is provided that it shall not be necessary for a prosecutor under this Act to prove service of notice, but the production of a certificate of vaccination shall be sufficient defence. Clause 28 provides that all proceedings under this Act shall be taken in a summary way before two justices of the peace. Clause 29 relates to the appropriation of fees and penalties. There are four schedules, showing the forms of notice and certificates to be given under the Act.

THE DUTY ON AUSTRALIAN WINES.

(*From the Argus.*)

By the mail the Government received the following communications on the subject of the duties imposed on Australian wines in England, received by the Agent-General, Mr. Michie, from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, and consisting of a letter addressed by the Agent-General of New South Wales to the Colonial Office and a report by the Board of Customs on the duties in question:—

(Copy).

The Agent-General for New South Wales to the Colonial Office.

London, 3, Westminster-chambers, Victoria-street,
October 11, 1876.

Sir,—In reply to your letter of the 18th ultimo, with enclosures relative to the duty charged on Australian wines, I have the honour to submit the following remarks for the consideration of the Earl of Carnarvon, and for communication by his Lordship to the Lords Commissioners of her Majesty's Treasury and the Commissioners of Customs.

In the documents which you have been good enough to transmit to me, reference is made to a report from Mr. Leslie Moody, chief inspector of distilleries in the colony of Victoria, included among the papers before me, headed "Strength of Colonial Wines," the date of which is not given, but which is obviously the report simultaneously prepared and transmitted with a similar report by Mr. Henry Lumsdaine, chief inspector of distilleries in the colony of New South Wales, dated September 20, 1875, and included among copies of "correspondence respecting the natural strength of wines of New South Wales," ordered by the Legislative Assembly of that colony to be printed November 16, 1875. I enclose a printed copy of this correspondence, by which it appears that Mr. Lumsdaine was instructed at the same time as, and in company with, Mr. Moody to inquire into and report upon the question above specified. I cannot, therefore, avoid being surprised that in the documents before me, including various despatches and comments upon the question by officers of the Imperial Government, no allusion whatever is made to Mr. Lumsdaine's report which accordingly, I am bound to suppose, these officers, by some accident or inadvertence, have never seen. And judging by the arguments adduced from or founded upon Mr. Moody's report upon points in which the two reports do not agree, though they agree fully upon the main question of the strength of the wines, I am disposed to think that the commissioners of customs, had they been acquainted with Mr. Lumsdaine's report, might possibly have arrived at a different conclusion, or at any rate have considerably modified the conclusion at which they did arrive.

The letter of Mr. Francis F. Doyle appears intended to embody the decision of the commissioners against any concession to the colonies by way of reduction of the duties in question. In the first paragraph of this letter, or rather of the report it contains, Mr. Doyle, after stating that the points raised by Mr. Moody were fully discussed in a previous report, which had pointed out that it had "never been maintained that natural wine could not be produced under exceptional circumstances of climate, soil, or mode of manufacture containing more than 26 per cent of proof spirit" goes on to say, "our contention has been that the great bulk of all the natural wines of the world would not yield by simple fermentation that amount of spirit."

Now, it appears to me that this last statement, with all deference, but particularly the assumption of "exceptional circumstances," amounts to nothing more nor less than a begging of the whole question. The "exceptional circumstances" above referred to, may be resolved into two categories:—

1, natural; and 2, artificial circumstances. And first with regard to natural circumstances of climate and soil. It is probable the commissioners or Mr. Doyle have been misled by having had their attention confined to Mr. Moody's report, and consequently to the possibly exceptional circumstances—so far as Victoria is concerned—under which the wines were manufactured from which the samples in question were taken—or, to adopt Mr. Doyle's own phrase "a district possessing exceptional advantages." Even in Victoria, there is nothing to show that a considerable portion of that colony does not possess a similar soil and climate to that of the district alluded to. But it must strike any one as obvious that, as Victoria is the most southern of all the colonies embraced upon the continent of Australia, and as, in fact, the growth of the grape and manufacture of wine would be naturally, and as they are actually, most successful in the warmer climates, the exceptional character of the climate would in other colonies no longer be found to be exceptional. And I can state from my own knowledge, as a matter of fact, that this is the case both as to climate and soil in New South Wales, and I believe in almost all the other Australian colonies north of Victoria, where the climate and soil are generally such as to lead to the production of wines similar to those grown upon the banks of the river Murray.

And, secondly, as to artificial circumstances. Admitting the correctness of Mr. Doyle's inference, that for the purpose of proving the existence and production of the wines in question, only those (grapes) were selected which were likely to produce wine of the greatest strength, it appears to me a very violent assumption to argue from this inference that either the wines or the districts in which they were made were exceptional. I am satisfied, if evidence on this point be sought or desired by the commissioners, it can be easily obtained to an overwhelming extent, so as to prove what I am certain is the fact, that not only, as stated above, does by far the largest portion of the Australian continent at present in occupation consist of districts possessing soil and climate similar to those where the wines in question are produced, but that a considerable quantity of similar wine is actually produced and exported to other countries. And that a much larger quantity of such wines would be both produced and exported if the concession of a reduced tariff were once acceded to by the Imperial Government, is not only highly probable, but from the very nature of the case almost certain, I can have no hesitation in asserting.

Mr. Doyle's remark, that "our contention," meaning, of course, the contention of the commissioners, "has been that the great bulk of all the natural wines of the world would not yield by simple fermentation that amount of spirit," even if it were capable of being substantiated, is very little to the point, so far as the Australian colonies are concerned. We contend, and the scientific experiments of Mr. Moody and Mr. Lumsdaine go some way to prove, that the large proportion of the natural wines of Australia are of such a character as under the existing tariff of Great Britain excludes them from competition in the best markets with the other wines of the British Empire and of the world; and we respectfully submit to her Majesty's Commissioners of Customs and Ministers, that this exceptional treatment of a most important product, destined to become still more important, of a large number of important colonies at least renders it desirable, if not obligatory, upon Imperial Ministers that the question should be reconsidered, and that a decision so unfavourable to the interests of these colonies should not be persisted in without longer fuller, and more complete investigation of the question in all its aspects—moral, political, and scientific.—I have, &c.,

WILLIAM FORSTER,
Agent-General for New South Wales.

The Hon. R. H. Meade, Colonial Office, Downing-street, S.W.

[Copy. No. 367.]

The Commissioner of Customs to the Treasury.

Your lordships having referred to us the annexed letter from the Colonial Office, with copy of a letter therein referred to from the Agent-General of New South Wales, enclosing copy of a report of Mr. Lumsdaine, Chief Inspector of Distilleries at Sydney, on the subject of the alcoholic strength of Australian wines, and requesting that the expediency of revising the Customs' tariff may be again considered, on the ground that natural wines from the Australian colonies contain more than 26 degrees of proof spirit, the limit of strength under which they can be imported into this country at the duty of 1s. per gallon, we report that in our report to your lordships, dated the 11th August last, No. 285, on a previous letter from the Colonial Office, enclosing a report from Mr. Leslie Moody, chief inspector of distilleries in Victoria, suggesting that the existing customs tariff on wines should be replaced by a sliding scale of duties, with the view to the admission of natural wine from Australia on more advantageous terms, we stated that the points raised by Mr. Moody had been fully discussed in our report to your lordships dated 6th January, 1875, No. 4, in which we pointed out that it had never been maintained that natural wine could not be produced under exceptional circumstances of climate, soil, or mode of manufacture containing more than 26 degrees per cent. of proof spirit; but our contention had been that the great bulk of all the natural wines of the world would not yield, by simple fermentation, that amount of spirit, and we submitted that Mr. Moody's suggestion should not be adopted.

In the present application the Agent-General of New South Wales would appear to attach much importance to the report of Mr. Lumsdaine, and he states that he is disposed to think that if we had been acquainted with that report, we might possibly have arrived at a different conclusion, or at any rate have considerably modified the conclusion at which we did arrive.

We have examined the report of Mr. Lumsdaine, and we gather therefrom that he procured from several vineyards samples of grape must, which were fermented and tested by Mr. Moody, and subsequently sent to Mr. Lumsdaine for analysis, who found that the strength varied from 28 degrees to 32·4 degrees, and he alleges that a determination of a higher per centage than 26 degrees and 28 degrees of proof spirit in Australian wines has been conclusively established.

Upon which we have to observe that taking into consideration the care which appears to have been bestowed in selecting the samples of must, and the scientific manner in which they have been fermented and tested by Mr. Moody, and subsequently analysed by Mr. Lumsdaine, the results obtained are not only possible, but such as might have been expected, and they only prove what we have always admitted, viz., that natural wine may, under exceptional circumstances, contain more than 26 degrees of proof spirit, but they do not in any way disprove the allegation that the great bulk of all the natural wines of the world will not yield by simple fermentation the amount of spirit, and we are of opinion that no new facts have been adduced of sufficient weight to call for a reconsideration of the principle upon which the wine duties are levied in this country.

(Signed) F. GOULBURN,
GRENVILLE L. BERKELEY.

Custom-house, 13th November, 1876.
To the Lords Commissioners of her Majesty's Treasury.

LIFE SAVING APPARATUS.

Some months since (writes a correspondent) the directors of the Victorian Humane Society agreed to take steps with the view to secure an amendment of the present law relating to the provision of life-saving appliances on board *all* vessels registered in and sailing from the different ports in Australia and New Zealand. Subsequently, and with the view of more effectually attaining the desired object Mr. Stewart addressed the various Chambers of Commerce, throughout the whole of the colonies, soliciting the co-operation and support of these bodies in bringing about a reform as desired. In this communication Mr. Stewart urged the necessity of the Government of the various colonies agreeing upon the draft of a bill dealing with this matter, which should be introduced to their respective Legislatures with a view of securing a uniform law for the better preservation of human life at sea on board all colonial vessels. There is no reason, also, why a bill should not be passed which would apply to vessels other than colonial, supposing their outfit in this respect was defective. The attention of the members of the Chambers of Commerce was drawn to the very favourable opportunity that would present itself when the Conference was in this city. Mr. Stewart urged that the subject should be brought under the notice of each Government, in order that the delegates might be prepared to discuss this most serious and important matter, and agree upon the draft of a measure that should deal with it in a practical manner. We learn on good authority that in the majority of cases the Chambers of Commerce have entered heartily into the consideration of the subject which has been brought before the Governments of Australia and New Zealand. The following is a copy of a document addressed by Mr. J. Ellis Stewart to the chairman of the Intercolonial Conference:—

"Victorian Humane Society, 62, Collins-street, Melbourne,
"January 19th, 1877.

"Sir,—I have the honour to state for the information of yourself and the members of the Intercolonial Conference that the directors of the Victorian Humane Society have lately had under their consideration the subject of life-saving apparatus, to be used at sea; and the very inadequate law at present in force relating to shipowners providing the same.

"2. It is hoped that although the Conference is to be held for a special purpose, yet the great importance of the subject may have sufficient weight with yourself and colleagues, so that consideration may be given to it with a view to the different Governments in Australia and New Zealand introducing an Act in their respective Legislatures that shall be uniform in its purpose, and by which shipowners and others may be compelled to provide the most efficient and approved life-saving appliances on board all vessels registered in Australia and New Zealand.

"3. The directors being sensible of the unsatisfactory state of the law in Victoria relating to this subject—which only requires that a limited number of life-boats and two life-buoys shall be provided, irrespective of the number of passengers or crew—have presented a petition to the Government, praying that the existing law may be amended and a more stringent and comprehensive Act introduced and passed, if possible, so that all sea-going vessels may be compelled to carry a supply of life-saving apparatus in proportion to the number of persons on board.

"4. The Premier, the Hon. Sir James M'Culloch has promised that the petition of the directors shall have the careful consideration of the Government, with a view to legislating on this most important matter during the next session of Parliament.

"5. The efforts of the society and any legislation arising therefrom, will but imperfectly attain the desired object unless the whole of the colonies unite and agree to pass an Act that shall be uniform in its provisions, and which in the interests of humanity is so urgently required.

"6. The numerous disastrous shipwrecks, accompanied by loss of life, that have occurred in Australian waters, have unfortunately too clearly proved how very imperfect are the arrangements made for the protection and possible preservation of human life at sea.

"7. It is clearly the duty of shipowners to take every precaution in order that the lives of those entrusted to their care are protected by every means that science and ingenuity can devise; and a serious responsibility must rest upon those who neglect to do so.

"8. The attention of the shipowners in Victoria has been directed to this most important question, and it has been suggested for their consideration, that, after the successful experiments made in the English Channel in July last, for the purpose of testing various inventions of life-saving appliances, it is advisable that every steamer and other vessel (especially those carrying passengers) should be provided with a sufficient number of cork life-jackets to permit the use of one by every person on board, in case of accident.

"9. It is gratifying to mention that Captain William Howard Smith, steamship proprietor of this city, has adopted the suggestion of the directors.

"10. In suggesting the use of the cork jacket the directors are impressed with the fact that it can be hung in every cabin, can be easily adjusted and ready for use in any emergency.

"11. The Merchants' Shipping Acts Amendment Act, passed during the last session of the Imperial Parliament, contains several provisions which might be adopted with advantage by the Legislatures when dealing with the desired amendment of the existing law relating to shipping, passengers' accommodation, &c.

"12. Any amendment of the present law should be with the object of preventing the overcrowding of either passengers or cargo, which not unfrequently occurs at the present time—a practice that is reprehensible in the extreme, and which cannot be too severely condemned and punished if persisted in.

"13. The boat accommodation is also very imperfect, requiring stringent regulations respecting the class and capabilities of all boats carried, and the means for lowering the same.

"14. As it is impossible that a more favourable opportunity can be desired for having this subject brought under the consideration of the various Governments, I respectfully beg that an earnest attention may be given to it, and that a determined course of action may be jointly agreed upon, so that we may hope to have a uniform Act passed with the least possible delay, having for its object the better preservation of life at sea.

"I have the honour to be, Sir,
"Your most obedient servant,
"J. ELLIS STEWART, Hon. Secretary V. H. S.

"The Chairman Intercolonial Conference, Sydney, New South Wales."

MAURITIUS.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

8TH DECEMBER, 1876.

The Messageries Maritime steamer, Godavery, reached this on the 19th ultimo, with our usual monthly mails from Europe. Those from your colonies, however, were too late to catch the steamer at Aden, so the colonists have been again without regular Australian news. The mishap has caused considerable inconvenience in business quarters; and its result has been that the usual purchasers of sugars for the Australian market have held completely aloof of late, from the circumstance that they are completely without information from your side.

In business matters here, I may say the colonists have passed a most exciting month. The news of the important advance in the value of sugars in Europe on account of the failure of the beetroot crop had the effect of making the staple advance suddenly here from 4s. to 5s. per 100 lbs.; and, at the enhanced rates, very heavy purchases have been made, almost entirely for the European markets, reporters for India having apparently decided to watch the present state of things, in the hope of a change in their favour occurring; and exporters for Australia being unable to act for want of intelligence, as before mentioned. One or two well-informed firms had an inkling of how events would turn before the receipt of the news by the mail, and have realized very handsome profits on some heavy purchases they have made on speculation.

Simultaneously with the advices of this important rise in the value of sugars, came also the news of the famine in India, and the consequences of this event has been a considerable increase in the value of grain, particularly rice, for the supply of which we depend almost entirely upon receipts from Calcutta. Moreover, rice is, as a matter of course, the staple food of our native population, which makes the advance in its price of more consequence, though as we have about four months' supply here there is no serious uneasiness as regards future stocks.

The Government is, as a matter of course, busy with our finances for next year; and I am glad to say that there seems to be at last some probability of a balance on the right side. The Governor's minute on the budget for 1877 has been already presented to the Legislative Council, and from it it seems that there is likely to be an excess in favour of receipts next year of £10,000. The revenue is estimated at 7,045 259 rs., and the expenditure 6,948,956 rs.

During the month the transactions in our staple for your colonies have been trifling, for reasons before-mentioned, and due further to the absence of telegraphic news, from a breakage of the cable between Singapore and Batavia. Owing, however, to the anxiety of purchasers to procure stock for shipment to the United Kingdom, many qualities, which would not a month ago have been looked at, for export to thence, have been eagerly bought up; and it may not unlikely happen that, ere many weeks, there may be no sugars left of any description to be dispatched to your market. Already some—I may say a good deal—made expressly for Australia, has been taken for European buyers.

PARLIAMENTARY PRIVILEGE OF SPEECH.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—It is clear from the authorities that liberty of speech has been persistently claimed from time immemorial in the British House of Commons, and, though not as often perhaps, as effectively by the House of Lords. I believe that it is still the custom for the Speaker of the House of Commons to claim liberty of speech for the Commons among other privileges on his election to that office, and that, on such occasions, the Lord Chancellor, in the name of the Sovereign, assents to the claim. For the British Parliament, however independently of these periodical assertions of this privilege, the 9th article of the Bill of Rights adds a statutory recognition to the claim of declaring that "the freedom of speech and debates or proceedings in Parliament ought not to be impeached or questioned in any Court or place out of Parliament." Now the privileges of the British House of Commons have been declared by eminent Judges from Lord Coke's time downward, to flow from immemorial custom, or as the phrase is, *secundum legem et consuetudinem Parliamenti* (see *Fitzharris' case*, 8 State Trials 315, and 4 Inst 15), and amongst such privileges, that of freedom of speech must undoubtedly be ranked. A member of either House of the British Parliament therefore is absolutely privileged to utter what he likes from his seat in the House of Commons or Lords. Is it *quite* clear that a member of a Colonial Legislature, or at all events, of either of our Chambers in *this* colony is entitled to the same privilege?

I do not find that the precise point involved in this question as ever come before the Privy Council or our own Court for determination. A decision of the Supreme Court would no doubt be of some value, but, of course, one by the Privy Council would be conclusive.

Now there are a good many cases in the Reports of the Privy Council where the applicability of privileges possessed by the Commons to Colonial Legislatures has been expressly denied, and the tendency of their lordships' opinion in the recent cases seems to confirm the doubt which the present writer, amongst others, ventures to entertain on this not unimportant question.

In Beaumont v Barrett and others, 1 Moore's P. C. C. 59, it certainly was held, that every Legislature possessing supreme legislative authority also possessed as inherent to its functions the power of punishing for contempt. In that case the Speaker of the House of Assembly of Jamaica caused the plaintiff to be arrested and imprisoned for publishing certain matters in a newspaper in breach of the alleged privileges of that House. But that case is now considered to have been overruled, at least in its principles, by *Kielley v. Carson and others*, 4 Moore's P. C. C., p. 63, in which case the Court was composed of some of the most celebrated lawyers who have ever sat on the Bench, and they decided that the Legislature of Newfoundland did *not* possess the power of arrest (the contempt was committed out of the House), "but only such powers as are reasonably necessary for the proper exercise of its functions and duties as a local Legislature." *Kielley v. Carson* was followed by a still stronger case, that of *Fenton and Frazer v. Hampton*, 11 Moore's P. C. C., p. 347. This was an appeal from the Supreme Court of Van Diemen's Land, and it was held that the "*Lex et consuetudo Parliamenti*" apply *exclusively* to the House of Lords and House of Commons in England, "*and is not conferred on a Supreme Legislative Assembly of a colony or settlement by the introduction of the common law of England there.*" This is an extract from the judgment of the Lord Chief Baron Pollock delivering the judgment of their Lordships; and it certainly does seem to the writer that the dictum here enunciated covers the whole of the privileges resting on the "*lex et consuetudo*," and goes considerably beyond the decisions in the previous cases. In the neighbouring colony of Victoria it has been decided by the same tribunal (the Privy Council) that the Legislative Assembly of that colony *does* possess, at all events, one of the privileges of the House of Commons—that of arresting for contempt. But that power had been expressly conferred on the Legislature by a local Act, 20th Victoria, No. 1, passed under the powers conferred on the Victorian Legislature by their Constitution Act, 18 and 19 Vic., c. 55, which, in its 35th section, enabled the local Legislature to "define its privileges, immunities, and powers." The local Act had so "defined" such privileges, &c., to be those respectively "held, enjoyed, and exercised by the British House of Commons." *Dill v. Murphy*, 1 Moore's P.C.C.N.S., 487, and *The Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of Victoria v. Glass*, 7 Moore's P.C.C.N.S., 449.

But our New South Wales Constitution Act contains no such enactment as the 35th of the corresponding Victorian statute, and of course our Legislature has never had any such authority to adopt the privileges of the House of Commons, nor indeed has it ever offered to do so.

The last case which I shall cite is that of *Doyle and others v. Falconer*, 4 Moore's P.C.C., N.S. 203, in which it was held by their Lordships (the late Lord Westbury being one of the Bench) that the power of punishing a contempt committed in the very face of the Legislative Assembly of Dominica was *not* possessed by that House. The contempt, too, in that case had been committed *in the presence of the Assembly and by one of its members*. Nevertheless, in an action for trespass and false imprisonment, at the instance of the imprisoned member, it was held, on appeal, that the Speaker and members were liable. So that *Doyle v. Falconer* (where the plaintiff had addressed the *Speaker* of the House in these terms—"You are a disgrace to the House; you were expelled the House for robbery," and was committed for disorderly conduct and contempt of the House) shows that what was in fact a most outrageous contempt, and would so be considered in this colony, was not such a contempt as could be punished by committal.

Can anything more be said in favour of the privilege of liberty of speech than could be said in favour of the privilege of punishing a most flagrant contempt of Parliament, but still in this case denied to a colonial Legislature?

However, I ask now merely what is the tendency of these authorities? Is it not in this direction that *any extraordinary privilege* flowing from the "*lex et consuetudo*" in England, and claimed here for our Assembly or Council whether by customary law or by common law is claimed apparently without the sanction of authority? And if this be so, does it not follow that the immunity of a member of our Legislature for words spoken in either Chamber is precisely the same as if he spoke the same words in the street?

Yours obediently,
DUBITANS.

PREVENTION IS BETTER THAN CURE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—Your issue of the 2nd, on the subject of the harbour pollution meeting, charges a waste of time in discussing the best way of disposing of the sewage; and having been the chief offender in this matter, and the whole business having occupied one hour and twenty minutes only, I ask leave to be heard before your opinion or judgment be adopted by my fellow citizens.

I would preface my observations by expressing on my own part the thankfulness due to your able advocacy of the health cause of the colony, no unimportant part of which I conceived to be involved in the question how that, which the engineers and scientific men of 1850-53, deemed proper to be deposited in our harbour, shall be disposed of by the engineers and scientific men of 1877-80; and I believe that not one of the gentlemen who patiently listened to my tedious address, has any personal or other object in the mode of remedy than what is shared by every citizen.

The inducement, on my part, to refer to the modes by which other cities have succeeded, and other cities have failed, in their sewage measures, was very largely made up of the consciousness that this community are, generally, too little disposed to bestow a thought upon anything which they can get anybody to think of *for* them; and, therefore, that while the public must pay for the sewering, it is more than probable that the system which may be adopted will be accepted without inquiry or comparison, just as the present system was at a time when the condition of the Thames, from the adoption of the same system, had led to its condemnation in London. And when every person of common sense in Sydney, who was not blinded by the great engineering discovery that water would run down hill, must have known, had he thought on the subject, that our present sewerage system must inevitably result in an abominable nuisance here as it had done in London.

There is no doubt that the deliverance of the harbour from pollution was the cardinal object of the meeting; but surely when scientists had made the mistake which we were deploring, it was no unpardonable waste of a few minutes to show that, in the opinion of some of the most eminent scientists of Europe, there was a better way of dealing with these offensive matters than putting them in the sea at Bondi, for the immediate delight of the residents in that locality—cum-Waverley, cum-Randwick, cum-Coogee—with a reversion expectant for Sydney a few years hence. Carnarvon drains into the Menai Straits, and with a population of only 9000, enjoys the bad pre-eminence afforded by a death-rate exceeding 32 per thousand. Kingston-upon-Hull drains into an estuary of the Humber, and has a death-rate nearly equalling our own. Are not the public interested in knowing in what respect the Bondi scheme differs from these failures?

I am quite aware that our imperfect information does not enable us to draw accurate conclusions, and that among other ingredients necessary to form a sound opinion, the length of time during which any system has been in operation is a very important one; but I cannot think an hour lost which was spent in the endeavour to supply materials for my fellow citizens to think of, and to urge their consideration by every argument which a short evening permitted me to advance.

I am under the impression that if people generally would bestow a little thought upon public sanitary questions, there would be less backwardness in accepting the pecuniary burdens necessary to be imposed for improving sanitary conditions, and that while a great part of the indisposition to deal with such questions arises from the willingness to shirk all avoidable labour of thought, much is to be laid at the door of ignorance of those conditions of being laid upon us by a benign Providence, with which it seems to be no part of our ordinary concern to acquaint ourselves.

The youthful society, with which I am associated, feel that the education of a public intelligence, with reference to vital and sanitary laws, lies at the foundation of a satisfactory state of public health, and while I am aware that it is not open to every individual to guide the State ship by any other means than those of a legitimate influence upon her helmsman, I am unable to ignore the value of the concerted and combined action of a large body of electors, informed of their perils, and possessing some information also of the modes by which like perils have been avoided.

That the community shall cheerfully accept the obligation necessary to provide them with a release from present sufferings, and from the prospect of future dangers, surely cannot be otherwise than influenced by the dependence which they can place in the proposed plan of deliverance, a dependence which must spring either from faith or from knowledge; it is open to all to make the inquiries direct from Europe, which I shall make on the subject of sewage systems, and without pretending to any scientific acquaintance with either the sanitary or the engineering branches of the matter, beyond such as is open to all, I trust to be enabled, before many months pass, to lay the results of my inquiries before such as may prefer thinking for themselves to accepting, without reflection, the opinions of others, in a matter affecting not only the lives and health of themselves and their families, but what seems much dearer to many, their pockets.

I believe, Mr. Editor, that in whatever trifling degree I may have modified your opinion of the waste of public time on Monday night, we shall be found agreeing on this point, namely, that in our case the words of the Liberator, "Agitate, agitate," should be combined with the words "Educate, Educate!"

I have the honour to be, Sir, your obedient servant,
BURTON BRADLEY.

Llewellyn, Five Dock, February 3.

COMPULSORY VACCINATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—I notice in this morning's *Herald* that yesterday, in the Legislative Council, Sir George Innes introduced a bill to promote vaccination in this colony, and that the same was read the first time. I have not seen the bill; but hope it proposes to make the practice of vaccination compulsory — otherwise it will fail to accomplish the object required by an Act of Parliament, which should provide for the vaccination, as far as it is practicable, of all persons now in the colony who have not been successfully vaccinated, or had the small-pox, as well as for all fresh arrivals similarly situated.

To render our persons insusceptible or less susceptible to the poison of small-pox will be a better safeguard than even the strictest quarantine regulations in preventing the introduction or spread of this very fatal and loathsome disease, for the contagion may be landed wrapped up in a bundle of clothes, and that from a vessel where all on board had been in the most perfect health during a long voyage, just as another contagious disease was in 1870 brought to these shores by means of a bundle of sheepskins. It will be wiser, more merciful, and interfering less with the liberty of the subject to pass a law insisting that every man, woman, and child shall submit to have their persons protected by a very trivial operation, but which long experience in all civilised communities prove to be both effectual and safe, than, after the arrival of this scourge amongst us, to endeavour to arrest its progress by such proceedings as the forcible separation of the sick and dying from their nearest and dearest relations and friends.

Universal vaccination, properly performed, would render it unnecessary to have recourse to these extreme measures.

My object now is not to write on the great benefits the world has received and is receiving from Dr. Jenner's immortal discovery; but to send you a copy of a bill to render vaccination compulsory throughout the colony which, when a member of the Assembly in 1859, I prepared and introduced into that House. I shall be glad if you will let it appear in your next issue, as its perusal may be of some interest and service to members taking part in the discussion which is fixed to take place on the 7th instant, on the second reading of Sir George Innes' bill.

I am, Sir, &c.,
R. L. JENKINS.

Nepean Towers, February 2.

The following are the breviats:—"Preamble. Clause 1. Interpretation. 2. Vaccination districts to be proclaimed. 3. Appointment of officers. 4. Every infant to be taken to vaccinator within limited time. 5. Children to be taken for inspection. 6. Certificate of successful vaccination to be delivered. 7. If infant not fit for vaccination, vaccinator so to certify. 8. Certificate of insusceptibility. 9. Penalty for breach of preceding enactments. 10. Notice to parent, &c., of new born child to vaccinate it. 11. Fees for vaccination. 12. Registry of successful vaccinations. 13. General provisions of Act to extend to whole community. 14. Vaccination of Chinese immigrants. 15. Registrar-General to provide forms. 16. Official correspondence under this Act free of postage. 17. Punishment of persons inoculating or otherwise producing small-pox. 18. Act not to interfere with duly qualified practitioners. 19. Recovery and application of penalties. 20. Commencement and short title."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—With respect to the letter from your correspondent "Citizen" anent a light bridge over the railway line from Regent-street, it was reported in your paper some time back by the Engineer-in-Chief, through the Minister for Works, to a deputation from the district of Redfern and Chippendale—the then Mayor of Redfern being one of said deputation—that it was not possible to have a bridge over the lines at all, from which I as a mechanic beg leave to differ; and will point out that if the western coal depot is caused to be removed further north from its present position—and there is yet room to do so—the bridge can be taken over at the intersection of the fence of Terminus-street with that of Mr. Bland's firewood depot, thence over the cutting in which runs the branch lines to Darling Harbour, and landing us at the spot where the white painted stockyard is, and that to be removed as a useless ornament; for, with all my going up and down to work at the suburbs of Petersham to Ashfield and Burwood, I hardly ever see any animal in it; and if the said Engineer-in-chief had to walk round—as I and my fellow-workmen who live in Chippendale, Redfern, and Waterloo—he would lose no time in having the job done at once, and more so so if he was to see (as we often do) mothers carrying a heavy child, and a heavy bundle too, all the way round when they have to go by the train, or to come back, for the 'buses do not take them from this district into the Railway-station or out of it.

With the hope that you will insert this, and let the matter be ventilated, and that you use your influential paper to help us,

I remain, Sir, yours,
A JOURNEYMAN CARPENTER AND JOINER.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

G. KISS.—At the Bazaar, at 11 and 12, Horses, Vehicles, &c.; at the Camperdown Yards, at 2, Horses.
W. INGLIS.—At Railway, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c.
C. MOORE AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11, Glassware, China, Gilt Clocks, &c.; at 12, Electroplated-ware.
M. L. SALAMON.—At his Rooms, at 11, Musical Instrument, Furniture, Carpets, Pianofortes, Harmoniums, &c.; at 3, Electroplated-ware, Oil Paintings, Lithographs, &c.
L. E. THRELKELD.—At the City Mart, at 11, China Matting, White and Pongee Silks, &c.
GILCHRIST, STUBBS, AND WESTON.—At their Rooms, at 11, Corn Flour, Pearl Shell, Stout, Brandy, Groceries, Oilmen's Stores, Salt, Malt, &c.; on the premises, Camperdown-street, at 11, Houses and Land; at Smith's Wharf, at 2.30, Masts, Spars, Sails, Boats, Compasses, &c.
ELLIS AND CO.—At Railway, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c.; at Darling Harbour, at 12, Wood.
DENT AND HOSKINS.—At Railway, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c.
WELLS AND SMITH.—At Railway, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c.; at Darling Harbour, at 12, Wood.
H. VAUGHAN.—On the premises, Chapman's-lane, Darlinghurst, at 2.30, Household Furniture and Effects.
W. TINDALE.—At Railway, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c.; at Darling Harbour, at 12, Wood.
J. S. PROCTER.—At Railway, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c.; at Darling Harbour, at 12, Wood, &c.
DUNN AND LISTER.—At their Rooms, at 11, Unredeemed Pledges.

ENGLAND BOWLED AND STUMPED.

"We breathe again," says the London *Echo* of December 10th, "England, bowled out by the Eleven of Sydney, and two wickets to go down, went to Newcastle, N. S. W., and there beat the Newcastle Eleven. The account is balanced, so far, in an international, or, to coin a word, inter-Imperial-Colonial sense. It is clear that we shall have to have the Sydney Eleven over here just to let them see what can be done at Lord's and on the Oval ground, consecrated by the mighty deeds of Grundy and Wootton and of the Shaws with the ball, of Tom Lockyer at the wicket, and of the Graces, the Walkers, and the great batsmen whose scores have run up to three figures. There is always a moral in these little events, and defeat is a more useful teacher than success. Who is the proper authority to elect and organize an Eleven of All England to go to the antipodes or the New World, holding the honour of the English name, in cricket, in their hands? How many elevens should we have at one time? When are we to have a confederation of the cricket counties, whose autonomous rights of self-government are now getting a little troublesome?"

On the 15th the same paper has the following:—England has been beaten, bowled out, and stumped. Let all our enemies rejoice and be glad—exceeding glad—in Paris, in Berlin, in St. Petersburg, and in Washington; wherever, indeed, it is possible to conceive that the noble game of cricket is understood. The Eleven of All-England has been beaten. It is some slight consolation to us to know that the defeat comes from one of our oldest colonial children, New South Wales. We fear, however, that our enemies will still point to the defeat as evidence of our national decadence. We are obliged to confess that New South Wales is too many for us; the other day she sent Trickett over to defeat us on the waters of the Thames. We wait with as much anxiety for news from Sydney as we do from Constantinople, for indeed the former touches us nearly. We were informed gently, we suppose to let us down easily, on Wednesday that the match between the elevens had been "drawn." That we could have borne, always bearing in mind that New South Wales is an eldest daughter; but we would have preferred an odd ball in our favour in the total score. But now we are told that the Sydney eleven has beaten us by two wickets. This is simply horrible; an odd ball in the score in their favour, or the loss of a wicket by "l. b. w." at the critical point, we could have stood; but two wickets! It reads as if we had been defeated in the field by an enemy who had two regiments or brigades he did not need to use. Now, let us see what consolation we can find. Of course, it is not the best All-England eleven which has been beaten. Next, the eleven contained no "gentleman." Not one of the three Graces went out to Sydney. It was a bowling eleven, and there were not four decent batsmen in the team. England was represented by a purely "professional" team, and that was bad. There are no better men living as a class than professional cricketers, but they are all the better for association with gentlemen, as, indeed, all men are. At all events, it is to be expected that human nature will expect profit out of bowling, and glory out of batting. The bowler who is paid receives substantial consideration for the labour he undertakes and the accuracy he seeks to cultivate; and even if a gentleman does descend to act as wicket-keeper, he cannot hope to rival the fame of Box and Tom Lockyer. We may, therefore, urge that, after all, gentlemen have their uses in the world of cricket, and that it is wise to rely on gentlemen to furnish the batsmen who appear to be necessary to keep up the glory of Old England in the cricket field. Now, we can afford to learn a lesson, as it comes to us from New South Wales, all the more pleasantly because it comes from people of our own race and language; but still we do not wish to see "Ichabod" written on the doors of "Lord's" and the Oval as yet.

COLONIAL LOCOMOTIVES.—The Chief Secretary of Victoria received a telegram from the New South Wales Government (says the *Argus*), acceding to the request to allow the locomotive superintendent of the Government railways of that colony to form one of a board of inquiry into the statements of Mr. Thomas Higinbotham, regarding the quality of the locomotives supplied to the Victorian Railway department by the Phœnix Foundry Company.

TAILORS' EXCURSION.—The Tailors' Society's second annual excursion took place yesterday, to Chowder Bay, and notwithstanding the unfavourable appearance of the weather during the early part of the day, the steamers engaged to convey the excursionists were well filled on each trip they made from the Circular Quay. The Young Australian band played selections of dance music in the large pavilion, and as the weather proved fine in the afternoon, the pleasure-seekers were able to enjoy the out-door sports provided for their amusement by the committee.

NERVOUSNESS AND NERVINES.—Nervousness, says *Cassell's Magazine*, is one of the prices we have to pay for civilization; the nervous savage is a being unheard of. For this disorder, which is partly of mental and partly of a bodily nature, relief is sought in various ways, and among these we may place the employment of narcotics. The temporary relief afforded by these drugs is very apt to lead those who suffer from nervous sensations to put too much trust in and resort too frequently to them. In the long run they prove most destructive to health. Their use of late has become so frequent as to threaten society with a serious evil. It has been boldly contended that chloral is to be found in the work boxes and baskets of nearly every lady in the west end of the metropolis "to calm her nerves." No doubt this is an exaggeration, but it is a fact that in New York chloral punch had become an institution scarcely a year after the introduction of chloral into medical practice. And now it turns out that Germany—"sober, orderly, paternally-ruled Germany"—has such a thing as morphia disease spreading among its population. The symptoms are not unlike those of opium-eating. Experience suggests that persons suffering from this disease should at once be deprived of the drug. Their wilfulness and liability to relapse, however, are so great that it is said that only about 25 per cent. have been seen to recover in a large series of cases.

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SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.—FEBRUARY 3.

John Penn (s.), 200 tons, Captain F. Sheed, from Eden, Merimbula, and Wollongong. Passengers—Mrs. Buchanan, Miss Riley, Miss Lamb, Messrs. Cooke, Merton, Weller, Rodgers, Johnson, Watson, Warden, Monroe, Roberts, and 10 in the steerage. I. S. N. Co., agents.

FEBRUARY 5.

Kapunda, ship, 1084 tons, Captain Adey, from Plymouth 21st November. Passengers—343 immigrants; Dr. Goode, surgeon-superintendent. Smith, Brothers, agents.

City of Grafton (s.), 800 tons, Captain Creer, from Grafton, 3rd instant. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Purves child and servant, Mr. and Mrs. Batt, Miss Batt (2), Messrs. Small, Hartley, Phillips, Wilshire, Dortity, Davis, Simpson, Master Small, and 17 in the steerage. C. and R. R. Co., agents.

Kents Bank, ship, 1004 tons, Captain Williams, from Tuscar 3rd November. Passengers—Messrs. Blackett, Sopling, Farthwaite (3). Lorimer and Rome, agents.

DEPARTURES.—FEBRUARY 5.

Macedon (s.), for Melbourne.
James Paterson (s.), for Rockhampton.
R.M.S. Bowen, for Melbourne.
Cairnbulg, for London.
Arabella, for Newcastle.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.—FEBRUARY 6.

Milton Badger, for Adelaide; Woollahra, for Shanghai; Carioca for Newcastle; City of Adelaide (s.), for Melbourne; Alexandra (s.), and Edina (s.), for Brisbane; Balclutha (s.), for Maryborough.

CLEARANCES.—FEBRUARY 5.

Bowen (s.), 844 tons, Captain J. Miller, for Melbourne. Passengers—Mrs. A. C. Schutze, Master Schutze, and 2 servants, Mrs. R. Taylor and child, Miss E. Taylor, Miss L. Taylor, Captain R. H. Crewe, Messrs. R. Taylor, A. C. Schutze, J. H. Rylands, R. Taylor, J. C. Lloyd, L. T. Lloyd, Holden, and 12 in the steerage.

Macedon (s.), Captain Stanford, for Melbourne. Passengers—Mrs. Roberts and two children, Miss O'Hea, Mrs. Boyd, Messrs. G. Read, W. Boyd, W. Akhurst, T. Akhurst, Audley Coote, S. W. Gamble, and 18 in the steerage.

James Paterson (s.), 569 tons, Captain Wynn, for Rockhampton. Passengers—Dr. Handt, and 5 in the steerage.

COASTERS INWARDS.—FEBRUARY 5.

Thomas and Henry, from Nambucca River, with 516 bags maize, 17,000 shingles, 27 logs cedar, 8 hides; Margaret, from Shoalhaven, with 818 bags maize, 13 bags potatoes; Mary Davis, from Brisbane Water, with 14,000 feet timber; Colleen Bawn, from Port Stephens, with 1600 feet timber; Escort, Waratah (s.), from Newcastle, with 720 tons coal; Woniora, from Bulli, with 250 tons coal.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—FEBRUARY 5.

Colleen Bawn, for Port Stephens; Mary Davis, Amphitrite, for Brisbane Water; Margaret, for Shoalhaven; Escort, Waratah, for Newcastle; Wallace and Bruce, Lady Robinson, for Richmond River; Thomas and Henry, for Nambucca River; Woniora, for Bulli.

IMPORTS.—FEBRUARY 5.

[A special charge is made for consignees' notices in this column.]

Kents Bank, from Liverpool: 3202 casks and cases beer, 823 bundles wire, 100 tons salt, 50 tons pig iron, 1075 bars and bundles 2171 packages iron, 15 tierces tobacco, 119 casks soda, 506 casks oil, 25 casks brandy, 43 rolls lead, 15 bundles felt, 35 packages hardware, 203 packages earthenware, 21 packages glass, 100 packages whisky, 24 bundles tubes, 442 pipes, 10,000 slates, 2 packages saddlery, 2 cases pianos, 871 packages sundries.

Kapunda, from London: 436 rails, a quantity of machinery, 350 kegs nails, 600 casks cement, 30,000 bricks, 101 packages cordage, 50 tons pig-iron, 350 packages oilstores, 197 tubes, 1100 sacks salt, 13 rolls lead, 5 tanks malt, 34 casks soda, 34 casks whiting, 87 packages hardware, 60 kegs paint, 81 bars iron, 789 packages.

Alexander Duthie, from London: 184 cases boots and shoes, 250 hogsheads beer, 286 cases drapery, 2000 cases and casks wine and spirits, 54 packages fancy goods, 25 bales paper, 184 packages hardware, 31 packages stationery, 21 cases saddlery, 12,427 packages.

Inchgreen, from Glasgow: 166 packages oilstores, 160 packages whitelead, 849 cases tobacco pipes, 8 packages stationery, 28 cases glass, 1112 packages wines and spirits, 166 cases cordials, 70 tons pig-iron, 1380 packages hardware, 429 casks beer, 100 pipes, 1226 cart-bushes, 386 tubes, 2585 bars iron, 1457 sashweights, 21 packages machinery, 164 castings, 72 bales woolpacks, and 7871 packages.

Ex City of New York and Macedon (ss.): 5 half-barrels sheep's casings; 30 bags flour—G. W. Tate.

Ex City of New York (s.): 25 packages hardware and ironmongery—F. Lassetter and Co.

Ex City of Melbourne, Cheviot, and May Flower: 744 bags Adelaide wheat; 2463 bags prime Warrnambool potatoes—Nipper and See.

Ex China (s.): 2 cases watches; 1 case racing chronographs, marine and pocket barometer, field, opera, and marine glasses, telescopes, &c.—E. Beckman.

Ex China (s.): 4 cases, comprising gold and silver watches, chronographs, gold and silver jewellery, splendid assortment of diamond and fancy rings, novelties in ladies' fans, tobacconists' and fancy goods, &c.—I. Jacobs and Co.

Ex China (s.): 5 cases kid gloves—Cronwood and Godwin.

Ex Inchgreen: 95 packages ranges, stoves, boilers, portable stoves, grates, extra stove bricks and fittings, bedroom and parlour stoves—F. R. Robinson and Son.

Ex Inchgreen: 335 packages hardware and ironmongery—F. Lassetter and Co.

Ex Inchgreen: 51 packages drapery—Ross, Morgan, and Co.

Ex Inchgreen: 13 bales woolpacks—Montefiore, Joseph, and Co.

Ex Niagara and May Flower: 8354 bushels Adelaide wheat—Kendall and Sons.

Ex Niagara: 400 sacks superfine flour—John Redgate and Son.

Ex Kapunda: 351 packages hardware and ironmongery—F. Lassetter and Co.

Ex Alexander Duthie: 85 bales paper—J. Fairfax and Sons.

Ex Alexander Duthie: 38 packages general drapery—Teas Davenport, and Burnett.

Ex Alexander Duthie: 10 cases lamp chimneys, A and B; 33 cases wines—Montefiore, Joseph, and Co.

Ex Alexander Duthie: 63 packages drapery—Ross, Morgan, and Co.

Ex Nyassa: 85 packages drapery—Ross, Morgan, and Co.

Ex Athena, Wakatipu: 5605 sacks S. A. wheat; cases New Zealand cheese—Bright, Brothers, and Co.

Ex Freetrader: 2300 bags wheat—Joseph Bennett.

Ex Edina: Grimes' arrowroot—G. W. Barker.

Ex Lactura: 48 packages general drapery—Teas, Davenport, and Burnett.

EXPORTS.—FEBRUARY 5.

Macedon (s.), for Melbourne: 49 bales wool, 60 bags maize, 113 empty casks, 13 bags maize, 30 tons shale, 8 flasks quicksilver, 56 casks molasses, 7 casks fute, 8 packages sundries.

Governor Blackall (s.), for Brisbane: 80 packages wines and spirits, 310 packages tea, 40 bags oatmeal, 26 cases acid, 116 cases fruit, 399 bags potatoes, 873 packages sundries.

R. M. S. Bowen, for Melbourne, with part of original cargo from Hongkong and Singapore.

Wotonga (s.), for Melbourne: 26 casks rum, 5 cases cigars, 1480 bags maize, 329 bags pepper 710 bags sugar, 10 bales wool, 192 cases salmon, 33 ingots tin, 108 bags oysters, 55 cases fruit, 7 cases boots, 109 packages sundries.

SHIPS' MAILS.

MAILS will close at the General Post Office as follows:—

FOR MERIMBULA AND EDEN.—By the Monaro (s.), this day, at 8.15 a.m.

FOR MANNING RIVER.—By the Diamantina (s.), this day, at 11 a.m.

FOR SHANGHAI.—By the John Watson, this day, at noon.

FOR BRISBANE AND NORTHERN PORTS.—By the Alexandra (s.), this day, at 3 p.m.

FOR BRISBANE AND MARYBOROUGH.—By the Edina (s.), this day, at 3 p.m.

FOR MARYBOROUGH.—By the Balclutha (s.), this day, at 3 p.m.

FOR MELBOURNE, ADELAIDE, HOBART TOWN, AND LAUNCESTON.—By the City of Adelaide (s.), this day, at 3.30 p.m.

FOR GRAFTON.—By the Agnes Irving (s.), this day, at 8 p.m.

FOR WELLINGTON AND SOUTHERN PORTS OF NEW ZEALAND.—By the Wakatipu (s.), on Wednesday, at 3 p.m.

FOR NOUMEA.—By the Wentworth (s.), on Wednesday, at 3 p.m.

FOR RICHMOND RIVER.—By the Agnes Irving (s.), on Wednesday, at 9 p.m.

ROYAL MAIL NOTICE, VIA AUCKLAND AND SAN FRANCISCO.

THE Mails by the R.M.S. Australia will be closed at the General Post Office, on the 9th instant, as follows:—
Registered letters at noon.
Unregistered letters at 1 p.m.
Newspapers, books, and packets at noon.
The rates of postage upon letters to Honolulu, United States of America, and the United Kingdom are 6d. per ½-oz.
Full information as to rates of postage to all places can be ascertained at the Inquiry Office, General Post Office, and at the various suburban and country offices.

LATE LETTERS.

Letters for the United Kingdom only will be received up to 2 p.m. on payment of a fee of 6d.

BRANCH OFFICES AND IRON RECEIVERS.

Letters may be posted in the iron pillar letter receivers up to noon, and in the various branch and suburban offices up to 11.30 a.m. Newspapers may be posted in the newspaper receivers up to 10 a.m. on the 9th instant.
All letters, &c., not otherwise marked will be forwarded by the Australia.
General Post Office, Sydney, 2nd February, 1877.

CUSTOM HOUSE.—Entered Outwards, February 5: Alexandra (s.), 425 tons, Captain Paddle, for Brisbane; John Watson, barque, 309 tons, Captain Storm, for Shanghai; Edina (s.), 266 tons, Captain South, for Brisbane and Maryborough.

The James Paterson (s.), for Rockhampton, and Macedon (s.) and R.M.S. Bowen, for Melbourne, proceeded to sea yesterday. The latter vessel took a quantity of original cargo from Hongkong and Singapore.

The mails received via San Francisco, per R.M.S. City of New York, consisted of 131 bags and 1 packet, exclusive of 43 sealed mails for other colonies:—Fiji, 210 letters, 1 book, 93 newspapers; Honolulu, 110 letters; San Francisco, 1546 letters, 3575 newspapers; other parts of America, 29 letters, 88 newspapers; London, 16,617 letters, 3603 books, 13,278 newspapers; New Zealand, 440 letters, 14 books, 373 newspapers. Total: 18,952 letters; 3618 books; 19,357 newspapers.

The steam collier Woniora, in getting alongside a vessel last night lying in Farm Cove, steamed into a small yacht that was anchored there, and sunk her. The name of the craft has not yet been ascertained.

The Kents Bank, from Liverpool, passed Tuscar on 3rd November, and experienced very light weather to the Equator, which was crossed in 23° W. on the 40th day out, thus a fair passage was completely destroyed. The S.E. trades proved more favourable and were carried to latitude 36° S., variable winds were then experienced to the meridian of the Cape of Good Hope, which was reached on the 6th January; she made her easting on a parallel of latitude 44·30 S., fine fresh winds prevailing but attended with heavy fogs; King's Island was passed on Thursday, 1st February. The run from the Equator to port has been made in 54 days, no mean performance, her best day's work was 305 knots, and for thirty days she averaged 210 knots. On 28th December, in latitude 42° S., longitude 121·38° E., spoke the ship Cyclone, from New York to Sydney.

The City of Grafton (s.) left Grafton on Saturday 3rd, at 8.20 a.m.; crossed the bar same day at 7 p.m., arrived in Sydney on Monday the 5th at 7 p.m. Cargo—1913 bags of maize, 185 bags tin ore, 422 bags sugar, 65 bags oysters, 68 bales wool, 5 cases drapery, 13 casks molasses, 10 hides, 17 cases eggs, 11 coops fowls, 4 race horses, 6 head pure bred cattle, 6 pigs, 542 bunches bananas, and sundries. She experienced strong southerly winds throughout the passage.

The Hankow (s.), from London, arrived off the Otway yesterday, at 2.30 p.m., all well. The Hankow is owned by Watts, Milburn, and Co., of London, engaged by the Admiralty to take out new crews for the Alacrity and Conflict, on the Australian station. She embarked the crews, together with other supernumeraries ordered passage in Her, in Plymouth Sound, on December 19, and she afterwards left for Melbourne and Sydney. The Hankow will take the old crews back.

The John Penn brings up 200 bales wool, 150 bags bark, 100 bags bacon, 500 cheeses, 95 kegs butter, 40 bales skins, 50 hides, 20 bags bran, 8 horses, and sundries. She left Merimbula at 12.30 p.m. on the 2nd instant, calling at Tathra the same day; left Tathra at 3.30 p.m., and arrived at Wollongong at 9 a.m. on the 3rd; left again for Sydney at 9.30 a.m., and arrived at the company's wharf at 3.30 p.m. same day. Experienced strong southerly wind and dull cloudy weather throughout.

The Kapunda, from Plymouth the 21st November, has made a splendid run of seventy-six days, bringing 343 assisted immigrants, classified as follows:—70 single women, 137 single men, 34 married couples, and 68 children, who have arrived in charge of Dr. Goode, late of H. M. S. Dido. She has had one death (an infant) and three births during the passage, which has been a remarkably fine one. She experienced heavy weather in the chops of the Channel from S.W. to W.S.W., which lasted for ten days. The N.E. trades proved very fair, and the Equator was crossed on the 17th December, in longitude 27·34 W. The S.E. trades proved fair both in distance and force, and the meridian of the Cape of Good Hope was passed on the 8th January. She made her easting on a mean parallel of 47° S., with fine N.W. winds, but attended with a continuance of dense fog. On the passage, E. Mills, an ordinary seaman, fell from the foretopmast cross-trees. In his descent he struck the foreyard arm, then went overboard, and was seen to sink abreast of the mizzen rigging. A boat was got ready, and the ship rounded to, but no signs of the unfortunate man could be seen. A very heavy sea was running at the time. Tasman Island was rounded on 1st February, at noon. The ship Hurunui, from London to Wellington, was signalled on 27th November, in latitude 43° N, longitude 18° W.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.—The following notices, which have been received from the Local Marine Board, Newcastle, are published for general information:—On and after the 1st proximo, the descriptive flags hitherto used on Nobby's will be discontinued and hoisted on the new signal mast lately erected on Old Signal Hill. The only signals to be used on Nobby's are the tidal signals, steamers down the river, state of the bar, and flag for Health-officer. Moorings with buoys attached have been laid down in twenty-two feet water, ninety fathoms from the break-water, to which all vessels arriving with gunpowder or other explosives on board for the magazine can be moored, and where they can swing in twelve feet at low water.—Newcastle, January 20, 1877.

THE LOSS OF THE STEAMER GEORGETTE.—Western Australia papers state that the court of inquiry appointed to investigate the circumstances attending the loss of the s.s. Georgette, and loss of life, found that Captain Godfrey was guilty of a grave error of judgment in not taking further steps to ascertain the condition of his ship at 8 p.m., on November 30, with a view to putting back, seeing the unusual nature of the report of the chief engineer with regard to the unsatisfactory working of the bilge-pump, and his suggestion that the deck pumps should be got ready for working; that, seeing that the first engineer noticed the unusual quantity of water in the ship at 8 p.m on November 30, he was guilty of neglect of duty in not having directly reported the same to the captain; that, seeing the second engineer was evidently aware of the increase of water during the first watch on the evening of the 30th November, he was guilty of neglect of duty in not having taken further steps to ascertain its cause; that the first officer was guilty of disobedience of orders in not veering the life-boat astern, when directed to do so by the Captain—loss of life resulting from such disobedience. The certificates of John Godfrey, master; William Dundee, mate; William Sinclair, first engineer; and Joseph Hourigan, second engineer, have been retained, pending the decision of the Governor as to further proceedings.

WRECK OF A TROOP-SHIP.—The Cape papers contain details of the wreck of the troop-ship St. Lawrence, which ran on Paterson Rocks, 90 miles north of Cape Town, at 3 o'clock on the morning of November 8. The night was clear and fine, with smooth sea and little wind. The chief officer, Mr. Shelton, was in charge when land was reported. He went below and told Captain Hyde, who was lying down, being unwell. On returning to deck Shelton saw land was much closer than he had supposed, and altered the course seawards. He again went to tell the captain, and directly on his return "breakers right ahead" were announced, and the engines were reversed. Before way was stopped, however, the ship went stem on the sunken reef, but with so little force that the sleeping passengers were not awakened. The soundings showed deep water everywhere except at the bows, where there was twenty feet, and the fore compartment rapidly filled. Colonel Pearson, commanding the 3rd Buffs, paraded his men in marching order on deck, and with the greatest coolness and perfect discipline first 120 women and children, and then the 550 soldiers were landed, the shore being one mile distant. Efforts were made to back the ship off, but these proving fruitless, provisions were got out and landed, and Captain Wylde obtained a horse and rode for eighteen hours through a rough country to Cape Town. Her Majesty's ship Active and a steam-tug were immediately dispatched, and had they arrived twelve hours earlier would undoubtedly have got the St. Lawrence off, as two days after grounding she was nearly floated on the top of the tide by her own engines and sails; but the next night the inflow of water put out the fires, and she soon sank by the stern, remaining, at the latest advices, hanging on to the rocks by the bow, full of water, but not breaking up. The St. Lawrence had on board, besides the troops, about 800 tons of various military stores, including several field pieces, shot and shell, about 50 tons of gunpowder for Natal, and a large quantity of clothing, very little of which had been rescued from the wreck. Among so large a crowd there was not, the *Cape Argus* says, a single case of drunkenness, and the general behaviour of the troops was excellent.

FATAL COLLISION AT SEA.—A collision occurred 18 miles off the Start, early on December 12, by which two ships foundered, and fifteen lives were lost. The ships were the barque Robert Kelly, of Boston, Captain Kingman; and the barque Huddersfield, of Liverpool, Captain Jones. At 6 o'clock the watch of the Robert Kelly saw a white light just in front of them, and almost immediately the ship came into collision with the Huddersfield, striking her with so much violence that she sank. Two of her crew managed to get on board the Robert Kelly, but the others, fifteen in all, were drowned. Soon after the Robert Kelly began to fill, and had to be abandoned, 19 persons saving themselves by taking to a boat, amongst these being the captain's wife. For two hours they were tossed about, expecting every minute would be their last, but fortunately they were seen by a passing vessel, which rescued them. There was such a sea running that it was impossible for the boat to get near the ship; but lines were passed to the occupants of the boat, and with these fastened around their waists they jumped into the sea, and were pulled on board.

SAN FRANCISCO.

ARRIVALS.

December 25.—Ocean, from Newcastle, 68 days.
December 26.—Benmore, from Newcastle, 73 days.

ENGLISH SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

November 15.—Glenelg (s.), from Adelaide.
November 17.—Somersetshire (s.), from Melbourne.
November 20.—Renown, from Melbourne.
November 23.—Kosciusko, from Sydney.
November 24.—Lincolnshire, from Melbourne.
November 26.—Western Monarch, from Sydney; Star of Erin, from Adelaide.
November 28.—Star of Hope, from Adelaide.
November 30.—Carrizal, from Melbourne.
December 7.—Indus, from Brisbane.
December 10.—Martin Luther, from Sydney.
December 11.—Pride of Canada, from Adelaide; Carrizal, from Adelaide.

DEPARTURES.
FROM LONDON.

For Sydney: November 17.—Strathdon.
November 19.—Jubilee, Trafalgar.
December 9—Villiore, British Monarch, British Peer.

DEPARTURES.
FROM LIVERPOOL.

For Sydney.—November 16, Santon.

FROM GLASGOW.

For Sydney.—November 20, Nairnshire; 30, Elamang (s.).

PASSENGERS.

Per Trafalgar, for Sydney—Mr. and Mrs. Leverrier, Mr. William Leverrier, Miss Leverrier, Master Frank Leverrier, Mr. Wilson, Mrs. Barrow, Mr. F. G. Burden, Mr. G. Elmslie, Mr. John Gray, Mr. Leslie Hemmings, Mr. J. W. Harris, Mrs. J. M. Leader, Mr. and Mrs. Davidson and two children, Mrs. Gordon, two children, and infant, Mr. J. Barr, Mr. A. W. Bullen, Mr. J. Jacobs, Mr. G. E. Davis, Mrs. A. Gordon and child, Mr. F. J. S. Dixon, Mr. W. Ireson, Mr. Carpenter.

Per British Monarch, for Sydney—Mrs. Davidson, Mr. Levy, Mr. Marshall, Miss Marshall, Mr. Foulkes, Mr. T. S. Hall, Mr. T. Boys, Mr. and Mrs. Weston and family, Mr. and Mrs. Roberts, Mr. R. W. Backton, Mr. and Mrs. Kirschbaum, Misses Emily and Mary Kirschbaum, Mrs. and Miss Shelley, Mr. F. J. G. Dixon.

CASUALTIES.

The Hurunui, Captain Boyd, from London to Wellington, which put into Plymouth some weeks since on account of scarlet fever having broken out among the passengers, sailed thence on November 10, but two hours later came into collision with a Greek barque and was obliged to return. She lost jibboom, has two plates damaged, and her fore compartment full of water. She completed her repairs and sailed again at 11 a.m., on November 20, in command of Captain Adams (vice Boyd).

The Dawn (s.) sailed from Dover, for Sydney, on November 18, after repairing.

The Jubilee, from London for Sydney, has put into Falmouth leaky, and was ordered alongside the breakwater to be overhauled and repaired. She sailed again on December 7.

The Alumbagh, for Adelaide, put back to Gravesend on December 2, having lost anchors and damaged cutwater. She sailed again on December 6.

A telegram dated Gibraltar, December 10, states that the Lord of the Isles (s.), from London to Melbourne, has put in there with bridge washed away, deck house and boats stove, and the captain and ten seamen hurt.

The Board of Trade inquiry respecting the circumstances attending the collision between the British ship Hurunui and the Greek barque Pater, and the loss of most of the crew of the latter, has concluded. The Court, in giving judgment, said they thought that the captain of the Hurunui had shown a great want of discretion and of presence of mind—qualities which should not be deficient in one having the command of a ship with so many lives on board, and they ordered his certificate to be suspended for twelve months. The certificate of the second mate was returned. No order was made as to costs.

The Alumbagh, 1187 tons, Captain E. W. Pratt, chartered by the Agent-General for South Australia, sailed from Plymouth on December 12 for Port Adelaide, with 355 emigrants, under the charge of Dr. George Worthington, surgeon, among whom were 70 single female domestic servants under the care of Mrs. M. Davidson, matron.

The new ship Nairnshire took her departure from Greenock on November 26, bound for Brisbane, Queensland, having on board the following number of emigrants:—62 married people, 72 single men, 51 single women, 53 children between the ages of 12 and 1, and six infants. The single women are under the care of Miss Steele, Dr. Gregory acting as surgeon-superintendent.

The following vessels have been dispatched by the Agent-General for New Zealand with emigrants during November:—The Wiltshire, with 282 emigrants, for Canterbury, New Zealand; and the Oxford, with 239, for Auckland.

[BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.]

MELBOURNE.

ARRIVALS.

February 4.—Victoria (s.), from Sydney; Clara Hargraves, Alcandra, King Oscar, Springbok, Catherine Jane, Sydney Griffiths, Haliday, from Newcastle.
February 5.—Amy Robsart, from Wollongong.

DEPARTURES.

February 5.—Queen Emma, Albion, Greyhound, for Newcastle

ADELAIDE.

DEPARTURES.

February 6.—Hebe, Wisteria, for Sydney.

SYDNEY HEADS.

DATE.	TIME.	WIND.	REMARKS.
February 5.	8·30 a.m.	S.	Cloudy.
	Noon.	S.	Ditto.
	5 p.m.	S.E.	Ditto.

SPECIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE ECHO, an Evening Newspaper, price One Penny.
THE ECHO contains all the Latest News of the Day. Police, Law, and Insolvency Courts, Intercolonial and Foreign late Telegrams on all topics of public interest.
THE ECHO, having now attained an extensive circulation, offers great inducement to the advertising public. Advertisements received daily for the Evening's publication up to 1 p.m.
Office, corner of Pitt and Hunter streets.

ROUYER, GUILLET, AND CO.'S COGNAC, acknowledged to be the purest Brandy made. O. and T. Bacot's Cognac. These brandies are in universal use. Messrs. VIRGOE, SON, and CO., Sydney, Sole Agents for above, always have a stock—hogsheads, quarter-casks, cases, and flasks.

SPECIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT Society.—Money is advanced upon Mortgage of eligible Property, repayable at the end of a fixed term, or by monthly, quarterly, or half-yearly instalments, including principal and interest.
A. J. RALSTON, Secretary, 98, Pitt-street.

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—A BRANCH of this Bank will be opened at St. Leonards, on or before the 29th instant, in the premises known as the Royal Hotel, at the corner of Mount and Miller streets, for the transaction of all ordinary Banking business.
SHEPHERD SMITH, General Manager.
Sydney, 9th January, 1877.

MERCANTILE BANK OF SYDNEY.—A Branch of this Bank is now open at 575, George-street, Brickfield-hill, under the management of Mr. J. B. Markey, for the transaction of all usual banking business. F. A. A. WILSON, Manager. Sydney, 2nd February, 1877.

STANDARD FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE Company of New Zealand. — Capital, £1,000,000. Offices, 71, Pitt-street.—Every description of Fire and Marine Insurance effected at lowest current rates.
A. L. PARK, Agent.

DERWENT AND TAMAR ASSURANCE CO., Offices, 71, Pitt-street. Marine Insurances effected at lowest current rates. A. L. PARK, Agent.

INVESTORS AND SPECULATORS ATTEND TO the Great Land Sale at CROYDON, next SATURDAY, and secure portions of Hemming's Orchard.
Lithographs obtainable. Refreshments provided.
Free Railway Tickets issued. Unreserved Sale. Liberal subdivision. Torrens's title.
Day of Sale, SATURDAY NEXT.

CROYDON LAND SALE, NEXT SATURDAY

HEMMING'S ORCHARD AND ORANGERY and House will be sold on the ground next Saturday.

M'CULLOCH'S ESTATE (ADJOINING HEMMING'S) will be sold on the ground, at Croydon, next Saturday.

MR. M. L. SALAMON DESIRES TO CALL special attention to his sale, this day, 6th February, at 11 o'clock sharp, of well-finished and modern London furniture, from one of the principal leading houses in London, consisting of mahogany and leather dining suites, large and small; settee suites, in silk and rep; highlow suites, crimson, blue, and green rep; music and footstools, inlaid loo tables; inlaid chiffoniers, in walnut; music cabinets, canterburies, whatnots, bed steps, spittoons, fancy folding chairs; elegantly carved flower stands, with porcelain; antique coffee tables, inlaid with porcelain; walnut and inlaid centre tables, for drawing-rooms; hassocks, feather pillows, herschair. Also, handsome brussel, tapestry, and kidderminster carpets; pianofortes, by Kriebel, Bord, and Aucher-Freres, in mahogany, rosewood, and walnut, trichord, oblique, and cottage.
Exceedingly beautiful and novel instrument, by Baudet, of Paris, combining the tones of violoncello, double bass, and first and second violin, and justly named A Quatuor
Magnificent rosewood harmonium, by Alexandre Pere et Fils, 22 stops, with all the latest improvements, specially imported at a cost of 91 guineas, from the Vienna Exhibition, having there gained first-class certificate for purity of tone and general superiority, and being the only one of the kind at present in the colonies. Also, handsome oak church harmonium, with double keyboard and 15 stops, a very powerfully toned instrument.
Handsome China mantel ornaments, antique flower vases, Bohemian lustres, Dresden, China statuettes and ornaments; Limoges porcelain figures and vases, beautifully painted dessert service, choice bronzes in groups and figures, articles of vertu, nicnacks, &c., &c.
Electroplated B. metal ware, comprising 4, 5, and 6 hole cruets, cut-glass bottles, tea and coffee pots, sugars and creams, biscuit boxes, dessert sets, pearl and ivory fish carvers, hot water kettles, &c., &c., and a large collection of valuable oil paintings, chromo-lithographs, French lithographs, being selections from the most favourite masters. Intending purchasers are informed, every line offered will be closed without the slightest reserve. This day, Tuesday, 6th February, at 11 o'clock.

AVIS.—Mr. GUSTAVUS GABRIEL, DENTIST, consults daily at 20, Wynyard-square only.

CLAIRVOYANT (MEDICAL AND BUSINESS).—Madame VON HALLE (Clara Antonio) late of San Francisco, 320, George-street.

DRS. MOFFITT AND BRADY, REMOVED FROM 135, Castlereagh-st., to 3, Lyons-terrace, Hyde Park.

G. H. STEPHEN AND CO. HAVE REMOVED to Temple Court Cellars, King-street.

GOODLET AND SMITH, TIMBER AND GALVANIZED Iron Merchants, 483, George-street.

LEADER AND HAYES' DISSOLUTION OF Partnership. — Sale of Fancy Dresses, Millinery, Underclothing, Baby Linen, &c., at Cost Prices, every day this month. Purchasers are invited to price the goods.
LEADER and HAYES, 102, King-street.

MR. JOHN SPENCER, DENTIST, 8, WYNYARD-square, awarded for Artificial Teeth the New South Wales Prize Medal and the Queensland Exhibition Medal for 1876, against all competitors; also the London International Exhibition Medal for 1874.

EDWARD HORDERN'S GRAND SEMI-Annual Sale of Drapery.—In consequence of the great rush of customers yesterday it was found impossible to deliver all parcels same evening. Those ladies whose parcels were not delivered last night will please accept this intimation, and E. H.'s best thanks for their patronage.

SHIRTS, SHIRTS, SHIRTS.—M. A. HUGHES and CO., 690, George-street, have the largest assortment of Shirts in the colony to choose from, in open front or back, with or without collars.

106, WILLIAM-STREET.— EXHIBITION of French Artificial Flowers, imported direct, to which we invite inspection. E. ROBINSON.

TO CONNOISSEURS.— THE UNDERSIGNED have in stock choice old Amontillado Manzanilla and pale Golden Sherries, very superior old Tawny Ports, &c. R. BUTCHER and CO. (late W. Long), Wine and Spirit Merchants, 538, George-street, near Park-street.

DEVOE'S KEROSENE. J. ISAACS AND CO., George-street.

JAMS, MARMALADES, FRUITS, TOMATO Conserve (best quality). A. L. LACKERSTEEN.

KNICKERBOCKER SCHNAPPS ON SALE, IN parcels, to Dealers, Storekeepers, and the Trade. HOFFNUNG and CO., 159 and 161, Pitt-street.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS RECOMMENDED by 10,000 Physicians. Beware of counterfeits and imitations.

JEFFREY'S NEW BREW ALE.—TO ARRIVE per City of Foo Chow, a consignment of John Jeffrey and Co's new season's Brew.
MASON, BROTHERS, Agents, Spring-street.

NEW TEAS.—"FLODDEN" CARGO, THE last shipment of the season. Ration and Station Congous—Auction Sale, February 7th. Particulars in general advertisement.
L. E. THRELKELD, Auctioneer.

SULTANA RAISINS, NOW LANDING, EX FORMOSA. LORIMER, ROME, and CO.

SLATES.—BEST COUNTESS, 20 x 10, NOW landing. GRIFFITHS and CO., Spring-street.

YOUNGER'S ALE.—50 HHDS. PALE EXPORT, ex Cynosure. GRIFFITHS and CO., Spring-st.

LEA and PERRINS' Taraxacum or Dandelion, for Liver Complaints. A delicious breakfast beverage.

BASS' ALE, QUARTS AND PINTS, BOTTLED by Cameron and Saunders, now landing.
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

BRANDY, IN BULK AND CASE.—BECHADE, Laffont, and Co.'s, and Central Society, pale and dark. GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

TO COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS AND THE Trade.—Assorted Packages China, Glass, and Earthenware.—We have now on hand original assorted packages of the above, price lists and engravings of which may be had on application. MASON, BROTHERS, Spring-street.

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The Sydney Morning Herald.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1877.

THE result of the Cable Conference is, to say the least, undoubtedly disappointing. When the holding of the Conference was first proposed, there were those who said that it was not necessary, and that a duplicate cable could be provided as well without it as with it. Others contended that after the experience of the Intercolonial Conference of 1872 there was little to hope for from a similar conclave in 1877. But a larger number were of opinion that since the duplication of the cable is a business that concerns the colonies as a whole, and that since the events of the past year have shown most conclusively that the construction of a second cable is a matter of immediate importance, the surest and readiest way of getting the business done was by a Conference of the representatives of all the colonies concerned. The belief, or at least the hope, that something would be done at once, was naturally strengthened by the fact that more than one definite offer for a complete duplication of the cable between Australia and Europe has recently been submitted to the Colonial Governments. The report which we published on Saturday has shown that those who indulged this hope were altogether too sanguine. The Conference of 1877, like that of 1872, has ended where it began; and whatever hope there may be of cable duplication from other sources, there is little or nothing to be looked for as the direct result of the Conference which closed on Friday.

Not only has the Conference failed to agree on some plan for duplicating the cable, it has failed to agree on any single point that might form a basis for the united action of all the colonies concerned hereafter. The one practical resolution on which there does not seem to have been any difference of opinion was that a duplication in some direction or other is required. But even this is so framed as to convey that it was not the opinion of the Conference that a complete duplication is required at all. The terms of the resolution to which we refer are that it is desirable to improve telegraphic communication by the duplication of existing cables or lines "where necessary." The natural inferences from this are, that there are sections of the existing lines where duplication may not be necessary, and that one of these is the section between Java and Port Darwin. This inference is sustained by the terms of the resolution which, although negatived by the Conference as a whole, is said to have received the assent of South Australia, Victoria, and New South Wales, and which reads as follows:—"That this Conference approves of the construction of a duplicate line from Singapore to Banjowangie." The single resolution affirming the desirableness of having a double cable wherever necessary, guarded and unsatisfactory as it is, forms the only decisive step taken in the direction of the one business that was supposed to have brought the Conference together.

But although there seems to have been no difference of opinion as to the desirableness of some amount of duplication somewhere or other, on the direction the duplication should take the Conference seems to have hopelessly disagreed. We have already intimated that a majority disapproved of a duplicate line from Singapore to Banjowangie. A proposition by the representatives of Queensland to the effect that an entirely separate route from that now in use should be adopted was also disapproved. A further proposition affirming the desirableness of having the duplicate line from Singapore to Cape York was treated in the same fashion. A proposal by the representative of Western Australia, asking that the second cable might start from the north-western part of that colony, "provided it is shown that by such the best communication with Europe and Asia is secured at a moderate cost as compared with other and alternate routes which have been advanced," was withdrawn. Thus it will be seen that there were four proposals submitted to the Conference bearing on the question of immediate cable duplication, and that the whole were rejected. The inevitable conclusion, therefore, is that, notwithstanding the trouble and delay which the Conference has occasioned, if there is to be a second cable at all, negotiations for securing it will have to be commenced *de novo*.

It is but natural to suppose that all this is as disappointing to the gentlemen who composed the Conference as it will be to the people they represented. Something doubtless was done, but the main thing was left undone. The Conference met, not so much for the purpose of discussing the questions of lowering the cable tariff and of getting a new class of operators on the Java lines, as for that of dealing with the business of a second line of communication, and not to start negotiations that might end in a second cable at some distant date, but to adopt some definite scheme to secure a double line without delay. We can hardly think that much good will come of a correspondence with the Home Government with a view of securing English operators on the Dutch lines of Java, or that any resolution of this kind was worth while. Nor, do we think that, at a time when the whole business of cable communication has to be reconstructed, it was worth while to resolve to secure a reduction of the message tariff by paying the Eastern Extension Company a £20,000 subsidy for a single year. The resolution requesting the several colonies to urge the Eastern Extension Company to keep a repairing steamer between Banjowangie and Port Darwin, is, in the present condition of affairs, a matter of practical importance; although in passing such a resolution the Conference was asking a company to which we give no subsidy to go to additional expense. But we do not see what immediate purpose is to be served by the resolutions calling upon New Zealand to open negotiations with the United States for a line across the Pacific, and upon the Governments of South Australia, Queensland, and Western Australia to open negotiations for the construction of cables connecting their several colonies with Singapore or Ceylon, seeing that if these negotiations came to anything, the colonies are not prepared to unite in backing them up.

If, as we are told, it is not improbable that an arrangement may be come to between Victoria, New South Wales, and South Australia for duplicating the line from Singapore to Port Darwin, the resolutions respecting the other colonies will not be wanted; and if no such arrangement is made between the three colonies named, we shall certainly want some nearer and some more reasonable prospect of a second line of cable than any that will be created by negotiations of New Zealand with the United States, or by those of Queensland or Western Australia for a line to Singapore or Ceylon. The day must come when all these lines will be required. The matter which is pressing at present, however, is not that of opening negotiations that may end in four or five cables some years hence, but that of providing against the serious interruptions of last year by the construction of a second cable with the least possible delay. This was the business that brought the Conference together, and this it has failed to do. It does not, of course, follow that because it has not done what it met to do, it has done nothing. It is something to know what cannot be done by a Conference as well as what can be done. In these times of contemplated federation it would have been a hopeful sign in the eyes of many persons if a representative conclave like the one which met last week had come to some common agreement in the common interest of Australasia. But it is good at all times to know what really can be done by united action and what must be done by separate action; and if the Cable Conference has failed to do much else, it has proved that we are not likely to get a second cable by any concerted action of the colonies as a whole, and that what is wanted will have to be supplied by each colony acting for itself, or by two or three of the colonies acting for the rest. What that action should be, and what part of it should be taken by our own colony, is another question; and it is a question that will be more or less complicated by the unfortunate decisions of the Conference, the failure of which will be sincerely regretted.

THERE is one view of the controversy between protection and free trade which has hardly received its due share of attention. Free trade can never be adopted as the policy of a nation without being productive of benefit to other nations. It cannot in the nature of the case have local advantage as its sole end, even if ulterior aims and a wider influence be neither professed nor recognised as reasons for its adoption. On the other hand, protection can never be made the policy of a nation without in a greater or smaller degree interfering with the progress or prosperity of other nations. It has local advantage as its primary object; but in the nature of the case, whether ulterior purposes be acknowledged or disavowed, the basis of local advantage, when sought through the agency of protection, must be disadvantage to a larger or smaller circle of people outside.

This distinction has been well illustrated in the recent history of the trade between Great Britain and the United States. It would be an error, in glancing at the course of events in communities like these, to trace broad effects to single causes. Complexity is the characteristic feature of modern life; and in the midst of the tangle, cause and effect may sometimes be mistaken the one for the other. But still it may safely be said, that when the course of trade between two given countries has been marked throughout a series of years by a tendency in one direction, it ought not to be difficult to discover the prevailing influences that have been at work, and that is the case with the trade between Great Britain and the United States. A highly interesting article on the position and prospects of that trade appeared in *Fraser's Magazine* for November last, and we will briefly notice some of the facts and opinions stated in it.

According to this writer (who is contributing a series of papers on British trade with the world generally), there is no branch of that trade surrounded by more gloomy views than those which are held about the branch in question. To the more desponding it presents no redeeming aspect; and they look forward to the time when it will be reduced, so far as Great Britain is concerned, to an import trade only, even if the artificial barriers that are shutting out British exports should be removed. His own view is that unless those barriers be removed, not only will the stagnation that now exists in the British export trade to the United States increase, but the export trade of the United States, which represents the only portions of the national enterprise that are in a thriving condition, will, before long, suffer by reflex action. Trade between nation and nation is, in the long run, barter, and the United States cannot expect to keep up its export trade to the highest level whilst reducing its import trade to the lowest. Through the operation of the protective tariff and the general system of which it forms a part, the home production of manufactured goods in the United States has increased enormously; but this has been effected at the cost to Great Britain of a decrease in British exports to the amount of about £25,000,000, comparing the figures for 1874 with those for 1872. If this change represented a pure gain on the one side, it would have been purchased at the price of a heavy loss on the other; and thus the principle with which we started would have received a striking illustration. But how much worse a case is presented when it is seen that whilst Great Britain has been losing heavily there has not been a corresponding gain to the United States; that the manufactures created at such a cost are in an unhealthy condition, saved by the tariff only from actual collapse, and that the agricultural and mining interests, which are the mainstay of the national export trade, are threatened with injury through the artificially increased cost of living and production.

The writer before us shows with great force how comprehensive and effective the system of protection in the United States is. It includes ad valorem duties overlaid by duties calculated by weight or measurement on the same article, and together making in some cases 200 per cent. upon the prime cost. Taken all round, it imposes upon foreign industrial products a fine of at least 50 per cent., and probably of 60. And over and above this the trade in such articles has to be filtered through a medium of troublesome and obstructive restrictions, formalities, and charges, at the consular offices in ports of shipment. It is not wonderful that under such conditions the import trade should have declined. The wonder is that the decline should not have been far more rapid. An explanation, however, is to be found in several causes. A fictitious prosperity had been generated by the vast expenditure of the war, by the introduction of a large quantity of foreign money on loan, by the enormous and unnatural expansion of railway enterprise, and by the inflating influence of an extensive creation of paper credits. From 1866 to 1876 inclusive, 37,000 miles of railway were constructed at the nominal cost of several hundred millions. And whilst little or no metallic currency was used in the United States, the proceeds of the gold and silver mines, to the average value of thirteen and a quarter millions per annum, was for the most part available for export. Speculation ran riot, debt was increased recklessly, and up to 1873 the country bought far beyond its strength. Then came the panic and the beginning of the decline; and since then the restrictive influence of the tariff has become more and more apparent.

Amongst the forms in which the speculative spirit prior to 1873 showed itself, was the prosecution of those artificial industries which gained support from the tariff. After the panic, people who were unable to purchase foreign articles at unnaturally high prices were unable to purchase home productions at a similar cost. The hollow foundation of these enterprises became apparent. Most of the manufactures fell into a crippled condition. Many were ruined; and the country was thrown back upon its more primitive and natural articles of production and commerce. And whereas before 1873, during a period of three years, the imports had exceeded the exports by an average of 79,000,000 dollars; the exports exceeded the imports during the subsequent three years by an average of 76,000,000 dollars.

Whilst there is no doubt that the British export trade to the United States has been reduced by the operation of the causes mentioned, it is a question of interest whether British manufacturers are likely to suffer in other markets from American competition. The writer in *Fraser* holds that fears on that score are groundless. Manufactures within the States attained before the panic a fictitious prosperity, not a real one. Their success so far was due to the artificially high prices, which covered the disadvantage of a high cost of production. But the high cost of production must prevent successful competition in other markets with articles produced in countries where more natural and favourable conditions prevail. The production of pig iron in the United States increased from half a million tons in 1850 to two and a quarter millions in 1875, whilst the import of the article sank from a quarter of a million tons in 1872 to 53,748 tons in 1875. But the cost of production in 1875 was about £4 10s. per ton English money, or one-third more than the cost in Great Britain. Again, in the case of the cotton manufactures, which have expanded under a sheltering tariff of 30 to 50 per cent., unless the manufacturers are making a profit of 40 to 100 per cent. in excess of legitimate returns, the cost of production must be from 30 to 50 per cent. higher than in England. Some American goods were sold last year in the Manchester market, but "glutted markets, over-stocking, and unremunerative prices were the causes that brought United States goods here, not the prosperity of manufactures there. In that view American cotton goods exported are neither more nor less than consignments of bankrupts' stocks, sent abroad to be sold at any sacrifice for cash." These are not the conditions for permanently successful competition.

DISTRICT COURT.—Tuesday, 6th February.—Evans and another v. Amerald, M'Cabe v. Martin, Livock v. Toohey and another, Jolly v. Tedd, Rice, and another v. Thomas, Rice and another v. Thomas, M'Grath v. Quinn, Wein v. Stewart, Dunn v. Reynolds, Rickard v. Johnson, Gedye and another v. Williams, Downs v. Matthews, Artlett v. Matthews, Harris v. Hyam, Bamford v. Lester, Younger v. Hamburgher, Deane v. Deane, Smith v. M'Donald, M'Laughlin v. Finnegan, M'Carthy v. Lyons, M'Carthy v. Coleman.

THE MINISTER FOR LANDS.—There were many rumours flying about the town yesterday respecting the filling up of the vacant office of Minister for Lands, but no certain information has come to hand respecting the new occupant of that onerous position. The appointment, we believe, has been offered to Mr. Wisdom, but that gentleman declined to accept it. Other names are mentioned—in particular those of Mr. Baker, Mr. Hoskins, and Mr. Gray—as being likely to have the opportunity of administering this most important branch of our Government departments. There was a report current late last evening to the effect that the vacant portfolio had been offered to and accepted by Mr. Baker, but we have received no official intimation to that effect.

COLONIAL DEBENTURES.—The following information respecting the price of colonial debentures is interesting:—New South Wales 4 per cents. are quoted in the "London Daily Stock and Share List," of 21st December, at from 99½ to 100½, with business done at 100; Victoria 4 per cents. are in the same journal quoted at 98 to 99, with business done at 98½; Queensland 4 per cents., 95 to 96, with business done at 95½; New Zealand 4½ per cents. at 95½ to 96½, with business done at 96¼; Canadian 4 per cents. at 91½ to 92½, with business done at 91¾; South Australian 4 per cents. at 97½ to 98½.

FREE PUBLIC LIBRARY.—We are informed that the trustees have received advice by this mail that the books for the new lending branch were shipped by the Bannockburn on the 12th December last. This vessel is expected to arrive in Sydney about the end of March.

RANDWICK ASYLUM.—The children in this institution have been under the educational charge of the Council of Education from the 1st of January. There are three male and four female teachers employed. The number under instruction are 180 boys, 120 girls, and 180 infants. The arrangements were made, it is understood, by Mr. Bridges, the junior school inspector for the Sydney district. There are some hundreds of children in the Benevolent Asylum and the Roman Catholic and Protestant Orphanages at Parramatta. It has been suggested that the instruction of these children would, in all probability, be improved, if they also were placed under the care of the Council of Education, so far as refers to their schooling.

DROWNING IN THE HARBOUR.—A young man named Robert Sempill was drowned in Woolloomooloo Bay on Sunday evening, after having engaged in a sailing excursion with Hubert P. Rich and Horace P. Rich. It appears that the misfortune occurred through the boom of the boat swinging suddenly round and knocking deceased overboard. He sank immediately, and all efforts to save him were unavailing. George Luttrell, residing near Elliott's coal yard, dragged the water and recovered the body very soon after the occurrence; but Dr. Pattison, who was quickly in attendance, failed to restore animation. In another column will be found an account of the inquest, which was held yesterday morning.

NARROW ESCAPE.—On Saturday afternoon last, between 3 and 4 o'clock, while the Dry Dock ferry steamer was approaching Darling-street wharf, Balmain, a sailing skiff containing two lads put off from shore, and, being unable to clear the steamer was run down. The boat was stove in and immediately sank, but the occupants were quickly rescued, after receiving a ducking and a great fright.

THE REGATTA PRIZES.—The prizes in connection with the Anniversary Regatta were handed over to the winners at the Exchange Hotel last night. They were all of the most chaste description, and consisted of epergnes, silver cups and trophies, watches, lockets, &c. Their total value amounted to £360, and the principal prize, the trophy for the yacht race, cost £100; the second in value being a cup worth £50, presented by the Mayor. The chair was taken by Captain Charles Smith, president of the Chamber of Commerce; and there were also present his Worship the Mayor, Mr. James Merriman, who gave one of the principal prizes, and all the regatta committee. The chairman, who presented the prizes, addressed a few appropriate remarks to each recipient; and when Trickett, the champion rower of the world, came forward to receive his £22 for winning the outrigger and all-comers races, Captain Smith said he could not help expressing how much he thought the colony indebted to him for his prowess as a rower both in England and the colonies. Trickett replied that he felt the honour accorded him by his fellow-colonists, on all occasions, and said that in the event of any person coming here to attempt to take the championship from him, his friends might rely that he would still do his utmost for the honour of Australia. After the distribution of the prizes Captain Stuart, of the steamer Nemesis, was presented with a handsome salver for kindly placing his fine vessel at the disposal of the committee as a flagship; and Mr. Bowden, the chief officer of the same vessel, was presented with a pair of field glasses. Champagne was then called in and the healths of the chairman and the Mayor were drunk with enthusiasm, the latter, in replying to the toast, promising another cup for next year. Thanks were accorded to the judges and umpires and other officers of the committee for their services, and to the A. S. N. Company, Messrs. Mort and Co., and the Milson's Point Ferry Company for the gratuitous use of punts and steamers during the races. A conversation ensued, during which it was stated that some very valuable prizes had been promised for the next annual regatta, and the meeting then terminated.

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The Williams Electorate. — Booral and Rawdon Vale have been appointed additional polling-places for taking the poll at elections of members to serve in the Legislative Assembly for the electoral district of the Williams.

St. Mary's Cathedral.—On Sunday evening his Grace the Coadjutor-Archbishop (Dr. Vaughan) addressed a crowded assemblage of the friends of the Cathedral in the Seminary, immediately after benediction was given in the pro-Cathedral. The result of his appeal, which embraced half an hour in its delivery, was the subscription of nearly £600. Our informant states that his Grace invariably presides at the monthly meetings, which averaged during the past year about £400, independent of the weekly and other contributions. The treasurers—Messrs. Mullins, J.P., and E. J. Hollingdale—are now in a position, with the assistance of the financial committee, to enter on the negotiation of fresh contracts, which will be entertained and decided on this week. The meeting of Sunday evening, it is said, may be regarded as partially representative of the Catholic body of the city, inasmuch as it included many gentlemen from the city and suburban churches. The feeling was unanimous in favour of generous co-operation with his Grace in pushing on the completion of the building as quickly as practicable.

Balmain Association for Mutual Improvement.—The usual weekly meeting of this association was held in the schoolroom, Adolphus-street, on last Friday evening, 2nd instant. Mr. H. P. Tidswell occupied the chair, and there was a moderate attendance of members. The business for the evening was the reading of the manuscript journal for the month of January, which was read for the editor, Mr. J. Waugh. It contained articles on "Public Speaking," "Sincerity," and several others, all written by the members of the association. The reading of the papers was supplemented by an after criticism on the merits of the contributions, which was taken part in by those present.

New South Wales Protestant Hall Company.—The third ordinary meeting of this company was held in the Masonic Temple, Clarence-street, last evening. Mr. R. M'Coy, the chairman of the company, presided. In the report for the half-year the directors stated that they had pleasure in congratulating the shareholders upon the progress that had been made in the erection of the hall, and urged upon them the importance of using their influence with their friends to induce them either to take up shares or to give contributions to assist in completing what might fairly be considered, not as a mere speculation, but as a great and noble enterprise in the interests of common Protestantism. Since the last meeting the following tenders had been accepted:—E. R. Parker, brickwork, £2400; J. R. Bubb, columns, girders, &c., £745; Holme and Walker, finishing trades, £3480; J. N. Cumming, spouting, &c., £7 15s. Total, £6632 15s. The sum of £1987 15s. had been paid on account of contracts, leaving a balance to be paid of £4645. During the half year some of the directors had received from their friends contributions, apart from the calls on shares, amounting to £46 16s. Messrs. Francis Abigail, Robert Thompson, and George Withers had resigned from the position of directors, and their places had been supplied, in accordance with rule 65, by the election of Messrs. Alexander M'Neil, J. G. Purves, and J. Hardy. The directors who had agreed to retire under rule 59 were Messrs. D. Campbell, J. C. Beare, H. Evers, and Richard M'Coy, all of whom were eligible for re-election. The report and balance-sheet were adopted. The retiring directors were re-elected unanimously. In reply to a question, the chairman stated that the main hall would be ready for opening, in all probability, by the 12th of July next.

Presentation.—On Saturday last, Mr. P. Martin, for some years employed at the Government Printing Office, on his retirement from that establishment was presented by his fellow employees with a very handsome watch and albert. The honour of presentation was deputed to Mr. Walter D'Arietta and was preceded by a neat and pithy speech eulogistic of the recipient's good qualities as an associate and workman. A suitable reply was made by Mr. Martin.

Nuisance in the Domain.—A correspondent writes:—"It would be conferring a favour on visitors to the Botanical Gardens, if the proper authorities took notice of the disgraceful conduct of a number of ruffians that daily assemble in the Domain, insulting every passer-by, especially females: how these men live is a mistery to many a resident in Sydney, and how they are allowed to live this vagrant life is a disgrace. The same men congregate nightly at the Supreme Court, King-street, and no person can escape some blackguard remark. By inserting these few lines you would benefit society greatly."

Moore College, Liverpool.—The following progress report for the year 1876, furnished by the Principal of the College, the Rev. Canon R. L. King, appeared in the *Australian Churchman* of the 3rd instant:—"During this period, six gentlemen have received the College Testimonial, and have been ordained. Messrs. Allnutt and Kelly were ordained in July by the Bishop of Sydney; the former was sent to Charters Towers in Northern Queensland, the latter to Kiama. In October, Mr. Dunstan was ordained by the Bishop of Bathurst, and sent to take charge of the extensive district of Bourke. In December Messrs. Hargrave and Heath were ordained by the Bishop of Sydney, the former to take charge of Shoalhaven, the latter of Bowen, in North Queensland. Mr. Dunlop was ordained at the same time by the Bishop of Sydney by letters dimissory from the Bishop of Bathurst, and is about to take charge of Booligal and the extensive district in its neighbourhood on the Lachlan. There are now 104 gentlemen who have been ordained after receiving the training afforded by the College—the greater number of whom are still labouring in their respective parishes and districts in the Diocese of Sydney, Goulburn, and Bathurst, Brisbane and North Queensland, Melbourne, Ballarat, and Tasmania. During the past year eleven new students have been admitted. Seven students were present during the first term, and twelve during the second. I am thankful to be able to speak with great confidence of the diligence in study and the attention to the wishes of the Principal manifested by the students throughout the year, as well as of the harmony which existed among themselves. At the May examination the 'College Prize' was obtained by Mr. Allnutt, and the 'Hodgson Prize,' given in November for proficiency in the Greek Testament, was obtained by Mr. Veal. The usual services on Sunday afternoon held at Smithfield and Bankstown, Holdsworthy, and the Benevolent Asylum, as well as the weekly visitation at the two last-named places, have been maintained with regularity during the College year. Assistance has also been afforded to Picton, Belmore, and the Kurrajong. I have every reason to believe that the services rendered by the students on these occasions have generally been highly appreciated by the congregations to whom they ministered. The studies of the past year have comprised the following subjects. In the Old Testament, the Books of Joshua and Judges and the Prophecy of Isaiah in the authorised version. In the Greek Testament, the Gospels S. S. Matthew and Mark, and the Epistles to the Romans and the Galatians. In Latin, Chapter 11 of Jewel's Apology for the Church of England. The Ecclesiastical History of the III. and IV. Centuries, together with the life and times of Edward VI., and of Archbishop Cranmer, Butler's Analogy, Paley's Evidences, Boultbee on the Theology of the Church of England, Pearson on the Creed, and Oxendon's Pastoral Office have also been studied, together with the Liturgy of the Church of England. Much attention has also been devoted to the composition and delivery of sermons, and to the proper reading of 'Morning and Evening Prayer.' The number of students applying for admission to the College being on the increase, and it having been found necessary in some instances to postpone the admission of applicants for want of accommodation, the Bishop of Sydney has effected an arrangement by which the Rev. George Sheppard, B.A., will discharge the duties of Vice Principal of the College, and at the same time be able to accommodate in his own house some of the new applicants for admission. Mr. Sheppard has already assisted me at some of the half-yearly examinations, and has a perfect knowledge of the work. His attainments and deep interest in the students, his personal piety and other qualifications, are such that I have every reason for hoping, not merely that I myself shall have effectual assistance in the lecture-room, such as the state of my health has rendered not unnecessary, but that in every respect great advantages to the students will be secured, and the institution made more efficient than hitherto for the important purposes for which it is maintained. I have to express my gratitude to the trustees for sanctioning the repairs done to the College in December. I fear that the presence of the white ant will not unfrequently make such an outlay necessary. I have of late attempted to apply the 'arsenic remedy' and not altogether without effect. The great difficulty consists in getting at the covered ways of the destroyers. Some repairs have been effected without expense to the trustees."

Sydney Mechanics' School of Arts.—A sub-committee of this institution, and delegates from the Trades and Labour Council of New South Wales and the Engineering Association, met at the School of Arts, on Wednesday evening, to confer respecting the formation of an evening college for the technical instruction of workmen and apprentices in the science required for the successful development of mechanical and manufacturing industries in the colony. Mr. James Dalgarno presided, and Mr. Edward Dowling (on behalf of the sub-committee) explained the objects of the proposed college, and invited suggestions from the delegates as to the proper method of founding and working it in connection with the School of Arts. Messrs. Hall, Dixon, Cruickshank, Davidson, and other gentlemen supported the early establishment of the college, and promised, on behalf of organizations they represented, their hearty sympathy and support.

Woollahra Band of Hope.—The usual fortnightly meeting of the above society was held last Friday evening in the Congregational schoolroom, Piper-street. The room was crowded with an audience consisting, for the most part, of young people, who listened with great attention to the various items on the programme. Mr. F. J. Palmer occupied the chair, and in an interesting speech narrated a few incidents in connection with the temperance cause that had come under his own notice. Mr. Robert Usher gave one of Dr. Talmage's readings; after which some of the members of Devonshire-street and St. David's Bands of Hope, Surry Hills, delivered two excellent dialogues entitled, "The Election," and "The Council of War." Mr. A. Riding followed with a short address, which brought the proceedings to a close.

Legal Cricket Club.—A meeting, convened by advertisement, was held yesterday afternoon, at the chambers of Sir George Innes, for the purpose of considering the advisability of forming a cricket club consisting of members of both branches of the legal profession. Sir George Innes occupied the chair, and there was a pretty large attendance of gentlemen interested in the movement. A resolution was adopted in favour of the formation of the proposed club, of which Sir James Martin (Chief Justice) is to be invited to become president, and their Honors Sir William Manning, Mr. Justice Hargrave, and Mr. Justice Faucett, vice-presidents. Sir George Innes and Mr. R. M. Sly were appointed hon. secretary and treasurer respectively, and the following gentlemen a committee, viz.: The Hon. G. W. Allen, and Messrs. G. C. Davis, M. H. Stephen, R. M. Sly, S. C. Brown, and R. Driver. Rules were also framed for the guidance of the Club.

Serious Accident.—A serious accident occurred at the Central Hotel, George-street, on Sunday afternoon. It appears that a boy, about nine years of age, was playing, upstairs, near the billiard-room window, which overlooks Mr. Bornstein's shop, when, in some unaccountable manner, he lost his balance and fell out, and in his descent passed through the skylight of the shop to the floor, a depth of about twenty-three feet. He was much bruised and cut on the face and hands, and when picked up was insensible. Dr. Hunter, who is in attendance, fears that he has sustained concussion of the brain, and the patient is still in a very precarious state.

A Sad Loss and Accident caused by a Bush Fire.—An extensive bush fire (the *Albury Banner* reports) was discovered towards the end of last week on Mr. A. Paton's Yabba Station. It commenced on Mr. Moore's, and spread rapidly to Yabba, where it destroyed a large quantity of grass. Mr. Paton, with all hands available, was hard at work for three days putting out the fire, and the task was not accomplished unfortunately until seven miles of fencing had been destroyed. The fire is supposed to have been caused in the first instance by an incendiary. A curious fact in connection with the affair is that the place of a selector named Lord, who had gone to lend a hand in putting out the fire, was completely burned down during his absence. Lord is said to have lost no less than £40 in actual cash by the fire, that amount in notes having been in the house at the time it was destroyed. Since the above was in type we have received the following additional particulars from Mr. Lord:—"On Monday night about 12 o'clock my wife was awakened by a strange noise and on getting up found that the other room was in flames. The fire I suppose originated in the chimney, and the whole place being lined and papered was quickly in a blaze: the flames bursting through every joint in the slabs before eight minutes had elapsed. My wife, on seeing the fire, ran screaming for assistance to my father who lives only about half a chain distant. He ran in and rescued the baby by rolling it in a lot of blankets. He then managed to save a valueless box of old clothes, but this was all. Everything we had was burned, including £40 in notes and silver, and the whole loss is over £150. I left my home on Monday, and when I came back there was nothing but charcoal and dust. To add to my troubles our little boy has either been kicked or trodden upon by one of the draught horses, and his thigh is broken. Perhaps some of your readers on seeing this account might be disposed to render some assistance."

Suicide in Melbourne.—An inquest was held on Friday afternoon by Mr. Chandler, Melbourne City Coroner, on the body of Abraham Gordon, who committed suicide on the previous day. The deceased (the *Argus* reports) had recently arrived in this colony from Sydney, where he kept a public-house, and on Tuesday last he applied to the Collingwood licensing magistrates to have the license of the London Hotel, in Smith-street, transferred to him from the previous tenant. The application was postponed to Thursday, in order that inquiries might be made about Gordon; and the police, in reply to a telegram sent to the Sydney police, ascertained that Gordon was fined £5 once for assault, and that there was nothing else recorded against him, but that it was considered he kept a house for questionable characters. When he applied again for the transfer on Thursday it was refused, and he went home and ate a good dinner, after which he went to bed. When he had been there some time his wife went to his room and observed that he was snoring heavily. Soon afterwards, when a person went to the room again, it was found that the door was fastened and a table blocked against it. An entrance was made and it was then ascertained that deceased had hanged himself, having tied a rope to a rail at the head of the bedstead, and then put his head in a slip knot at the other end, and twisted himself so that his head came down nearly level to the bed, and remained there till he was dead. From the evidence of the deceased's wife it appeared that he was given to drinking heavily at times, and she stated that she thought he was rather unsound in his mind. The jury found that the deceased committed suicide while of unsound mind.

Death of Alderman Besley.—The sudden death of Mr. Alderman Besley, announced yesterday morning (says the London *Echo* of December 19), will be received with deep regret. Mr. Alderman Besley was a native of Exeter, and came to London a young man to push his fortunes as a typefounder. He became a member of the firm which he served, which was afterwards long known as Thorogood and Besley. Entering the Common Council, he succeeded in 1861 to the aldermanic gown of Aldgate Ward, vacant by the death of Sir Peter Laurie, after a contest with Mr. G. J. Cockerell, who was then Sheriff. In 1864 Mr. Alderman Besley served the office of Sheriff, with Sir Thomas Dakin for his colleague. In 1869 there was a desire to re-elect Sir James Clarke Lawrence as Lord Mayor, but Mr. Alderman Besley went to a poll, and in the end Sir James retired from the struggle. Mr. Besley was, therefore, Lord Mayor in 1869-70, and deservedly won the applause of his fellow-citizens. He exhibited great sagacity as a magistrate, and distinguished himself as Lord Mayor by qualities of common sense not always found at the Mansion-house. Mr. Alderman Besley was one of the Governors of Queen Anne's Bounty, a devoted Nonconformist, and a Liberal in politics, although he cared little for Parliamentary honours, and refused to listen to applications to become a candidate for a seat in the House of Commons.

Pigeon Flying.—A second flying match for Antwerp carriers, in connection with the Columbarian Club, came off on Saturday last, 3rd instant, from Blacktown to Sydney, 20 miles. Six birds came to the scratch, and after their marks being attended to by the person appointed they were dispatched by the morning train to their destination, each basket bearing a number denoting the competitor's position in the match. The first bird was tossed at 1.50 sharp, and the remainder at intervals of 10 minutes, until they were all liberated. Great interest was taken by the members of the club as to the result, as it is generally the case in short distances that fast time is done. The first bird seen to drop on its owner's house was in colour a beautiful blue chequer, named No.5, the property of Mr. Marr, of Petersham, who did the distance home in 30 minutes, beating Mr. Cran, jun., of Newtown, who flew a very powerful bird, by 11½ minutes. Our readers will remember that Mr. Marr was the winner of the last match flown from Douglas Park, about a fortnight ago. Mr. Johnston was third, and the others coming in a short time afterwards.

Unsuitable Clothing and Buildings in the Country Towns.—The parboiling to which we have been subjected during the last ten days (observes the *Albury Banner*), aggravated as it has been by the peculiarities of domestic architecture, clothing, &c., &c., which with a British fondness for old customs we have transplanted from a colder clime, comes strikingly *apropos* of Sir Charles Gavan Duffy's lecture of a few week's since. Of a surety in Australia we have "something to do;" something, moreover, which stands in urgent need of being done, in the matter of adapting our habits generally to the altered conditions under which we live. In no other country in the world probably, would Europeans think of pursuing their ordinary avocations with the thermometer at 140 degrees, certainly not when those avocations involved frequent exposure to the full blaze of the noon-day sun. In no other country where a like temperature prevails, would people build houses with walls nine or ten feet high, and seldom more frequently than nine inches in thickness. Yet this is exactly what is done in Australia, where people eat, drink, and are clothed and housed in such a way as would lead a stranger to suppose that they were bent upon nothing but rendering existence a burden.

Assay of Gold from Major's Creek.—The correspondent of the *Dubbo Dispatch* states that there is a good deal of dissatisfaction with the Mint authorities with reference to the treatment of gold. Parcels have been sent to the Mint which it is averred have come from the same claim and the same washings, and yet the assays of these parcels have differed to the amount of in some cases 1s. 6d. per oz. This happened some years since. At the present time when the parcels from the gold buyers are made of 150 to 200 different parcels, differing in value as much as 5s. per oz., it is averred that sufficient pains is not manifested at the Mint in order to give a correct value, and great loss is entailed on buyers. It stands to reason that such a parcel as one of these mixed lots ought to be well mixed in smelting; but I have been told by gentlemen who profess a full knowledge of these things that sufficient care is not manifested, and that such a parcel of gold as that indicated will in melting precipitate the gold of greatest specific gravity, while that of least value comes to the surface; and unless the piece extracted for assay is fairly chosen, loss must accrue to some one.

Departure of the late Governor of South Australia.—His Excellency the Governor left South Australia on Saturday, January 27, by the mail steamer Bangalore, but (says the *S. A. Register*) although his departure was viewed by a much larger number of citizens than have witnessed any of our previous Governors leave these shores, there was not much formality observed. His Excellency, with Lady Musgrave, the aide-de-camp, and private secretary, left Government House at a little after 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and drove to the station of the Glenelg Railway, at Victoria-square, accompanied by a guard of honour from the Mounted Police under the command of Inspector Searcy. The party were met at the station by his Honor the Chief Justice; the Hon. J. Colton, Commissioner of Public Works; the Hon. R. D. Ross, Treasurer; the Hon. J. C. Bray, Attorney-General; and the Hon. J. Carr, Commissioner of Crown Lands. The train which left for Glenelg at a quarter past 3, carrying the Viceregal party, was filled up by a crowd of Adelaideans, desirous of watching the embarkation. There was a good display of bunting, and the yachts lying near the pier were dressed out, and some of the hotels and private houses presented their colours on the occasion. The jetty was patronised by a large number of spectators, who were gathered to one side of that pleasant marine promenade by a number of police from Adelaide, who had come down for the special duty. A body of the constabulary, under Mr. superintendent Peterswald, was drawn up at the head of the jetty, and presented arms to his Excellency as he passed to go on board the steamer Fairy which conveyed his party to the Bangalore. The Chief Justice and a number of other gentlemen bade his Excellency and Lady Musgrave farewell on the pier, but his Excellency was accompanied on board the mail steamer by the Commissioner of Public Works, the Treasurer, the Attorney-General; and Mr. Wigley, M.P., Mayor of Glenelg; Captain Ferguson, President of the Marine Board; and the Under-Treasurer. As the little steamer slowly left the end of the jetty the crowd heartily cheered the departing representative of the Queen, while a viceregal salute was fired from the sea-wall south of the pier. There was a strong breeze, and owing to the steamer Glenelg lying on the lee side of the Bangalore the Fairy had to put her passengers on board to windward, which proved rather a difficult task.

Sudden Death of the Sheriff of Victoria.—The *Argus* records the sudden decease of Mr. W. H. Wright, who, for a considerable number of years, occupied the position of principal sheriff of the colony, at the residence of Mr. George Higinbotham, at Brighton, on Thursday morning. Mr. Wright went to dine at Mr. Higinbotham's new house on Wednesday evening, with the intention of staying the night, his wife and family being on a visit to Queenscliff. At dinner he appeared cheerful, and in his usual state of health. He retired at about 11 o'clock at night, having previously made an engagement to breakfast at half-past 8 o'clock next morning, prior to returning to Melbourne. The family having waited for him a short time, Mr. Thomas Higinbotham, chief engineer of railways, who resides with his brother, went up to the room which Mr. Wright occupied, and found him lying in bed quite dead. Mr. C. J. Tovell, surgeon, was immediately sent for, and arrived between 9 and 10 o'clock. After examining the body he pronounced life to have been extinct several hours. The body was quite cold. It is conjectured that the cause of death was either serous apoplexy or heart disease, most probably the former.

A Child Lost in the Bush for Ten Days.—On Sunday, the 21st ultimo (says the *Tumut Times*), three children of Mr. T. Hillier were engaged in looking after some sheep near their parents' residence, at Sandy Creek, Couleman. The two elder ones went to turn the flock, telling their younger brother, who was about four years of age, to wait for them under a tree they pointed out to him. When they returned to the tree they found he was gone. The boy had left his pinafore hanging on a branch of the tree, and we understand that at first his brothers naturally enough thought he had got weary of waiting for them, and had proceeded homewards. When, however, they reached their residence, towards nightfall, they found he had not arrived there. The anxious parents, assisted by many willing neighbours, searched far and near for their missing child, and information was somewhat tardily conveyed to the police at Tumut. All efforts to discover his whereabouts proved vain, however, until on Tuesday last, about 1 p.m., a son of Mr. G. Dowsett found the little wanderer among some rocks at Mickalong, about four miles from his home. Though he had by this time been lost for ten days, the boy seemed well and hearty, and on being conveyed home promptly requested that some pudding be given to him. It is supposed that during his lonely ramble through the bush he sustained himself by eating wild berries that grow abundantly in that locality, and, fortunately, water is also plentiful.

Death through Escape of Gas.—At half-past 3 o'clock on the morning of the 30th December (the *Boston Herald* relates), Miss Annie Devine, eldest daughter of Mr. William Devine, living at 525, East Fifth-street, South Boston, started out of a heavy slumber, and feeling a peculiar numbness, reached out a hand to her two little sisters, Kate and Minnie, aged respectively 12 and 11 years, who were sleeping with her. Finding them even stiffer than herself, she roused them with great effort and cried for help. Three brothers, who were sleeping in the upper part of the house, heard the cries and came down to her door, which they found locked inside. Perceiving the danger that threatened her, and realizing that if the door was not soon opened fatal results would follow, the young lady crept out of her bed, and on her hands and knees went to the door, which she opened and then fell to the floor. She was brought to an open window, along with the two children, helpless. The young men then rushed to the room occupied by their mother and father. The latter was dead and the former insensible. The cause was the escape of coal gas through an open register in the room where Mr. and Mrs. Devine slept, and a partly closed register in the room of the young girls. Mrs. Devine, though suffering somewhat from the effect of the gas, was much better last evening. The three girls have fully regained their vitality. Dr. Wilson, who was summoned to the relief of the family, states that another half hour would have caused the death of all the parties. The deceased was 51 years old, and owned considerable property in South Boston.

Tin Ore.—The following is a return of tin ore forwarded from Murrurundi Railway Station during the week ending February 3rd, 1877:—Swinton, 14 tons 16 cwt. 1 qr. 24 lbs.; Moore and Co., 3 tons 4 cwt.; Moore and Spears, 2 tons 14 cwt.; Britannia, 10 tons 10 cwt. 2 qrs. 22 lbs.; H&G, 17 tons 5 cwt. 3 qrs.; FDS, 2 tons 1 cwt. 3 qrs. 12 lbs.; WL over 2, 1 ton 10 cwt. 0 qr. 11 lbs.; Grove, 8 tons 9 cwt. 2 qrs.; T, 2 tons 0 cwt. 0 qr. 4 lbs.; total, 62 tons 12 cwt. 1 qr. 17 lbs.

The New Leader of the Opposition.—The *Australasian* of Saturday remarks:—"The New South Wales Government has certainly no reason to complain, so far, of any tendency to wanton obstructiveness on the part of the new leader of the Opposition, Mr. Piddington. The understanding arrived at by the hon. members of that side of the House was that when a leader was chosen all were to unite in supporting him. It does not appear that this obligation was looked upon as reciprocal, and that it was stipulated that Mr. Piddington should also support the Opposition. Probably this condition was not thought to be necessary, but whether the same opinion is still entertained, after the division taken on the 24th ultimo, may be a question. The division referred to, which was the first in the Assembly after Mr. Piddington's assumption of the leadership, took place on a motion of the Treasurer to suspend standing orders so as to allow of the passing of a temporary supply bill through all its stages. This course was strongly objected to by many members, as unconstitutional under the circumstances of the present session. At an early stage of the discussion, Mr. Piddington, perhaps not forseeing the turn events were to take, waived any objections he might have to the course. Mr. Parkes, however, insisted on pressing for a division, when there appeared for the Government proposal 22, against 21, the majority of one for the Government being made by the vote of Mr. Piddington. We do not desire to discuss the conduct of this gentleman, which we are willing to suppose may be the symptom of a desire to introduce a less factious and more generous spirit into Parliamentary proceedings But the instance is probably the only one on record of a Government being saved from a defeat by the vote of the leader of the Opposition, who separated himself from and voted in a contrary way to the party he is supposed to lead."

Sale of Fat Stock.—Messrs. Sullivan and Simpson report having sold by auction yesterday, at the Homebush Yards, 101 bullocks on account of Colonel Ward and Mr. Langloh Parker, from their Bangate station, Narran River, at an average of £8 2s. 3d.—the best pen of 7 selling at £9 10s. each. This is the highest average obtained for a long time in this market.

Sydney Infirmary.—The following cases have been received for treatment:—John Murphy, scalp wound; Thomas Johnston, injury to ankle; Alfred James and William Spencer, suffering from cut hands; William Taylor, injury to finger; John Blackwell, suffering from a gunshot wound, said to have been inflicted by a man named Joseph Craigon, during a quarrel near Glebe Island Bridge toll-gate.

A Hero and Heroine in Wedlock.—About thirty-eight years ago a terrible fire broke out at a convent for young ladies in the town of Limoges. At the last moment it was perceived that one of the *pensionnaires* had been left in her room. There appeared to be no hope of saving her, when a fine young girl with dishevelled locks and with her nightdress floating round her, pierced the crowd, crying "Let me do it." And she rushed into the midst of the flames, and shortly afterwards appeared, carrying the unhappy infant in her arms. A few days afterwards, Louis Philippe sent the heroine a gold medal, and a captain in the French army who had witnessed her courage asked to be presented to her. That captain is now President of the French Republic, and the heroine is the Duchess de Magenta.

New Antidote for Snake Bite.—Some experiments were made in the Melbourne gaol on Friday (says the *Argus*) with a new antidote for snake-bite, discovered by Mr Hurst, who had had a good deal of bush experience in Queensland. Mr. Hurst has not divulged the nature of his antidote, but the Chief Secretary has promised that he shall be handsomely rewarded should it prove a specific. It is maintained by Mr. Hurst that his remedy will never fail if applied in hisway, but on Friday it was applied by Dr. M'Crea and Mr. Girdlestone in their way, which was that of injecting snake-poison into the blood of a dog and then injecting the antidote. In one case in which the antidote was applied five minutes after the poison, the dog which seemed to be at the point of death, rapidly recovered. In another case in which the antidote was applied immediately after the poison, the dog died; and it appears that it is injurious to apply it until the poison has had time to circulate in the system. In a case in which snake-poison and the antidote mixed were injected, the dog suffered nothing beyond a little sickness.

Improved Sugar Machinery.—"Anglo-Australian," of the *European Mail*, says a new machine has just been perfected which bids fair to be of great value to sugar planters for drying their megass. It was originally designed for drying hay, and it has recently been proved capable of producing an average of 12 to 18 tons of dry hay per diem, when such hay contains 35 to 40 per cent. of excess moisture, and as this is about the average moisture requiring to be expelled from megass, it follows that it would also yield that quantity of dry megass. The adjustment of this machine to existing mills and boiling houses is remarkably convenient; it can be fixed in such a position as to receive the megass as it issues from the mill and deliver it dried into the firing holes. An underground flue will convey the now wasted heat from the pans and the boilers into the suction pan, and this heat will be generally sufficient for the operation. A single band from the shafting that drives the mill will give movement to the dryer, which only absorbs 3½ horse power; it does away with all need of storing houses, and all labour of spreading and regathering the megass.

Incendiarism.—The crime of arson in the country is one of the most common. Every week there is a report of destruction by fire, the circumstances attendant upon which leave no other inference than that they are the work of miscreants who thus avenge themselves for real or supposed injuries. The *Murrurundi Times* reports that a shed containing about 40 tons of first class oaten hay, which was situated about four miles from town, on Boyd's Creek, the property of Mr. R. Ingall, of Murrurundi, was seen to be on fire, at 11 o'clock on Monday night, 29th ultimo, and by the following morning the shed and its contents had been wholly consumed. The loss is estimated at £200. No one lives within a mile of the place of the fire—the hay having been on a farm lately known as O'Neil's. This is no doubt another case of incendiarism.

Accident to Mr. Barry Sullivan. — The *Times* of December 22 states that Mr. Barry Sullivan met with a serious accident during the representation of the final scene in Richard III. at Drury-lane Theatre. The point of Mr. Sinclair's sword struck him near the eye, cutting through the lid. The performance was stopped, and Mr. Sullivan was conveyed to his rooms at the Charing Cross Hotel. The injury is found to be greater than was at first supposed. The eyeball itself being bruised, the sight is partially destroyed, and the room which Mr. Sullivan occupies has to be almost completely darkened. He had entered, it is understood, into an engagement to appear at the Belfast Theatre for a month in various Shaksperian plays, but in the opinion of his medical advisers he will not be able to act again before the end of January.

A Paper on Polynesian Labour.—The *Home News* states that the *Gentleman's Magazine* for the current month contains an article on a more serious subject than usually occupies Mr. Senior's facile and pleasant pen. "Red Spinner" does not dilate this time on the gentle craft and the charms of the rod and fly in Australian streams. He devotes himself to a careful analysis of the circumstances and a just appreciation of the attendant evils of the importation of Polynesian coolies into the colony of Queensland.

Public Schools Cadet Corps.—The competition for the Sargood Trophy took place at the Paddington Rifle Range on the 3rd instant. Conditions as before, viz.: 10 shots at 100 yards, with smooth-bore carbine. After a close contest the representatives from Parramatta Public school succeeded in winning it for the third time, thus finally becoming the possessors of the trophy. The following are the scores:—

Parramatta Public School.		**Fort-street.**	
Sergeant Tunks	27	Sergeant May	24
Fraser	24	Corporal Doran	22
Corporal Newling	21	Hutchinson	20
Cadet Peters	20	Watson	14
Q.-M.-Sergeant Guyott	17	May	13
	110		13
Windsor.		**Liverpool.**	
Cadet Hall	18	Cadet Hatfield	21
Pender	3	Jones	20
Corporal Walker	17	Sergeant Redshaw	20
Freeman	2	Cadet King	16
Q.-M.-Sergeant Threlkeld	19	Corporal Browne	14
	1?6		91
Richmond.		**Parramatta—St. John's.**	
Q.-M.-Sergeant Price	24	Cadet M'Donald	23
Sergeant Ezzy	23	Burgess	23
Corporal Etherden	23	Wickham	20
Cadet Wellington	18	Campbell	13
Sergeant Travis	18	Bates	9
	106		88
Parramatta—All Saints.		**Botany-street—Wesleyan.**	
Cadet Gilbert	29	Sergeant Petrie	22
Goodin	25	Cadet Ironside	20
Sergeant Mather	17	Corporal Oakes	18
Cadet Mather	17	Cadet Holten	14
Byrnes	16	Corporal Harper	12
	104		86

THE OPEN COLUMN.

[With a view to give scope for the fuller discussion of public topics, articles will occasionally be inserted under this heading, for the opinions in which the editor does not hold himself responsible.]

I must not be taken (in spite of the letter of "Senex") to have thrown any doubts, or intended to do so, on the learning, ability, industry, or other qualifications of the Law Reform Commissioners. Indeed I think that we owe a deep debt of gratitude to those gentlemen, notably to Sir Alfred Stephen, who devoted his hard-won leisure to an object so thoroughly patriotic and so entirely disinterested as the consolidation and amendment of the law. Some things are generally taken for granted, and my whole letter was written on the assumption of the admitted zeal and talent of the members of that commission. In fact, to have complimented them on the possession of these qualities would have seemed to me to savour of impertinence. But the wisest men have prejudices, and the most honest and truthloving men are sometimes misled by crotchets, and when I used the words "whims" and "pragmatical" it did not occur to me that those terms could be considered offensive. I was writing on a subject on which it is difficult either to feel or express oneself temperately, on what appeared to me a grave invasion of the liberty of the subject. Under such circumstances it was surely better to assign to the framers (or, borrowers, as now appears) of the obnoxious clause any motive rather than a deliberate design to interfere with constitutional rights, and I think that "pragmatical" will not be found, on consideration, a hard word for those who on their own confession, desert one of the most conspicuous landmarks of English law for the untried experiment of an American *projected* code. It must be remembered that the bill now before Parliament deals with our lives and liberties; that to its provisions the closest attention should be given; and that, instead of deprecating "verbal criticism," its framers should gladly welcome every suggestion which might give increased preciseness to their definitions, substitute certain for ambiguous words, or diminish the need of subsequent judicial interpretation. Still more should they be open to conviction when, as in the present case, a question of principle, not of mere detail, is raised. I am not going to be led away on a side issue by specifying the clauses which seem to me to show "loose and slovenly drafting," but the assertion was not made either groundlessly or without consideration.

Now, I am presumably a younger man than "Senex," with, I hope, no unwillingness to be taught by him, or to listen with respect to any propositions coming from him—for which he is good enough to give his reasons. Were I only writing in defence of my own unsupported opinion I should consider it my duty to bow to his superior age and longer experience. Though he does me an injustice in thinking that I am inclined to disparage the labours of the Law Reform Commission, I acknowledge with pleasure the kind and courteous tone displayed towards me in his letter. Still he cannot expect that the question raised by me is to be concluded by the mere statement of the learning and other qualifications of the Commissioners, or the value of the source from which they borrowed the clause attacked by me, when it is said that "a sufficient vindication may be found in the fact that the clause in question owes its inception to the authors of the New York Penal Code." I must most respectfully but most decidedly, disagree with my critic. The only vindication for the insertion of such a clause would be the proof that the value of strict construction was *not* a constitutional bulwark, and that Mr. Dudley Field and his coadjutors have not only adopted certain views, but *that those views were right*. So long as the question is put on the ground of authority, apart from principle, I cannot be accused of want of respect for authority if I prefer the opinions of English Judges of the highest eminence, to those of Law Reform Commissioners either at New York or in New South Wales. But I must say I was astounded to find that no defence of the clause objected to has been offered, beyond the statement that it was borrowed from the authors of the New York Penal Code. According to Mr. Christian, the learned editor of Blackstone's Commentaries, the "excellent principle," as he calls it, of strict construction was found alike in the Roman Twelve Tables and the English Common Law, and he says of it:—"When ever any ambiguity arises in a statute introducing a new penalty or punishment, the decision shall be on the side of lenity and mercy; or in favour of natural rights and liberty; or, in other words, the decision shall be according to the strict letter in favour of the subject." Is an invasion of such a fundamental right of every free man in a free country to be justified on the bare ground that the authors of the New York Penal Code originated it, and the New South Wales Law Reform Commissioners copied it? Are the Commissioners cleared from the charge of "inconsiderate zeal" when they can give no reason for the adoption of such an innovation, but that it found favour among the lawyers of New York?

It is surely useless to continue the attack. Nothing could be so condemnatory of the clause in question as the apology of the defenders of the bill. But before concluding I would quote the words of Mr. Baron Parke, whose great acumen and clear common sense the Law Reform Commissioners with their legal knowledge will certainly not dispute. "A man is not to be restrained from the liberty he has of acting as he pleases, and rendered liable to punishment, unless the law has *plainly* said that he shall be. It is not enough that we conjecture, even strongly, that it was the intention of the Legislature to have prohibited the act; there must be words indicating plainly and clearly that it has done so." These words are not only an accurate statement of the rule, but a philosophical vindication of its policy. The simple question now is whether such a rule is or is not a necessary part of the Constitution of a free country—is or is not a safeguard to be jealously and loyally adhered to. The time may yet come in the future history of this colony when it will be necessary to protect individuals against the rabidness of popular feeling—against political Judges and excited jurymen. At such times, the only guarantee of justice and liberty is a rigid canon of construction, unbending, unyielding, uncompromising, against which the sentiment, or bias, or prejudice, of the moment is powerless, and which, neither Judge nor jury can disregard. My best wish for the framers and promoters of the Criminal Law Consolidation and Amendment Bill is that they may pass that measure (notwithstanding many faults of detail) as a whole, and so confer an immense benefit on the country; but better its rejection—better continued confusion and entanglement of the Criminal Law—better an indefinite postponement of the advantages of a code than that our Statute Book should be disfigured and disgraced by a section—passed indeed in the 19th century, but more in harmony with the spirit of the 16th—retrograde in its policy, pernicious in its probable effects, and utterly un-English and unconstitutional in its conception and origin.

TOUCHSTONE.

A Lonely Death.—On Thursday, the 25th ultimo (says the *Wagga Express*), some men in the employment of Mr. T. W. Hammon, of North Junee, found the skeleton of a man upon the run. A magisterial inquiry upon the remains was held by Mr. Hammen, and from the evidence adduced it appears that they were those of a man between forty and fifty years of age. There were no marks of a struggle about the spot, and the bones were together with the exception of portion of an arm, which was a short distance away, whither it had probably been dragged by a native cat. The deceased had evidently lain down upon his side and died quietly where the remains were found. The side of face exposed was sun-dried, the skin presenting the appearance of parchment. The only clothing found on the remains was a stripped undershirt, moleskin trousers, and boots. No evidence could be procured as to the identity of the deceased, but it is supposed that he wandered into the bush and perished while suffering from the effects of drink.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS
TO AUSTRALIAN ASSOCIATED PRESS.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

London, February 4.

The Porte agrees to negotiate with Prince Nikita, of Montenegro, on a basis of *status quo*, with the cession of certain territory.

The agreement of the Porte with Servia is doubtful, owing to the Turkish demand for a guarantee.

A Russian circular has been issued, which expresses the desire of Russia to maintain European accord, and asks, before stating her decision, what course the Powers represented at the Conference intend pursuing in view of the Porte's rejection of their demands.

A numerously attended meeting on the Eastern question has been held, preparatory to the reopening of Parliament. The conduct of the Marquis of Salisbury, the Plenipotentiary representing England at the Conference, was generally approved of. The Liberals censure the earlier policy of Earl Beaconsfield and Earl Derby; but it is not expected that any attempt will be made to overthrow the Government. Such a course would be unpopular and would not be likely to succeed.

AUSTRALIAN ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAMS.

DUNGOG.

Monday.

At the nomination for the Williams electorate today, the only candidates proposed were Mr. J. R. Nowlan and Mr. Johnston. The show of hands was greatly in favour of Mr. Johnston. Mr. Nowlan demanded a poll.

INVERELL.

Monday.

Acceptances.—Town Plate: Hybla, 8 st. 10 lbs.; Guelder Rose, 8 st.; Victor, 8 st.; Robin Hood, 7 st. 10 lbs; Lunelle, 7 st.; Uncas, 6 st. 6 lbs.; My Dream, 6 st. Jockey Club Handicap: Maude, 7 st. 12 lbs.; Robin, 7 st. 8 lbs.; Lunelle, 6 st. 12 lbs.; Clifton Lad, 6 st. 8 lbs.; Comet, 6 st. 2 lbs.; My Dream, 6 st.

DENILIQUIN.

Monday.

The fifth ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Deniliquin and Moama Railway Company was held to-day. According to the directors' report, the number of passengers carried during the half-year was 15,043½; the goods and merchandise carried, 19,599 tons, including carriage of 275,302 sheep, and 19,937 bales wool, yielding a gross revenue of £13,308 14s. 10d. The return upon the total outlay for the line is equal to about 7 per cent. for the half-year. The traffic manager reports the permanent way and works in good order. A report from Mr. W. A. Teal, consulting engineer to the company, was laid before the meeting. He reports favourably as to the stability of the bridges and culverts, and the construction of the line generally. Mr. M'Intosh was elected director in place of Mr. D. G. Jones, deceased; and Messrs. J. B. Watson and Robert Burrowes, retiring directors, were re-elected.

BRISBANE.

Monday.

Governor Cairns took his farewell leave of the Council of the National Association to-day. He delivered an address, in the course of which he expressed his concurrence with the objects of such societies as tending to promote good intercolonial feelings, and ultimately federation. He desired to remain on the list of honorary members, promising to promote the interests of the society in South Australia.

Captain Peake reports that the steamer Singapore, yesterday, was under water. He remains alongside in the interest of the underwriters. It is expected that the Blackbird will bring the passengers south. It has been blowing a heavy south-easterly gale, with a high sea, for the past two days, at the scene of the wreck.

The ships Garnock, Martabar, and Glamis have arrived from London. The latter has 250 immigrants on board; and has made the passage in eighty-seven days. The three vessels bring merchandise to the value of nearly £80,000.

Arrivals.—Governor Blackall (s.), from Sydney; Mary Grant, from Newcastle.

MELBOURNE.

Monday.

A farmer named Whitfield, near Beechworth, cut his throat, and died. Family differences are said to be the cause.

Sir William Gregory is engaged in a further inspection of public institutions to-day. He will proceed to Ballarat and Ercildoun for a few days at the end of the week, and afterwards visit Tasmania before proceeding to Sydney. His leave extends to three months. He will return via Torres Straits.

The remains of the Rev. Mr. Marting are being brought from Tasmania for interment.

Brace's hydropathic establishment at Wendouree, Ballarat, was burnt down early this morning.

The Government have received a letter from Mr. John Stevenson, Secretary for Railways, now on leave of absence in England, with reference to charges alleged against him. It is not considered satisfactory.

The Southern Insurance Company, owing to serious marine disasters, pay no dividend.

Kenny, a rate colletor in the Water Supply Department, has been found guilty of embezzlement, and remanded for sentence.

The Bank of New South Wales has reduced the rates of discount. Other banks have followed suit.

The weather continues exceedingly fine and cool. During the last two days the air has been filled with smoke from bush fires.

Markets dull.

The steamer Hankow, from London, is reported off the Otway, all well. She will reach the Heads to-night.

The Wotonga (s.), will arrive in the Bay to-night.

Arrived.—Government steamer Victoria, from Sydney.

Sailing.—Ly-ee-Moon.

QUEENSCLIFF.

Monday.

Arrived.—General Butler, American ship, from Oregon; Eagle Wing, schooner, from Torres Straits; Olive Branch, barque, coastwise; at 7.30, Wotonga (s.), from Sydney.

Sailed at 5.40,—Ly-ee-Moon, for Sydney.

ADELAIDE.

Monday.

The Government propose getting 300 waggons and other railway work, to the value of £50,000, done in the colony.

Messrs. Crozier, Dunn, Pearce, and English are announced as candidates for the Legislative Council

The Marine Board finds that the grounding of the Helen White in the river was caused by an error in distances, by Pilot Wooinough.

The nominations for the Legislative Council take place on the 5th March, the elections on the 5th April.

The weather is hot.

Wheat is a little firmer in consequence of English orders in the market. Quotations, 6s. 1d.

NEW ZEALAND.

[By Cable.]

Wellington, Monday.

The cricket match between the All-England Eleven and Wellington team of twenty-two commenced to-day. The Englishmen won the toss and sent the twenty-two in first. The game was interrupted by rain. Fifteen are out for 24. Southern bowled 17 overs, took 5 wickets, for 11 runs. Shaw bowled 12 maidens, took nine wickets, for 8 runs. He took four wickets in one over.

MERCANTILE AND MONEY ARTICLE.

MONDAY EVENING.

THE Customs' duties received to-day were as follows:—

Spirits	£1064 16 2
Wine (still)	30 9 6
Wine (sparkling)	0 4 0
Ale, porter, and beer (in wood)	6 5 9
Tobacco (unmanufactured)	219 1 0
Cigars	59 3 10
Tea	61 13 6
Coffee and Chicory	25 7 0
Opium	24 0 0
Dried fruits	199 7 9
Hops	2 3 6
Specific duty	547 9 11
Pilotage	52 19 4
Harbour and light dues	26 12 4
Total	£2319 12 10

The Kapunda, from London, and Kentsbank, from Liverpool, with general cargoes, arrived to-day.

The mail advices occupied most attention in commercial circles to-day, and, so far as could be seen, had no influence on the Import markets. For country trade supplies there was a moderate inquiry. Breadstuffs opened firm at Friday's quotations. Sales of Adelaide wheat at 6s. 6d. A private telegram from New Zealand states that wet weather and heavy floods have damaged the grain crops there. Advices from San Francisco relative to salmon state that the catch of last season was nearly exhausted 1-lb. were worth 2¼ dollars per dozen, the highest price realized for years.

The produce market was firmer. Maize sold at 2s. 8d. to 2s. 11d., oaten hay at £3 10s. to £5 10s., lucerne at £3 to £3 15s. Cheese, 7d. to 9d. Bacon, 8d. to 9d. Warrnambool potatoes, £5 to £5 10s.

Transactions in the Stock and Share markets did not indicate any recovery worth mentioning from the dulness reported last week. The only improvement was that Bank of New South Wales rose 5s., sales at 51. City were dealt in at 9, and Joint Stock at 13¾. Sellers of Commercial at 94, and of New Zealand at 19¾. Inquiry for Government debentures continues strong, 108½ refused for New South Wales long-dated fives, 109½ asked. Buyers of Queensland fours at 94½. Australasian Steam are wanted at 16½, sellers at 17. Gaslight, fully paid, were firmer; none offered below 17. Insurance shares unchanged. Mining flat, the only sales being Shale Oil at 20s. 6d., and offered at that figure.

The St. Katherine's Dock Co. notify that they have also made a reduction of 15 per cent. on the consolidated rates for wool.

Messrs. Rionda, Benjamin, and Co., writing from New York on December 23, report that "Brilliant" kerosene had advanced to 35 cents per American gallon. Dried apples lower, sales at 6½d. to 8d. per lb.; rosin, 2½ to 5½ dollars; 1-lb. lobsters, 1¾ dollars; 1-lb. oysters, 85 to 90 cents. The J. S. Stone had cleared for Sydney (on December 4), with 4400 cases kerosene; and the Grandee, for Melbourne, with 9600 cases. The Escort cleared for this port on the day the mail left. Her cargo is not given. The Ned White and N. Boynton were on the berth, to follow; and the Ceres and Criterion, for Melbourne.

London dates via Brindisi are to December 22nd. Westgarth's circular says that the money market was most favourable for the colonial Government securities, and that they have again shown their steadiness of value as compared with most foreign. The most marked change has been a further recovery in the various New Zealand issues, colonial and guaranteed provincial, consequent on further confirmation of discontinued borrowing. The advance here has averaged about 1 per cent. The New South Wales stocks have advanced ½ to 1 per cent., while the 4 per cent. issues of Victoria, South Australia, and Queensland, are all higher by about ¾ per cent. Queensland fours are now at 95½ to 96, South Australian at 98, Victorian at 98½, and New South Wales at 100. The latest quotations were:—New South Wales long-dated fives, 111 to 112; ditto short, 105 to 107; ditto fours, 99½ to 100½. Victorian sixes, 111 to 120; ditto fives, 111 to 112; ditto fours, 98¼ to 98¾. Queensland sixes, 111 to 120; ditto fours, 95½ to 96. South Australian sixes, 110 to 123; ditto fives, 110 to 112; ditto fours, 97⅞ to 98¼. Tasmanian sixes, 116 to 118. New Zealand Consolidated fives, 103¾ to 104¼; ditto four-and-half, 95½ to 96½. Bank of Australasia, 73 to 75; Union, 59 to 60; Oriental, 44 to 45; London Chartered, 26 to 27; English, Scottish, and Australian, 25 to 27; New South Wales, 50 to 52; Victoria, 52 to 54; New Zealand, 21 to 22.

Messrs. J. H. Clough and Co. report by telegram from Melbourne to-day:—

Our wool sale to-day passed off with great spirit, and prices were firmer than at last sale.

Messrs. Goad, Rigg, and Co.'s Australian Produce Circular of December 21 says:—

Since our last report of the 30th ultimo the tallow market has been quiet, and the value of Russian Y.C. has declined 6d, the quotation to-day being 45s per cwt. Australian tallow has been in moderate request, and of 2556 casks brought to public sale, 2010 casks have found buyers. Prices have slightly fluctuated, but present rates are about the same as on the 30th ultimo, viz.—Good to very fine mutton, 42s 9d to 44s; and fair to fine beef tallow, 41s 6d to 42s 6d per cwt. Import since then, 607 casks. Stock this day in first hands, about 3950 casks. There will be no more public sales this year, and the next will be on the 5th proximo. Hides: The demand for salted hides has not been active, but the market continues firm, and prices remain the same as on the 30th ultimo. The sales since then comprise 2485 hides as follows:—Sydney 1st heavy, average 57½-lbs., at 5¼d to 5⅛d per lb; 1st light, 48½ lbs. at 4⅞d per lb; 2nd light, 4⅜d per lb; cow, 45 lbs., at 4⅜d per lb. Melbourne best light ox, 36½-lbs., at 4½d per lb.; 2nd light, at 3⅞d per lb.; kips, 27½-lbs., at 3⅞d per lb. Leather: There has been a fair demand for this article during the past month, but prices must be quoted about ½-lb. lower. The sales by public and private comprise about 48,000 sides; 1st class, average 13 to 18½-lbs., at 10d to 11½d per lb; extra heavy, 18⅞ to 26½-lbs., and 8⅞d to 11⅞d; light, 10½d to 11½d and 10⅞d to 11⅞d; 2nd class, 9⅞d to 10⅞d; 3rd class, 8d per lb. Basils have sold well at full to slightly advanced prices. 138,107 were sold as follows:—Strained, 12 to 15½ per dozen, 10⅞d to 13⅞d per lb.; ditto, average, 7⅞ to 11⅞ lbs. at 10¼d to 13d; 2nd class, 8⅞d to 10½d; 3rd class, 6½d to 8½d; unstrained best, 8⅞ to 11½ and 6⅞d to 7⅞d; ditto, 2nd class, 5d per lb. Sheepskins: There was a good demand at the public sale of the 14th instant, and an advance of ⅞d to 1d per lb. was paid. 26 bales were sold as follows:—Scoured, fair to good, 12¼d to 16d; middling to fair, 10½d to 17d; unwashed, fair to good, 8d to 9½d; short and medium, 6⅞d to 7½d; short and dirty, 5d to 6½d per lb. Mimosa Bark: The dulness in the demand for this article still continues, and prices show a further downward tendency. The sales, on the spot, have been only 230 tons. Adelaide ground, £11 10s; Melbourne ditto £9 to £9 10s; chopped, £8 to £11 2s 6d; afloat, 500 tons have been sold at £12 per ton for Adelaide ground, and £11 for chopped. Horns and bones: At the public sales of the 15th instant, the former were in brisk demand, and brought fully late rates. Shank bones, however, were a little easier.

Messrs. Jacomb, Son, and Co.'s London Wool circular of December 21 says—

By reason of the approaching holidays, and the almost total absence of any offering stock, the market for colonial wool is particularly quiet. A very brisk trade is reported from the manufacturing districts generally, and daily inquiries for wool give a healthy indication of the position of the article. The mail just to hand with advices up to the end of October from Australasia and New Zealand gives the subjoined clearances from which we may reasonably expect a sale here of some 200,000 bales by about the third week in February. We are threatened with a diminution of bulk, and inferiority in quality, in the coming clip, a very large proportion of which appear to be being shipped in grease.

The Melbourne *Argus* of Saturday reports of the markets:—

In the import market business, which has been very quiet for some days past, has been particularly so to-day, the arrival of the Suez mail steamer, and the perusal of home correspondence having seemingly engrossed attention, and little of special importance has in consequence reached us in the way of sales. Breadstuffs are still firm, and a fair business is reported. Flour is moving quietly at £15, but only trade sales are making at our quotation. Wheat is quoted at 6s 9d, and there are still buyers for parcels at our quotation. We hear of 1100 bags having changed hands on private terms. These prices are likely to bring forward large supplies, and the market is beginning to appear as if it had reached its highest. Oats are very firm, the stocks on hand being exceedingly light. A parcel of 500 bags fine milling has been disposed of at 3s 10½d, and 400 bags feeding have been quitted at 3s 7d to 3s 9d. We hear of a considerable line of tinned salmon, ex City of Hankow, having been sold to arrive at a very full price. We report a moderate demand for Kent hops. We hear of a parcel of medium quality having been sold at 2s 1d. Sales of finer samples have also been made at 2s 3d to 2s 4d. Teas are in fair request. A further line of 400 half-chests low congou, ex Rachel, is reported to have been disposed of. The cargo of the Louisa was offered publicly this afternoon, but the biddings not coming up to importers' views, only 540 packages were disposed of at from 11¾d to 1s 9¼d. Sugars have had a moderate demand; second whites to finest are quoted at £38 to £40. By auction, 1440 bags and mats Bourbon ration sugars were cleared off at £27 15s to £28. The Java sorts advertised for sale at same time are reserved for higher prices than were offered.

MELBOURNE LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

[RYAN AND HAMMOND.]

Fat Cattle.—This market was supplied with 1000 head, consisting for the most part of middling, second quality, and inferior, good cattle being shorter supplied than of late. Throughout, the biddings were most languid, and whilst the better description of cattle made about last week's prices, all other descriptions were most difficult of sale at a shade better and under late store prices. We quote—Good bullocks, at from £9 to £10; a few prime pens £11 5s; second quality and middling bullocks, at from £8 10s to £8; inferior conditioned, £5 10s to £5 15s; good and prime cows, at from £6 10s to £9; second quality and middling cows, at from £4 10s to £5 10s; inferior from £3.

Fat calves were supplied to the extent of 89 head. Best is made from 40s to 55s; others from 20s to 30s.

Fat Sheep.—This market was supplied to the extent of 27 400 head, the greater number being middling and inferior conditioned. Good sheep were shorter supplied than of late, and this description sold readily at fully the best of last week's prices, whilst for all other descriptions there was a most dragging sale at about store prices. We quote good useful wethers (none being prime except a few crossbreds), at for merinos, 7s to 9s; second quality and middling wethers, 4s 6d to 6s; others from 3s; good crossbred wethers, 10s to 14s; a few higher. Others from 6s 6d; good crossbred ewes, 9s; no really good merino ewes penned, best in made 5s to 6s 6d; middling and second quality ewes, 3s to 4s; inferior from 1s 6d. We have sold 2600 wethers from Riverina, at 3s to 4s 6d; 1762 ewes, at 3s; 2586 wethers, from 3s to 5s 3d; and 100 for various owners. Also outside, 624 good merino wethers, 9s 6d to 10s.

Fat Lambs were supplied to the extent of 3050, a fair number being suitable for the trade; these made from 5s to 8s 6d; a few extra good to 10s; others from 2s 6d to 4s. We have sold 95 for Mr. Hall, at 8s 6d.—January 31.

[J. C. WALKER AND CO.]

Fat Cattle.—1420 penned; the market for which was very slack, particularly for the lower qualities, which made from 15s to 20s under last week's prices, while prime stock almost came up to late rates. Biddings throughout were very languid. Quotations:—Prime bullocks, £11 to £13 10s; good £9 to £10; medium, £7 to £8; prime cows, £9 to £11 5s; good, £6 10s to £7 10s; others, £3 to £4. We sold—80 bullocks and cows from Riverina, former to £13 10s, averaging £11 10s 8d, and the latter to £11 2s 6d, averaging £8 9s 6d, topping the market; also 250 bullocks for Mr. A. Cameron, of Chowar, Riverina, to £8 17s 6d; and 75 for Mr. Edward Gale, to £7 5s.

Fat Calves.—80 head brought in. There was a dull sale for these at about late rates. Best made, 60s to 70s; good, 30s to 40s; others, 20s to 25s.

Fat Sheep.—27,000 yarded, a very large proportion of which were of inferior quality. We have to report a dull market, but no change in prices. The Meat Company took 7000. Quotations:—Prime crossbred wethers, 10s to 11s; ditto ditto ewes, 7s 6d to 8s 6d; best merino wethers, 7s 6d to 8s; good, 5s 6d to 6s 6d; others, 2s 6d to 4s. We sold a draft for William Moffatt, Esq., Burnewang Park; 500 for Mr. R. Kirkham, 480 for Mr. Burns, 900 for Mr. C. Kelly, 300 for Messrs. Laidlaw, 206 for Mr. Simpson, 526 for Messrs. C. M'Kenzie, at full market rates. Total sales by us, 3200.

Fat Lambs.—4000 yarded; still a number far in excess of the demand, prices were 1s lower. Quotations—Prime quality, 7s to 8s; good, 3s 6d to 5s; medium, 2s to 3s. We sold—A draft for Mr. Burns, at 6s; also, 150 for Johnson, to 6s.

Store Cattle.—Scarcely any inquiry. Well-bred, large-framed bullocks of good ages, are worth £6 10s to £7.

Store Sheep.—This class of stock is also out of demand, and no hope of improvement until the season changes.

Stations.—We have a few inquiries for good properties, but do not look for much business resulting until there is a thorough break in the weather.—January 31.

GLEN INNES RACES.

THIRD DAY, JANUARY 29.
[FROM OUR SPECIAL REPORTER.]

THE Glen Innes races of 1877—the most unfortunate and dreary meeting which it has ever been the writer's lot to attend—was brought to a close yesterday, in the midst of rain and general discomfort. When the last day of the meeting (which should have been on Friday), was postponed until the following Monday, the weather was far from promising. The roads were heavy, and a creek which had to be crossed before the racecourse could be reached was swollen to such an extent that horses dare not try the ford. Saturday broke in fine, and continued so, as did Sunday; but, on the night of the latter day, rain was again driven in from the east, and it fell heavily all through the morning of Monday. At an early hour the stewards held a meeting, and, at all hazards, determined to proceed with the races. In this they gracefully yielded to the wishes of the horse owners, who were very fearful that their horses would suffer if kept longer in their stables. Indeed, all visitors in the town were glad when they heard the decision, for they felt miserable, cooped up as they were in hotels under heavy expenses, at a time which many of them had with inconvenience set apart for pleasure. Had it not been that there were some amusements in the shape of public entertainments, the evenings would have dragged themselves wearily along. Mr. and Mrs. Morton Tavares, from Brisbane, afforded visitors and townspeople some relief from the *ennui* which was too general, by giving excellent dramatic entertainments each night. Their efforts were appreciated by but a few, but by these the superior talent which they displayed was recognised and acknowledged.

The wet weather quite damped the ardour of the betting men, and there was very little speculation concerning the two-mile flat event and the steeplechase, the principal races on the last day's card. The last word written reminds me that I neglected in my former report to state that very neat cards were issued each race day from the office of the *Examiner*. Thyra was most fancied for the "two-mile," although her win of Thursday put a seven-pounds' penalty on her handicap weight. The pedigree of the mare, the winner of the £1000, may interest many readers. She is by Kelpie out of Louisa Muir (full sister to the Earl), by Young Whalebone out of Spangle, by Sir Richard out of Destiny, by Bega (imported Arab) out of Splendora (imported), by Emancipation out of Tintoretto, by Rubens, &c. Maude, another of the Gordon Brook's, is by Kelpie out of Miranda, by Pitsford out of The Shrew, by Calendar (imported) out of Medora, by imported Satellite (Arab) out of Gulnare (imported). These mares, both chestnuts, have all the appearance of speed about them, but I doubt if either will perform well under heavy weights. This, however, is but a mere guess, for the running of this meeting must not be taken as a true test of merit, for, as mentioned in the report of the first two days, the course was in a very bad condition, and horses unaccustomed to mud had little chance. Melbourne was not fancied, and his win was almost unexpected by those who should know a horse's condition. As it resulted, he had the race in hand after a mile and a half had been travelled, and the "thousand pound" winner was thoroughly beaten. Maude ran quite up to her training form and first day's performance, and bowled over Victor in the three-quarter mile, although the latter is very speedy. The Steeplechase, had it been run on a fine day, would have been a very grand race, and doubtless a very fast one. Five of the horses which contested are great performers over the sticks, but Mr. Bowes' Wagga crack proved just a little too good. He was excellently ridden by Doherty, and was in rare fine buckle. Chance, ridden by an aboriginal named Saladin—a man that bears a very good name as a performer on the flat and across country—would have been very close up if kept in a fair position through the race. Hunter's Daughter, who last year was injured so severely that it was reported she would never race again, did remarkably well. A fall which Rainbow had early in the race spoiled the chance of the best of Mr. Vivers' stable. Boliver was wretchedly ridden, and Jumping Frog was outpaced from the start. The rain fell in torrents towards the end of the day, and when the last races were being run the water spurted up at every hoof-stroke. In truth it was a comfortless day for the visitors. The paddock was inches deep in mud, and every minute that passed was looked upon as the one upon which the creek might come down and prevent a return to town. The officials worked with great zeal, and many regretted that their efforts and liberality met with such ill luck. There were no mishaps of importance throughout the day, and the meeting, which only required fair weather to make it an unqualified success, closed harmoniously.

G. I. J. C. Handicap, of 300 sovereigns, with a sweep of 6 sovereigns each; 2 miles.

Mr. J. Tait's b h Melbourne, 5 years, 8 st, by Panic—Myth (Battye) ... 1
T. Ivory's br g Wrangler, aged, 7 st 6 lbs (Pigott) ... 2
W. Kite's br h Dockwood, 4 years, 6 st 10 lbs, carried 8 lbs over (Flanagan) ... 3
A. Bowman's ch g Athos, 5 years, 7 st 12 lbs (Thompson)
——— b g Robin Hood, aged, 7 st (Hincks)
F. Morgan's ch m Thyra, 5 years, 7 st 3 lbs, including 7 lbs penalty (Lang)
W. A. B. Greaves's b h Sir Hercules, 4 years, 6 st 4 lbs (Willis)

Betting: 2 to 1 v. Thyra, 3 to 1 v. Wrangler, Melbourne, and Dockwood.

Melbourne had two lengths' advantage of an indifferent start, but was steadied before the turn was reached, where Dockwood led Sir Hercules two lengths, who was followed closely by Thyra, Wrangler and Melbourne together, Robin Hood and Athos being lengths behind them. At the back Dockwood had a lead of two lengths, and the rest preserved the same order as at the turn. Near the half-mile post Thyra displaced Dockwood, who fell back into second position. Melbourne, Wrangler, and Robin Hood were together, seven lengths off, and Athos still kept far in the rear. When passing the stand after the first mile, the following were the positions:—Thyra two lengths in front of Dockwood, who was closely attended by Melbourne and Wrangler, Robin Hood three lengths off the last named, Sir Hercules next, and Athos last. At the turn Thyra still led, but Melbourne and Wrangler had passed the Bathurst horse. Along the back the pace improved, and Wrangler and Melbourne together were pushing the favourite, who seemed to have had just about enough before the mile and a-half was accomplished. Before the home-turn was reached Melbourne had the lead and was going strongly. Wrangler, who had passed Thyra, was three lengths off Dockwood; Thyra, and Robin Hood were fully fifteen lengths off the second horse, Athos was behind his stable companion, and Sir Hercules was last and beaten. Approaching the distance, Wrangler made his run, and reached Melbourne's girths, but in vain, for the representative of the yellow and black shook him off, and at the finish won easily by five lengths. Dockwood was third, two lengths in front of Wrangler; Thyra was fourth; and Athos, Robin Hood, and Sir Hercules formed the last joints of a rather extended tail. Time (not official), 3 minutes 55 seconds.

Second Race.—The Mares' Produce Stakes, of £5 each, with 25 sovereigns; one mile.

Mr. W. Vivers's br f Lydia, by Harkaway—dam by Dover, 8 st 7 lbs (Reid) ... 1
A. Rodgers's br g Crusader, 8 st 10 lbs (Buchardt) ... 2

Lydia, who was a strong favourite, led all the way, and won by two lengths rather easily from the colt, who seemed to lack condition.

The Innkeepers' Gift, of 50 sovereigns, with £3. ¾ mile.

Mr. J. Carroll's ch m Maude, 5 years, 7 st 12 lbs (Sutherland) 1
A. Bowman's b g Victor, aged, 7 st 10 lbs. (G. Thompson) 2
T. Lavis's ch g Wanderer, aged, 7 st 9 lbs (Bowstead) ... 3
J. Carroll's br m Lady Superior, 4 years, 7 st 12 lbs
J. A. Campbell's ch m Iona, 5 years, 7 st 10 lbs
J. Strickland's b g Gratis, aged, 7 st 7 lbs
J. Tait's br g Lottery, aged, 7 st 7 lbs
D. A. Campbell's b h Clifton Lad, aged, 6 st 9 lbs.

Betting 2 to 1 v. Maude, 3 to 1 to 1 v. others.

After a good start, Lady Superior shot to the front closely attended by Victor and Maude. Before the home-turn was reached the latter had command, and entered the straight at a smart pace. At the distance she led Victor two lengths, who was about the same distance ahead of Lady Superior, who was soon displaced by Wanderer. At the finish Maude was three lengths ahead of Victor, Wanderer a fair third, and Clifton Lad a bad fourth. The rest were together in a bunch. Time, 1 minute 25 seconds.

The Glen Innes Grand Steeplechase of 8 sovereigns, with 200 sovereigns; three times round the course; over 9 leaps, 4 feet high.

Mr. J. Mackenzie's b g Uncle Ned, aged, by Pyramus, 10 st (Doherty) ... 1
J. M'Cafferty's g g Chance, aged, 9 st 12 lbs (Saladin) ... 2
W. Vivers' ch m Hunter's Daughter, aged, 9 st 10 lbs (Reid) ... 3
W. Vivers' b g Rainbow, aged, 10 st 7 lbs (Darcy)
T. A. Dwyer's b g Boliver, aged, 10 st 2 lbs (Walters)
H. Benjamin's b g Jumping Frog, aged, 9 st 3 lbs (Green)

Betting: 2 to 1 v. Rainbow, 3 to 1 v. Uncle Ned and Chance, 4 to 1 v. Boliver and Hunter's Daughter.

The start was made from a point about 150 yards from the first fence, which was placed opposite the stand. Uncle Ned took the jump first, two lengths in front of Hunter's Daughter, Rainbow, Chance, and Jumping Frog, who jumped well; but Boliver—a safe and good jumper ordinarily—astonished his friends by refusing and running round. The second fence was first crossed by Uncle Ned, who was making the pace merry, but not too fast for Hunter's Daughter, Chance, and Rainbow, who were going strong and jumping well. Boliver and Jumping Frog were far in the rear. The third leap was taken in the same order as the second, but at the fourth, the one opposite the stand, Rainbow, who was fourth and well up, fell, and although Darcy was up again promptly, he lost about a distance before set again going. The fifth and sixth fences still found Uncle Ned in front. At the seventh he was fifteen lengths ahead of Chance, who was, for some reason only known to his rider, steadied after this jump and pulled behind Hunter's Daughter and Rainbow. Jumping Frog and Boliver were having a little race for themselves, but were evidently out of the event they started for. Uncle Ned took the eighth fence twenty lengths in front of Hunter's Daughter, who was double that distance ahead of Chance, who was near Rainbow. Between the eighth and last, Chance, to show his pace, commenced a hopeless run, passed Hunter's Daughter at the last jump, and made for the leader, but the "old nigger" had quite pace enough to reach the post ten lengths in front of him. Hunter's Daughter was five lengths behind Chance, and Rainbow was a bad fourth.

The Beaten Handicap, of 40 sovereigns, with 3 per cent. deducted from the winners of all races of £100 and over, added to a sweep of 2 sovereigns each for starters, for all horses not distanced during the meeting. Second horse to receive 15 sovereigns from the prize; once round.

Victor, 7 st 6 lbs (Pigott) ... 1
Sir Arthur, 7 st (Willis) ... 2
Moscow, 6 st 5 lbs (Lang) ... 3
Lunelle, 6 st 12 lbs
Iona, 6 st 8 lbs.

Hybla, 8 st 7 lbs; Wrangler, 7 st 12 lbs; and Chance, 6 st 10 lbs, did not accept.

Victor was the favourite at even money. The favourite and Lunelle had a little the best of a good start, but the former was steadied, and kept in second position as the field rounded the turn. Along the back stretch there was a pretty race between Lunelle, Victor, and Sir Arthur, who were close together. Moscow and Iona were six lengths behind these three. At the half-mile Sir Arthur had the lead, Lunelle had fallen to the rear, Victor was in second position, and Moscow not far from his flanks. Rounding the home-turn, Victor came to the front with the race in hand, and won easily by three lengths from Sir Arthur, who was four lengths in front of Moscow. Lunelle was a bad fourth, and Iona a long way behind her.

The Members' Plate of 100 sovereigns, with a sweep of 5 sovereigns added for starters, for all horses: the winner only to be sold immediately after the race for £100; if entered, to be sold for £75, allowed 7 lbs.; if for £50, 21 lbs.; if for £30, 28 lbs.; if for £20, 35 lbs.; if for £10, 42 lbs.; any surplus to go to the funds; weight for age; horses entered not to be sold to carry a penalty of 7 lbs.; 1¼ mile.

Mr. J. Tait's br g Lottery, aged, 6 st 4 lbs, £10 (Hincks) ... 1
J. A. Campbell's br g Comet, aged, 6 st 4 lbs, £10 (Birdy) 2
T. Lavis's ch g Wanderer, aged, 7 st 11 lbs, £50 (Binstead) ... 3
A. Loder's b f Belladonna, 3 years, 6 st 10 lbs, £70 (Willis)

Belladonna was the favourite at evens against the field.

Much to the astonishment of her supporters, Belladonna would not gallop in her true form for this event, and Lottery (who was not much thought of) held a long lead all through from the start, and won very comfortably at the end by ten lengths from Comet, who was closely pressed by Wanderer; Belladonna was twelve lengths behind the third place.—January 30.

TASMANIAN RACING CLUB, HOBART TOWN.

The following are the weights for the undermentioned races:—

Hobart Town Cup, a handicap sweepstakes of 20 sovereigns each, with 500 sovereigns added. The second horse to receive 100 sovereigns out of the whole stake, and the third to save his stake. Two miles.

	st.	lb.		st.	lb.
Richmond	8	8	Spring Jack	6	6
Pride of the Hills	8	6	King Winter	6	4
Mountaineer	8	5	Adelaide	6	4
Imperial	8	5	Onyx	6	4
Sultan	8	3	Blazes	6	4
Southern Cross	8	0	Evenlight	6	4
Emulation	7	10	Cronstadt	6	4
Irish Stew	7	9	Glengarry	6	3
Janitor	7	8	The West	6	2
The Hook	7	3	Pearl	6	2
Painter	7	3	Waxy	6	2
Cleolite	7	2	Stiletto	6	0
Torchlight	7	2	Electricity	6	0
Bella	7	0	Filly Bell	6	0
Spark	6	13	Gas	6	0
Killarney	6	13	El Moro	6	0
Peeping Tom	6	12	Speechless	5	11
Jupiter	6	12	Presumption	5	12
Strop	6	10	Flora	5	7
Sunlight	6	10	My Idea	5	7
Meteor	6	10	Marigold	5	7
Longfellow	6	8	Parthenia	5	7
Red Gauntlet	6	8	Crumbs	5	7
Aconite	6	8	Towong	5	7
W. G.	6	8	Don Alfonso	5	7
Grenadier	6	7	Dolon	5	7
Bishopsbourne	6	7	The King	5	7
Aldinga	6	7	Lord Lytton	5	7
Euro	6	7	The Deacon	5	7
Dilemma	6	6	Blackboy	5	7
Wild Dayrell	6	6	Justice	5	7

Alexandra Plate, a handicap sweepstakes of 10 sovereigns each, with 200 sovereigns added. The second horse to receive 50 sovereigns out of the stakes. One mile and three-quarters.

	st.	lb.		st.	lb.
Richmond	8	12	Longfellow	6	10
Imperial	8	10	Aconite	6	10
Mountaineer	8	10	Evenlight	6	8
Pride of the Hills	8	8	Glengarry	6	8
Sultan	8	6	King Winter	6	8
Southern Cross	8	5	Onyx	6	5
Emulation	8	0	Cronstadt	6	8
Irish Stew	8	0	Waxy	6	8
Janitor	8	0	Electricity	6	5
Painter	7	8	Pearl	6	5
Torchlight	7	8	Gas	6	5
The Hook	7	7	Speechless	6	4
Cleolite	7	5	The West	6	4
Killarney	7	5	Deacon	6	4
Spark	7	5	Stiletto	6	4
Jupiter	7	4	Billy Bell	6	4
Red Gauntlet	7	4	Towong	6	4
Bella	7	4	Presumption	6	4
Meteor	7	3	Crœsus	6	2
Peeping Tom	7	3	Flora	6	0
Aldinga	7	0	Marigold	6	0
Blazes	7	0	El Moro	6	0
Strop	7	0	Crumbs	6	0
Sunlight	7	0	The King	6	0
Grenadier	6	12	My Idea	5	12
Bishopsbourne	6	12	Parthenia	5	12
Spring Jack	6	12	Don Alfonso	5	11
W. G.	6	12	Lord Lytton	5	11
Dilemma	6	12	Justice	5	10
Noonday	6	12	Dolon	5	10
Adelaide	6	10	Blackboy	5	10
Euro	6	10			

Hurdle Race, a handicap sweepstakes of 3 sovereigns each, with 50 sovereigns added. About two miles and a half.

	st.	lb.		st.	lb.
Cronstadt	11	5	Electricity	9	5
Mystery	10	10	Panic	9	0
Talleyrand	10	7	Turpin	9	6
Planet	10	5	Rocket	9	0
Quicksilver	10	2	Poet	9	0
Blazes	10	2	Maid of All Work	9	0
Eversley	10	2	Fairy King	9	0
Happy Thought	9	7	Du Cane	9	0
Lanky Hermit	9	6	Molly	9	0
Murgah	9	6			

Steeplechase, a handicap sweepstakes of 5 sovereigns each, with 100 sovereigns added. About three miles.

	st.	lb.		st.	lb.
Cronstadt	11	7	Lanky Hermit	9	7
Saucepan	11	4	Electricity	9	7
Lansdowne	10	10	Lord Dundreary	9	6
Quicksilver	10	7	Cleaver	9	6
Athol	10	4	Happy Thought	9	6
Eversley	10	4	Turpin	9	0
Murgah	10	0	Maitland	9	0
Talleyrand	10	0	Poet	9	0
Planet	9	10	Quibble	9	0
True Blue	9	10			

INVERELL RACES.—WEIGHTS FOR THE PRINCIPAL HANDICAPS.

JOCKEY CLUB HANDICAP, 2 MILES.

	st.	lb.		st.	lb.
Burwood	8	10	Lunelle	6	12
Athos	8	2	Emperor	6	10
Kismet	8	0	Clifton Lad	6	8
Maude	7	12	Uncas	6	4
Robin Hood	7	8	Comet	6	2
Ginger	7	6	My Dream	6	0
Trumpeter	7	5	Giggler	6	0
Cardinal	7	3			

TOWN PLATE, 1¼ MILE.

	st.	lb.		st.	lb.
Burwood	8	12	Lucksall	7	0
Hybla	8	10	Clifton Lad	6	10
Kismet	8	2	Field Marshal	6	9
Guelder Rose	8	0	Belladonna	6	8
Victor	8	0	Uncas	6	8
Robin Hood	7	10	Barallan	6	4
Lady Superior	7	9	Moscow	6	4
Trumpeter	7	7	My Dream	6	0
Lunelle	7	0	Leo	5	7

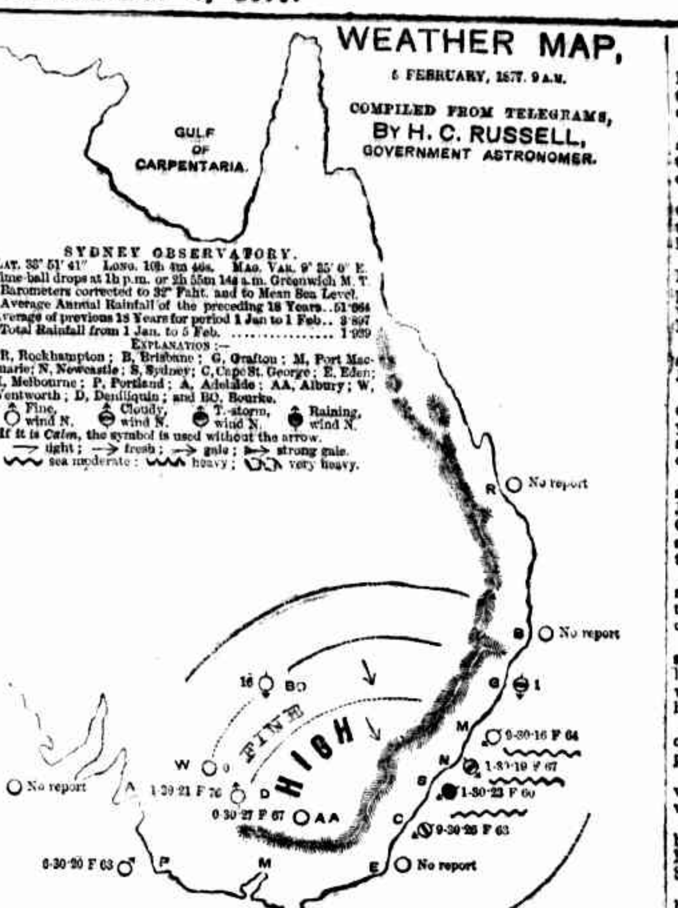
CHINA, Breakfast Sets, Toilet Ware, Vases, Gilt Clocks, &c., at 11; Electro-plated Ware, at 12 o'clock, this day.—Chas. Moore and Co. request us to direct the attention of buyers of the above-named goods to their unreserved sale this day, commencing at 11 o'clock, at their rooms, 167, Pitt-street.—ADV.

Stations.	Max.	Min.	Rain.
Tenterfi'ld	71	47	0
Grafton	87	54	0
Inverell	92	52	0
Bourke	92	62	0
Narrabri	91	59	0
Armidale	78	53	0
Gunnedah	..	..	..
Tamworth	79	60	0
P. Macqrie	78	60	0
Murr'undi	94	51	0
Cassilis	80	58	0
Mas'brook	79	57	0
Dubbo	83	62	0
Mudgee	..	..	..
Maitland	76	55	0·10
Newcastle	73	59	0·01
Orange	..	..	..
Bathurst	..	..	..
MtVictoria	69	43	0
Forbes	..	..	..
SYDNEY	65	59	0·25
Wentw'th	97	..	0
Young	..	..	..
Woll'gong	76	54	0
Goulburn	76	47	0
Wagga	86	53	0
Cape Geo.	69	61	0
Queanb'an	82	50	0
Urana	..	..	..
Deniliquin	91	58	0
Albury	93	46	0
Bodalla	82	52	0
Cooma	78	..	0
Eden	..	..	..

WEATHER MAP,

5 FEBRUARY, 1877. 9 A.M.

COMPILED FROM TELEGRAMS,
BY H. C. RUSSELL,
GOVERNMENT ASTRONOMER.



To the south the barometer has fallen considerably since 9 p.m. of the 3rd; at Portland the fall amounts to 0·2 inches, and generally, the barometers are falling, except in the north. It is now highest between Cape George and Albury, and the curves have been to-day arranged about the high pressure. Generally the weather is fine, and to south and west it is hot. The disturbance of Saturday is passing away. To the south the wind is changing to easterly, and the southerly wind is generally falling light. It should be understood that the arrows point to the direction *from which* the wind is coming. Observatory, February 5, 1877.

CORONER'S INQUEST.

FATAL ACCIDENT ON THE RAILWAY.

YESTERDAY morning, the City Coroner (Mr. Shiell) held an inquest on the body of a man named John Elliott, who died in the Infirmary from injuries received on the railway line on Saturday afternoon. Walter Haddon, engine-driver, in the employ of the Railway Department, said he recognized the body of deceased as that of a man named John Elliott, aged about 22 years, a native of Cumberland, England, and unmarried; deceased was a fireman, employed on the Southern Railway line, and had been in the colony about two years; witness was in charge of the engine that left with the train from Sydney for Goulburn on Saturday afternoon, and deceased was his fireman; there was only one engine-driver and one fireman in the train; Elliott was last seen by witness near the Erskineville Road Bridge, when he was standing by his side, and about two minutes afterwards he missed him; as witness was looking for him he saw one of the passengers wave his hand, and pointing backwards; steam was then shut off, and the train was stopped as soon as possible; witness then jumped off the engine, went back, and told the guard that he had lost his mate; orders were given to stop the train coming from Newtown, which was behind the train to which witness belonged; there was a pile of coal accessible at the furnace door, and deceased had no occasion to go to the tender; standing on the foot-plate of the engine, the Erskineville Bridge seemed to be about eight feet above witness's head; deceased was perfectly sober when leaving Sydney. By a juror: Deceased was on perfectly good terms with witness. By the Coroner: There was a light wooden screen on the top of the coal on the tender on leaving Sydney; witness afterwards missed it, and pointed out the circumstance to the deceased, and witness inferred that Elliott went to the top of the coal to look for it, and that he fell from the tender to the line; standing on the footway witness's back was to the tender, and therefore he could not have seen him fall. Constable Agnew, stationed at Newtown, said that about half-past 5 o'clock on Saturday evening, while standing at the railway bridge, he saw an object lying on the line, near the Erskineville Road Bridge, about eight yards on the Newtown side of it; calling another constable's attention to the object, they both proceeded to it, and found it was the body of a man, lying in an unconscious state in the space between the two lines; there was a quantity of blood where he was lying, and there was also blood oozing from his mouth; deceased was removed and placed in a sitting position; witness then went for Dr. Sedgwick, and on returning to the spot he found that deceased had been conveyed to Sydney by the up train as it passed; on examining that portion of the Erskineville Road Bridge under which the down line passed, and on the Sydney side, witness observed a stain as if something had come in contact with it on the left hand side of the centre of the down line. William Scott, locomotive overseer at the Sydney station, who produced a sectional sketch of the Erskineville Road Bridge, deposed to having examined the part of the bridge under which the down line passed, and to having found a white mark on the underneath edge, as if some object had recently come in contact with it; an engine and tender loaded with coal in a similar manner to those attached to the train on Saturday were placed under the bridge, and the space between the coal on the tender and the bridge was found to be 3 feet 6 inches. Dr. Marsden house-surgeon of the Sydney Infirmary, deposed that about, 6 o'clock on the evening of the 3rd February a man was by constable Roden brought to the Infirmary in an unconscious state; on the right side of the head there was a scalp wound two inches in length, leaving the scull exposed, and there was a fracture in the frontal bone, causing a considerable depression; blood was oozing through the right ear, indicating probable fracture of the base of the skull; the deceased remained in an unconscious state up to the time of his death, which took place about 12 o'clock the same night; the fracture of the skull was the cause of death. The Coroner having summed up, the jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

DROWNING IN THE HARBOUR.

Mr. Shiell held another inquest at the Dowling-street Wharf Hotel, Woolloomooloo, on the body of Robert Sempill, son of Mr. Sempill, official assignee, who was drowned in Woolloomooloo Bay on Sunday evening, while engaged in sailing in a boat with two other young men. Hubert Plunkett Rich, of 217, Darlinghurst Road, said that he and his brother were with the deceased on Sunday, between 6 and 7 o'clock, in a boat in Woolloomooloo Bay; they had been out for a sail, and were at the time of the accident coming to their moorings in Woolloomooloo Bay; something was wrong with the gear, and witness climbed the mast to clear it, leaving the deceased at the stern of the boat pulling at the after part of the sail with the object of getting it down; at this time the boat was fast to her moorings; while witness was up on the mast a puff of wind struck the boat, and immediately after the deceased was observed to be in the water; witness got down quickly, and jumped overboard with a rope, but deceased sank before he could be reached; witness's brother then dived after him, but without success; a man named Luttrell, seeing the accident from the wharf, came in a boat and brought grappling irons, and at the first drag brought the body to the surface; deceased could not have remained in the water more than ten minutes before his body was recovered; means were employed with the view of restoring animation, but without success; these efforts were continued on the arrival of Dr. Pattison, but were given up as fruitless. The next witness said that the deceased was not struggling when he fell into the water, and that he could not swim. Dr. Pattison deposed to having seen the body of the deceased at the Woolloomooloo wharf, where people were endeavouring to restore it to animation, but he was of opinion that the deceased had been dead for some little time; there were no marks of violence externally visible on the body, and it was witness's opinion that death was caused by drowning. Verdict in accordance with the evidence.

HINTS FOR THE PREVENTION OF SCARLET FEVER.

The following abridgment of a pamphlet issued by the Health Society of Victoria, has been printed in a convenient form for distribution, under the direction of the Council of Education of New South Wales. The pamphlet is being circulated by the Council throughout the colony:—

Scarlet fever or scarlatina is a very dangerous and deadly disease. It rapidly spreads from one person to another, like wildfire. The mildest form of it may prove fatal—hence the importance of trying to check its ravages. The disease seems to spread by means of very minute poisonous atoms, which come off from the body of the sick through the skin, bowels, kidneys, and the lining membranes of the lungs, throat, nostrils, &c. These atoms possess the power to reproduce the disease in healthy persons coming in contact with them, and they retain their vitality for months. Hence, if the progress of the disease is to be stayed, attention must be directed to two principal points—viz., to the separation of sick and the destruction of the poison.

Firstly—The sick must be completely separated from every one except those necessary for nursing, and this separation must be maintained for at least a month.

The healthy part of the family should either be sent out of the house, or at least kept from all contact with the sick room.

The persons nursing should neither go out shopping nor visiting; nor should they receive visitors or friends.

The children should be kept from school, and any who have had the fever should not be received back without a health certificate from the medical attendant.

Secondly—In addition to complete separation, we must endeavour to neutralize or destroy the poison.

The contact of pure air tends to render the poison harmless; we must, therefore, place the sick in as large room as possible, and, if the weather permit, a fire should be kept burning and the window kept open, two or three inches at the top, night and day.

Carpets, curtains, sofas, stuffed chairs, and stuff dresses, as also dust and dirt, are found to harbour and attract the poison; they must, therefore, be all removed, and the nurse must wear a washing cotton dress.

Every nook and corner of the house, together with all furniture, must be cleansed and dusted, and all the dust and dirt collected must be carefully burnt in the fire.

Certain chemicals are found to neutralize or destroy the poison; these, therefore, must be freely used. Among the most useful are carbolic acid, chloride of lime, Condy's fluid, and sulphur fumes. Their use will be regulated by the following circumstances:—

The discharges that come from the body, *i.e.*, from the skin, mouth, nose, bowels, and kidneys, all contain fever poison. We must, therefore (1), put some chloride of lime, carbolic acid, or Condy's fluid into all the vessels used to receive such discharges.

The bed and body linen should be changed once in twenty-four hours, and, when this is done, a bucket of water, in which a tablespoonful of chloride of lime or a wine-glass of carbolic acid or Condy's fluid has been poured, should be brought alongside the bed and the linen gently put in and remain there until it can be boiled and washed.

(2.) As the fever subsides the skin peels off in thin scales, carrying the fever poison with them. To prevent the dispersion of the poison and to assist the action of skin, rub the body all over, night and morning, with sweet oil, lard, or fat; and when the patient is able to bear it, give a warm bath—to be repeated several times—using carbolic soap to the whole body.

(3.) After recovery, when every bit of old skin has peeled off and health seems quite restored, a final bath should be taken, and fresh clean clothes put on, not only by the patient, but by the nurse.

Lastly—The room which the patient occupied, together with all the beds, bedding, and clothing, must be thoroughly fumigated by burning sulphur in the room with the windows and doors closed.

It should also be remembered that the after effects of scarlatina are sometimes very serious and generally traceable to suppressed action of the skin; it is, therefore, important that the convalescent should wear flannel and not be exposed too soon or suddenly to the inclemency of the weather.

SYDNEY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

THE usual fortnightly meeting of the Municipal Council of Sydney will be held at the Town Hall this (Tuesday) morning, at 11 o'clock, for considering the following notices of motion:—

By Alderman ———,—That the report of the Finance Committee, received this day, recommending the payment of sundry accounts, be adopted.

By Alderman Playfair,—That his Worship the Mayor be requested to make such arrangements as may be necessary for collecting the undermentioned fees for all stock brought for sale to the Corporation Yards at the Belmore Markets and Market-street:—Sheep and lambs, 1d per head; calves and pigs, 3d per head; live cattle, 1s per head.

By Alderman Young,—That the works now in progress at the Bunnerong Dam be stopped until after being tested by the ensuing winter rains. That in future all foot pavings be made of tar paving, with the exception of George, Pitt, William, King, and Oxford streets, such tar paving to be formed of basaltic stone, 2 inch in gauge and 2½ thick, surface of same covered with tar upon which ½-inch of fine basaltic tarred screening, to be placed and rolled. That all street crossings be made of tar, paving 6 inch thick, 2½ inch gauge and covered with 1 inch thick of fine tar screenings at footpaths.

By Alderman Oatley,—That the assessment books as delivered to the Town Clerk by the valuators appointed to compile the same, with such alterations thereto as were made upon appeal by the Court of Quarter Sessions, now laid upon the table of the Council, be, and the same are hereby adopted by this Council as an assessment of every building, tenement, or other property within the limits of the city and suburbs, liable to be rated for city, water, and sewerage purposes.—That in accordance with the provisions of the 19th section of the Act of Council 17th Victoria, No. 34, a rate of 1s. in the £ be made and levied on the whole of the property assessed in the city of Sydney for the general purposes of the city for the year 1877, and that the same be made payable at the Town Hall, in equal half-yearly instalments, before the 31st day of March and the 30th day of September in the said year.—That, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Council, 30th Victoria No. 20, a water rate for the year 1877 of 5s per room be made and levied on the whole of the properties in the city of Sydney, and its suburbs where water mains are laid, and that the same be made payable at the Town Hall, in equal half-yearly instalments, before the 31st day of March and the 30th day of September next ensuing.—That, in accordance with the recommendation of the Finance Committee, the Municipal Council of Albury be informed, in reply to their letter of the 5th of January, 1877, that this Council agrees to co-operate with them in their endeavour to obtain the reappointment of his Excellency, Sir Hercules Robinson, as Governor of this colony, at the expiration of his present term of office.—That the report of the Water Committee, received this day, recommending the erection of an engine-house at the Crown-street Reservoir, by contract, be adopted.—That the report of the Water Committee, received this day, recommending that certain city plumbers' licenses for the year 1877, be issued, be adopted.

By Alderman Moore,—That the report of the Improvement Committee, received this day, recommending that the house rubbish, street sweepings, &c., of the city, be deposited on the site selected as shown upon the plan now submitted—the coarse portion to be buried, the best screened for top-dressing, and at once to be covered over with earth or sand, be adopted.—That the report of the Improvement Committee, received this day, recommending that the sum of £275 be voted for ballasting and metalling the roadway leading from the Randwick Road to the proposed depot for house rubbish, street sweepings, &c., be adopted.

By Alderman Mase,—That the report of the Finance Committee, received this day, recommending the acceptance of the tender of Mr. C. J. Jackson for the thorough repair and tuning of the organ at the Exhibition Building for the sum of £60, be adopted.

By Alderman Harris,—That the plan now submitted by the Improvement Committee showing the permanent level of Hebert-street, Pyrmont, be and the same is hereby adopted.

By Alderman Oatley,—That the report of the Finance Committee, received this day, recommending that the sum of 30 5s. be voted for extra services in connection with the preparation of the assessment of the city, be adopted.

By Alderman Chapman,—That this Council do now proceed to consider the tenders for the purchase of corporation debentures.

It is believed that only those Native Regiments in India which have been armed with Snider rifles, will be chosen for Egyptian service.—*Madras Athenæum.*

NOTES OF THE WEEK.

MR. P. Kennedy's premises in South Grafton, together with a large amount of merchandise, were destroyed by fire on January 20.

The captain of the steamship Brisbane was fined £100, or three months' imprisonment, for a breach of the quarantine laws when a case of small-pox occurred on board.

At a meeting of the Australasian Steam Navigation Company, held on the 30th January, a dividend at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum was declared for the last half-year.

A meeting was held at Richardson and Wrench's Rooms, Pitt-street, to consider the formation of a public company to construct a railway from Randwick, by Waverley, Paddington, Surry Hills, through Redfern, to a central position in the city.

On January 27 the foundation-stone of a Public school building was laid at Watson's Bay by Mr. John Davies, M.L.A.

The City Coroner held an inquest respecting the death of a boy named Cornelius Philip Law once, 11 years of age, who fell over the cliff into Lower Fort-street. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

At a meeting of persons interested in the milk supply industry, held at Moss Vale on the 20th January, Mr. Mort said that the Fresh Food and Ice Company had lost £150 since they undertook to supply milk, in consequence of the quantity supplied to them being too small.

The annual picnic in connection with the Bourke-street Congregational Sunday School, took place on the 26th January, at Pearl Bay, when some 600 children were present.

A child, aged 5 years, named William Williams, son of a farmer near Wangaratta, was bitten on the leg by a tiger snake and died in twenty hours afterwards. The injection of ammonia was tried to save his life.

A fire, caused by sparks from a railway engine, occurred on the Vale Road, near Bathurst, in a grass paddock on the Orton Park Estate.

The annual meeting of the Wesleyan Band of Hope was held in the Bourke-street Church on January 26, when able addresses were delivered.

A lecture on the doctrines of Emanuel Swedenborg was delivered in the New Temperance Hall by Mr. George Slater, secretary of the New Church Society.

The 89th anniversary of the colony was celebrated by the usual amusements and picnics. The weather was pleasant and there were no accidents.

Two large fires occurred in the Albury district, destroying farm property to the value of over £1000.

A man named Kinton, was drowned in the Warnambucca Creek, while in a fit.

The progress of the wine disease has been checked in the Albury district, but owing to continued dry weather the vintage is expected to show a falling-off as compared with that of last year.

A public meeting was held in the Masonic Hall on January 29, for the purpose of petitioning Parliament to adopt measures towards preventing the pollution of the harbour. Mr. Burton Bradley made a long and important speech.

During a horse-race at Goulburn a horse was killed by collision with a cow which had strayed to the course, and the jockey was severely injured by the fall.

At the thirteenth half yearly meeting of the Bulli Coal Company, held on the 30th January, a dividend was declared at the rate of 12½ per cent. per annum on all shares.

At the half-yearly meeting of the City of Newcastle Gas and Coke Company, held on the 29th January, a dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum was declared.

A party of gentlemen while fishing off Longnose Point, were attacked by a shark, which left several of its teeth imbedded in the gunwale of the boat.

There is an aboriginal boy in the Bourke district, eleven years of age, who is 15 stone in weight.

A tea and public meeting were held in the Congregational Church, at Balmain, on January 30, to recognise the settlement of the Rev. A. G. Fry as pastor of the church.

A little child was killed at Deniliquin, through being butted by an infuriated ram.

It is the intention of the Government to submit to Parliament during the present session a proposal to extend the railway from Redfern into the city.

The Governments of the Australian colonies have secured the services of Colonel Laffan and Colonel Scratchley, towards devising means for military defence. They were to leave England by the February mail.

An interesting conversazione, combining science, art, literature, and music, was held on January 31, in the schoolroom attached to Pitt-street church.

While the Cootamundra mail coach was descending the hill near Murrumburrah, the horses took fright at a shepherd boy, who suddenly jumped from a fence, and the vehicle was upset, the passengers being thrown out with violence, and one of their number dangerously injured.

A man named Harpur, charged with stealing 500 sheep, was committed at Cowra to take his trial at the Bathurst Quarter Sessions.

A fire occurred in a storeroom at Pyrmont Bridge, but was extinguished without the aid of engines. Another fire occurred on the premises of Mr. Priddy, 450, George-street, but this also was put out without using the fire-engines.

On February 1 the delegates of the Cable Conference were entertained at a picnic on the Blue Mountains.

A motion of want of confidence in the Government, brought by Mr. Piddington on February 1, was lost by a majority of 3.

Mr. Thomas Garrett, Minister for Lands, resigned his position in the Robertson Ministry on January 31.

Two men, Lynch and Warmsley, fought at North Bourke; in the second round Lynch was killed, and Warmsley was committed for trial.

The Conference appointed to discuss the question of a duplicate cable between Australia and Europe, concluded their labours without arriving at any determination on the subject.

At the half-yearly meeting of the Clarence and Richmond River Steam Navigation Company, held on January 31, a preferential dividend upon new stock at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum was declared, and a dividend of 5s. per share on the capital stock of the company.

The E and A. Company's steamship Singapore, whilst on her way to Sydney, struck on a sunken shoal, near Port Mackay, and it is feared that she will become a total wreck.

LONDON WOOL SALES.

SALE of 1059 bales by Jacomb, Son, and Co., on Friday, November 24.

Ex Darling Downs: C and S over Queensland, 24 greasy at 9d, 36 damaged at 8½d; H. Bell, 1 at 23½d, 5 at 23d, 3 at 22½d, 14 at 22d, 5 at 19½d, 1 at 17d, 2 damaged at 20d, 1 mixed at 21d, 1 at 19d, 6 at 14½d; HB over P, 2 at 13d, 1 damaged at 12d.

Ex Cynosure: H. Bell, 28 scoured at 22½d, 12 at 20d, 12 at 17d, 1 at 14½d.

Ex Agnes Rose: J. M'A in diamond, 8 at 23½d, 2 at 21½d, 4 at 21d, 6 skirted at 14d, 28 at 13½d, 16 at 13d, 1 locks at 5½d.

Ex Alexander Duthie: Mount Abundance, 55 at 23½d, 17 at 23d, 54 at 23½d, 81 at 22d, 21 at 19½d, 18 at 17½d, 6 at 18d, 11 damaged at 17½d, 2 locks at 14½d, 1 at 20½d, 4 greasy at 14½d, 2 at 12½d.

Ex Strathdon: Palial over AT over C, 6 greasy at 13d, 38 at 12d, 7 damaged at 11d, 1 pieces at 7½d, 3 pieces and locks at 6d; H in shield over Colwell, 10 scoured at 27d, 5 at 26½d, 3 at 24d, 5 at 21½d, 1 at 20d; HP, 4 at 26½d, 1 at 24d, 1 at 21d; JH, 4 scoured at 27d; JMF, 4 at 26½d, 2 at 26d, 3 at 24½d, 3 pieces at 20½d; JHC, 1 pieces at 19d, 3 damaged at 17d; JB, 4 at 20d, 1 locks at 18½d.

Ex Alexander Duthie: Mount Abundance, 55 at 23½d, 17 at 23d, 81 at 23½d, 19 at 22d.

Ex Adventurer (Queensland): HSW, 3 scoured pieces at 19d, 8 greasy at 13½d, 73 at 13d, 22 pieces at 13d, 1 damaged at 11½d; H in circle over G in circle, 9 at 11d; H in diamond, 6 at 13d.

Ex Belle (Queensland): Westgrove over CLS, 8 super at 25d, 13 at 22½d, 8 pieces at 20½d, 3 at 18½d; B&W over Tomoo, 9 scoured at 18½d, 11 at 18d, 1 pieces at 13½d; BA over B, 5 greasy at 9d, 9 at 9d, 8 at 8d, 2 broken at 6d, 1 locks at 5d; T&L, 7 at 12d; OB, 12 at 10d; W, 1 at 19d, 1 greasy at 11d.

Sale of 1069 bales by Schwartze and Co., on Saturday, November 25.

Ex Darling Downs: NSL, 9 greasy at 11½d, 1 damaged at 10½d, 1 locks at 7½d; T&R in diamond, New England over, 6 scoured at 23d.

Ex Windsor Castle: Gondobolin over RJC, 1 scoured at 21d, 4 pieces at 16d, 10 at 15½d, 1 damaged at 14½d, 4 locks at 10½d; Nebea over diamond, 14 greasy at 11½d, 2 damaged at 10½d.

Ex Adventurer and Toowoomba: GT&Co over Portland, 28 at 18½d, 156 at 18d, 32 pieces at 16½d, 1 at 15½d, 1 at 15d, 4 scoured at 20d.

Ex Glengairn: SG over Moree, 12 greasy at 12½d; FMM over Woodstock over New England, 30 greasy at 13d; 2 in triangle, 1 damaged at 11d; AT over G, 33 greasy at 11d, 1 at 7½d, 1 pieces at 8d; JD, 17 at 10d; NO, 24 at 9½d.

Ex Nineveh: GM, 11 greasy at 9½d, 1 at 9d; TRS over Malvern Downs, 9 super at 22d; MT conjoined, 17 at 22d; N over Brenda, 10 at 21½d; JHS over Tycannah, 37 at 27d; SC, 12 at 25½d; LEE, 6 scoured at 27d, 4 at 26d; Coolootai, 34 at 27d, 4 at 26d; RB in diamond, 2 at 26½d, 3 at 24½d; N in circle, 4 scoured at 21d, 2 at 21½d, 3 at 20d.

Ex Martaban, (Queensland): MJ, 8 greasy at 13d, 6 at 6d, 1 pieces at 5½d.

Ex Belle (Queensland): CM over T, 1 scoured at 17½d, 3 at 18d.

Ex Whampoa: B. Fitzgerald over Windsor, N. S. W., 19 super at 23½d; AL in diamond over Colly Creek, 3 at 29d; XE in diamond, 6 pieces at 21d.

Ex sundry ships: R over Mudgee over G. Rouse, 3 prime at 33½d, 8 at 31d, 12 at 29½d, 6 at 27½d, 12 at 29d, 36 at 25½d, 16 at 29d, 7 at 27d, 6 at 25½d, 1 mixed at 21½d, 11 at 22d, 7 damaged at 27½d, 26 pieces at 22½d, 3 at 21½d, 46 at 20½d, 1 damaged at 21d, 5 locks at 15½d, 3 greasy at 11½d, 1 at 11d, 1 damaged at 11½d, 1 pieces at 8d; R over F, 6 pieces at 8d.

Ex Cairnbulg: SAD over Clifton, 49 at 22½d, 77 at 22d, 1 at 19d, 24 skirts at 17½d, 10 locks and pieces at 15½d; RR, 6 at 18½d.

Ex Nyassa: JCNO, 78 at 20½d, 33 at 19½d, 3 mixed at 16½d, 1 damaged at 17½d, 6 clippings at 13d.

OUR BERLIN LETTER.

DECEMBER 20.

It is very difficult to give you a precise account of the political situation of the present time. Every day may bring an untoward event, so that all my suppositions, though the result of past goings on, may be wrong and thrown over by unexpected movements. I must, therefore, begin with a short *resume* of events that have happened during the last few weeks. The principal interest was concentrated on the mission of Lord Salisbury, Minister for India. The famous statesman visited Paris, Berlin, Vienna, and Rome, in order to hold conferences with the leaders of the different Governments, and if possible to bring on a perfect understanding between them all regarding their Oriental policy. Lord Salisbury met, of course, everywhere with the most cordial reception, and everywhere he received, of course, the assurance that it should be tried to bring on an understanding between England and Russia. Prince Bismarck especially declared that Germany was willing to sustain the English propositions in the Conferences at Constantinople, but that in case of war Germany would observe the strictest neutrality. Very shortly after this Prince Bismarck gave further explanations in the German Parliament. One member had addressed an interpellation to the Government respecting the recent Russian decree, ordering all import duties to be paid in gold, which is tantamount to an increase of duties to the detriment of German commerce. The Chancellor in reply said, "The interpellation is in the highest degree inconvenient to me, it is detrimental to the efforts which I have made hitherto for the maintenance of peace. It is erroneous to suppose that Russia asks great favours of us at the present moment; this is by no means the case. Russia does not aim at great conquests, but the Emperor Alexander has ever been a loyal ally to us, and Russia only asks us for our co-operation at the Conference, for the improvement of the position of the Christians in Turkey, a purpose to which our Emperor and our nation willingly offer a helping hand. That we shall support this object is beyond all question; this support is justified by sympathy for our co-religionists, and for the purposes of civilization. Should the Conference not lead to any result, warlike action on the part of Russia is probable. Russia does not, however, ask our assistance for that purpose also, although no one will expect us to interpose our veto against it, since objects are concerned for which we ourselves are striving. The mingling of commercial and political questions at this juncture would lead to monstrosities. It is impossible for a Customs question either to procure friends or to prepare enmity. As long as we sit upon this place you will never succeed in making a rent in our friendship with Russia—a friendship which has lasted for centuries, and is based upon history. Be assured that the alliance of the three Empires is still entirely deserving of its name, and continues to exist. As with Russia, so with England also we have maintained amicable relations for centuries. As regards the Eastern question, we have set ourselves the task of mediating between the Powers and of maintaining peace in so far as depends upon us. Though the present situation involves no question of war for us, it yet demands of us an extraordinary cautious attitude. We must maintain good relations with the Powers, and can only actively interpose if one of our friends is imperilled by another Power. Our friendly position towards all the Powers has been recognised by all, and it will, we hope, contribute to localize the war. That is the end and object of our efforts. We believe that an understanding on all differences which may possibly exist between Russia and England will be attained. Our task is therefore, in the first place, to maintain peace; and in the second to mediate between the Powers, in order to dispose of existing differences and to localize the war, which is perhaps inevitable. Should our efforts in this direction prove futile, then certainly a new situation will arise upon which people may form conjectures but upon which I cannot at present give any information."

The private conversations which Prince Bismarck has had with several members of Parliament showed likewise his firm intention not to suffer that Austria should in any way be harmed by Russia. This was fully understood in St. Petersburg, and Russia seemed to give in, above all, in professions of her disinterestedness; it would be at least good policy to credit both sincerity, unless either her conduct or another consideration renders it expedient to come to an open quarrel with her.

All the members of the Conference are at present assembled at Constantinople. In these deliberations Russia, England, and Austria occupy a great deal of common ground, for the simple reason that they all admit and condemn Turkish misrule, and that they all acknowledge the enormous danger which hangs over Europe. They further agree that adequate reforms will never be achieved without foreign pressure. Such admissions would imply many hopes, and in fact it is not unlikely that Russia has found some of her plans opposed with unexpected firmness by more Powers than England. Since Bismarck's speech may have seemed to cast a prophetic shadow from a misty distance. Austria may have displayed a persistence on which the Czar did not count, and England may have brought into unwelcome prominence a series of familiar difficulties. So the communications from Constantinople, representing Russia, say that Russia seems to be willing to give in. Unless a most extraordinary misapprehension prevails the Russian Ambassador has allowed it to be understood that Russia, although determined to act for herself should no settlement be attained, does not desire to separate herself from the other five Powers. Various interpretations have been given to this admission, and a great number of plans suggested as compatible with it. The keeping of the peace by a foreign gendarmerie is spoken of as a scheme likely to be approved and even proposed by General Ignatieff. Then we have a plan to the effect that there should be authorised to enlist a force of Europeans to be commanded by Turkish officers, that these should constitute the foreign gendarmerie or occupying army, entrusted with the maintenance of Christian rights. Then there is a principle of occupation by provinces, that the Austrians should occupy Bosnia and Herzegovina, and the Russians Bulgaria, while the British and French should make a naval occupation of the Bosphorus. Lastly, a telegraphic agency has communicated that the British should occupy the Dardanelles and Roumelia, the Russians Bulgaria, the Austrians Bosnia and Herzegovina, and the Italians Epirus and Thessaly. When all that rumour and speculation may have added has been set aside, we may be justified in coming to the conclusion that General Ignatieff has intimated that the Czar will be satisfied by such a guarantee as an occupation by other than Russian troops will give. A great number of difficulties are rising against the fulfilment of this project. What States shall send troops? In what numbers and to what positions? Shall a whole province be garrisoned by the forces of a single State, or shall the troops be more intermixed? Is it desirable that the great Powers—and, consequently, Russia among them—should furnish the occupying corps, or might the occupation be committed to smaller States whose ambition no one need fear, and whose presence would affect no rival with jealousy or mortification. It is probable that the States most fitted to occupy the Turkish provinces would be just those least inclined to undertake the duty. England would very unwillingly send a garrison to keep order in a foreign land. France in its present condition would also wish to be excused from the duty. Italy can hardly seek it. Germany would probably give a downright refusal; and a large part of the Austro-Hungarian public looks with distrust on the occupation of the Slav provinces of the frontier by an army, which should be at the disposal of the Vienna Court. The small States of Europe have been spoken of as capable of furnishing contingents for service in Turkey, but this plan has probably been formed and proposed without taking into consideration the desires of the States in question.

I have given you this short *resume* in order to show you how very little understanding exists regarding this principal question. All these propositions, however, are to my judgment only speculations, of which not one will be realized. Above all, I must add that the Sublime Porte herself has until now declared unequivocally that she will allow no occupation whatever, but will hinder it by power of arms.

The military preparations of the Porte are indeed most extensive. The Turks must either feel already strong enough to resist eventually a first onset of the Russians on the Danube, or else they must have reason to suppose that in the event of a rupture with Russia, the theatre of war in Armenia is destined to play a very important part, for, according to the last disposition of the Turkish Minister for War, only the smaller portion of the forces withdrawn from Servia has been sent up to Bulgaria, while the larger portion has been brought up to Constantinople, whence the battalions, after having assumed their effective war strength, are to be sent off to Ergersum and Batoum as the most exposed points. Measures have indeed been taken to collect there likewise all the Asiatics which can be collected. The sending there a portion of the seasoned troops from Servia was evidently with the view of forming the "nucleus" of the operating army there. In face of the declarations of Russia, and far more from a sort of confidence in the opposition of the Powers, there does not seem any great apprehension in Constantinople that the Russians, even if they should succeed in occupying Bulgaria, would ultimately be allowed to remain there permanently. There is not the same confidence with regard to any territory which the Russian army of the Caucasus might occupy in Armenia or on the shores of the Black Sea, the plateaus of Ergersum, and above all Batoum—the first as a good frontier line, the second as the only real port on the south-easterly shores of the Black Sea which would form a very valuable acquisition to Russia. Hence the precautions which are being taken to resist any attack on the Asiatic side.

Russia makes great efforts in order to collect powerful masses in the Caucasus, and at the same time to begin war there against the Porte. In Bess-Arabia more than 200,000 Russian soldiers are assembled. It cannot yet be stated to which side Roumania will hold. In face of the reports that the Turks were preparing to cross the Danube, and to occupy Roumanian territory, Safvet Pasha has assured the representatives of the Powers, that Turkey would in no circumstances attack Roumania unless Roumania on her side took the offensive. Safvet Pasha could make the declaration with so much greater certainty, as, however small one's opinion may be of Turkish commanders, it could scarcely be supposed that they could think even for a moment of undertaking on their side a most perilous operation into Roumania.

A new difficulty has just now arisen in the Oriental question. In the moment when I write a telegram arrives to state that the Grand Vizier, Mahemet Rushdi Pasha, has received his dismissal, and that Midhat-Pasha has been named Grand Vizier. Ever since the accession of Mehemet-Rushdi-Pasha to the dignity of Grand Vizier in last May, this old gentleman has endeavoured to secure the support of all parties by admitting as many men as he could to an equal share of the good things of the State. His policy consisted in having no policy of his own and in humouring other men's views without allowing them development or maturity. Himself a good honest Turk of the old school, sufficiently advanced in age to hope that the deluge would only come after his time, the Grand Vizier has been at the greatest pains to oppose Midhat Pasha's new fangled notions, putting off from day to day the realization of that Ottoman Constitution which Midhat so urgently pressed upon him. The dismissal of Rushdi shows that Midhat has conquered, and it can be expected that now the Sultan will proclaim the new Constitution in order to avoid a pressure of the Conference. The views for peace are certainly not much furthered by these changes. The only results will be that the armistice between Turkey, Montenegro, and Servia will be prolonged for two more months; but Russia's plans and intentions will certainly not be altered thereby.

The German Parliament will close on Saturday, the 23rd instant, and the new elections will take place on the 10th of January, 1877. The parties leave Berlin very much embittered against each other. The Government, and especially Prince Bismarck, did not wish that in the Judicial Bill the liberty of the Press should be secured. Bismarck menaced that he would repulse the whole bill if his will was not followed. The National Liberal party of the German Parliament held a meeting on Sunday last, at which, after a discussion, it was resolved to support a compromise relative to the Judicial Bills. According to the terms of this compromise all the resolutions adopted up to the present by the German Parliament relative to the Press are to be resigned, and the question whether persons charged with offences against the Press laws shall be tried by a jury is left to the decision of the Federal Governments. The power of prosecuting public functionaries is to be dependent upon a previous consent of the administrative tribunal, which has to decide whether the official accused has exceeded his function. This compromise is criticised very bitterly in all truly liberal journals, and will not increase the Ministerial party in the coming elections. A majority of twenty or thirty is all that has been secured for the new laws; a number of moderate Liberals, together with the advanced Liberals, Ultramontanes, Poles, Socialists, and Alsacians being determined to vote against the compromise.

The representatives of the iron industry who had demanded that the duty on iron should not yet fall with the 1st of January of next year have had no success. The Prussian Government has found it necessary to lay before the Federal Council a bill for the establishment of differential duties, upon the importation of foreign merchandise, which empowers the Imperial Government to raise the rate of duty upon articles for which foreign States grant export premiums, and which in Germany are at present duty free or pay duty of lesser amount than such premiums. The proposed increase will equalize the amount of import duty with that of the export premium, and will be a general measure. The Bill further suggests that hardware goods, which under existing arrangements would be free of import duty after the 1st of January next, should pay a duty equivalent to the French export premium for such goods. This duty would apply to merchandise imported from England or Belgium, as well as from France and Austria. The law finds very little support from the Manchester men, and it will, during this session, most likely not come under discussion.

In the Court and military circles a great deal of interest is paid to the coming first of January, on which day the Emperor William will celebrate the fact of his being a soldier 70 years. In hard times, after the unlucky campaigns of the year 1806, his Majesty, then Prince William, was made soldier by his father, King William III. Prince William was then a weak, fragile boy, who was allowed only in 1814 to take part in the wars against France. His courage and bravery in the battle of Bar-sur-Aube did at that time get the full applause of the allied monarchs. After those first years of war followed a great number of peaceful years, which King William used for earnest work and study to keep the Prussian army always on the height of circumstances. The short campaigns in the years 1848-51 had shown that the old organization of the Prussian army was not sufficient, and so it was the first work of King William to change the army so that with proper arming and drilling it could win the glorious campaigns of 1866 and 1870. Now after having been perhaps the bravest soldier of his army for 70 years, Emperor William can look back upon a perfect army, to the perfection of which he certainly has dedicated the best strength and energy of his whole life. The whole nation, together with the royal family, is preparing to celebrate this day in a worthy way.

Though we are standing three days before Christmas the whole aspect of affairs is not festivity-like. Business is most dreadfully slow, all the warehouses and shops are empty, and all business people complain about the extreme dulness. Nobody is in the proper Christmas humour, and the worst is, that two days since an intense cold, accompanied by hard frost, set in, which does not help to mend matters. We could, indeed, envy you who celebrate Christmas by picnics and pleasure parties, so we have at least learned last week by a panorama which had amongst other pictures from the English colonies two paintings of Sydney—one representing a Christmas picnic, the other the General Post Office and the Cathedral at Sydney. I can assure you that the highest admiration has been paid to the splendid buildings, the great clearness and *cleanness* of your streets, and the very comfortable look of your houses. We personally felt like going to see old friends, and it seems to facilitate the workings of our fancy if we can depict to our mind's eye the scenery of your city. The paintings, very true in other points, as I could judge from my own experience, were certainly good, and I can therefore only congratulate you on the very good impression which has been produced here by the Panorama of Mr. Adams. We likewise saw a picture of Melbourne, thirty-seven years ago and now, and it is almost incredible that human energy and will should have been able in such a comparatively short period to create such cities. We are afraid that many of our European cities would fail in the comparison with your beautiful and comfortable looking towns.

OUR AUCKLAND (N.Z.) LETTER.

JANUARY 27.

The past month has been barren of political incidents of moment. The Premier has paid Auckland a visit in order to consult with the Resident Minister, the Hon. Mr. Whitaker, respecting the new system of local self-government and native affairs. The County Councils have scarcely got into harness yet. In the majority of the counties the Counties Act will be "hung up," as the phrase goes, and the work left to the District Boards. The councils, so far, appear to be greatly puzzled as to the extent of their powers and the nature of their functions; but on one point all are agreed, that the first thing to be done is to obtain a respectable bank overdraft, and to appoint a number of salaried officers. If the example set by the Thames County Council in this respect prove contagious, then the county system in Auckland will prove infinitely more expensive than the system of provincialism which it has superseded. The Grey-Macandrew mission to England in protest against the new system has, it appears, definitely fallen through, the ostensible cause being the precarious state of Sir George Grey's health.

In pursuance of its policy of retrenchment the Government has reduced the Colonial Defence Force by one half, namely, twenty officers and three hundred and fifty men. To secure the defence of the most important points in the North Island, several outposts have been abandoned, and the force has been formed into four divisions, one of which will be on the West Coast (Taranaki), and another on the East Coast, while the remaining divisions will be stationed in the Lake country and Waikato respectively. Owing to the above reduction, it has been deemed expedient to enrol the police of the Middle Island under the Constabulary Act, as a precautionary measure; and in future they will be available for general service in the North Island, in case of an emergency, arising out of native disturbances.

Coincident with the partial disbandment of the armed constabulary, native affairs again come into prominence, and the new Native Minister, the Hon. Dr. Pollen, has his hands quite full with threatened trouble on the Waikato frontier and at Taupo. The emissaries of the King are driving off settlers from land held under Crown grant, and within the confiscated line, scarcely rifleshot from the outpost of Alexandra, on the pretext that the territory had been ceded to Tawhiao under a promise made by the late Native Minister, Sir Donald M'Lean. To all remonstrances there was but one reply—a significant reference to the spot where Mr. Todd was murdered. A brief period will suffice to show whether the Kingites, emboldened by the financial condition of the colony and the diminution of our scanty forces, are disposed again to try conclusions, or it is one of those impudent attempts at "blackmailing" the Colonial Government which have been in the past so frequently successful. Meanwhile the Government are pushing on the construction of the Upper Waikato railway with all possible speed. Already partial communication has been effected between Auckland and Ngaruanahia, the ancient capital of Maoridom, and by midwinter the line should be in full working order, and daily communication established between the two places. The value of the railway from a strategic point of view will be very great, and, in conjunction with the military road now being made from Waikato to Taupo, despite Maori threats and warnings, should secure the protection and defence of the Waikato frontier. It cannot be concealed, however, that ever since the withdrawal of the frontier garrisons the natives have assumed a more defiant attitude. Our right to Waikato rests upon no other basis than the right of conquest—a title which the Maoris respect among themselves, but one always open to reversal. The present generation of Waikatos, who have held and cultivated its fruitful plains, will never give up the illusion that Waikato will yet be restored to them, and until they have been gathered to their fathers there is little hope of possessing the land in peace. The old native system of terrorism—in respect of warning settlers off their land and stoppage of road parties—appears to be again revived in full force. That the situation is sufficiently grave is evident from the fact that the Native Minister has gone to Waikato to hold an interview with Manuhiri (the King's confidential adviser) on the aspect of affairs. Tamati Ngapora, better known by his Hauhau appellation of Manuhiri, is an old acquaintance of Dr. Pollen, when the latter, as a journalist, in 1863, fought the battles of the philo-Maori party. Every confidence is felt that the Native Minister will do his best to reconcile the conflicting interests of the two races, but he cannot reasonably be expected to exhibit the profound knowledge of the language, customs, and tribal history of the Maori people which distinguished his late predecessor, Sir Donald M'Lean.

Considerable interest is felt in commercial circles as to the result of the negotiations going on respecting the San Francisco mail service and the port of call. It was clearly proved, by the test of actual experiment, on the arrival of the December inward mail steamer, that the Southern provinces would be better served, and receive their mails earlier, by the steamer coming on to Auckland and transhipping to the local steamers on the Manukau side of the isthmus, than by her running down the coast. The Union Steamship Company's s.s. Taupo, with the Southern mails on board, left Onehunga a few hours after the arrival of the San Francisco steamer, and, calling at intermediate ports, reached Dunedin considerably within the time required by the ocean-going steamers to accomplish the trip—a fact which even the Otago journals have been compelled reluctantly to admit, notwithstanding their passionate advocacy of the coastal service as set out in the original contract.

The question of a large or small graving dock has been again revived by the Auckland Harbour Board. Now that the cofferdam and other preliminary works have been completed, it is perceived that the dock is in excess of the requirements of the ordinary coasting traffic, and too small for the use of intercolonial and foreign going vessels. It is now contemplated to obtain a further loan in order to deepen the approaches to the dock sufficiently to give a depth of 19 feet on the dock sill, and lengthen the floor to 345 feet—thus rendering it available for the largest vessels in the habit of entering the port. This resolve on the part of the harbour authorities comes rather late in the day, and is one which should have been carried out in the first instance instead of frittering away the original loan on reclamation of land from the sea. The question has been brought into greater prominence at the present moment owing to the presence in harbour of the German war vessel Hertha, which called in for the purpose of effecting repairs and obtaining supplies. Her commander has stated that the German Government was disposed to make Auckland the head quarters of its men-of-war in the South Pacific, provided the necessary dock accommodation could be obtained for refitting and repairs. The subject will be referred to the Engineer-in-Chief, Mr. Carruthers, for his professional approval. But as the Government are stated to be favourable to the project of enlarging the dock to the dimensions originally contemplated, there is little fear of any opposition to the new proposals from that quarter.

The long promised extension of the Kaipara railway is about to be undertaken at last, and tenders are at once to be called for the construction of the first ten miles from the Auckland end of the line. On the Kaipara side the line is to be carried to the deep water navigation, in order to secure the trade of the flourishing and important settlements on that noble river. The Government have been stirred up to take these long-delayed and oft-promised measures in order to prevent the diversion of a portion of the provincial traffic, and through the action of Mr. Dargaville, the well-known owner of extensive kauri forests in the Kaipara, who, opening up a direct timber trade with Melbourne is importing direct in return to the discomfiture of the Auckland merchants all such goods as are now brought from Melbourne via Auckland by the Hero.

The yield the Thames gold-field for the month has been but a little over 6000 ounces. Until the negotiations pending with regard to pumping operations on the Thames gold-fields proper are definitely settled between the Colonial Government and the County Council, there is no prospect of fresh mining operations being undertaken. The Tairu district has not fulfilled the expectations formed of its auriferous character. Very large sums expended there in machinery have yielded little or no return upon the investment, and the district, for mining purposes, is well-nigh abandoned. In the Upper Thames country, however, the miners are obtaining good prospects and earning fair wages.

Mr. Robert Vaile has succeeded in forming a company for working the patent connected with his ingenious rotary engine, to which I have made reference on previous occasions. He has lately been engaged in inventing and perfecting a letter-cancelling and date-stamping machine, which has received the highest approval of the Inspector of Post-offices in New Zealand, and will prove an immense boon to the postal department in the saving of power, labour, and material.

The New Zealand Insurance Company held its half-yearly meeting the other day. The report showed that the business of the company is steadily progressing—the premiums being £7000 in excess of the corresponding period of 1875. The reinsurance fund now stands at £70,000, and the investment account at over a quarter of a million sterling. A dividend at the rate of 15 per cent. was declared, and a fair balance carried to the new account. This result is all the more gratifying from the fact that insurance business has of late suffered, there is reason to believe, from the practice of incendiarism, more especially in country districts, and the associated insurance companies have found it necessary to offer a standing reward for the detection and suppression of this class of social crime.

In commercial matters there is little activity, and a marked absence of a speculative spirit. Imports, exports, and revenue are alike on the decline, and there is little likelihood of the Government being able to make both ends meet, even with the reductions effected in departmental establishments, without recourse to additional taxation. The diminution of loan expenditure has sensibly affected trade, and, with other causes, has contributed towards the prevailing dulness. The source of the present stagnation is to some extent owing to the aggregation of a large proportion of the population in the cities on the seaboard of the colony, to the neglect of country settlement in the interior. The towns have hitherto flourished at the expense of the country, and the first touch of adversity shows that the prosperity of the colony is mainly dependent on one or two primary industries, the failure of any of which produces social distress. Our Waste Lands Board is waking up to the importance of this fact, and earnestly directing its attention to the settlement of the large tracts of territory now placed at its disposal.

The Grand Lodge of New Zealand North I.O.G.T. held its third annual session recently in Auckland. The annual report showed that the membership was a little over 4000, or three per cent. of the population. There had been a very prevalent opinion that the numerical strength of the Order was declining, but statistics revealed the fact that it was simply stationary. One of the principal subjects for discussion was the "Negro question," and on that head the Grand Lodge decided on casting in its lot with the British Grand Lodges, which were upholding the well-known principles of the Order in respect to race, nationality, and religion; and of severing its connection with the American organization presided over by Colonel Hickman, which had signally failed to do so. The Grand Lodge of New Zealand South, on the contrary, still adheres to the Right Worthy Grand Lodge, and this divided allegiance will occasion some inconvenience to visiting Good Templars from north to south and *vice versa*. With regard to the practical question of suppressing intemperance in the colony, the action taken during the session was of a very unimportant character, and but little effort is contemplated to influence public opinion, or the Colonial Legislature, beyond the diffusion of temperance literature. The Rev. Samuel Edger, one of our ablest and most philosophic divines, was unanimously elected Grand Worthy Chief Templar for the present year.

The All-England Eleven arrived via the south to-day, and received a hearty welcome from all classes. The city is crowded with visitors from the country, and the anniversary of the colony (the 29th) bids fair to be celebrated, owing to the magnificent weather we are enjoying, with an *eclat* hitherto unknown in the annals of the province.

LAW.

INSOLVENCY COURT.

MONDAY.

SURRENDERS.

George Black, of Blayney, hay and corn dealer. Causes of insolvency: Pressure of a judgment creditor and inability to work in consequence of an accident. Liabilities, £79 7s. Assets, £82 2s. 6d. Mr. Lyons, official assignee.

George Linsley, of Waterloo, fellmonger. Causes of insolvency: Want of employment and sickness in the family. Liabilities, £40 19s. Assets, £20. Deficiency, £20 19s. Mr. Sandeman, official assignee.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT.

MONDAY.

BEFORE Mr. District Court Judge WILKINSON.

CAUSES.

The cases on the list for this day, the first on which defended cases were heard, were simple in their character, and generally the claims were for very small amounts. The following cases were disposed of:—

CLORAN V. GALLAGHER.

A claim for rent. Verdict for defendant.

JONES V. HELMSLEY.

This was a disputed point as to whether some cornice poles in a house bought by the plaintiff were fixtures or not. His Honor reserved his decision.

ORPHIN V. WOODS.

Plaintiff sought to recover 6s. 6d. for goods sold and delivered. Verdict for defendant, for whom Mr. Bull appeared.

MARKS V. PICKERING.

Plaintiff claimed on account of repairs due to a watch. Verdict for plaintiff.

DIXON V. MADDEN.

Plaintiff claimed £25 1s. 2d. for goods sold and delivered. Defendant pleaded a set-off amounting to £26 4s. 8d., being £1 3s. 6d. in excess of the claim preferred by the plaintiff. There was considerable dispute as to particulars of both claim and set-off. His Honor gave a verdict for 10s. Mr. W. H. Pigott for plaintiff, and Mr. G. Merriman for defendant.

ORMSBY AND WIFE V. FIRTH.

Plaintiff claimed £2 2s. for two quarters tuition in music. Verdict for plaintiff in amount claimed, with two guineas costs. Mr. R. M. Forster for the plaintiff.

ADAMS V. GLITHEROW.

This was a claim for two weeks' rent, and for damage done to the premises in the shape of window glass. Verdict for plaintiff for rent only, namely, 14s, without costs. Mr. Bull for the plaintiff.

GRAHAM V. FREDERICKSON.

Claim for £1 15s. for rent, and 5s. for window glass. Verdict for plaintiff, 15s. Mr. Forster for defendant.

M'LEAN V. CASHMAN.

Plaintiff sued to recover for goods sold and delivered, viz., bread.

His Honor gave a verdict for defendant. Mr. Bull for plaintiff.

BURNS AND WIFE V. VINCENT AND WIFE.

The female plaintiff sued the female defendant to recover £5, for slander. The parties resided in Queen's-place. Verdict for defendants, without costs.

FONSER V. M'DONALD.

Plaintiff claimed £2 3s. 8d. for groceries sold and delivered. Defendant pleaded never indebted. Plaintiff was nonsuited, without costs. Mr. Bull for the plaintiff.

FENNELLY V. HARRIS.

Plaintiff sued for the hire of a carriage and saddle horses, £3. Defendant pleaded not indebted, and said that he had neither hired them nor given authority to hire. Plaintiff was nonsuited. Mr. C. S. Jones for the plaintiff, and Mr. Bull for the defendant.

CHASE V. SURBUT.

Plaintiff sued for £6 10s. 6d., £2 of which was for balance of contract for building work, and the remainder for extras done at the request of the defendant. His Honor gave a verdict for £1, with two witnesses' costs. Mr. C. S. Jones for plaintiff, and Mr. R. B. Smith for the defendant.

KEEP V. HAINS.

Plaintiff claimed £5 15s. for goods sold and delivered. Verdict for defendant. Mr. C. S. Jones for plaintiff, and Mr. W. Roberts for defendant.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS

MONDAY.

BEFORE Mr. District Court Judge DOWLING.

Mr. W. J. Foster prosecuted for the Crown.

SENTENCES.

Bridget Corrigan, convicted of unlawfully wounding, was sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment, with hard labour, in Maitland gaol.

Bartholomew Cummings, convicted of criminally assaulting a little girl, was brought up for sentence. His Honor said that he had been a Judge for twenty-six years, and during the whole of that time had never tried a more gross case than the present. Not only was the offence gross in itself, but it had been repeated several times; and it appeared that the same crime had been committed by prisoner on a still younger child, of the age of six years and nine months, the sister of the other, and in her presence. The recollection of that injury would never be effaced from their memory during their entire life, and they were not only wronged in body, but in mind. Prisoner had been most ably defended by Mr. Carroll, who had endeavoured, though unsuccessfully, to show that the offence was not so serious as that charged. If ever there was a case in which a criminal should be publicly whipped this was one, but his Honor had no power, under the present state of the law, to award that punishment. He mentioned, also, that a book which had recently been issued under the authority of the Attorney-General, and which purported to be a synopsis of the criminal law for the use of magistrates, had nearly led him astray with regard to the penalty for this offence. It was laid down there that it was competent to order the prisoner to serve portion of the sentence in irons. This was not correct, except in the case of transported felons; and if he (his Honor), without going to the fountain-head, had acted on the authority of that book, which was not sufficiently complete in its information, the sentence would have been illegal, and prisoner would have been at once discharged. The sentence of the Court was that prisoner be kept to hard labour on the roads or other public works of the colony for seven years.

POSTPONEMENTS.

Three cases—Mary Williams, Bridget Stanley, and Mary Ann Weeks, for stealing from the person—were postponed, owing to the absence of witnesses for the prosecution, until next Quarter Sessions, prisoners being bound over to appear then.

UNLAWFULLY WOUNDING.

Mary Bourke and Benny Bourke (mother and son) were charged with having, on the 18th December, unlawfully and maliciously assaulted and wounded one George Morrison. Another count charged the prisoners with inflicting grievous bodily harm. Mr. Carroll defended both prisoners. Prosecutor stated that on the day in question he went to the house to collect his rent from the prisoners, who refused to pay it, and then both violently assaulted him and knocked him down with an iron bar. Prosecutor admitted being slightly tipsy at the time, and that he refused to go away from the house until he was paid his rent, but said that he did not use any violence; took the iron bar from prisoners. Medical evidence was given as to the injuries, and other witnesses proved that a serious assault was committed. For the defence, a Mrs. Harkness was called to prove that the scuffle was commenced by prosecutor, who assaulted the male prisoner. Other evidence was called to the same effect that on this occasion prosecutor sought by force to prevent the male prisoner from coming into the house, and endeavoured to keep forcible possession of the premises. Mr. Carroll addressed the jury, urging that whatever assault had occurred had been committed by the prisoners in defending themselves against an illegal entry by the prosecutor on their premises. The Crown Prosecutor replied, and his Honor summed up. The jury, after a short retirement, found the prisoners guilty of common assault. The female prisoner was sentenced to two months', and the male prisoner to four months' imprisonment, both in Darlinghurst gaol.

This case concluded the sessions.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT.

MONDAY.

BEFORE Messrs. Hunt, Palmer, Spence, Harris, and M'Lean.

Thirty-three persons were apprehended for drunkenness during the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m. of Sunday, and eighteen during the day and until 6 a.m. on Monday.

Frederick Freeman and Henry Navin were fined 10s. each, and Chow Chow and James Dunn 20s. each, for riotous behaviour.

Grace Norman and Felina Curtis were convicted on their own confession of being habitual drunkards, and were sentenced to be imprisoned one month.

Several persons charged with using obscene language were sentenced as follows:—David Coyle and William Shaw to pay 10s. each, or to be imprisoned four days; John O'Brien, William Hayes, and Cornelius Byrom, 20s. each, or to be imprisoned seven days; Ann Hyatt to pay 40s., or to be imprisoned fourteen days.

John Giles and Richard Bartlett, found guilty of having in public places offended against decency, were each sentenced to pay 20s., or to be imprisoned seven days.

George Doherty was charged with having assaulted constable Flynn, who apprehended him for drunkenness, and with having wilfully destroyed his uniform jumper, and pleaded guilty to both charges. For the first he was sentenced to pay a penalty of 20s., or to be imprisoned seven days; and for the second to pay 30s. 3d. damages, or to be imprisoned seven days.

Charles Kingwell was charged by his wife with having threatened that he would cut her heart out, and, being afraid, she prayed for protection. Ordered to enter into a recognizance with two sureties in £10 to keep the peace six months, or in default, to be imprisoned one month.

James Frampton was charged with unlawfully wounding. Louisa Frampton deposed that, about 1 o'clock on Sunday week, the prisoner herself, and four children were at dinner; he had been drinking since the Friday previous, but was not then drunk; he had been abusive in the forenoon, but had not threatened her; he left the table and returned carrying a hammer; she was still cutting meat for the children's dinner, when she received a blow on the head which stunned her for a short time, but she remembered being led out into a neighbour's house; her head was wounded, and bled considerably; Dr. Watson attended upon her. Charles R. Watson deposed that he is a legally qualified medical practitioner, residing at Newtown; yesterday week he was called in to attend Mrs. Frampton, at the station-house, and found her suffering from a slightly lacerated angular wound on the right side of her head, just above the forehead, of about an inch and a half in length and penetrating to the bone; it was such a blow as might have been inflicted with the hammer produced; she is now out of danger. Committed for trial at the Central Criminal Court, bail allowed.

John M'Call was charged with stealing from the person. Thomas Watson deposed that on Sunday morning he arrived in Sydney from Newcastle on his way to Melbourne, and came on shore; at the corner of Market-street and York-street, between 10 and 11 o'clock last night, he was surrounded by four or five men, one of whom, the prisoner, put his hand into his pocket and took thence his purse, in which he had five half-sovereigns, and ran away; witness called out for the police. Constable Terry deposed that about 11 o'clock last night, being on duty in York-street, he heard a call for police, and saw the prisoner running; he was stopped near King-street, where witness took him into custody. Committed for trial at the Quarter Sessions.

John Ryan was summarily convicted of having stolen a pair of boots, valued at 7s. 6d., the property of John M'Carthy, of George-street, and was sentenced to pay a penalty of 16s., or to be imprisoned seven days.

Henry Williams (24), William Webb (19), and George Tansley (21), were charged with assault and robbery. Constable Scott apprehended Webb about half-past 8 o'clock yesterday morning, and on searching him found three £1-notes. Constable Havens apprehended Williams about 9 o'clock. Constable Quin apprehended Tansley about 10 o'clock yesterday morning, and on searching him found one £1-note, one sovereign, and two half-sovereigns. John White, of Clarence-street, labourer, deposed that he was with the prisoner Tansley at Harris's public-house, Market-street, from about half-past until 8 o'clock yesterday morning, and they left together; he could not say whether the other prisoners were there also—he was drunk; soon after leaving Harris's some man put his arm round his neck and threw him down, when a second took hold of his feet, and a third put his hand into his trousers pocket and took out his purse, in which he had seven £1-notes, one sovereign, and two half-sovereigns; they then ran away, and as he rose to his feet he saw the three prisoners rush into a public-house at the corner of Market and Sussex streets; they soon afterwards came out, and he asked them to give him back half of what they had taken from him; they laughed at him; all the prisoners were known to him; believed it was Tansley who took his purse, but could not say who laid hands upon him; a number of persons were about; one of the notes produced by the police he identified as one of those he had in his purse. Matilda Eddington deposed that she resides at Hickey's public-house, Kent-street and Market-street; about 8 o'clock on Sunday morning, she heard a noise as of men disputing in the street and looked out of the window; she saw prosecutor crossing the street, followed by a man who wanted to fight, which prosecutor refused; she saw the three prisoners follow White; Williams put his arm round his neck and threw him down backwards, Webb took hold of and held his legs, and Tansley took from his pocket a purse; the three went away, and she heard prosecutor call after them, "I know you all;" she told Mr. Hickey what she had seen. The prisoners were remanded until Wednesday.

Before Messrs. Alexander, Spence, Mills, and R. C. Murray.

On the summons paper were twenty-one cases. John Shady was found guilty of having assaulted Frederick Lee, and was sentenced to pay a penalty of 20s. In Newman v. Newman, a proceeding under the Deserted Wives' Act, an order was made for payment of 12s. 6d. a week; and in Bowers v. Byrne, affiliation, an order was made for payment of 10s. a week. Alfred Margetts was found guilty of having used words calculated to provoke Julia Marinan to commit a breach of the peace, and was fined 10s.

WATER POLICE COURT.

MONDAY.

BEFORE Messrs. Curran, Marks, Gray, Goodridge, and Bredribb.

Seven persons were fined for drunkenness. George F. Day, James Gorman, Adam Watt, James Stewart, and George Glover were fined 10s. each for having been drunk and disorderly.

John Stewart was fined 10s., or four days' gaol, for having made use of obscene language in Argyle-street.

William Watson, arrested by constable Sobye, was fined 10s., or four days' gaol, for having been drunk and disorderly in George-street; 40s. or fourteen days' gaol, for having assaulted the constable; and, for having damaged the constable's uniform, he was ordered to pay the sum of 18s. 3d., or be in prison seven days.

William Benfield, aged 19, shoemaker, was fined 10s., or four days' gaol, for riotous behaviour in the Domain.

Albert Maralas, aged 16, carpenter, was fined 10s., or four days' gaol, for having furiously ridden a horse in Oxford-street.

Thomas Jones was sentenced to fourteen days' imprisonment for having been found illegally on certain premises.

William Dignell, brought up by constable Robins on the charge of having a bullock's hide in his possession for which he could not satisfactorily account, was sentenced to one month's imprisonment, with hard labour.

Edward Powell, brought up on warrant for the desertion of an illegitimate child, born of one Bridget Connelly, consented to an order for the payment of 7s. 6d. per week for twelve months.

Sarah Harris was charged with having broken and entered the house of Michael Elwin, and stolen therefrom two combs and one earring, value 1s. 6d. A little girl, named Eliza Jennings, stated that on Sunday night, the 28th ultimo, shortly before 9 o'clock, she saw the prisoner put her hand in by one of the windows of prosecutor's house, and take the combs and earring out of a basket that was lying just inside the window. Prisoner was arrested by constable M'Innes. The Bench committed her to take her trial at the next Court of Quarter Sessions.

James Quinn, seaman, was sentenced to two weeks' imprisonment, for having deserted from the ship Nyassa.

SUMMONS CASES.—Mrs. Burnett and Richard May were, respectively, charged under the Tenement Act with having neglected to leave premises of which they were in occupation after receiving due notice, and warrants for their ejection were ordered to be issued. Their Worships (the Water Police Magistrate and Messrs. Charlton and Manning) gave their decision in the case of sub-inspector Anderson v. Frederick Bonfield, in which the defendant was charged with having sold spirituous liquor without a license, in the Criterion Hotel, corner of King and York streets. The evidence for the prosecution showed that a license for the house in question was held by a Mrs. Bell, who had purchased from the former occupant, Thomas Haslam, for £650. The money was not paid, but Mrs. Bell expected to be able to complete the purchase in a few days with the help of money coming from England. As security she gave a bill of sale to one Peters, to whom Haslam was indebted, and also gave up her license to Haslam as a collateral security. Things not turning out to her liking, she cancelled an order which she had made on the Union Bank for the payment of the money she was expecting from England. The defendant, Bonfield, then took possession of the premises on behalf of Peters, under the bill of sale, and commenced to sell liquor, selling not only that which was already in the house but some, also, which he himself had brought in. Arrangements were made for procuring a transfer of the license from Mrs. Bell to Bonfield, and a form of transfer signed by Mrs. Bell was produced. Mrs. Bell, however, denied having consented to any transfer, and repudiated the document produced, alleging that though the signature was hers, she did not know what the instrument contained. She remembered having signed some blank forms which Haslam brought to her, but she took them to be necessary to the completion of the transfer to herself. Haslam swore at first that the transfer form was filled in when Mrs. Bell signed it, but afterwards on cross-examination he said that it only contained the formal printing matter. Mrs. Bell had also sworn that an order for the lodgment of her license with Haslam as collateral security was also signed in blank, but this was denied by Haslam. After all, there was nothing to show that the license had been legally transferred to any one. It still, therefore, remained with Mrs. Bell, who alone had the right to sell under it. She stated distinctly that Bonfield was not selling for her, but that he, in fact, was selling entirely against her consent. An attempt was made by the counsel for the defence to show that Bonfield was selling for Mrs. Bell as well as for Peters, inasmuch as he would have accounted to her for any amount that he received over the £650 necessary to satisfy the bill of sale. The Bench found the charge proved, and ordered the defendant to pay a fine of £30, with the alternative of one month's imprisonment. Mr. W. Olliver appeared for the prosecution; Mr. Want instructed by Mr. Newton, appeared for the defendant.

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ARRIVAL OF THE ENGLISH MAIL, VIA SUEZ.

The P. and O. branch steamer China, Captain Almond, arrived in Port Jackson shortly before midnight on Sunday. She brings London journals to the 22nd December, those by way of San Francisco being to the 14th. From the *Home News* and other journals to the above date we extract the items of news during the eight days' interval. Our letter from Berlin will be found to contain a general view of the political situation in Europe :—

WAR MATERIAL FOR RUSSIA AND TURKEY.

Both Russia and Turkey have for some time past been sending large orders for small arms and cartridges to America. A supply of Colt's rifle machinery has been sent to Russia, and is turning out large numbers of rifles for the use of the Russian army. The number already manufactured in Russia by machinery purchased by General Gorloff from Colt's Rifle Company is estimated at 3,000,000. Russia has also during the past year imported from another American firm 100,000 pistols. There has likewise been perfected in America what is now called the Russian cartridge, 20,000,000 of which have been made in Bridge Port, Connecticut. Cartridge machinery has also been sent from America to Russia, and 400,000 cartridges are being manufactured daily at St. Petersburg and Moscow. The Turkish Government has entered into a contract with the Rhode Island Company for the supply of 800,000 Martini-Henry rifles, of which 250,000 have already been shipped; 100,000 more are ready for export, and materials for another 100,000 are on hand at the works.

MIDHAT PASHA, THE REFORMER.

An important event has taken place in Constantinople. "Young Turkey," the party which is supposed to be penetrated by views of European Liberalism and enlightenment, has won a conspicuous victory. Mehemet Rushdi, the Grand Vizier, who opposed all reforms, has been dismissed, and Midhat Pasha, the head of the new Ottoman school, reigns in his stead. The significance of the change does not end here. Midhat Pasha is a reformer, but he also believes, like a patriotic Moslem, that Turkey is fully equal to the task of reforming herself and that foreign interference is an indignity she is not called to brook. Now it is difficult to believe that the promotion of Midhat Pasha to the highest place in the Sultan's Government does not, or may not, indicate a determination on the part of the Porte to meet the proposal of the English plenipotentiaries with the Charter of Constitutional Reforms—which, if their constitution was guaranteed, would be tantamount to an entire revolution in the system of Turkish administration—that the new Grand Vizier has drawn up. It must further be remembered that while the military spirit in Russia seems somewhat to have subsided—as it may be thought is shown by Russia's consenting to forego a Muscovite occupation of Bulgaria—it is decidedly rising throughout Turkey, and that the Mussulman may prove even more difficult to control than the Panslavist enthusiasm of Russia.

THE JEWS IN TURKEY.

An interesting conference of Israelites has been held in Paris for the purpose of considering the condition of the Jews in Turkey, and of addressing a memorial to the Sultan on the subject of their grievances, as well as to the plenipotentiaries of the European Governments at Constantinople, praying that their rights and liberties may receive the same protection as those of Christians. Baron H. De Worms, who is the author of two very useful works on the Eastern Question, and M. de Loewy represented the English Jews. Altogether there were about 100 Hebrew delegates in Paris, and the conference is regarded as remarkable, not only in itself, but because it is said to be the first outcome of a new national organization among the Jews in all parts of the world, one of the ultimate objects of which is the recovery of the Holy Land.

THE EMPEROR OF RUSSIA AND BULGARIA.

The Emperor of Russia, according to a telegram in the *Nationale Zeitung*, has given Lord Augustus Loftus, her Majesty's Ambassador at St. Petersburg, an explicit assurance that, should armed occupation of Bulgaria prove indispensable, the Russian troops shall be wholly withdrawn as soon as the object of the occupation is attained. Russian newspapers mention three years as the time, for which occupation is contemplated.

CONSPIRACY AGAINST THE SULTAN.

A conspiracy has been discovered at Constantinople to carry off the ex-Sultan Murad V. and take him to Odessa. Four persons implicated in it have been arrested. Two of them are Turks, the third is a Pole, and the fourth a Greek, formerly assistant dragoman at the British Embassy. Two Montenegrins who had formed a plot to assassinate Midhat Pasha have been arrested at that Minister's residence.

RUSSIA IN PERSIA.

The tribe of Achal Teke are reported to have committed such serious depredations upon all the neighbouring tribes ever since they became vassals of the Shah of Persia that their victims have begun to call for Russian help to protect them from their troublesome neighbours. The Russians have still an old score to settle with the Achal Teke, Russian newspapers observe, for in the Khivan war the Achal Teke, though inhabiting Russian territory, fought against Russia on the side of the Khivans.

A BONAPARTIST ELECTORAL VICTORY.

La Patrie of December 19 says:—"The election of a senator for the Tarn-et-Garonne has answered our expectations. The Conservative candidate, M. Delbreil, the Mayor of Montauban, has been elected by 149 votes as against 94 obtained by M. Rous, the Republican candidate. In the general election of the 30th January, M. Delbreil's predecessor, the late M. de Limairac, was not elected till the second or third ballot, and obtained only 120 votes as against 79 given to M. Rous. On last Sunday the union of all fractions of the Conservative party rendered one ballot sufficient. The characteristic increase of the majority in favour of the non-Republican candidate is a continuation of the demonstration begun by the recent senatorial election in the Doubs. The longer the Republican experiment is continued the more does it lose credit with the sound, intelligent, and well-to-do portion of the electoral body. The more pronounced the Republic becomes at Paris, the more ground it loses in the Departments. . . . . In presence of demonstrations such as those which took place at Mdlle. Raspail's civil burial, how can the provinces fail to ask whither Radicalism wants to lead them?"

NEW GUINEA.

A large and important Blue Book, with reference to the annexation of part of New Guinea by the British Government, has been published. Several deputations have waited on Lord Carnarvon to urge an immediate annexation so as to anticipate, as we have done in Fiji, the intrusion of any foreign Power. The Blue Book is very informatory, and most of the opinions of colonial Governors which it incorporates recommend annexation, though in cautious and guarded terms. But it is evident from the tenor of Lord Carnarvon's letter that he does not intend that his hand shall be forced, and that his policy will be one of wise deliberation. It is rumoured that a little irritation has been caused at the Colonial Office by the indiscreet urgency of some gentlemen who have attended on deputations with reference to this question, and it is not a matter of rumour, but of certainty, that Mr. Armit's wild scheme, which Lord Carnarvon has emphatically condemned, has only had the effect of retarding what must, and ought to, come, sooner or later, in the interest of the whole Empire, of Australia, and of commerce—namely, the occupation of certain tracts of Papua.

GREAT FIRE IN PARIS.

Late on Thursday night, December 21, a fire was discovered in the densely-populated Parisian quarter of St. Denis, and it soon assumed terrific proportions. It broke out about 8 o'clock in a bandbox factory, in the Rue Martel, and quickly spread to the adjoining houses. The flames shooting high into the air lighted up the whole of the city, and in a short time hundreds of thousands of persons gathered round the spot. All the fire-engines of Paris were soon in attendance, and the military were called out to keep order and protect life and property. Throughout the quarter there is a report that seven lives have already been lost, but in the midst of the confusion and alarm it was impossible to verify the rumour.

SERIOUS RAILWAY ACCIDENT IN FRANCE.

One accident follows another with startling rapidity on the Lyons and Mediterranean Railway. Scarcely had the company contradicted a sensational report that twenty surgeons went from Paris on Saturday, December 16, to attend to the victims of an accident at Montereau, where in point of fact only an engineer and a stoker were hurt, than the company is fain to admit a calamity of far greater proportions. The line being for many hours blocked up by the Montereau accident, the company, to hasten communications with Italy, ordered an extra special train, and the arrangements were so badly made that between Aix and Chatillon, where there is a single line, one train ran right into another. Eight people were killed and fifteen injured. In the list of persons killed appears the name of "Naphen," of London, besides another Englishman, name unknown. Among the injured are Mr. Sterval, of London, Mr. Hum, of Scotland, and Mr. Torrey, an American. The other victims are Frenchmen or Italians. Six of the company's servants were killed.

SHOCKING COLLIERY ACCIDENT.

On Monday, 18th December, a fatal colliery explosion occurred at the South Wales Colliery Company's pit at Abertillery, near Cardiff, which, it is believed, has resulted in the deaths of twenty of the colliers, and the serious injury of several others. A number of horses were also in the pit. The density of the atmosphere which prevailed was peculiarly favourable to the generation of explosive gas in collieries, but the Abertillery pit of the South Wales Colliery Company was considered to be a safe one, for it had been ventilated in the most approved manner, regardless of cost, so as to secure the greatest possible safety to the operatives. The news of the explosion soon spread through the surrounding district, and crowds flocked to the scene of the disaster and assembled at the pit's mouth. Foremost amongst them were the relatives of the men confined in the workings. Mr. John Jones, the manager, immediately he heard of the catastrophe, descended the shaft at the head of a band of volunteers. The first evidence of an explosion was the manner in which the doors and brattice cloths had been blown down; next, two dead horses lay across the main roadway, and soon afterwards the remains of the dead men were discovered at the entrance to one of the stalls. William Goodwin and his son worked at the exact spot where the explosion occurred, and both were found dead together. Colonel Heyworth, on his arrival, descended the pit to ascertain the extent of the damage. He ascertained that, notwithstanding the heavy loss of life, a few pounds would cover the amount of the damage done. Gas was discovered in one of the main headings. Mrs. Heyworth visited the injured at their homes, and gave orders that every want was to be supplied. Mr. Cadman, the Government Inspector, has visited the colliery, and made a careful examination of the works. About 20 years have elapsed since an explosion of a fatal character has occurred at this colliery.

THE SEIZURE OF MR. ROSE BY BRIGANDS.

According to details just published of the treatment experienced by Mr. John Rose by the brigands, it appears that, after being seized by them, he had to ride for sixteen hours on horseback. His horse being at last exhausted, it had to be abandoned. They arrived at a cave on the morning of the 5th instant, and remained there seven days, being abundantly supplied with provisions. On the eighth night the brigands, knowing that they were pursued by an armed force, abandoned the cave and remained on the march all night; the same thing occurred every subsequent night until the captive was released. From morning until midday they remained stationary in a wood, supporting themselves on poor fare, consisting of bread, cheese, and wine. In the afternoon the brigands, knowing that the troops were reposing, made prudent exploring excursions. Mr. Rose never undressed from the time of his capture until his release. He was set at liberty near the Sciarra railway-station, and the brigands gave him a mantle and a cap, with a third-class passenger ticket. It is rumoured that he has paid 100,000 francs (£5000) as ransom to the brigands.

MURDER AT PIMLICO.

A particularly cold-blooded murder was committed in Stanley-street, Pimlico, on Saturday, December 16. A young man named Treadaway called on a respectable couple named Collins, was hospitably and kindly entertained, was offered breakfast, and partook of dinner, and, in return, shot his host when Mrs. Collins was out of the room, and endeavoured to batter the head of his hostess against the pavement. He fled, was in vain pursued a little distance, and was apprehended the next day at Isleworth, near Richmond. An inquest was held, at which the proceedings were conducted, as indeed there was no excuse for them not being conducted, with great expedition, and a verdict against Treadaway of wilful murder was brought in. The young assassin—he is only 21—was or had been paying his addresses to Mr. Collins's niece. Whether he shot his victim in the course of an angry conversation on the subject of his sweetheart, or deliberately murdered him for the sake of robbery, is not yet known.

THE MURDER IN THE TYROL.

The Austrian demand for the extradition of Henri Dieudonné Pierrau de Tourville, on the charge of murdering his second wife, Madeleine de Tourville, on the 16th July last, on the Stelvio Pass, was granted by Mr. Vaughan, at the Bow-street Police Court. In his very able summary of the evidence adduced, Mr. Vaughan remarked on the suspicious circumstance that the prisoner's own different accounts of the affair, under different circumstances, had been wholly irreconcilable. On the day of his wife's death, when, after dismissing the carriage and being left alone for two hours with his wife, he returned to Trafoi without her, he simply stated that his wife was not well, and ordered some men to go in search of her; and so little excitement did he show, that it was inferred by every one that nothing serious had happened. He said, in answer to the landlady, that she was so capricious that she had insisted on walking, and having turned her foot on a stone, had had a fall. But he did not say she was severely hurt, and made no haste to return to her. He gave quite another account to Mr. Wilding—that she had had a bad fall, and received a serious wound on the temple; and again, later, he said she had committed suicide, and accounted for it as being due to her dread of an examination before the Divorce Court, from which he intimated that her character would suffer—a statement entirely unsupported by any evidence. The appearances on the body indicated that it had been dragged some distance, and there was blood on the prisoner's hand when he returned to Trafoi, for which he accounted by saying that it was caused by a stone, though there was no wound to explain it. Again, the medical evidence tended to show that the injuries on the body were not such as would be caused by a fall. Mr. Vaughan therefore committed the prisoner for trial in Austria, ordering him to be kept for fifteen days previously in the House of Detention, during which time he could move for a writ of habeas corpus, if he thought proper to do so.

MURDER OF TWO CONSTABLES BY POACHERS.

On the turnpike road, within a mile of Hungerford, Inspector Dreweatt and police constable Shorter, of the Berks police force, were brutally murdered by, it is believed, a gang of poachers, who lay in wait for their victims, and suddenly attacked them before they had time to defend themselves, their staves being found still in their pockets when their lifeless bodies were discovered. The shocking tragedy was brought to light at about 11 o'clock at night, when police constable Golby was walking along the turnpike road leading from Hungerford towards Shefford. When approaching the Denford toll bar he saw something in the road, and, having struck a light, found it was the body of one of his fellow-constables lying face downwards in a pool of blood, with portions of skull and brain scattered about the road. Golby hastened back, and on his way aroused the turnpike-keeper and told him what had occurred, at the same time asking him to notice if any one came through the gate while he (Golby) went into the town. Golby then got a cart and returned with a man named Clifford, and ascertained from the turnpike-keeper that two well-known poachers, named William Day and William Tidbury, had passed through the gate a few minutes after he had started back for Hungerford, and that they seemed to be in an agitated state. Shorter's body was taken to Hungerford, and Golby, having met police-constable Brown, of Kintbury, the two went in search of the inspector, fearing he had met a similar fate, as nothing had been seen of him for some hours. They walked on further up the road, and having gone a short distance up Denford-lane they were horrified to find the lifeless body of their inspector lying face downwards on the ground with his skull also battered in and his brains protruding. His cap was lying close by, but Shorter's helmet was found at some distance off, having been thrown over a hedge. Under Shorter's body was found the broken lock of a gun. There was no signs in the road or in the lane of any struggle, and it is therefore likely that the villains must have come suddenly through the edge from the adjoining fields and first killed the inspector. Shorter must have been in the act of running towards Hungerford when he was overtaken and murdered also. Superintendent Bennett drove from Newbury early next morning, and the two men mentioned above, Day and Tidbury, with two of Tidbury's brothers, Francis Tidbury and Henry Tidbury, all notorious poachers, were apprehended, and the clothes they had on were found to be more or less stained with blood marks. They lived at Eddington, a suburb of Hungerford, between the town and the place where the murders were committed. In the afternoon the four men were brought before Mr. Lovelock Coxe, at the Hungerford Police Station, and formally remanded. An inquest on the bodies of the murdered officers was opened at the John o'Gaunt Hotel, and Superintendent Bennett explained that Denford Bar was a spot at which the police were in the habit of meeting on their beats. Golby also gave evidence as to the finding of the bodies of his comrades, and at that stage Colonel Blandy, chief constable, applied for an adjournment of the inquiry, and the application was of course granted. The inspector and constable were both good tempered, well-conducted officers, and the former had been in the Berks police many years. They were married men with families. Shorter was stationed at the village of Shefford, a few miles distant. Day, who is believed to be ringleader of the gang, is father-in-law to one of the Tidburys.

FIRES IN THEATRES.

The following memorandum has been issued from the Lord Chamberlain's office, dated December 21:

"The recent tragedy in the Brooklyn Theatre, at New York, has most properly turned public attention to the state of the London theatres with regard to the means of exit in case of an alarm of fire, and of preventing such panics as that which was the cause of so many lives being lost on that occasion. The Lord Chamberlain, in February last, communicated in writing to the managers the rules under which his licenses were granted, and he took the opportunity of impressing upon them the very serious responsibility under which they must personally be held with regard to the safety of the public in case of fire or panic arising from a well-grounded alarm, and the consequent importance to them of carrying out, by every means in their power, the regulations for providing abundant facilities of egress from the theatre in such a contingency. These rules were intended to apply to all possible exigencies, and the circular called particular attention to the absolute necessity of the following first four rules being attended to, viz.—1. All doors and barriers to open outwards, or to be fixed back during the time when the public are within the theatre. 2. All gangways, passages, and staircases intended for the exit of the audience to be kept entirely free from obstructions, whether permanent or temporary. 3. No part of the auditorium to be without, at least, two means of exit, in case of need. 4. All doors not habitually used for exit, but available as additional means of escape in case of alarm, to be indicated by printed placards in plain characters. The Lord Chamberlain regrets that many complaints have reached him of extra chairs and seats being still placed in the gangways, a practice not only inconvenient to individuals, but extremely dangerous in case of an alarm of fire. He therefore gives notice that he has desired to be specially informed from time to time, and particularly during the Christmas holidays, whether this practice is continued, and if any flagrant case is detected of the rules being evaded, he will assuredly at once put in force the powers given him under the 6th and 7th Victoria, cap. 68, and will, moreover, refuse a license in future to any manager who has thus wilfully put in jeopardy the safety of the public. There are, of course, many other precautions that might be adopted by any intelligent manager according to the capabilities of his theatre, but so many practical suggestions have been made, or promised to be carried out, during the annual official inspections of the theatres, that it is unnecessary for the Lord Chamberlain to refer to them; and he confidently leaves it to each manager to do his best to guard against accidents of all kinds, and especially against the consequences of such panics as may be liable to occur at any time, without any reasonable cause, and without any blame to the management of the theatre, from a mere act of malice, mischief, or folly on the part of some one present."

NEW GUINEA.

A large and important Blue Book, with reference to the annexation of part of New Guinea by the British Government, has been published. Several deputations have waited on Lord Carnarvon to urge an immediate annexation so as to anticipate, as we have done in Fiji, the intrusion of any foreign Power. The Blue Book is very informatory, and most of the opinions of colonial Governors which it incorporates recommend annexation, though in cautious and guarded terms. But it is evident from the tenor of Lord Carnarvon's letter that he does not intend that his hand shall be forced, and that his policy will be one of wise deliberation. It is rumoured that a little irritation has been caused at the Colonial Office by the indiscreet urgency of some gentlemen who have attended on deputations with reference to this question, and it is not a matter of rumour, but of certainty, that Mr. Armit's wild scheme, which Lord Carnarvon has emphatically condemned, has only had the effect of retarding what must, and ought to come, sooner or later, in the interest of the whole Empire, of Australia, and of commerce—namely, the occupation of certain tracts of Papua.

CANAL ACROSS THE ISTHMUS OF DARIEN.

Washington, December 31.—A Commission has been appointed by the President to examine the various surveys and report upon the most feasible route for an inter-oceanic ship canal across the Isthmus of Darien. There is reason to believe that work on this great improvement, the connecting of the Atlantic and Pacific, will be commenced within two years. The Clayton-Bulwer Treaty of July 5, 1850, between the United States and Great Britain, guaranteeing the neutrality of this work, provides that friendly Powers shall be invited to participate with our Government and that of Great Britain in its construction, as the commerce of the entire world is interested in it. The Department of State is now in correspondence with various friendly Powers preparatory to the negotiations of treaties with them similar to the above-mentioned Clayton-Bulwer Treaty. The cost of the transcontinental ship canal, by the Nicaragua route, which has been selected, will be about one hundred million dollars, and ten years at least will be required to complete the work, hence it must be under Government control, as the great outlay of capital required for its construction, and the length of time before any profits can be realized, present too great difficulties in the way of of its construction by private enterprise. Should foreign Powers, however, co-operate with the United States in the prosecution of this work, the Governments participating would become stockholders in it to the extent of their outlay of capital, and the management of the canal, when completed, will be by an international commission, the members of which will represent the respective Governments having capital invested in the work.

New York, January 2—Morning.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: President Grant, speaking of the Nicaragua ship canal, says he has always been greatly interested in the opening of navigation across the Isthmus, and that he has now no doubt as to its entire feasibility. He says he is personally familiar with the Nicaraguan route, and can himself testify to its practicability; that he crossed the Isthmus at that point some years ago on his way to join his command in California; that the level of the lake is not more than one hundred and fifty-seven feet above the tide on the Atlantic side, and that the length of the canal requiring excavations is not more than sixty-one miles, while there will be slackwater navigation by means of dams on the San Juan River from the mouth of the San Carlos to Lake Nicaragua, a distance of about sixty-three miles, and lake navigation for less than sixty miles, to Virgin Bay, and a continuance of canal thence through the beautiful valleys or Rio Del Medio and Rio Grande to Brito. In a recent conversation, the President alluded to the other routes, over which careful instrumental surveys had also been made, and each of which possessed some advantages. None, he said, had as many advantages as the Nicaraguan route. He said the United States for more than half a century has had an absorbing interest in an inter-oceanic canal across the Isthmus. We have finally been able to prove the practicability of the work at most favourable points, and he felt confident in saying the people of this great Republic will be eager to do whatever is proper to aid in its consummation in accordance with the broadest principles of common benefit to all nations and to all people. It will make the products of British Columbia and of Central America doubly valuable, and it will bring the wheat products of California more directly and competively into British markets, thus cheapening and giving stability to the price of breadstuffs, which will be an incalculable advantage for the masses of the people of a manufacturing and commercial country. In regard to the financial question to be considered in connection with the project, the President said that the vast productions of California alone would afford a handsome revenue. So far as the Pacific railroads are concerned, Grant thinks they will be in favour of the construction of the canal, for the increased population which will go to the Pacific coast will greatly multiply their trade.

THE WRECK OF THE CIRCASSIAN ON LONG ISLAND SOUND.

New York, December 31.—The wreck of the ship Circassian is the most disastrous that has occurred on the Long Island coast since the wreck of the John Milton fifteen years ago. The Milton ran ashore in a blinding snowstorm, and thirty persons were lost, the crew being frozen stiff in the rigging, with their arms standing straight out in front of them. The men on board the Circassian had finished, on Friday night, all necessary preliminaries for attaching a hawser with which she was to be drawn off. During the early hours of the night the wind freshened a little, and the sea began to run very high, until, at about 6 o'clock, it began to break clean over her. The men, apprehending danger, went into the fore rigging, where they were ordered for greater safety. All on board, thirty-two souls, all told, remained thus exposed until early in the morning, when it was deemed advisable to shift quarters, as the falling of the top hamper, caused by the rolling of the vessel, made it difficult to hold on. The crew were safely transferred to the mizenmast, where signals of distress were shown. It was an awful suspense to the poor fellows, lashed to the mast and yards of the ship, as they saw attempt after attempt made to establish communication with them fail, and each failure seemed to measure their purchase upon life. Every effort to get a boat off shore proved futile. Captain Henry Hunting, of Life Saving Station No. 10, now brought a mortar into service, and several balls with rope attached were thrown out to the ship. Only one of the cords reached the ship; its hold was not very secure and it presently fell off, and the slender thread upon which the thirty-two human lives depended was snapped for ever. The stationmen, all the while these endeavours were being made, could see men in the rigging quite plainly and heard their cries for help. Many of the weather-beaten heroes on shore, who had been wrecking vessels and saving lives since boyhood, were moved to tears by the piteous importunities of the wrecked men off shore. The energy of their efforts to save mitigated the suspense they would otherwise have felt during the early hours; but when the last charge was shot off and nothing else possible to human effort or bravery remained to be done, they became unmanned, and many of them wept. The nervous excitement and sudden inactivity utterly incapacitated them for any duty. They could not leave the spot, and it only remained for them to remain inactive, and see their fellows perish before their eyes. To leave the beach would only add to the terrors of the death that stared its victims in the face, and to remain inactive would probably give cause for unjust reproach from the poor, helpless waiters on the wreck. Captain Hunting and his men remained and tried to answer calls from the wreck, but nothing that was said on shore was heard on the ship, on account of the direction of the wind. In terror and suspense the night wore on, the wind having veered around in the meantime to west south-west. During the early part of the night, before the men went into the rigging, the cables were slacked, but the ship moved only a short distance, and continued through the night to strike bottom. Every time she struck the men thought she would lose her mast, to which they had lashed themselves. While conscious of great danger and the utter impossibility of saving themselves if the mast should go by the board, it being of iron, they were unable to slacken the lashings. Some of them, with more self-possession than others, had taken this contingency into their calculation, and had not securely lashed themselves, and among those were the only four saved from the wreck.

At half-past 4 a.m. the long-dreaded crisis came, and the mizzenmast went by the board with a crash, carrying the mainmast with it. A tremendous swell had struck their caisson aft, and raised her very high; when it receded she thumped heavily, and the terrific jar threw the masts over the side; the masts being of iron went to the bottom, carrying with them twenty-eight souls.

The Custom-house officer detailed to superintend the landing of the cargo, in his description of the scene, says:—"The ship was lying about six hundred feet off shore. Amid the howling of the tempest and the roar of the waves, there were borne to our ears the voices of the poor fellows in the rigging, singing hymns and praying in chorus to God. There was hardly a dry eye on shore among us as we heard the thrilling and supreme calls made to God. Among those on the wreck were ten Shinnecock Indians, who as a rule are very good men. During this agonizing scene, which lasted for hours, we heard these men praying. The beach was lined with hundreds of people, many of them women, sobbing piteously. Some of them were wives of the doomed men."

THE PROCLAMATION OF VICTORIA AS "EMPRESS OF INDIA."

(From the Correspondent of the Times, of India.)

Delhi, January 1.—To-day the Queen of England was proclaimed Empress of India. The history of India before newspapers were invented is somewhat dim in regard to the particulars of the great pageants which have often been held at the old capital of the Moguls, but it would be difficult for even an Oriental mind to imagine a scene of such grandeur and splendour as that witnessed from the Imperial dais this morning. It is doubtful whether any country or any age has ever known so magnificent a spectacle. The Imperial dais itself and the stands which surrounded it are gorgeous to an extreme. Dais is hardly the word for it. It is a throne standing on a hexagonal pedestal beneath a canopy which is surrounded by an Imperial crown. The canopy is of rich silk and satin, the pattern being a huge "Star of India" in gold on a crimson ground. The "flow," so to speak, of this brilliantly coloured cover was relieved by a cornice half-way down with silver cresting. This cornice has a border of crowns and festoons. The lower cornice is of fine Delhi embroidery, the design being rose, shamrock, thistle, and lotus. From this depends a valence composed of the royal arms of England, "pulled to pieces" so to speak. The harp of Erin, gold on green, was there, as were also the lion rampant of Scotland, red on white, and the three lions couchant of Wales, gold on red. At each angle of the hexagonal canopy were Union Jacks draped. The interior of the covering is a ceiling of white satin. The poles which support this gorgeous canopy were of iron gilded. The base or pedestal was moulded, the smaller panels being filled on some occasions with the imperial crown on a ground of profuse foliage, and with an imperial crown and the initials V. I. for Victoria, India. In the adjoining panels the royal arms were repeated—this time in their integrity. There was a gilt railing round the pedestal, on which again appeared the imperial crown, and above on the pillars were silk banners draped at the angles as already mentioned. At some distance from the canopied throne was an amphitheatre, the roof of which was supported on gilt poles, and the basis crowded with chairs with blue silk, on the back of each of which was embroidered an imperial crown. This awning was of silk and satin crested on the outside with mullets in gold and fleurs de lys. On each pole was grouped draped flags of silk and satin of almost every colour, garnished with a rich gilt fringe, and presenting a remarkably elegant appearance. The whole of this great structure was of iron, and was from the works at Roorkee, where it had been made under the superintendence of Mr. M. F. Kirby, C.E., of the Public Works Department, who has indeed, designed almost all the details of the dais and amphitheatre, and who is entitled to the credit of the whole arrangements of this great undertaking. It remains to add that to the south of and behind the dais, and facing the amphitheatre, were two other galleries for spectators, less gorgeous than the principal one, but still gay with fluttering flags of every conceivable colour and design.

The Eastern World has never witnessed anything so superb as the series of gay cavalcades which, when the morning was still crisp and cold, were seen approaching from every direction across the plain to the place designed for the various chiefs in the amphitheatre facing the canopied throne. Long processions of elephants, each numbering from ninety downwards, most of them in the most gorgeous trappings, marched slowly and stately. The glittering of helmeted escorts was seen wherever the eye turned. From all parts of the camp which everywhere bounds the horizon "a gleamy splendour flashed across the fields." The plain was covered with rushing and marching troops. Gilded legions glittered in the sun. The great army of Delhi was seen steadily approaching from all directions to the open in the rear of the place of assemblage. Almost every procession was headed with a band, and the repeated, prolonged, and sustained bursts of music from so many different quarters filled the air around, and about and above with strains of joy as universal as the proclamation itself. The escorts of every Governor and Chief bore before their masters banners of no fading colours, and which on arrival at the amphitheatre were spread to the sunbeams, giving additional splendour to an already brilliant scene. The vast number of elephants, the camel and horse escorts drew up in a huge semi-circle behind and parallel to the amphitheatre. The whole of the troops assembled at Delhi were drawn up in review order on the skirts of the central gathering. There were vast crowds of carriages, horsemen, and pedestrians who filled in the grand scene, to say nothing of "Derby Day" accessories, such as photographers, vendors of commemoration medals, stall keepers, acrobats, &c., &c. The dashing equipages, the gaily-dressed ladies, the splendid costumes of the rajahs, who on this occasion eclipsed themselves; and the vast numbers present and their variety made the scene magnificent and splendid beyond conception. All was as gorgeous as a sunshiny day and the gayest of pageantry could make it, and Lord Lytton can have no reason to regret that in calling together the Chiefs of India to hear Queen Victoria proclaimed the chief of them all, on the score that elegance and dignity were wanting on the occasion.

The troops on parade were drawn up in open order flanked by artillery, the rear being closed in by cavalry and lancers. Then came dashing along the gay horsemen of the 10th Bengal Lancers, "Hodson's Horse," proud of their history and proud of the name they bear. With glittering sabres flashing in the noonday sun came too the 3rd Bombay Light Cavalry, commanded by Colonel Graves, C.B., who were lately honoured with the title of the "Queen's Own," in commemoration of the visit of the Prince of Wales.

The vast throng then through which the Viceroy, suitably escorted, passed this morning, was not only imposing from its magnificence and splendour, but from the associations which attached to the representatives of the princely houses assembled at the pavilion, and the close connection with the British Kingdom and the Indian Empire of the vast army assembled behind the dais. Within the enclosure was a guard of honour of her Majesty's 6th Regiment, with their weather-worn flag, and another similar guard of the 11th Madras Native Infantry. This regiment, formerly styled M'Lean and Syed Homed's, was first formed at Nellore about 1772. Up to the year 1800 this regiment was recruited in the Northern Sircars, Central and Southern Carnatic. Since 1800 the regiment has been recruited in the Northern Division, at Vizianagram, and the adjacent country. The 11th Regiment M.N.I. has served in the following campaigns: Mysore, 1791-92; Northern Circars, 1794; Mysore, 2nd time, 1798-99; Mahratta Country, 1800, 1803, and 1817. The regiment was engaged in the battles of Seevandroog, lines near Seringapatam; Argaum, fought on 28th November, 1803, by General Wellesley, when the Nagpore Rajah lost 38 pieces of cannon, and all his stores and baggage; Jaulnah, Budnapore, and Nurpallah. It was employed in the sieges of Bangalore, Royacottah, Nundydroog, Seevandroog, Erragote, Cassipore; Seringapatam, carried by assault in the middle of the day of 4th May, 1799, by General Harris; Asseerghur, surrendered 21st October, 1803, to Colonel Stephenson, after carrying the pettah; Gowilghur, carried by storm on 15th December, 1803, at 10 o'clock in the day, by General Wellesley; Budamee, Belgaum, and Sholapore. The regiment bears "Seringapatam" on colours and appointments.

Lord Lytton was preceded by a standard-bearer, who mounted the dais, and held aloft the banner which the Queen had presented to his Lordship for the occasion. Then came the heralds, who blew a flourish on their clarions:—

> Straight the loud heralds call the gathering bands,
> The chiefs enclose their king.

Then came the Viceroy himself, wearing the star-bespangled sky blue mantle of a Grand Commander of the Star of India, and wearing also the Imperial ermine. His train was held by two pages, one is a midshipman on board the Undaunted, the other His Highness Rumbeer Singh, the youngest son of the Maharajah of Cashmere. Lady Lytton accompanied his Lordship, who was also attended by a brilliant suite. While the Viceregal party was ascending the dais, the band played a march, which, as the Viceroy was seating himself, changed to the National Anthem. The Chief Herald, Major Barnes, then stepped to the front of the dais, and in a loud voice that was heard by all within the vast enclosure, called out "A Proclamation, Vivat Regina." He then read the Act conferring the title, and also the proclamation.

The following is the substance of the Viceroy's address at the assemblage. His Excellency first referred to the Queen's proclamation of 1st November, 1858, conveying to the princes and people of India her assurance of good will. He then spoke of the progressive prosperity and the security of the past eighteen years. The Viceroy then explained the reasons for the Queen's assumption of the title of Empress of India, which was to be the symbol of the union of the Empire with the interests of the princes and peoples of India, and its claim on their loyal allegiance. The strong hand of Imperial power was the guarantee that all the subjects of her Majesty might peacefully enjoy their own. Addressing the British administrators and faithful officers of the Crown, his Excellency conveyed emphatically the gratitude of the Queen for their unsurpassed energy, public virtue, and self-devotion in the service of the British Crown. He also said that the Queen recognized cordially the loyalty of the non-official Europeans and the benefits her Empire derived from their industry, enterprise, and energy. With the view to increase her opportunities of distinguishing public services and private worth, the Queen not only sanctioned the order of the Star of India, and the order of British India, but had instituted for this purpose a new order called the Order of the Indian Empire. The Viceroy, addressing British and native officers, soldiers of the army of India, and volunteers, expressed the Queen's satisfaction at their past services, and her reliance upon them for maintaining peace and securing prosperity in the future. Addressing the princes and chiefs, the Viceroy cordially welcomed them to Delhi, and said that, finding in their loyalty a pledge of strength, the Queen reckoned on their readiness, if Imperial interests were menaced to assist in defending them. Addressing the natives generally, he said that the present condition and permanent interests of the Empire demanded supreme supervision and direction and administration by English officers, but that the natives of India had their claim to share largely in the task was fully recognised. He recommended all to fit themselves for this duty by accepting the only education which enabled them to comprehend and practise the principle steadily maintained by the Government in the gradual enlightened participation of natives in the exercise of mild and just authority on which the Queen relied for the development of the Indian Empire. The Queen's interests and duties also extended to the rulers on the frontier territories, which owed their independence to the sheltering shadow of her power. If their power were threatened, the Empress would know how to defend it. No enemy could now attack the Indian Empire without assailing the whole civilisation of the East, and the unlimited resources of the Queen's dominions. The courageous fidelity of her allies and feudatories, and the loyal affection of her subjects, provided ample power to repel and punish every assailant. The Viceroy then gave the representatives of the foreign powers a cordial welcome to the assemblage. Then addressing the Princes and the people of India, Lord Lytton communicated the Queen's gracious telegraphic message as follows:—"We, Victoria, by grace of God the Queen and Empress of the United Kingdom and India, send through our officers civil and military, and all princes, chiefs, and peoples now assembled in Delhi, our royal and imperial greeting, and assure them of the deep interest, earnest and affectionate, with which we regard the people of our Indian Empire. We have witnessed with heartfelt satisfaction the reception recorded to our beloved son, and have been touched by the evidence of their loyalty and attachment to our house and throne. We trust the present occasion may tend to unite in bonds of yet closer affection ourselves and our subjects, so that from the highest to the humblest all may feel that under our rule the great principles of liberty, equity, and fixture are secured to them, and that the promotion of their happiness, in addition to their prosperity and the advancement of their welfare, are the ever present aims and objects of our Empire. God save Victoria, Queen of the United Kingdom and Empress of India."

The Council of the Empress includes the Governors of Madras and Bombay, the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-west, the Punjaub, and Bengal, and the Commander-in-chief and members of the Viceroy's council are all *ex officio* members. In commemoration of the event 15,988 good conduct prisoners are to be released. All civil prisoners owing less than 100 rupees will also receive their discharge, the Government paying their debts.

The coinage will bear the inscription, "Victoria Empress." A large number of native officers will receive honorary distinctions and an increase of pay by special grant. A display of fireworks took place on January 4, at half-past 6 p.m., opposite the fort, lasting two hours. The display was very grand, comprising illuminated pictures of the Queen and Prince of Wales, besides an oriental scene. On the following morning the review of troops commenced at 11 o'clock on the ground adjoining the amphitheatre erected for the proclamation ceremony. On the Viceroy arriving a salute of 31 guns was fired for the first time, and the troops then presented arms. The troops and retinues of the several chiefs, accompanied by their bands and the state elephants, first marched past. Conspicuous among them were the Gaekwar's gold and silver guns, the Nizam's body-guard, and the Maharajah of Cashmere's troops. This portion of the programme occupied two hours, forming the principal feature in the affair. The Government elephants, headed by the vice-regal animal, passed in procession. Then followed the march past of the British troops, led off by the artillery, next came the cavalry, and last the infantry. After the march the artillery and cavalry executed some manœuvres, and the troops marched home. About 20,000 troops took part in the review. At sunset 101 guns were fired from the ridge to announce the close of the Imperial assemblage. On the same night the Viceroy gave a farewell audience to 72 chiefs. He occupied the gold and silver throne in the durbar pavilion. The throne rested on the dais, and was covered with scarlet velvet carpet, magnificently embroidered with gold. Above the throne was an oil painting, being a life-size portrait of the Queen as she now is, and an excellent likeness. The Viceroy wore a morning costume supplemented with the badge of the Star of India. The chiefs attended in full dress, making an extraordinary display of jewels, gold, satin, and embroideries. The Viceroy, according to the rank of each, met them at the entrance tent, in the middle thereof, or greeted them from the throne. Each was accompanied by a European political officer and a few friends. His Excellency begged each to accept as a souvenir of the assemblage as his personal present a hundred guinea sabre containing His Excellency's portrait on the hilt; all his Excellency's cabinet photographs, tinted and richly framed, and in most instances a costly bound copy of his lordship's fables in song, or one of his father's works, with his Excellency's signature inscribed. He said he hoped the sabre would never be drawn in war except against our common enemies. The chiefs seemed greatly pleased with their reception at the assemblage. Medals were also conferred on a political officers and some members of the retinue. His Excellency appeared greatly fatigued with the labours of the week, and the day's proceedings at his one quarter's official income. He has otherwise been very lavish of his own resources, in order to assure the success of the assemblage. His intentions are believed to be admirable, but Europeans and many natives have deprecated the excessive demonstrativeness of his manner, as calculated to give erroneous impressions to the natives of so radical a change in viceregal etiquette.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

BUSINESS PAPER FOR TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 6.

There are twenty-four questions on the paper to be asked of Ministers, besides the following business:—

GENERAL BUSINESS—NOTICES OF MOTIONS.

Mr. M'Elhone to move,—1. That, in the opinion of this House, Mr. Surveyor Lee should be dismissed from the public service for corruptly surveying land for Mr. Ricketson for dummy named Archer, at the instance of Ricketson's manager, Mr. Hawley, and for falsely sending in plans showing improvements on land where they did not exist, for the purpose of assisting Mr. Ricketson to defraud two selectors named Gibson out of their selections, and for wilfully over-valuing Ricketson's improvements. 2. That the above resolution be communicated by address to his Excellency the Governor.

Mr. M'Elhone to move,—1. That Mr. Street, Inspector of conditional purchases, should be dismissed from the public service for disobeying the circular letter of the Minister for Lands, which instructed all inspectors of conditional purchases and commissioners of lands not to stay in the houses of either squatters or selectors who had cases to be heard before the Lands Courts; and that, as Mr. Street wilfully disobeyed these instructions by stopping with certain squatters who had cases coming on before the Lands Courts, viz., Mr. Jenkins, Mr. Simpson, and Mr. Rawlings—Mr. Jenkins at [illegible] time trying to get the conditional purchases of Mr. Mc[illegible] and family forfeited; and for every day that he stayed with these squatters he charged or was allowed 25s per day travelling expenses; and that he was robbing the public revenue of this [illegible] per day for every day that he stayed with these squatters; and that he also corruptly lent himself to Mr. Jenkins by going [illegible] of a night with his manager to report on these selections; that he did also go to Moffat's house on the Sunday or Sabbath day to report on the conditional purchases of Moffat and family he should be dismissed from the public service. 2. That the above resolution be communicated by address to his Excellency the Governor.

Mr. M'Elhone to move,—1. That there be laid upon the table of this House a return of all appointments made by the present Government since 8th February, 1876, with the names of all persons so appointed, and the salaries in each case, and the nature of such appointments. 2. The names of all persons promoted, and the increases to their salaries, and the position they held in the Civil Service on above date, February 1876. 3. The total amount of salaries of all persons so appointed by the Government service. 4. The total increase to salaries of persons promoted in the Government service.

Mr. Gray to move,—That the report from select committee on "petition of Wilson and Cawley," brought up on 19th July, 1876, be now adopted.

Mr. M'Elhone to move,—That there be laid upon the table of this House copies of all correspondence between Patrick Walsh and the Minister for Lands, surveyor Lisle, and all other persons in reference to the selection of Patrick Walsh.

Mr. Hurley (Hartley) to move,—That there be laid upon the table of this House copies of all contracts, plans, letters, reports, minutes, having reference to Johnny Hughes's purchase on the 15th of August, 1839, of allotment of Crown land, six perches, corner of Bridge and Pitt streets, Sydney, and the erection by John Garsed, in the year [illegible] of certain buildings, known as the Commercial Chambers, upon Crown land, corner of Bridge and Pitt streets, Sydney.

Mr. W. H. Suttor to move,—That the report from the select committee on "employment of children," brought up on 30th January, be now adopted.

Mr. Driver to move for leave to bring in a Bill for the protection of imported and native game.

Mr. Driver to move,—That the sessional order No. 5, under the heading of "formal motions and orders of the day," be amended by inserting in such order, after the words "select committee," "excepting upon a private bill."

Mr. Taylor to move,—That this House on Friday next resolve itself into a committee of the whole to consider of an address to the Governor, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause (regard being had as well to the privations which in the years 1871 and 1872 were borne by all classes of the servants through the reduction in their rates of pay, as to the present prosperous state of the public revenue) provision to be made on the Estimates for the year 1877 for the payment of a bonus or gratuity to the Civil servants, members of the police force, and workmen under the Government; such bonus or gratuities to be for each public servant, of whatever grade, equal in amount to the loss which he sustained by reason of the general reduction of salaries and wages in the years above referred to.

Mr. Buchanan to move,—That, in the opinion of this House, any person seized with small-pox shall be allowed to remain at his or her own home, there to be nursed and attended by his or her own relations, instead of being removed to the hospital-ship or quarantine ground where relatives cannot see them, and will not be allowed even to attend their funeral in the event of death. 2. That the taking away of young children or even grown-up persons, seized with small-pox from the comfort of their homes and the loving care and attention of their relatives and carrying them off to hospital-ships among strangers, where their relatives cannot be there to soothe their last moments in the event of death, is an outrageous act of barbarous and wanton cruelty, and calculated of itself to kill many a poor victim so treated. 3. That the removing of people from their homes on any visitation of small-pox, or other infectious disease, has never been attempted in the mother country or any European country and should not be tolerated here. 4. That the above resolutions be communicated by address to his Excellency the Governor.

Mr. Bennett to move,—That this House will, on Friday, the 2nd February, resolve itself into a committee of the whole, to consider of an address to the Governor, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be placed on the Additional Estimates for 1877 a sum not exceeding [illegible], for the erection of a bridge over Bomera Creek, at the principal crossing from Merriwa to Tambar Springs.

Mr. Bennett to move,—That this House will, on Friday, the 2nd of February, resolve itself into a committee of the whole, to consider of an address to the Governor, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be placed on the Additional Estimates for 1877 a sum not exceeding [illegible] for the erection of a courthouse at Wallabadah.

Mr. Bennett to move,—That this House will, on Friday, 2nd February, resolve itself into committee of the whole, to consider of an address to the Governor, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be placed on the Additional Estimates for 1877 a sum not exceeding £700, for the erection of a courthouse at Nundle.

Mr. Bennett to move,—That this House will, on Friday, 2nd February, resolve itself into a committee of the whole, to consider of an address to the Governor, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be placed on the Additional Estimates for 1877 a sum not exceeding £700, for the erection of a courthouse at Barraba.

Mr. Lynch to move,—That this House will, on Friday, 9th of February, resolve itself into a committee of the whole, to consider of an address to the Governor, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be placed on the Supplementary Estimates for 1877 a sum not exceeding £5[illegible] for the purpose of providing a salary for a police magistrate for the town and district of Carcoar.

Mr. Bennett to move,—That there be laid upon the table of this House copies of all letters, papers, and reports of Commissioner Delaney into and connected with the conditional purchase of 100 acres of land at Tamworth by F. Cameron, in December, 1875.

Mr. Cameron to move,—That the petition presented by him on 2nd February from inhabitants of Newcastle in favour of the Employment of Females Bill be printed.

Mr. Macintosh to move,—1. That the Common Improvement Act Amendment Bill be referred to a select committee for consideration and report. 2. That such committee consist of Mr. Robertson, Mr. Farnell, Mr. Jacob, Mr. Taylor, Mr. Terry, Mr. Davies, Mr. Charles, and the mover.

ARMOURED CANNON.—Herr [illegible] (says the *U. S. Gazette*) has made a new invention applied it to practice, and tested it with most satisfactory success, and it is believed that the new arm, which now awaits approval by the Emperor, will shortly form a conspicuous feature in the German artillery service. The invention is called "armoured cannon," and its principle is to fix guns of any size by a round joint, shaped like a ball, into armour-plates. The principal advantage obtained is avoidance of the recoil and the retention of the gun in precisely the same position, to the veriest nicety, so as to render a fresh aim absolutely needless. The appliance is, as observed, adaptable to any calibre light or heavy. Moreover, the armour of course protects the men serving the piece from hostile fire. The armour is not only applicable to fixed fortresses, but may be used also in siege batteries, so that besieging armies practically carry their own fortifications about with them, and place them where they think fit. Experiments have been made with a 7-centimetres field-piece. After firing 203 rounds, neither barrel nor armour-plate showed signs of injury. Nor was the joint keeping the piece in its place at all injured. The results of the firing were most satisfactory, the balls striking pretty nearly the same spot. The men in attendance are protected not only from ball shot, but also from grenades, and practically from shrapnel. Further experiments are about to be made with a 15-centimetres barrel. Messrs. Krupp affirm only cast steel to be applicable to the new invention.

THE ARCTIC MEDAL.—The *London Gazette* of 29th November, contains a notice to the effect that the Queen has been pleased to command that an Arctic medal be granted to the officers, seamen, marines, and other persons serving on board her Majesty's ships Alert and Discovery between May 17, 1875, and November 2, 1876; and also to the officers and crew of the yacht Pandora, between June 3, 1876, and November 2, 1876.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1438929

FURNITURE ETC.

IMPROVED "HOME SHUTTLE" LOCKSTITCH SEWING-MACHINES.

REDUCED PRICE LIST.
No. 1. For Hand Use, complete, £4.
No. 2. For Treadle Use, with table, complete, £6.
No. 3. Ditto, with cover and lock and key, complete, £7.
☞ There are worthless German and Birmingham imitations in the market! Every genuine American "Home Shuttle" Machine is stamped "M. Moss and Co., Sole Agents, Sydney."
We have appointed Mr. C. E. FULLER, 387, George-street, opposite Royal Hotel, sole Retail Agent, where the Machines are procurable on a liberal time-payment system.
Sole Wholesale Agents, M. MOSS and CO., Wynyard-lane, Sydney.

GENUINE HOME SHUTTLE, HOME SHUTTLE, HOME SHUTTLE, SEWING-MACHINE.
Let every Machine bear its own testimony.
The Home Shuttle Lock-stitch is warranted to be the best, the most durable, the easiest to learn, the prettiest, the lightest working, and the most compact Lock-stitch Sewing-Machine in the market.
It cannot be excelled in the range of work it will accomplish by any machine in the world.
Having no confidence in puff, the agent will allow intending purchasers "to try before they buy," which every common-sense person will admit is the best of all proofs of his confidence in its superior merit.
Time payments from 5s. deposit, and from 2s. weekly.
Liberal terms to all buyers.
CYRUS E. FULLER, sole retail Agent, 387, George-street, Sydney, and Parramatta.

GENUINE SEWING-MACHINES of the most popular makers at TURNER and WOOD'S.
GENUINE American Singer's, from £7
GENUINE Home Shuttle, reduced, £4
GENUINE Wanzer, £4
Howe's A, B, or C, from £9.
By latest advices we find that the German and Birmingham imitations are in the colonial market. We would caution intending purchasers that every GENUINE MACHINE bears the name of the manufacturer.
Don't be led astray by any agent's name.
PURCHASE ONLY FROM persons who have devoted a life-time to the knowledge of machines.
BOOKSELLERS, GROCERS, or IRONMONGERS, having no knowledge, will sure to end IN DISAPPOINTMENT.
OUR INSTALMENT SYSTEM is virtually the most easy and simple method—5s or 10s deposit, and from 2s weekly.
Needles, cotton, fittings, and oil, at lowest prices.
NOTE THE ADDRESS—
TURNER and WOOD, TURNER and WOOD, 349, George-street, opposite Post Office.

A SPLENDID TRIUMPH.
CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION, PHILADELPHIA.
TWO MEDALS and TWO DIPLOMAS of HONOUR awarded to THE WHEELER and WILSON COMPANY for SEWING-MACHINES,
Unsurpassed in workmanship, great originality, great adaptability to different kinds of work in cloth and leather, beauty of stitch, and rapidity of motion.
Inspect the new Nos. 7 and 8 Machines.
Catalogues and Price List post free
☞ Time payments arranged on the most liberal scale.
We warrant every genuine W. and W. Machine to give satisfaction, or same will be exchanged.
GORDON and GOTCH, General Agents for New South Wales and Queensland.

IMPROVEMENT IN HOUSE LISTS at the ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE, FOR PROMPT NET CASH.
£15 TWO ROOMS AND KITCHEN.
£25 THREE ROOMS AND KITCHEN.
£35 THREE ROOMS AND KITCHEN.
£50 FOUR ROOMS AND KITCHEN.
£70 FIVE ROOMS AND KITCHEN.
£100 FIVE ROOMS AND KITCHEN.
£150 SEVEN ROOMS AND KITCHEN.
£200 SEVEN ROOMS AND KITCHEN.
OR ANY HIGHER PRICE.
INSPECTION INVITED TO THE PLAIN FIGURE PRICES, FROM WHICH NO ABATEMENT CAN BE MADE. TERMS—PROMPT NET CASH.
W. B. CAMPBELL.

£6 ONLY.—Another Dining-room SUITE, cheaper than the last, and quite a curiosity in its way, consisting of circular dining-room table, side table with drawers, enclosed sideboard, six dining chairs, an armchair, and an easychair, only SIX POUNDS prompt net cash for the whole lot. Early application is necessary, as there are only 12 of these extraordinary suites. The whole can be packed in a case ready for transmission to the country for £6 10s. An early inspection of these and other bargains at the Royal Furnishing Arcade, will oblige,
W. B. CAMPBELL.

£8 8s.—BEDROOM SUITES.—A few are yet on SALE consisting of bedstead, washhand stand, dressing table, toilet glass mounted on chest of drawers, two bedroom chairs, rocking chair, and towel horse, all packed in a case ready for transmission to any part of the country; price only £8 8s, at the ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE.
W. B. CAMPBELL.

HARDY, BROTHERS' EXTENSIVE IRON BEDSTEAD and BEDDING WAREHOUSE. LARGEST STOCK IN THE AUSTRALIAN COLONIES TO SELECT FROM of NEW AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE.
Also, GLASS and CHINA WARE, comprising,—
DINNER SERVICES, in the newest styles, neat and chaste patterns, consisting of 116 pieces; prices £4 10s per set.
China Tea and Breakfast Services, beautiful patterns, 55 pieces; price, £2 5s per set.
Ditto ditto, green and gold, salmon and gold, and other choice colours, complete, for twelve persons; price, £2 10s per set.
GLASSWARE, consisting of fern Tumblers and Wines, from 9s per dozen glass Jugs, fern pattern; a large assortment.
Also, just imported, a large assortment of very handsome Toilet Sets, viz., green and gold, blue and gold, pink and gold, and other choice colours.
Attention is also particularly directed to our NEW SHIPMENT of IRON BEDSTEADS—Massive Green and Gold Enamelled Posts. Price, £3 10s.
A LARGE SHIPMENT of OILCLOTH NOW TO HAND in New and Elegant designs, suitable for Rooms or Passages.
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES, viz., FROM 2s. PER YARD.
Likewise a Small SHIPMENT of Chinese Bamboo Balcony Blinds, various sizes, with fixings complete.
WALNUTWOOD PIANOFORTES—Prize Medal—by Aucher, Freres. A small Shipment to hand, direct from the Manufacturers at Low Rates, and on EASY TERMS of Payment to Purchasers.
DINING-ROOM and DRAWING-ROOM SUITES—Manufactured on the Premises, by first-class Workmen. Materials and Workmanship guaranteed. Price, £22 10s.
HARDY, BROTHERS, Hyde Park Furniture Bazaar, 9, 11, 13, 15, and 17, Oxford-street.
N.B.—All Goods delivered FREE of CHARGE in the city or suburbs, and goods packed by experienced hands for transmission to all parts of the colony.

WILLCOX and GIBBS' SEWING-MACHINES complete, with extras, £7 10s.
The safest test to purchasers is that they can have ONE MONTH'S TRIAL BEFORE PURCHASE, if required.
THEY WILL DO EVERY DESCRIPTION OF WORK.
References can be given to 10,000 purchasers.
EVERY MACHINE GUARANTEED FOR TWELVE MONTHS.
SAMUEL HEBBLEWHITE, 432, George-street, near Royal Hotel.

FLOCK, FLOCK.—White Cotton FLOCK, for SALE, cheap. J. LAWLER, 517, George-street.

PULU, PULU.—A splendid sample for SALE, by J. LAWLER, 517, George-street.

MATTRESSES Cleaned and Remade by steam. J. LAWLER, 517, George-street.

IMMENSE REVOLUTION IN THE PRICE OF FIRST-CLASS FAMILY SEWING-MACHINES.
In consequence of our intention to RELINQUISH this branch of our business, we have been instructed by the manufacturers of the Undermentioned MACHINES, which are now well and most favourably known and used in this and the neighbouring colonies, to offer them to the PUBLIC AT A PRICE THAT WILL EFFECT A SAVING OF FULLY 50 PER CENT. ON THE TIME PAYMENT SYSTEM.
UNITED STATES, chain stitch, former price 45s, REDUCED to 25s
LADY, ditto, former price 55s. REDUCED to 37s 6d
UNIQUE, ditto, former price 63s, REDUCED to 45s
MATCHLESS, patent lock-stitch, former price 70s, REDUCED to 47s 6d
DEFIANCE, ditto ditto, former price 90s, REDUCED to 60s
AUSTRALIAN, ditto ditto, former price 90s, REDUCED to 60s
FAVORITE, ditto ditto, former price 90s, REDUCED to 60s
ROYAL HAND SHUTTLE, ditto, former price 90s, REDUCED to 60s
WHEELER and WILSON, ditto, on stand, former price 150s, REDUCED to 100s
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ROYAL IMPROVED GARDNER, ditto, on stand, former price 168s, REDUCED to 120s.
Stands for hand machines, needles, and extras, at a corresponding reduction.
BICKFORD'S KNITTING MACHINES, the latest improved American patent; price, £9 10s, £11, £12, less 30 per cent. for cash. Instructions gratis.
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SEWING-MACHINES. — The SINGER Improved, reduced to £6 10s. Horn and Petersen, 604, George-st

PRODUCE PROVISIONS, ETC.

BARLEY MEAL, £8 per ton.—This is the best of all food for fattening cattle, sheep, pigs, poultry, &c.
Prepared pea flour, for soups, in tins, at 1s
Patent pea flour, for making Scotch brose, in tins, 1s
Green peas and white peas, for boiling
SELF-RAISING FLOUR.
SWAIN and CO., 710, George-street.

CROSSE and BLACKWELL'S
CELEBRATED PICKLES,
SAUCES,
MALT VINEGAR, in quart and pint bottles.
SALAD OIL,
POTTED MEATS,
CALVES' FEET JELLY and other
TABLE DELICACIES,
MAY be obtained of Storekeepers in Australia and New Zealand. Every genuine article is labelled
CROSSE and BLACKWELL, Purveyors to the Queen, SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.
SPECIAL Agents for LEA and PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

CHEESE, choice American, in tins, 23 lbs. weight. T. V. WANT and CO., Hunter and O'Connell sts.

HAMS, American, on SALE. T. V. WANT and CO., Hunter and O'Connell streets.

SILK-DRESSED Superfine, Fine, and Seconds Flour, Wheat Meal, Maize Meal, Patent Meal, Bran and Pollard, best qualities, at lowest prices. J. REDGATE and SON, Sussex-st. S.; and Yurong-st., Woolloomooloo

STOCK AND STATIONS.

AUSTRALIAN MORTGAGE LAND AND FINANCE COMPANY (Limited). London, Melbourne, Geelong, and Sydney. Capital, £2,000,000.
AUSTRALIAN BOARD: James MacBain, Esq., M.L.A. Robert Bruce Ronald Esq. Edmond Mackenzie Young, Esq.
CASH ADVANCES made on the ENSUING CLIP OF WOOL and on Squatting Properties, Stations, Bills, &c.
W. A. COTTEE, Local Manager. Exchange-buildings.

STORE SHEEP for SALE, deliverable at Clifton, Darling Downs.
17,000 wethers, 3, 4, and 5 years old
4,000 ewes, 3 to 6 years.
For particulars apply to MORT and CO.

GWYDIR DISTRICT.—First-class FATTENING STATION with 9½ miles FRONTAGE to the GWYDIR RIVER, and well-watered at the back. It is ALL FENCED and well improved. For SALE, with 3000 cattle, 500 of which are fat.
P. N. TREBECK, Stock and Station Agent. Squatters' Exchange.

ORANGE
VALUABLE FREEHOLD ESTATE, 1365 ACRES, with pre-emptive grazing right attached of 3500 ACRES.
About 700 acres have been fenced and subdivided into a number of paddocks, and a large portion laid down with ENGLISH GRASSES.
There is a handsome well-built STONE HOUSE, with every comfort and convenience for a gentleman's family; also a separate brick cottage, half a mile from the homestead, with numerous other substantial improvements.
This is a choice HOMESTEAD, in a COOL, ENJOYABLE CLIMATE, and well worth the attention of gentlemen requiring a country residence close to the Western Railway.
For particulars apply to E. C. DAVIES and CO., Orange; or to P. N. TREBECK, Stock and Station Agent, Sydney.

REPORTS OF SALES AND QUOTATIONS
STATIONS, FAT CATTLE, FAT SHEEP.
STORE CATTLE, STORE SHEEP, HORSE MARKETS BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.
LIVE STOCK MARKET.—Reliable reports from the country districts
THE SYDNEY MAIL, Subscription, 6s. per quarter. Publishing Office, Hunter-street.

RAWBELLE STATION, QUEENSLAND.
R. GOLDSBOROUGH and CO. have been favoured with instructions from Lachlan M'Bean, Esq., on account of his approaching departure for Europe, to SELL by PRIVATE CONTRACT, His well known station, RAWBELLE, situate near Gayndah, Queensland, together with 10,000 CATTLE.
This splendid station was formerly the property of the Queensland Sheep Investment Company, and comprises nine blocks of country, consisting of fine box forest and open downs, well adapted for either sheep or cattle.
The total area is about 450,000 ACRES, and its capabilities are moderately estimated at 20,000 to 25,000 cattle, or an equivalent in sheep. Fat bullocks are saleable on the station at £7, and fat cows at £6 per head, and there is a good demand.
About 4600 cows will be ready to breed from during the ensuing season, and a large number of first-class bulls are running with the herd.
For further particulars and terms, which are liberal, apply at Goldsborough's Wool Warehouses, Melbourne.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.
1500 splendid Bullocks, Clarence River
600 Heifers, Southern district
First-class Bulls, in various localities
Various lots of Store Sheep and Cattle throughout the colonies
Numerous Properties and Stations in New South Wales and Queensland.
GRIFFITHS and WEAVER, 271, George-street.

AUCTION SALES.

Horses, Vehicles, and Harness.
GEORGE KISS will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, all lots not specially advertised; and at 12 o'clock, all lots specially advertised.
Regular sales at the Bazaar daily, and at Camperdown any afternoon.

65 Head of Superior Colts and Fillies.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions from Messrs. Welch and M'Connell to sell by auction, at the Camperdown Yards, THIS DAY, 6th of February, at 2 o'clock,
65 head of superior colts and fillies, broken and unbroken, direct from the breeders, Messrs. Henderson, Brothers, amongst which are the following:—
20 EXTRA HEAVY DRAUGHT colts and fillies
20 medium draught colts and fillies
25 suitable for saddle and harness purposes
The entire comprising a mob of very superior horses, in fine condition, and worthy the attention of persons requiring the same.

Three Country Horses.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
A grey horse, used in carriage for some time, and turned out to grass. A first-class carriage horse
Bay mare, used in spring-cart, and turned out to grass
Large bay horse, just off grass.

Double-seated Buggy.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
A double-seated buggy, with break and lamps.

A Pair of Ponies and Harness.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
A pair of ponies broken to saddle and harness, also two sets of harness.

Double-Seated Buggy with Harness.
A Pair of Horses.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
A double-seated Buggy with pole and set of harness.
A pair of horses accustomed to run together. The grey broken to saddle, side saddle and set of harness, the taffey broken to double harness and saddle.

Bay Saddle and Harness Horse.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
A bay gelding, by William Tell, broken to saddle, single and double harness; very stylish, and a good goer.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have been instructed by H. M. Fulton, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Corporation Sale Yards, Belmore Markets, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, 8th February, at half-past 2 o'clock,
100 prime fat lambs.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have been instructed to sell by auction, at the Yards, Homebush, on THURSDAY, 8th February, at 11 o'clock,
650 prime fat wethers.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have been instructed by T. K. Scott, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Yards, Homebush, on THURSDAY, 8th February, at 11 o'clock,
225 fat bullocks, from his noted Gingi station, and prime.

SULLIVAN and SIMPSON have received instructions from Messrs. Parker and Ward to sell by auction, at the Homebush Yards, on THURSDAY next, the 8th instant, at 11 o'clock,
130 head of really prime and weighty fat bullocks, in lots; the balance of those sold on Monday last.

MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK have received instructions from M. M'Mahon, Esq., to sell by auction, at Homebush, on THURSDAY, 8th,
1200 prime wethers
400 ditto ewes.

MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK have received instructions from Messrs. Gilchrist, Watt, and Co., to sell by auction, at Homebush, on THURSDAY, 8th instant,
1000 prime wethers, from Milroy.

Butchers. Butchers. Butchers.
MR. W. FULLAGAR has received instructions from Mr. B. Richards to sell, at his Yards, Homebush, on THURSDAY, the 8th instant, at 11 o'clock,
150 head prime fat bullocks, in lots.

Butchers. Butchers. Butchers.
MR. W. FULLAGAR has received instructions from Messrs. E. S. and C. Hall to sell, at Homebush, on THURSDAY, 8th February, at 11 o'clock,
60 prime bullocks.

G. M. PITT and SON have received instructions from Messrs. G. W. and J. Dight to sell by auction, at the Homebush Yards, on THURSDAY next, 8th instant, at 11 o'clock,
170 prime fat bullocks, in lots.
From their noted Yetman station, and the best in the market for a considerable time.

G. M. PITT and SON have received instructions from D. Eaton, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Homebush Yards, on THURSDAY next 8th instant at 11 o'clock,
160 prime fat cattle, in lots.

ELLIS and CO. will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at Railway, at 9 o'clock,
Hay, straw, lucerne, maize, potatoes, &c.
At Darling Harbour, at 12 o'clock, wood.

WILLIAM INGLIS will sell by auction THIS DAY, at the Railway Terminus, at 9 o'clock,
Hay and straw by the truck; maize, potatoes, &c.

Weekly Wool Sale.
JOHN BRIDGE will sell by auction, at the sale room of his Wool Warehouse, Circular Quay, on WEDNESDAY, 7th February.
At 2 p.m., sheepskins; 2.15, bales of wool.

WEEKLY WOOL SALE.
MORT and CO. will sell by public auction at their Wool Warehouses, Circular Quay, on WEDNESDAY, 7th February, at half-past two o'clock,
1800 bales wool
Sheepskins.
Terms cash.

In Insolvent Estate of George Lilly Borthwick.
H. VAUGHAN has received instructions from the Official Assignee to sell by auction, on THURSDAY, 8th February, at 2.30 o'clock, on the premises, foot of Campbell-street, Balmain,
1 large punt, carry 10 tons
3 punts, 37, 21, and 18 feet
Overall boat, 29 feet
Stock-in-trade and plant of a ship painter, comprising paint, brushes, ladders, scrapers, brooms, weighing-machine, &c.
Without reserve.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions to sell by auction, under warrant of rent, THIS DAY, 6th instant, at 2.30 o'clock, on the premises, Chapman's-lane, off Liverpool-street, Darlinghurst,
Household furniture and effects.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT and UNRESERVED SALE OF SEASONABLE WOOLLENS.
To WHOLESALE WAREHOUSEMEN CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS WOOLLEN DRAPERS TAILORS, STOREKEEPERS, and others.
Ex Nyassa and s. s. Nemesis, from London.
WEDNESDAY next, February 7th.
MR. CHARLES TEAKLE has been instructed to sell by auction, at his Rooms, 7, Wynyard-street, on WEDNESDAY next, at 11 o'clock, without reserve,
Ex Nyassa,
JF in diamond over P,
53—1 case, 10 pieces, 3-4 small check fancy tweed trouserings, 545 yards
54—1 ditto, 12 ditto, 3-4 ditto ditto ditto, 666½ yards
55—1 ditto, 10 ditto, 3-4 shepherd's plaid check ditto, 540 yards
57—1 ditto, 10 ditto, 3-4 super figured check ditto, 551 yards
58—1 ditto, 10 ditto, 3-4 super fancy check ditto, 575½ yards
59—1 ditto, 10 ditto, 3-4 ditto ditto ditto, 567½ yards
60—1 ditto, 10 ditto, 3-4 ditto ditto ditto, 567½ yards
61—1 ditto, 10 ditto, 3-4 super ditto ditto, 563½ yards
62—1 ditto, 12 ditto, 3-4 ditto ditto ditto, 661¼ yards.
Ex s. s. Nemesis,
63—1 case, 6 pieces, 6-4 mixed decoy coating, 323 yards
64—1 ditto, 7 ditto, 6-4 oxford and diagonal coating, 358½ yards
65—1 ditto, 6 ditto, 6-4 blue cambridge, 322½ yards
66—1 ditto, 6 ditto, 6-4 all-wool fancy check coating
67—1 ditto, 6 ditto, 6-4 ditto ditto ditto.
Terms, liberal, at sale.

Preliminary.
To Warehousemen, Drapers, Storekeepers, and others.
Per Ardua and Ann Duthie.
CLOTHING, WOOLLENS, MANCHESTER GOODS, TAPESTRY CARPETS, RUGS, LINEN GOODS, &c., &c.
On THURSDAY and FRIDAY next, 8th and 9th instant, at 11 o'clock.
CHAS. MOORE and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 167, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY next,
Invoices of new goods as above.
Particulars in future issue.

WHITE and GOLD CHINA, RICH CHINA BREAKFAST and TEA SETS
PRINTED TOILET WARE, CUT and ENGRAVED GLASSWARE
Handsome CHINA and PORCELAIN VASES
Handsome GILT CLOCKS (under shades), &c., ex East Croft and Per Ardua.
THIS DAY, TUESDAY, 6th instant, at 11 o'clock.
CHAS. MOORE and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 167, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, TUESDAY, at 11,
B in diamond,
40— 1 hogshead white and gold china, assorted
41— 1 ditto same
42— 16 handsome china breakfast sets, in various elegant and chaste patterns
43— 12 tea sets, as above
36— 1 crate printed toilet sets, assorted.
JD in diamond,
1-9— 9 casks superior glassware, consisting of champagnes, sherries, ports, &c., cut and engraved
139— 336 vases, opal parrot
140— 296 ditto, opal, 16 to 40
142— 87½ dozen ditto, celestial and other colours, 60
149— 700 vases, ditto ditto, 40
155— 60 dozen ditto, tulip, celestial, and opal coloured
158—1320 vases, seladon, rose, celestial, and opal, 60
161— 54 dozen ditto, tulip, various choice colours.
WF.
858— 24 gilt clocks, assorted patterns, under glass shades
859-60— 2 cases same.
Also,
Balances of various shipments of merchandise, to close sundry accounts for outgoing mail.
Terms at sale.

TUESDAY, 6th February.
To Gentlemen Furnishing, Furniture Warehousemen, Dealers, and others.
HIGHLY ATTRACTIVE and UNRESERVED SALE of WELL-FINISHED and MODERN LONDON FURNITURE, from one of the principal Leading Houses in London,
consisting of
Mahogany and Leather Dining Suites, large and small
Settee Suites, in silk and rep
Highlow Suites, crimson, blue, and green rep
Music and Footstools, inlaid Loo Tables
Inlaid Chiffoniers, in walnut
Music Cabinets, Canterburies, Whatnots
Bed Steps, Spittoons, fancy Folding Chairs
Elegantly carved Flower Stands, with porcelain
Antique Coffee Tables, inlaid with porcelain
Walnut and inlaid centre Tables, for drawing-rooms
Hassocks, Feather Pillows, Horsehair.
Also—
Handsome Brussel, Tapestry, and Kidderminster Carpets
Pianofortes, by Kriebel, Bord, and Aucher Freres, in mahogany, rosewood, and walnut, trichord, oblique, and cottage.
To land ex Northam, and per Ardua, from London.
Under instructions from C. Wright, Esq.
NOW ON VIEW AT THE ROOMS.
MR. M. L. SALAMON has been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, Nos. 201 and 203, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, the 6th instant, 11 o'clock sharp.
21 cases first-class modern household furniture, in oak, walnut, and mahogany.
Also
Pianos, by Bord, Kriebel, Aucher, and other well-known makers.
The auctioneer begs to inform parties furnishing, and the trade generally, that he intends to adopt his usual custom of CLOSING EVERY LINE, regardless of cost. Intending purchasers will therefore act wisely in inspecting and selecting previous to sale, and in order to facilitate buyers the furniture will be on view two days previous to sale.
Terms at sale.

TUESDAY, 6th February.
To Gentlemen Furnishing, Connoisseurs, Furniture, Dealers, Brokers, and Others.
A Small and Elegant Assortment of
Handsome China Mantel Ornaments
Antique Flower Vases, Bohemian Lustres
Dresden China Statuettes and Ornaments
Limoges Porcelain Figures and Vases
Beautifully Painted Dessert Service
Choice Bronzes in Groups and Figures
Articles of Vertu, Nicnacks, &c., &c.
MR. M. L. SALAMON has received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, Nos. 201 and 203, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, the 6th February, at 11 o'clock,
The above.
The goods will be on view on Monday morning, when inspection is invited.
Terms at sale.

TUESDAY, 6th February.
TO CONNOISSEURS, PICTURE DEALERS, FURNITURE BROKERS, and others.
A large Collection of valuable
OIL PAINTINGS
CHROMO-LITHOGRAPHS
FRENCH LITHOGRAPHS
being selections from the most favourite Masters
MR. M. L. SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, Nos. 201 and 203, Pitt-street, THIS AFTERNOON, February 6, at 3 o'clock,
The above.
A number of the pictures are now hanging in the rooms, and can be inspected when desired by intending purchasers.
Terms, cash.

TUESDAY, 6th February.
TO MUSICIANS, MUSICAL INSTRUMENT STORES, SOCIETIES, &c.
EXCEEDINGLY BEAUTIFUL AND NOVEL INSTRUMENT, by Baudet, of Paris, combining the tones of Violoncello, Double Bass, and first and second Violin, and justly named A QUATUOR.
MR. M. L. SALAMON has received instructions to sell at his Rooms, Nos. 201 and 203, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, the 6th instant, at 11 o'clock,
The above very rare and choice instrument.
The auctioneer begs to call the special attention of amateurs and lovers of music to this really very attractive invention, combining the tones of FOUR distinct musical instruments.
The quatuor is now on view at the Rooms, and intending purchasers are invited to inspect same.
Terms at sale.

TUESDAY, 6th February.
TO IRONMONGERS, FURNITURE DEALERS, BROKERS AND OTHERS.
A Small and Varied Assortment of ELECTROPLATED B. METAL WARE, comprising—
4, 5, and 6 hole Cruets, Cut-glass Bottles, Tea and Coffee Pots, Sugars and Creams, Biscuit Boxes, Dessert Sets, Pearl and Ivory Fish Carvers, Hot Water Kettles, &c., &c.
MR. M. L. SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, Nos. 201 and 203, Pitt-street, THIS AFTERNOON, 6th February, at 3 o'clock,
One case of really choice Britannia metal and German silver plated ware,
ex Lalla Rookh, from Liverpool.
Terms at sale.
Will be on view on Tuesday Afternoon.

TO CONTRACTORS, MINING COMPANIES, ROADMAKERS, BOROUGH COUNCILS, and OTHERS.
UNRESERVED SALE of a very SUPERIOR STONE-BREAKER.
To Close an Account.
COHEN and CO. are instructed by the agents to sell by auction, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on WEDNESDAY next, the 7th instant, at 12 o'clock, prompt,
A very SUPERIOR STONE-BREAKING MACHINE, quite new, made by H. R. Marsden, of Leeds; patented as "BLAKE'S STONE-BREAKER."
Certificates of efficacy, can be inspected at the office of the Auctioneers, where the machine is on view.
Terms at sale.

Preliminary Notice.
40 CASES SUPERIOR LONDON MANUFACTURED FURNITURE, FRAMEWORK, &c.
Now landing in splendid order and condition, ex Bertram Rigby, from London.
Under Instructions from Messrs. COWLISHAW, BROTHERS.
COHEN and CO. have received instructions from the importers, as above, to sell by auction, on FRIDAY next, the 9th instant, at 11 o'clock,
40 cases very superior London-manufactured furniture, framework, &c., comprising altogether one of the best assorted invoices offered for some time past.
Terms at sale.
☞ As usual, the goods will be sold without the slightest reserve.

TUESDAY, February 6.
To Amateurs, Musicians, Furniture Dealers, Members of Societies, &c., &c.
MAGNIFICENT ROSEWOOD HARMONIUM, by Alexandre Père et Fils,
22 Stops, with all the latest improvements, specially imported at a cost of 91 guineas, from the Vienna Exhibition, having there gained first-class certificate for purity of tone and general superiority, and being the only one of the kind at present in the colonies.
Also,
HANDSOME OAK CHURCH HARMONIUM, with double key-board and 15 stops, a very powerfully toned instrument.
MR. M. L. SALAMON has received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, Nos. 201 and 203, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, the 6th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Two very superior harmoniums, as above.
The instruments are now on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

Preliminary Notice.
WEDNESDAY next, 7th February, at 11 a.m.
VALUABLE SHIPMENT of CURIOSITIES FROM JAPAN.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been instructed by Messrs. Learmonth, Dickinson, and Co. to sell by auction, on WEDNESDAY next, 7th February, at 11 a.m.,
CURIOS FROM JAPAN.
Full particulars in another issue.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.
THURSDAY NEXT, February 8, at 11 a.m.
At the newly-erected Sale Rooms, Spring and O'Connell streets,
NEW SHIPMENT of FIRST-CLASS PLATE and HIGHLY-FINISHED TABLE CUTLERY.
Just to Hand.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been instructed to sell by auction, at the New Sale Rooms, Spring and O'Connell streets, on THURSDAY, February 8, at 11 a.m.,
Valuable plate and cutlery.

THURSDAY, 8th February.
On the Premises CLIFTON, NEWTOWN ROAD, near the Tollbar.
Preliminary Notice.
SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and Effects TRICHORD PIANOFORTE by AUCHER.
Full particulars in next issue.
ALFRED CHANDLER and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction on the premises, Clifton, Newtown Road, on THURSDAY, 8th February, at 11 o'clock,
The whole of the superior household furniture, pianoforte, and effects.
Without reserve.

BOOTS AND SHOES
Boots and Shoes.
92 packages, just landed, in splendid condition, ex BERTRAM RIGBY, comprising
Children's Coloured Felt Bals, 2 to 5
Ditto Patent Garibaldi, 2 to 5, and 4 to 6
Ditto All Patent, 2 to 5, 4 to 6, 7 to 10, and 11 to 1
Ditto Patent Strap Buckles, 2 to 5
Ditto ditto Lorne Shoes, 3 to 5, and 4 to 6
Ditto ditto Period Shoes, 5 and 6, 7 to 10, and 11 to 1
Ditto ditto Garibaldi, 7 to 10, and 11 to 1
Ditto Morocco Goat st. caps, 7 to 10, and 11 to 1
Ditto Lasting Peak Toes, 7 to 10, and 11 to 1
Ditto ditto High Patent Vamp, 4 to 6 7 to 10, and 11 to 1
Ditto Kid Oxford Shoes, 7 to 10, and 11 to 1
Women's Cashmere S.H. Toes, and Wings Rivets, 4 to 8
Ditto ditto ditto, sewn, 4 to 8
Ditto ditto T.P.H., ditto, 4 to 8
Ditto Lasting S.H. Wings, ditto, 4 to 8
Ditto ditto T.P.H. Toes and Wings, sewn, 4 to 8
Ditto ditto M.H. Seam to Toe Rivets, 2 to 8
Ditto ditto Peak Toe, ditto, 2 to 8
Ditto ditto Seam to Toes, sewn, 2 to 8
Ditto ditto Peak Toes, ditto 2 to 7
Ditto ditto Peak Bead Toes, ditto, 2 to 7
Ditto ditto Peak Toes, Hexians, sewn, ditto, 2 to 7
Ditto ditto Peak Toes, Fancy Fronts, 2 to 7
Ditto ditto Seam to Toe, chenille fronts, 2 to 7
Ditto ditto High Vamps, ditto, 2 to 7
Ditto ditto Peak Toes, ditto, 2 to 7
Ditto ditto Seam to Toes, Hexians, 2 to 7
Ditto ditto High Vamps, ditto, 2 to 7
Ditto Kid Moliere Shoes of the Period, 2 to 7
Ditto Patent Shoes of Period, 2 to 7
Ditto Kid M. H. Block Fronts, st. caps, 2 to 7
Ditto Goat Morocco, st. caps, 2 to 7
&c., &c.
MR. M. MOLONY has received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, 239, George-street, on MONDAY, February 12,
The above, as usual, without reserve.
Terms, liberal, at sale.

FANCY CHINA CONTRACT MATTING.
Now Landing, ex James Wilson, in splendid condition.
480 ROLLS, FANCY and WHITE.
For Positive Sale, at the City Mart, 362, George-street.
TUESDAY, 6th February, At 11 o'clock,
A Direct Shipment from the Manufacturers, Hongkong.
THE CHOICEST PATTERNS EVER IMPORTED INTO THE SYDNEY MARKET.
☞ This shipment far exceeds in quality any of the ordinary parcels now sent to this port. The Trade are invited to inspect the bulk, now on view. It is for peremptory sale, in order to close accounts for next China mail.
L. E. THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, THIS DAY, February 6, at 11 o'clock,
480 rolls choice quality fancy China matting.
Comprising—
J— 10 rolls, 6-4, superior fancy contract matting
H— 10 ditto ditto ditto
J— 20 ditto, 5-4, ditto ditto
H— 15 ditto ditto ditto
C— 15 ditto ditto ditto
J—138 ditto, 4-4, ditto ditto
H—160 ditto ditto ditto
C— 60 ditto ditto ditto
50 ditto, 4-4, finest white contract ditto.
Also,
Two cases white and pongee silks.
Terms at sale.

On Account of whom it may Concern.
The S.S. Australia, from California.
50 BOXES DRIED PEACHES.
20 CASES lb. SALMON.
L. E. THRELKELD has received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 362, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, 8th instant, at 11 o'clock,
50 boxes dried peaches
20 cases salmon, lb. each.
Terms cash.

CALIFORNIAN FLOUR.
Bakers' Extra Superfine.
The entire shipment, just received, ex CITY OF NEW YORK.
2000 quarter-sacks, CITY MILLS
2240 ditto ditto, YUBA MILLS.
Under instructions from the consignees, Messrs. R. TOWNS and CO.
DAY OF SALE, WEDNESDAY, February 7th, at the City Mart.
FIRST LINE TO BE OFFERED at 11 o'clock prompt.
Highly important to Millers, Bakers, Country Storekeepers, and General Grocery and Shipping Trades.
The Consignees are instructed to close out this shipment at auction directly on arrival.
Sample bags may be inspected at the City Mart, and the bulk is now landing at Alger's No. 2 Wharf.
L. E. THRELKELD is instructed by Messrs. R. Towns and Co. to sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, February 7th, at 11 o'clock prompt,
First line to be offered,
The entire parcel of bakers' extra superfine Californian flour,
comprising,—
2000 quarter-sacks City Mills
2240 ditto Yuba Mills.
This parcel is considered to be superior to any shipment this season.
The trade may inspect at the City Mart
Terms at sale

MARRIAN'S ALE.
L. E. THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, 7th February, at 11 o'clock,
5 hogsheads Marrian's ale.
Terms at sale.

HOGARTH'S GROCERIES and OILMEN'S STORES.
By order of the agents, Messrs. H. Beit and Co.
Shipment ex Darling Downs.
WEDNESDAY, February 7, at the City Mart.
These excellent goods are now so firmly established in public favour that a disposal of this shipment has only to be announced.
L. E. THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, WEDNESDAY, 7th February, at 11 o'clock,
Shipment of Messrs. Hogarth and Co.'s goods, ex Darling Downs.
Full particulars in future issue.
Terms at sale.

DOUBLE-STOVED SALT, in 1 and 2 cwt. bags.
Just landed ex Lalla Rookh.
ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
L. E. THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, 7th February, at 11 o'clock,
10 tons double-stoved salt.
Terms, cash.

THE ENTIRE CARGO of the Barque FLODDEN, transhipped ex Steamship ANCHISES direct from Foo Chow.
Good RATION and STATION CONGOUS.
Medium and Fine KAISOWS.
6761 Half-chests
100 Boxes Scented Orange Pekoe,
bearing the well-known LR & CO. over W brand (in red).
THIS IS THE LAST SHIPMENT OF THE PRESENT SEASON.
DAY OF SALE, WEDNESDAY, February 7th, at the City Mart.
By Order of Messrs. LORIMER, ROME, and CO.
☞ At the request of many buyers, both in town and country, the importers have been induced to place this—the only and last shipment of the season—upon the market for SALE BY AUCTION, WITHOUT RESERVE.
The various grades embrace GOOD RATIONS, FINE LEAFY STATION CONGOUS, GOOD MEDIUMS, and CHOICEST FOOCHOW PICKED COUNTER TEAS.
The unsatisfied demand for these descriptions of congous causes the auctioneer to direct the attention of all buyers to the fact that the FLODDEN is the LAST SHIPMENT that can come forward THIS SEASON. The teas are in the market for ABSOLUTE SALE BY AUCTION, in accordance with Messrs. LORIMER, ROME, and CO.'S usual habit. And it rests with the trade to take advantage of the opportunity now afforded for securing these chops, as every line WILL BE QUITTED.
MUSTER PACKAGES will be on view at the City Mart on Wednesday 31st instant.
L. E. THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, February 7, at a quarter past 11 o'clock punctually,
The entire shipment of congou teas ex FLODDEN, comprising 6761 half-chests of the well-known LR&Co over W brand.
Full particulars of chops will be given.
Terms, liberal.

IMPORTANT AND ATTRACTIVE BOOT AND SHOE SALE.
FRIDAY next, ex CYNOSURE
From the celebrated Houses of
SNOW and BENNETT
BOSTOCK and CO.
FLATAU and CO.
WILLIAM JONES
POLLAK and CO.
SIMON WOOLF
And other makers.
L. E. THRELKELD has been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, George-street, on FRIDAY, the 9th instant, at 11 o'clock,
A splendid shipment of boots and period shoes, from the above makers, in splendid condition, and in every way suitable to the market.
Terms, liberal, at sale.

AMERICAN DOORS.
The only shipment in the market.
Ex CITY OF NEW YORK.
This parcel is now landing on ALGER'S WHARF, and will be sold WITHOUT RESERVE.
812 DOORS, of the following specification,
Ex CITY OF NEW YORK:—
6 Doors, 2.6 x 6.6, 1½, 2 mol., HLR
143 ditto, 2.8 x 6.8, ditto, ditto, dine
114 ditto, 2.6 x 6.6, 1½, ditto ditto
2 ditto, 2.8 x 6.8, ditto ditto, ditto
184 ditto, 2.10 x 6.10, ditto, ditto, ditto
4 ditto, 3.0 x 7.0, 1½, ditto, ditto
200 ditto, 2.8 x 6.8, 1½, ditto, LLR
24 ditto, 2.8 x 6.8, 1½, bead and butt
50 ditto, 2.10 x 6.10, 1½, ditto ditto
25 ditto, 3.0 x 7.0, 1½, ditto ditto.
812
Day of Sale—THURSDAY AFTERNOON, February 8th, at 3 o'clock, on Alger's No. 2 Wharf.
By order of the Consignees, Messrs. LORIMER, ROME, and CO.
The Auctioneer is instructed to ask the punctual attendance of the trade on day of sale, as EVERY DOOR WILL BE SOLD.
Delivery must be taken within twenty-four hours.
L. E. THRELKELD will sell by auction, at Alger's No. 2 Wharf, foot of George-street North, on THURSDAY, February 8th, at 3 o'clock,
The shipment of first-class moulded American doors, assorted as above.
812 doors.
Terms, liberal.

SARDINES.
On account of whom it may concern.
By order of the Consignees.
Ex DAMASCUS.
GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 273, George-street, THIS DAY, 6th instant, at 11 o'clock,
31 cases half-sardines, each 100 tins
6 ditto quarter ditto, ditto.
Terms, cash.

BASS' TRIANGLE ALE
BYASS' STOUT, Quarts and Pints
VELVET WINE CORKS.
GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 273, George-street, THIS DAY, 6th instant, at 11 o'clock,
48 cases Bass' Triangle ale, quarts
33 ditto Byass' stout, quarts
20 ditto ditto ditto, pints.
In splendid condition.
And
4 cases finest velvet wine corks.
Terms at sale.

On account of whom it may concern.
BITTERS, QUININE CHAMPAGNE TONIC WINE, AROMATIC TONIC WINE.
GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 273, George-street, THIS DAY, 6th instant, at 11 o'clock,
5 cases bitters
28 ditto quinine champagne, each 2 dozen
11 ditto ditto ditto, 1 dozen
8 ditto aromatic tonic wine, 1 dozen
16 ditto tonic wine, 1 dozen.
To pay store-rent and charges.
Particulars at sale.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
To Wholesale Window Glass Dealers, Contractors, Builders, and the trade.
Important SALE of 1600 BOXES of WINDOW GLASS,
16 to 26 ozs., assorted sizes, from 10 x 8 to 60 x 40.
Ex Trafalgar and Twyrna.
GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, at the Rooms, 273, George-street, on an early day, as soon as vessel arrives,
1600 boxes glass, as above.
Full particulars in future issue.

AUCTION SALES.

Torres Straits Pearl Shell.
Just landed.

By order of the Consignees.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 273, George-street, THIS DAY, 6th instant, at 11 o'clock,
11 cases Torres Straits pearl shell.
A superior sample.

HOPS.

On account of whom it may concern.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, at the Rooms, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
1 bale new hops (1876)
With all faults, if any.
Terms cash.

IMPORTANT and UNRESERVED SALE
of
Groceries Oilmen's Stores, Preserved Provisions, &c., &c.
By order of the Consignees.
COLMAN'S STARCH and BLUE
MUSTARD and CHICORY
WHYBROW'S PICKLES and OILS
SODA CRYSTALS, VESTAS
HERRINGS and SARDINES
MUSCATELS and SULTANA RAISINS
CARBONATE SODA
DAY and MARTIN'S BLACKING
SAUCES, WHITING, OATMEAL, &c.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, at the Rooms, THIS DAY, February 6, at 11 o'clock,
844 packages new goods, as above.
Full particulars at sale.
Terms liberal.

ENGLISH MALT.

On account of whom it may concern.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, at the Rooms, THIS DAY, February 6th, at 11 o'clock,
1 tank malt, more or less damaged.

LIVERPOOL SALT,
Coarse and Fine.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 273, George-street, THIS DAY, 6th instant, at 11 o'clock.
180 sacks fine,
and
234 sacks coarse.
Now landing,
In lots to suit purchasers.

NEW PATRAS CURRANTS,
Just Landed.

By order of the Consignees.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 273, George-street, THIS DAY, 6th instant, at 11 o'clock,
58 cases new fruit.
In lots to suit purchasers.
Terms liberal.

TENNENT'S PINT STOUT.
A Prime Shipment just landed.

By order of the Consignees.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, at their Rooms, THIS DAY, 6th instant, at 11 o'clock,
30 cases Tennent's porter, each 7 dozen.
In lots to suit purchasers.

CORN FLOUR.

An invoice in ½ and 1 lb. packets.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 273, George-street, THIS DAY, 6th instant, at 11 o'clock,
89 cases corn flour, ½ and 1 lb.
In lots to suit purchasers.

NEW GOODS NOW LANDED.

48 CASES 1-lb. SALMON
5 Barrels CARRAWAY SEED
20 Kegs SPLIT PEAS
10 Barrels CANARY SEED
9 Ditto BLEACHED GINGER
10 Ditto WHITING
12 Ditto PRESERVED POTATOES
4 Casks ANNATTO
12 Barrels LOAF SUGAR
60 Cases CUTTY PIPES
3 Ditto TAYLOR'S CHOCOLATE.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, at the Rooms, 273, George-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
191 packages as above.
Terms, liberal.

NEW PITCH PINE MASTS
NEW BALTIC SPARS
NEW SAILS
BOATS, GEAR, STORES
COMPASSES, MEDICINE CHEST
SURPLUS STORES, CHAIN
PATENT BLOCKS, WATER AND HARNESS CASKS
GUNS, IRONWORK, &c., &c.
NEW SOLONARIES, FOR ADJUSTING COMPASSES
WIRE RIGGING
LIGNUM VITÆ DEAD EYES, fitted complete.

Just landed from the new steamer FRANCIS HICKSON
ONLY FOUR MONTHS USED.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, at Smith's Wharf, Miller's Point, THIS AFTERNOON, February 6, at half-past 2 o'clock,
The whole of the NEW GEAR with which the above new STEAMER was fitted for the voyage out.

Full particulars of which will be given at sale.

CANDLES.
Just landed.

FOR POSITIVE SALE.

By order of the Consignees.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, at the Rooms, 273, George-street, THIS DAY, 6th February, at 11 o'clock,
396 boxes Brandon's 8-medals.
In lots to suit purchasers.
Terms liberal.

To Stationers, Fancy Dealers, and the Trade generally.

Ex Nyassa,
A TRIAL SHIPMENT OF ELEGANT NOVELTIES,
including
Valentines, Sachets, Stove Ornaments, Conversation Cards, &c., &c.

From a first-class London manufacturer.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 273, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, 7th February, at 11 o'clock,
3 cases of the above goods, new and in great variety.

Particulars of which will be given at sale.
Terms, cash.
On view on Tuesday afternoon.

CAMPERDOWN-STREET,
between
PYRMONT BRIDGE ROAD
and
PARRAMATTA ROAD.

HOUSES AND VACANT LAND.

In the Estate of the late Mr. Braddick.

By order of the Executor, John Taylor, Esq.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, on the premises, THIS DAY, February 6, at 11 o'clock,
The following valuable lots, as follows:—
Lot 1 has 35 feet garden frontage to Camperdown-street or Road, with WEATHERBOARD HOUSE erected thereon, by 67 feet 6 inches to Eliza-street.
Lot 10 has similar frontage by same depth.
Lot 11 has 36 feet frontage to Camperdown-street by 102 feet in depth.
Lot 12 has similar frontage by 101 feet frontage to John-street.
Lot 2, in the rear, has 20 feet frontage to ELIZA-STREET, with HOUSE ERECTED THEREON.
Lots 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, each have 13 feet 9 inches frontage to ELIZA-STREET, with HOUSES THEREON, substantially built of stone.
Lot 9 has 37 feet frontage to Eliza-street, with WEATHERBOARD HOUSE.

☞ The Camperdown ROAD FRONTAGES are built upon very ELIGIBLE SITES, and with a trifling outlay the houses in the rear, being so substantial, are capable of producing excellent rentals.
PLAN AT ROOMS.
Terms at sale.

On account of whom it may concern.

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.
Ex ships Northam and Damascus.

By order of the Consignees.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 273, George-street, THIS DAY, 6th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Ex Damascus,
at Circular Bond,
TF—81 cases Hennessy's brandy, each 1 dozen
11 ditto ditto, 3-star, each 1 dozen.
Ex NORTHAM,
at new Bond,
43 cases Hennessy's brandy, each 1 dozen
More or less damaged.
Terms cash.
☞ Bulk can be inspected prior to sale.

GRAINY RATION SUGARS.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, at the Rooms, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
20 packets superior grainy sugar.

CROYDON STATION.

Most important LAND SALE, on the Ground, at 3 o'clock,
NEXT SATURDAY.

HEMMING'S ORCHARD, ORANGERY, and HOUSE,
and the adjoining
ESTATE (M'CULLOCH'S).

Subdivided into
VILLA SITES
and
BUILDING ALLOTMENTS,
as follows.

SECTION 1.—14 Allotments, having frontages of 59 feet by depths of 120 feet, and surrounded by streets.

SECTION 2.—29 Allotments, having frontages of 80 feet by depths of 123 feet. Some of these allotments form a portion of Hemming's orchard, and the fruit trees on them are heavily laden with fruit.

SECTION 3.—16 Allotments, having frontages of 80 feet by depths of 123 feet to TWO streets.

SECTION 4.—10 allotments, having frontages of 68 feet and 80 feet, by depths of 213 feet.

SECTION 5.—13 Allotments, having frontages of 80 feet by depths of 235 feet.

TITLE—TORRENS' ACT.
TERMS, VERY LIBERAL.

These valuable properties are situate on the main road to
BURWOOD,
distant about TWO minutes' walk from the
CROYDON STATION,
and are surrounded by the residences and grounds of Messrs. HORDERN, EVANS, CRANE, WHITTINGHAM, and others. The position is
ELEVATED,
and the views are most
EXTENSIVE,
commanding the beautiful hills on the side of the
PARRAMATTA RIVER,
and extending across to
BOTANY BAY
and
the City of SYDNEY.
The
ALLOTMENTS
are all pegged out by
Mr. SURVEYOR BISHOP,
and have upon them a large number of various sorts of choice
FRUIT TREES,
heavily laden with good fruits.
EACH ALLOTMENT
being almost a small
ORCHARD.
On LOT 15, in SECTION 2,
stands
The COTTAGE and OUTHOUSES
known as
HEMMING'S.
The land has
a frontage of 260 feet to
QUEEN-STREET,
by a depth of 200 feet to
BUCKENBAH and COLANE STREETS.
The surroundings also are good.

THE AUCTIONEERS
direct special attention to this sale, their instructions being
POSITIVE.
Opportunity will also be given to secure a large number of consecutive feet frontage, so that
INVESTORS, SPECULATORS,
and
OTHERS,
in this way may purchase
LARGE BLOCKS.

HARDIE and GORMAN have been favoured with instructions to sell the above-described properties
ON THE GROUND,
at 3 o'clock, on
SATURDAY NEXT.

LARGE PLAN may be seen at the Rooms.
LITHOGRAPHS are now obtainable.
REFRESHMENTS
provided, and
FREE RAILWAY TICKETS
issued on the day of sale,
SATURDAY, 10th FEBRUARY.

WATERLOO.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

Block of Land having 25 FEET frontage to GEORGE-STREET by a depth of 191 FEET to BULLANAMING-STREET, upon which the following BUILDINGS are erected,—
LOT 1. George-street frontage, a Weatherboard House of 4 Rooms, &c., &c. about 350 feet north of Buckland-street.

LOT 2. Bullanaming-street Frontage, a Weatherboard House of 6 Rooms, &c., &c., distant about 380 feet north of Buckland-street.

These properties are always let and occupy one of the best positions in the most populous parts of Waterloo, and are for Positive Sale by order of the Mortgagee.

TITLE, LEASEHOLD, subject to a ground rent of 4s. per week.

HARDIE and GORMAN are instructed to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bell's-chambers, 175, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on TUESDAY, 13th February.
The above described properties.
Further particulars may be obtained at the Salerooms.

SATURDAY, 10th February.

VALUABLE BLOCK OF LAND, situate at
BURWOOD,
in LANG-STREET, and adjoining Mr. W. Deane's subdivision, containing an area of 5 ACRES, more or less, upon which is erected a COMFORTABLE COTTAGE RESIDENCE, lately in the occupation of W. SEAWARD, Esq., containing 6 rooms, kitchen, washhouse, &c.; also stable and coachhouse. The grounds are planted with fruit trees in full bearing, and ornamental shrubs. The PROPERTY is situate in the immediate neighbourhood of the Ashfield Park House, the residence of S. H. Smyth, Esq., and John Dawson, Esq., close to the Five Dock Ferry, and between CROYDON STATION and the PARRAMATTA ROAD.

This property will be offered in one lot, or in a subdivision.
TITLE, unquestionable. TERMS liberal.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from Rev. WILLIAM LUMSDAINE to sell by public auction ON THE GROUND, at 4 o'clock, on SATURDAY, 10th February,
The above-described property.
The land is pegged out, and lithographs are obtainable.
Refreshments will be provided, and free Railway tickets issued on day of sale.
SATURDAY, 10th February.
This property will be offered after the KENTBURY (Hemming's) ESTATE, and its very pleasant situation with so good surroundings should command for it ready sale.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

THREE WEATHERBOARD COTTAGES
AND LAND,
BULLANAMING-STREET,
adjoining Martin's Bakery Store,
WATERLOO.

W. PRITCHARD has received instructions from the mortgagee to sell by public auction, on the ground, on WEDNESDAY, 7th February, at 5 o'clock,
Three weatherboard cottages and land, having a frontage of 44 feet to Bullanaming-street, by a depth of 87 feet, containing each 3 rooms, &c., lined inside.
Title, leasehold,
about 77 years to run, subject to a ground rental of £8 10s per year.
These cottages are realising a net rental of £46 2s per year.
Terms at sale

W. PRITCHARD'S ORDER OF AUCTION SALE of
CITY and SUBURBAN PROPERTIES,
AT HIS ROOMS,
281, George-street (opposite Hunter-street),
on THURSDAY, the 8th February,
at 11 o'clock.

By order of the Mortgagee,
42-acre FARM, near WISEMAN'S FERRY,
M'Donald River, County of Northumberland,
Situated at the north-east corner of Sarah Taylor's 30 acres.
TITLE FREEHOLD.

Also,
ALLOTMENT OF LAND, containing half-an-acre, being lot 12 of section 3, having a frontage of 66 feet to Rifle-street, Clarence Town, by a depth of 330 feet.

ALLOTMENT OF LAND,
MORUYA,
being No. 2 of section 8 (TOWN LOT), having a frontage of 250 feet to Hawdon-street, by depths of 250 feet.

TITLES, FREEHOLD.
TERMS, CASH.

FIFTY CHOICE ALLOTMENTS OF LAND,
BALGOWLAH, MANLY BEACH.
IN ONE LOT, OR IN LOTS TO SUIT BUYERS,
situate on the PITTWATER ROAD, close the
BALGOWLAH CHURCH.
CROWN GRANT TITLE.

VALUABLE BLOCK OF LAND,
JUNCTION-STREET,
FOREST LODGE.
TITLE UNDER TORRENS' ACT.

TO CLOSE PARTNERSHIP ACCOUNTS.

25 ALLOTMENTS OF LAND,
fronting WEST and GLEN STREETS,
adjacent to the Town of St. Leonards,
NORTH SHORE.
TITLE, FREEHOLD.

FOR POSITIVE UNRESERVED SALE.

7-ACRE ORCHARD AND FARM, LANE COVE ROAD,
TITLE, FREEHOLD.

COUNTRY HOMESTEAD NEAR THE CITY.
318-ACRE FARM,
known as
THE RIVERSTON PARK ESTATE,
CANTERBURY.
TITLE, FREEHOLD.

FREEHOLD CITY PROPERTY.
STANDARD HOTEL,
CORNER OF FOVEAUX AND MACQUARIE STREETS.
ALBION ESTATE.
FREEHOLD TITLE.

TWO WEATHERBOARD COTTAGES and LAND,
CORNER of GEORGE and SHORT STREETS,
REDFERN.
FREEHOLD TITLE.

For full particulars see last Saturday's HERALD, ECHO, and EVENING NEWS.

FOR POSITIVE UNRESERVED SALE.

COMFORTABLE DWELLING-HOUSE and LAND,
BOTANY ROAD,
four doors north of Raglan-street,
WATERLOO.

W. PRITCHARD will sell by public auction, on the ground, on WEDNESDAY, 7th February, at 5 o'clock,
Comfortable dwelling-house, built of brick on stone foundations, having a frontage of 25 feet to the Botany Road, by a depth of 160 feet, and contains 6 rooms, kitchen, cellar, &c., situate four doors north of Raglan-street.
Title, leasehold,
about 78 years to run, subject to a ground rental of 3s per week.
TERMS, CASH.

SATURDAY, 10th FEBRUARY.

ON THE GROUND. ON THE GROUND.

89 ALLOTMENTS OF LAND
near the
COUNCIL CHAMBERS,
WAVERLEY.

W. PRITCHARD has received instructions to sell by public auction, ON THE GROUND, Waverley, on SATURDAY, 10th February, at 3 o'clock,
89 allotments of land, having frontages of 66 feet each to WAVERLEY-STREET, leading to Bondi Beach, PENKIVIL, OCEAN, GLEN, and ANGLESEA STREETS, by depths varying from 165 to 264 feet each.
These allotments occupy a first class position, and command a magnificent view of Bondi and the Pacific Ocean, and are surrounded by the highly improved properties and residences of Messrs. C. K. Moore, Campbell, Henderson, M'Kenzie and Sharp.
EXCEEDINGLY LIBERAL TERMS,
VIZ.:—
25 per cent. cash deposit, the balance by Promissory Notes at 3, 6, 9, and 12 months, bearing 6 per cent. interest per annum; or if the balance be paid within one month from day of sale a discount of 2½ per cent. will be allowed.
TITLE DEEDS FREE OF COST.
W. PRITCHARD,
Auctioneer,
281, George-street.

A SUBSTANTIAL COMFORTABLE FAMILY RESIDENCE, WITH 20 ACRES OF LAND ENCLOSED, ONE AND A-HALF MILE FROM GUILDFORD STATION, TWO MILES FROM FAIRFIELD STATION, AND FOUR MILES FROM PARRAMATTA STATION.

The House is erected on a block of good land 20 acres in extent, highly improved, partly as an orchard containing a great variety of bearing fruit trees, and partly by a good vineyard, the rest grass land.
The Homestead is of brick, in good condition, fit for immediate occupation, containing six good rooms and passage on the ground floor, and three good attic-bedrooms. Attached are a dining-room, store, and kitchen.
In the securely enclosed yard are stabling for four horses with loft over, coachhouse for two buggies, barn, cartsheds, cow-house with bales, fowl-house, pigsties, &c.
A supply of water close to the kitchen from an underground tank.
A flower garden in front, and on each side of the house. The whole securely fenced in.
All the improvements have been made by the present proprietor, who has shown good taste as well as ability, using the best materials, without regard to cost, determined to make a comfortable home for a large and respectable family, which persons are invited to inspect prior to the sale.
Cards to view and further particulars may be had from the Auctioneers.

BOWDEN and MILLS are instructed to sell the property above described, on THURSDAY, the 15th day of February, at the Land Sale Rooms, 154, Pitt-street, at half-past 11 o'clock prompt,
Title satisfactory. Terms liberal.
☞ If more land is required 70 acres adjoining the above, fenced in, might be had at a fair price.

WOODSTOCK, DOGTRAP ROAD.

A COMFORTABLE HOME, WITH
36 ACRES OF LAND MOSTLY IMPROVED,
having a large frontage to the Dogtrap Road and a Government road, leading to the railway crossing gates near the Guildford platform.
This choice property is about half-way between the Paramatta Junction and the Guildford Station.

BOWDEN and MILLS have been instructed by Mr. Smith to sell by auction, at the Land Sale Rooms, 154, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, February 15, at 11.30 prompt,
Woodstock, Dogtrap Road, near Parramatta Junction, situate close to the estates of the Honorable John Lackey and A. T. Holroyd, Esq., about 36 acres, the whole enclosed within substantial fencing, about 20 acres stumped and cleared and subdivided into portions of about 7 acres each—two of them used for cultivation, and lately producing first rate crops of maize and oaten hay; on the third portion the house is erected. There are flower and vegetable gardens, and a small orchard of young fruit trees (comprising orange, peach, apple, plum, and other trees). There is also a large waterhole fenced in.
The house, nearly new, contains six rooms, kitchen, and servant's room, pantry and dairy. The rooms measure respectively about 29 x 15, 20 x 11, 10 x 12, 10 x 7, 20 x 6, and 7 x 9. A wide verandah at back.
There is a large underground cemented tank, holding about 12,000 gallons, near the kitchen.
There is now being erected large slab washhouse, 17 x 13.
On the bush land (about 16 acres, well timbered) are two large waterholes, neither of which failed during the late severe drought.
There is also a snug little house, containing two rooms, &c.
There are a large barn and cow shed and other outhouses, securely fenced in; blue metal obtainable on the ground at a trifling expense.
The frontage to the Dog Trap Road, 1250 feet; the same frontage to a road leading to the gate crossing near the Guildford platform, which is within ten minutes' walk; the Junction station about 1½ mile distant. Castner's orchard is within five minutes' walk.
Title, Torrens's Act.
Further particulars obtainable from the Auctioneers.

THE EXTENSIVE STOCK OF A CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.

For absolute sale, in consequence of the Proprietor Relinquishing Business.

BOWDEN and MILLS have been instructed by Mr. Pinhey to sell by auction, on the premises, 259, Pitt-street, on MONDAY and TUESDAY next, the 12th and 13th February, at 11 o'clock (in consequence of his relinquishing business),
The whole of his well-assorted stock, comprising—drugs, chemicals, patent medicines, perfumery, surgical instruments, and a great variety of other articles comprised in the stock of a large and long established business. The fittings, of a superior character, will also be disposed of at the same time.
Catalogues in course of preparation.

Terms—Under £30, cash; above £30, approved bills at three months.

Magnificent Cattle Property.
RAWBELLE STATION, QUEENSLAND.

MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK have received instructions from R. Goldsbrough and Co., as agents for Lachlan M'Bean, Esq., who is leaving for Europe, to sell by auction, at the Hall of Commerce, on WEDNESDAY, 28th February, at 12 o'clock noon,
The well known breeding and fattening station
RAWBELLE,
situated near Gayndah, Queensland.
Together with the herd of
10,000 WELL-BRED CATTLE.
Rawbelle comprises nine blocks of first-class country, viz.:—

Dry Creek	Tireen
Coomlingiah	Boobcalgapeel
Rawbelle	Upper Tireen
Mount Fortitude	Little Reedy

Gravelled,
all splendidly grassed and watered, and consisting of Box Forests and Open Downs, well adapted for either sheep or cattle.

THE AREA
is about 450,000 acres, and the carrying capabilities are moderately estimated at from 20,000 to 25,000 head of cattle, or their equivalent in sheep.

There is a steady and increasing demand for fat cattle, which are readily salable at the Station Yards, at £7 for bullocks and £6 for cows.

THE STATION is efficiently worked at a very moderate cost, and, owing to abundance of feed and water, &c., cattle are rarely if ever, found off their own country, which also materially lessens the cost of management.
THE IMPROVEMENTS are all good and substantial, and capable of working a much larger number of cattle.

The Auctioneers would desire to direct attention to the fact that the proprietor is only disposing of this splendid property owing to his intended early departure for Europe, and this, added to the very high character of both the country and the stock, should be an inducement to capitalists seeking investment, as so favourable an opportunity is seldom to be met with.

Further particulars can be obtained on application to Messrs. R. GOLDSBROUGH and CO., Melbourne; or to
MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK,
171, Pitt-street, Sydney.

PRELIMINARY ADVERTISEMENT.

CANALLY, WALDAIRA, and WINDOMAL STATIONS,
for SALE,
in consequence of Dissolution of Partnership.

R. GOLDSBROUGH and CO. have been favoured with instructions from Messrs. Maguire, Cohen, and Co., to sell by auction, at their Wool Warehouses, Bourke and William streets, Melbourne, on WEDNESDAY, March 14th, at 2 o'clock p.m., the
CANALLY,
WALDAIRA,
and
WINDOMAL STATIONS,
situate at the junction of the Murray and Murrumbidgee, New South Wales.
Together with,
65,000 sheep
1000 cattle
100 horses
2000 acres freehold land.
This fine station property contains an area of about 650 square miles of sound healthy grazing country, highly improved, and not likely to be interfered with by selection.

Further particulars and terms, which are liberal, can be ascertained on application at GOLDSBROUGH'S Wool Warehouses, Melbourne.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION is directed to the
SALE
ON FRIDAY NEXT,
At the Rooms, Pitt-street, of that
VALUABLE BLOCK OF LAND,
corner of
CHURCH-HILL and JAMISON-STREET,
opposite the Ornamental Reserve and the Scots Church,
subdivided into
5 CHOICE BUILDING SITES.

TITLE—TORRENS' ACT. WM. BARKER, Esq., Vendor's Solicitor.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

TOWN OF ST. LEONARDS.

HALF-ACRE ALLOTMENT OF LAND, ALFRED-STREET, being No. 12, section 13, immediately opposite Ridge-street and the south-eastern boundary of the Reserve.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, February 16, at 11 o'clock,
The above valuable block of land, having 75½ feet frontage to ALFRED-STREET, with a depth of 290 feet, occupying a very good position in this popular and rapidly rising suburb, being in close vicinity to and having a view of the large reserve for public recreation. It also commands an extensive range of picturesque scenery, including the harbour and islands, with the city and eastern suburbs in the distance.
Plan at the Rooms. Terms at sale.

UNRESERVED SALE.

REDFERN.

TWO brick-built HOUSES in WALKER-STREET (east side, 25 feet north of COOPER-STREET), off CLEVELAND-STREET, a few yards east of ELIZABETH-STREET SOUTH.
They each contain verandah front and back, 4 rooms, small garden plot in front, with yard, &c., at the rear.
The LAND has 25 feet frontage to WALKER-STREET, with a depth of 106 feet.
RENTAL, £52 PER ANNUM.

Title—Hon. G. W. Allen's lease, 72 years to run, at £7 per annum.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from Mr. H. Edwards to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 16th February, at 11 o'clock,
The above small investment, just outside the boundary of the city.
Plan of position at the Rooms.

BALMAIN EAST.

STONE and WEATHERBOARD TWO-STORY DWELLING-HOUSE, WESTON-STREET, off DARLING-STREET, and adjoining the property of Mr. H. HAYES, BOATBUILDER.
It has verandahs and balcony (from which there is a fine view of the harbour, North Shore, and the city), and contains 4 rooms, also kitchen and dining-room in the basement; also, coal and wood shed at the rear.
The position is very convenient, only a few steps from the public steamers' wharf at the foot of Darling-street, and the dwelling has lately been put in thorough good order and repair throughout, and in the yard there is a well of good water.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from Mr. COOPER to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 9th February, at 11 o'clock,
The above described dwelling-house, BALMAIN EAST. It is at present unoccupied, and those wishing to inspect can obtain the key at Moran's Hotel, corner of DARLING-ROAD and WESTON-STREET, two doors from the property.

Plan at the Rooms. Terms at sale.

VINCENT-STREET, BALMAIN.

NEAT COTTAGE RESIDENCE, corner of VINCENT-STREET and VINCENT-LANE, near the ADOLPHUS-STREET FERRY, and now in the occupation of Captain STUART.
It contains 4 rooms, kitchen, and wash-house, with garden, good yard, well of water, &c.
The land has 25 FEET frontage to VINCENT-STREET and 115 feet to Vincent-lane.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on
FRIDAY, 23rd February, at 11 o'clock,
The above-described freehold COTTAGE RESIDENCE at Balmain.
Terms at sale.

Messrs. ROLIN and SALTER, Pitt-street, Solicitors of the vendor.

NEXT SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

LAND SALE,
on
THE GROUND,
ASHFIELD HEIGHTS,
near
The Residence of James Bartlett, Esq.

FRESHWATER'S sub-division of an early selection on Miss CAMPBELL'S CANTERBURY ESTATE, Ashfield south, about 12 minutes' walk from the
ASHFIELD RAILWAY STATION,
and less than one-third that distance from the
NEW RAILWAY PLATFORM,
now granted between Ashfield and the viaduct near Petersham.
It comprises—
THIRTY CHOICE BUILDING SITES,
each having
about 50 FEET frontage to
PROSPECT and CRANE STREETS,
with depths varying from 150 to 210 feet.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from Mr. Freshwater to sell by public auction, ON THE GROUND,
SATURDAY, 10th February, at 3 o'clock,
The above-described
BUILDING SITES
in one of the delightful and favourite
SPOTS OF ASHFIELD,
and in the midst of some of the highly improved and stately Residences and Ornamental Grounds for which this truly beautiful railway suburb is so famous.
The great and increasing demand there is for suitable residences in this and other suburbs on our Railway alone is sufficient guarantee that capital judiciously expended in erecting
COTTAGE and VILLA RESIDENCES
on eligible sites will return a very large percentage on the outlay, and thereby prove to capitalists and others most lucrative and good permanent investments.
The position of these sites is equal to any other in Ashfield, and the view is very extensive and picturesque, embracing Botany Bay, the City, and the pretty undulating country around for miles.
A PLAN of the subdivision is now on view at the Rooms, and LITHOGRAPHS are now ready.
FREE TICKETS per train will be issued on day of sale, and Luncheon will be provided on the Ground.
The terms of payment will be liberal.
OMNIBUS will leave the Rooms, Pitt-street, at a quarter past 2 o'clock on day of sale, to convey intending purchasers to the land.

BURWOOD.

1 ACRE 1 rood 11 perches LAND, with COTTAGE thereon, BURWOOD ROAD, west side, distant 300 feet southerly from the LIVERPOOL ROAD, adjoining Bartlett's, near Dr. Haylock's, and now occupied by Mr. G. Meredith.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from Mr. White to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 16th February, at 11 o'clock,
All that block of land, having 273 feet frontage to the BURWOOD ROAD, with a depth of 200 feet, together with the brick-built COTTAGE thereon, containing verandah, 4 rooms, kitchen, and wash-house, with shed, yard, well and tank of water at the rear. The land in front of the cottage is laid out as a flower-garden and at the rear is a kitchen-garden.

. This property is in the improving suburb of Enfield, a few yards from the Liverpool Road, and within twelve minutes' walk of the Burwood railway station.
Plan of position at the Rooms.

BALMAIN.

THAMES-STREET and CLAYTON-STREET,
WATERVIEW BAY.

Very Commodious and favourably-situated Stone-built FAMILY RESIDENCE, THAMES-STREET, north of CURTIS ROAD, known as the BALMAIN CONVENT.
Small COTTAGE and large Block of Land, adjoining the above. Also,
A BUILDING SITE in CLAYTON-STREET, abutting on the two properties.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 9th February, at 11 o'clock,
LOT 1.—All that BLOCK OF LAND situated near WATERVIEW BAY, BALMAIN, having 66 feet frontage to THAMES-STREET, with a depth of 154 feet, upon which is a substantially-built STONE FAMILY RESIDENCE, now known as the
BALMAIN CONVENT.
It contains wide entrance hall, 9 rooms and bathroom, with kitchen and cellars in the basement, garden, large yard, well of good water, &c., at the side and rear.
Cards to view this property may be obtained on application at the Rooms.
LOT 2.—LARGE and VALUABLE BLOCK of LAND, adjoining lot 1, and having 66 FEET frontage to THAMES-STREET, with the good depth of 154 FEET, together with the small stone and weatherboard cottage thereon, containing 3 rooms and kitchen.
LOT 3.—GOOD BUILDING ALLOTMENT of LAND, No. 8 of section A of block 25, of the WATERVIEW ESTATE, Balmain, adjoining the above, and having 33 FEET frontage to CLAYTON-STREET, with a depth of about 87 FEET.
☞ The above are favourably situated FREEHOLD PROPERTIES and BUILDING LANDS, in an elevated position, a few yards from the DOCK STEAMERS WHARF, WATERVIEW BAY, and are well worthy the attention of parties in search of eligible investments in the popular and rapidly-improving marine suburb of Balmain.
The residence on Lot 1 is in fair tenantable repair, and with a small outlay thereon could readily be made a very desirable and comfortable family house, equal to new. The stone work is massive and substantial, and the internal fittings are in good preservation.
JOSEPH LEARY, M.P., King-street, Solicitor of the vendor.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEES.
TOWN OF HAYDONTON,
near MURRURUNDI.

LOT 1.—BLOCK of LAND, LIVERPOOL-STREET, HAYDONTON, 200 YARDS FROM THE RAILWAY STATION, together with the Improvements thereon, known as
THE HAYDONTON STEAM FLOUR MILL,
and
COTTAGE RESIDENCE,
the former being built principally of STONE, and now in full operation, the present occupant being Mr. J. BONSEFIELD.
The Cottage is built of stone, and contains 4 rooms, with detached kitchen, &c.
The land is described as Lots 9, 10, 11, and 12 of Section 2, of the said Township, and has 250 feet frontage to LIVERPOOL-STREET, with a depth of 200 feet.

LOT 2.—BLOCK of LAND, 33 ACRES, COUNTY of BRISBANE, on the UPPER PAGE'S RIVER, adjoining Mr. P. Brodie's 1036 acre BLOCK, and about 2 miles from Murrurundi, and surrounded by the valuable pastoral estates belonging to HENRY WHITE, Esq.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, Sydney, on FRIDAY, 9th February, at 11 o'clock,
The above-described valuable country properties.
Messrs. PIGOTT and TRICKETT, King-street, Sydney, Solicitors of the Mortgagees.

GREAT CLEARING SALE
of
FIRST-CLASS STATIONS
in
NORTHERN QUEENSLAND,
including the well-known properties,
INKERMANN and LEICHHARDT DOWNS,
with
9000 CATTLE, more or less
87 HORSES, more or less.

WOODSTOCK,
with
6100 CATTLE, more or less
42 HORSES, more or less.

JARVISFIELD,
with
500 CATTLE, more or less
235 HORSES, more or less.
All three situated in the KENNEDY DISTRICT, close to the TOWNS OF BOWEN AND TOWNSVILLE.

And
NEWSTEAD,
a valuable and IMPROVED FREEHOLD ESTATE, containing about 6898 acres, situated on the sea coast, about seven miles south of the town of Bowen.
With this property will be sold a small herd of
CHOICE STUD CATTLE.

By order of the TRUSTEES of the ESTATE of the late Honorable ROBERT TOWNS.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions, as above mentioned, to sell by public auction, at the ROOMS, PITT-STREET, SYDNEY, on THURSDAY, 15th FEBRUARY instant, next, at 11 o'clock.
The above well-known and highly-appreciated pastoral properties, in four lots, full particulars of which appeared in last Saturday's HERALD and will appear in every Saturday's issue of the HERALD to day of Sale.

ULLADULLA, ILLAWARRA DISTRICT.

61 Acres 3 Roods 27 Perches LAND, being Lot 8 of the subdivision of the
WOODSTOCK or WOOLOOMOOLAN ESTATE
about 3 miles from the township of MILTON, Ulladulla.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, Sydney, on FRIDAY, 9th February, at 11 o'clock,
The above land. Without reserve.
Plan of position at the Rooms.

NEW ENGLAND DISTRICT.

For Positive Sale.
In consequence of the Proprietor leaving the District, That well-known highly improved station property,
GARA,
situated within 10 miles of the city of ARMIDALE, together with first-class homestead, fit for the residence of a gentleman's family, many other extensive improvements on purchased land, and the following stock, viz.:—
18,800 SHEEP, more or less
800 CATTLE, more or less.
Stores, working stock, and all station belongings to be taken by the purchaser by valuation in the usual way.

The HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and a LIBRARY of well-selected books may be taken by the purchaser by valuation, should he elect to do so, otherwise these effects will be removed.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from MONTAGUE MARKS, Esq., for the reason stated above, to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, Sydney, on
THURSDAY, the 15th February instant,
at 11 o'clock,
The above choice and compact pastoral property.

GARA is an early selection on one of the most noted portions of the New England District, and contains about 45,000 acres of sound grazing country, principally of red gum, box, and apple tree, all well grassed, and of large carrying capabilities, every part of the run being abundantly watered by the Gara River, and Coney, Pint-pot, Baker's, and other intersecting creeks. Gara is about 10 miles from the city of Armidale, and about 100 miles from the proposed Railway Station at Quirindi, which will presently be opened. It is surrounded by the well-known stations—Gostwyck, belonging to Messrs. Dangar, Brothers; Gyra la, belonging to Messrs. Legh and Anderson; Hillgrove, belonging to R. Hargrave, Esq.; and Tilbuster, belonging to George Cross, Esq.
The improvements, which are principally erected on purchased land, are of an unusually substantial character. They comprise, amongst others, at the head station, the HOMESTEAD, a well-built large size BRICK Verandah COTTAGE, replete with all conveniences, containing eight rooms, with pantry and kitchen attached. Surrounding the cottage is a choice flower garden, containing many varieties of English trees and shrubs, and upon which great care has been expended, and adjoining it is an orchard of full-bearing fruit trees. The following shingled buildings are detached, viz.:—STORE, with two bedrooms, STABLE of 6 STALLS, HAYSHED, BUGGY and CART SHEDS, OVERSEER'S COTTAGE, of weatherboard, containing 4 rooms and kitchen, with stable, &c., detached. WOOLSHED, quite equal to the present flock. DRAFTING YARDS arranged on the most approved principles, equal to a larger number of sheep. STOCKYARD, MEN'S HUTS, WASHPOOL, and other conveniences for economically working the property, including substantial huts and yards at the outstations.
The PADDOCK accommodation encloses about 860 acres, subdivided into 7 paddocks, viz., 460, 200, 140 (newly fenced, posts and rails), 60 (cultivation) cleared, and laid down in English grasses, and three smaller ones surrounding the homestead.
The PURCHASED LAND includes 868 acres in GRANTS and 260 acres of conditionally-purchased, ready for transfer. These lands will be included in the sale, at a fixed price per acre. There are also 3625 acres of pre-emptive leased land attached to the freehold.
With GARA will be sold
18,800 SHEEP, more or less, and
800 CATTLE, more or less.
. The SHEEP are all of large frame, and yield heavy clip of fine wool. Amongst the flocks there are a large number of grown wethers ready for market, and for next season there will be at least 5000 ewes to go to the rams, of which there is an ample supply of choice breed, viz., Bettington's, Bayly's, and Marsh's, and some from the noted "Canning Downs" flocks.
. The cattle are a very quiet herd, and lie close at home, and can nearly all be got together in a few days. Amongst them are 100 bullocks now ready for sale.
The above property has been worked with great advantage by its present proprietor, and would not have come into the market had not his intention to leave the district induced him to make a sale. To gentlemen desirous of obtaining a property having the advantages of being in one of the healthiest parts of the Northern districts of this colony, close to a large town, affording all requirements for a gentleman's family, and upon which a large outlay has been made to bring it to its present state of excellence, the opportunity of securing Gara should not be overlooked. A thorough inspection is invited, for which every facility will be afforded on the station.
TERMS—One-third cash, balance by promissory notes, at 1 and 2 years' date, with 6 per cent. interest added, and secured in the usual way.

PARRAMATTA.

Stock and Produce Sale Yards.

WEDNESDAY, 7th February, at 2 o'clock.

JOHN TAYLOR has been instructed to sell by public auction, at his Sale Yards, adjoining the Parramatta Railway Station, on WEDNESDAY, 7th February, at 2 o'clock,
A compact family carriage
Double and single harness
Stanhope gig and harness
Dog cart and harness
Spring-cart and tip-dray
2 patent chaffcutters
Corncracker and iron plough
4 excellent saddle and harness horses
Several head of milch cows, heifers, and steers, &c., &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

TALAVERA and BRUCEDALE STATIONS, in the Maranoa District, Queensland.

For Positive and Unreserved Sale, by order of the Executrix of the late W. B. Tooth, Esq.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Wool Warehouses, Circular Quay, on TUESDAY, 27th day of February, at 3 o'clock p.m.,
The following valuable sheep properties in the district of Maranoa, Queensland:—
LOT 1.—THE TALAVERA STATION, situated in the very centre of the VICTORIA DOWNS, on the BALONNE RIVER, and 140 miles from the township of DALBY.
This property, comprising 10 blocks, has an area of 250 square miles of beautiful downs country, thickly grassed, with abundance of saltbush and other nutritious herbs, making it eminently suitable for fattening or breeding; and in consequence of its salubrious climate, the worm or other sheep diseases have never been known to exist.
The whole country is SPLENDIDLY WATERED, having a TEN-MILE frontage to both banks of the BALONNE RIVER, and embracing the waters of WERIBONNE CREEK, MIDDLE CREEK, HORSE CREEK, YALEBONE CREEK, and BUNGIL CREEK, besides numerous LAGOONS.
Together with 37,000 sheep, more or less.

The CLIP has a well-established reputation in the London market, and realises the highest prices.
The late proprietor has spent an immense amount of money during the past few years in adding to the IMPROVEMENTS, FOUR OF THE BLOCKS, containing 100 square miles, being entirely FENCED IN and SUBDIVIDED INTO PADDOCKS in the most substantial manner with wire and hardwood. There are two very strong STOCKYARDS, and one HERDING YARD, on different points of the station. The WOOLSHED, lately built (with a view to the ultimate shearing of 100,000 sheep), is of sawn timber, with iron roof, and every convenience for shearing 12,000 sheep per week. The approaches to the shed are over BATTENED YARDS, erected several feet from the ground, to avoid dust after washing. A SCREW PRESS, powerful enough to dump the bales on the station; WOOLSTORE, capable of holding upwards of 200 bales wool; WASHPOOL of particularly soft water, with STEAM-ENGINE, CENTRIFUGAL PUMP, and SPOUT TANKS attached. Also, SOAK TANK, 32 x 4, with the most approved hot water appliances. Superintendent's and head overseer's cottages, stores, men's huts, sheep yards, and all the necessary buildings for the effective working of a first-class sheep station.

Lot 2.—THE BRUCEDALE STATION,
situate 150 miles from the railway terminus at Dalby, in the MAGNIFICENT DOWNS COUNTRY, in the neighbourhood of Roma, Mount Abundance, Blythesdale, &c. There are FOUR LARGE BLOCKS, ABOUT 100 SQUARE MILES of very superior country consisting of downs, open plains, myall and forest country, and abounding with salt bush. It has a frontage of 20 miles on each side of the Bungil Creek, and is otherwise WATERED IN EVERY DIRECTION by numerous tributary creeks, so that every part of the run is available without artificial water supply.
BRUCEDALE will be offered with
10,000 sheep, more or less.

The IMPROVEMENTS consist of a cottage, stores, woolshed, paddock, and all appliances requisite for conducting the station economically and profitably.

Further particulars of these highly-desirable properties of which an early inspection is invited, may be obtained on application to
MORT and CO., Sydney

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1438931

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

IMMIGRANTS PER KAPUNDA.—NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned persons, for whom passages have been provided under the Immigration Regulations of 1873, have arrived in the ship KAPUNDA. They will be prepared to join their friends, the single females from the Depot, Hyde Park, and the married people and single men from on board the vessel, after 2 p.m. this day.

Name of Immigrant.	Name of Depositor.
Allen, Patrick	John Craven
Mary	Ditto
Bridget	Ditto
Mary	Ditto
Margaret	Ditto
John	Ditto
Bentel, Jacob	J. J. Reichardt
Magdalen	Ditto
Lewis	Ditto
Anne	Ditto
Bugg, Joseph	Henry Bugg
Eliza	Ditto
James	Ditto
Elizabeth	Ditto
Bowrey, Henry	Mary Bowrey
Fanny	Ditto
Mary	Ditto
Conway, Michael	Anthony Conway
Esther	Ditto
Michael	Ditto
Patrick	Ditto
Esther	Ditto
Cowan, James	John Cowan
Rosanna	Ditto
Flanagan, Joseph	Mary A. Preston
Bridget	Ditto
Mary	Ditto
Ellen	Ditto
Flannery, Timothy	Ann Hoolahan
Bridget	Ditto
John	Ditto
Francis	Ditto
Fahey, Edmund	Michael Mulry
Mary	Ditto
Bridget	Ditto
Fathers, A. C.	Sabina Fathers
Mary	Ditto
Martha	Ditto
John	Ditto
Kate	Ditto
Elizabeth	Ditto
Walter	Ditto
William	Ditto
Martin, Robert	James Martin
William	Ditto
Montgomery, Thomas	William Kennedy
Eliza	Ditto
William	Ditto
Bourke, Patrick	Michael Healy
Baxter, John	Peter M'Manus
Bray, Jeremiah	Matthew Coonan
Bugg, Joseph	Henry Bugg
Campbell, Timothy	Thomas Vaughan
Conway, William	Anthony Conway
Cowan, Edward	John Cowan
George	Ditto
William	Ditto
Cook, Samuel	David Cook
Coleman, Daniel	Ann Coleman
Dunne, James	Margaret Best
Fitzpatrick, Robert	Hester Miles
Thomas	Ditto
William	Ditto
Fahey, Richard	Michael Mulry
Fathers, George	Sabina Fathers
Gleeson, Michael	Michael Moylan
O'Grady, Daniel	William O Grady
Hewitt, Thomas	Thomas Howard
Hurley, Richard	John Hurley
Jackson, Joseph	John Fenwick
Kiley, Patrick	Honorah Kiley
John	Ditto
Kerin, John	John Cannings
Lahiff, James	James Lahy
Murphy, Arthur	Peter M'Manus
John	Ditto
M'Manus, John	Ditto
Mahon, Denis	Lewis Mahon
M'Hugh, John	Ann M'Crory
M'Caul, Michael	John M'Cale
Moylan, John	John Maloney
M'Manus, Patrick	Peter M'Manus
Moore, William	W. B. Moore
O'Connell, Morgan	Patrick Murphy
Prendergast, Denis	Mary Timbrell
Power, Timothy	Nicholas Power
Benjamin	Ditto
Quailey, John	Patrick Quailey
Reid, James	Bridget M'Inerney
Thomas	Ditto
Ruddy, Anthony	Daniel Wood
Ryan, Valentine	Eugene Egar
Roughan, Thomas	Patrick Roughan
Reddon, Patrick	Ann Reddon
Rooney, Michael	Michael Mulry
Stretton, Patrick	Peter M'Manus
Philip	Ditto
Strang, James	William Strang
Robert	Ditto
Sullivan, James	James Daley
Shannon, William	Adam Shannon
Stanley, Henry	James Stanley
William	Ditto
Teahan, Patrick	Mary Timbrell
Taylor, William	N. F. Thompson
Watson, James	James Watson
Garrett	Patrick Harrold
Wickes, Henry	Henry Wickes
Bugg, Ruth	Henry Bugg
Alice	Ditto
Buchanan, Mary	James M'Mahon
Burke, Alice	Michael Moylan
Byrnes, Catherine	Michael Arragan
Clark, Kate	Mary Clark
Conway, Mary	Anthony Conway
Collins, Eliza	Mary Collins
Cowan, Eliza	John Cowan
Carey, Bridget	Thomas Collins
Coleman, Eliza	Ann Coleman
Duane, Ann	Margaret Best
Edwards, Ann	Edward Edwards
Ambrose	Ditto
Finch, Mary	James Finch
Fahey, Mary	Michael Mulry
Fathers, Sarah	Sabina Fathers
Gallagher, Bridget	Thomas M'Guff
Margaret	Ditto
Gray, Janet	S. Somerville
Hickey, Mary	Thomas Hayes
Johnston, Lydia	Joseph Allen
Kealy, Mary	T. Mahoney
King, Eliza	James Stanley
Linihan, Honorah	John Duggan
Matthews, Annie	John Matthews
Meehan, Annie	Margaret Meehan
Mahon, Catherine	Lewis Mahon
Molan, Bridget	Michael Molan
Mulling, Kate	Honorah Mullins
Mitchell, Ellen	Thomas Mitchell
M'Arann, Betsy	Richard M'Coy
Mooney, Margaret	Margaret Carroll
Noonan, Honorah	William Noonan
William	Ditto
O'Rourke, Fanny	Margaret Reidy
O'Brien, Johanna	John Ryan
O'Grady, Mary	William O'Grady
Power, Mary	Michael Molan
Reddin, Mary	John Hickey
Roughan, Mary	Patrick Roughan
Wickes, Mary	Henry Wicks
James	Ditto
John	Ditto
Wards, Julia	Martin Kain
Ryan, Ann	Annie Power

OTHER IMMIGRANTS SELECTED IN GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

Armitage, Thomas	Fury, Patrick
Fanny	Farquharson, Robert
Bardsley, Joseph	Groyier, James
Martha	Gibbs, William
Dealey, Edmund	Gray, Thomas
Emily	Griffin, John
Emily	Gough, Charles
Louisa	George
Edmund	Goodman, Arthur
Davies, George	Grady, John
Rosina	Haggerty, George
Emily	Samuel
George	Hallett, John
Eliza	Harris, Alfred
Walter	Hicks, Philip
William	Harvey, Alfred
Gordon, John	Harroway, Edward
Margaret	Hill, William
James	Hoskin, Alfred
Margaret	Hearl, Walter
Mary	Hosking, Walter
John	Ingleton, Robert
William	Jones, James
Haggerty, Samuel	John
Ann	Jordan, John
Hawkins, Thomas	Kelly, William
Agnes	Low, Robert
Martin, Walter	Millan, George
James	M'Bain, Robert
Rosina	Moynihan, Timothy
Nicholson, Thomas	M'Govern, Terrance
Ellen	Manning, William
Tom	Walter
Matthew	M'Govern, Thomas
Rushton, John	Murray, James
James	Mitchell, Edward
Charles	D'Loughlin, Thomas
Read, John	Phillips, Thomas
Betsy	Perlam, Henry
Robertson, Alexander	Quigley, John
Margaret	Rigley, Samuel
Jessie	Robertson, William
Daniel	Ryan, William
Margaret	Rosbuck, George
Alexander	Shelton, John
Elizabeth	Scully, James
Scott, James	Patrick
Jane	Slingsby, Arthur
Sukias, Charles	Swimmerton, Alfred
Eliza	Savage, John
Ross George	Smith, James
Elizabeth	John
Thomas, John	Sadler, George
Hannah	Torrie, James
William	Veitch, Edward
Thomas	Wallace, Oliver
Rachel	Warrior, Alfred
Timmins, Richard	Woods, William
Ellen	Walter, Frank
George	Taylor, Frederick
Sarah	Andrews, Anna
Ellen	Rosina
Tucker, Frederick	Crean, Bridget
Julia	Faithfull, Christine
Jessie	Janet
Tate, William	Thomas
Ellen	Lilias
Annie	Robert
Wood, Thomas	Gordon, Agnes
Sarah	Harrison, Isabella
Ellen	Haggerty, Fanny
Thomas	Ann
Woody, John	Christina
Amelia	Harrison, Mary Ann
Woods, John	Hession, Norah
Sarah	Hill, Anna
Arthur, James	Herd, Eliza
Bracken, William	Jane
Barnett, William	Jones, Clara
Barnett, William	Murphy, Ellis
Croall, Arthur	Morrison, Bridget
Craig, Thomas	Parker, Julia
Crean, Michael	Pearton, Emma
Colley, Samuel	Sheridan, Florence
Coleman, William	Mary
Dixon, William	Sadler, Eliza
Davies, William	Wallis, Mary
Drummond, George	Williams, Mary Jane
Drysdale, Alexander	Mary
Edward, William	Woodey, Ada
Fairfull, James	Bradshaw, M. C.
David	Woodey, Amelia
Alexander	
William	

GEORGE F. WISE, Agent for Immigration.
Government Immigration Office, Sydney, February 6, 1877.

Department of Mines, Sydney, January 30, 1877.

NOTICE TO APPLICANTS FOR GOLD-MINING LEASES.—NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Lease, not having been executed by the Lessees, has been returned to this department for cancellation, and unless the Lessees execute and take delivery thereof within thirty days from this date, it will be finally cancelled.

JOHN LUCAS.

TAMBAROORA AND TURON MINING DISTRICT.
5441 Joseph Carter and others; Hill End, near Oakey Creek; 0 a 3 r 0 p; local No., 1097.

Department of Mines, Sydney, 30th January, 1877.

NOTICE TO APPLICANTS FOR GOLD-MINING LEASES.—Notice is hereby given that the undermentioned Gold-mining Lease has been returned to this department, the Lessees having failed to execute and take delivery thereof; and it is further notified, that after the expiration of thirty days from this date, it will be declared void.

JOHN LUCAS.

TAMBAROORA AND TURON MINING DISTRICT.
No. 96 Joseph Carter, sen., and others; locality, Oakey Creek; area, 3 r 39 p; Hill End, local No., 1146.

Department of Mines, Sydney, 30th January, 1877.

NOTICE TO APPLICANTS FOR MINERAL LEASES.—Notice is hereby given that the undermentioned Mineral Leases have been returned to this Department, the lessees having failed to execute and take delivery thereof, and it is further notified, that after the expiration of thirty days from this date, they will be declared void.

JOHN LUCAS.

Nos. 126 to 127 Peter Speare; Y Waterholes Creek; 20 a each; Vegetable Creek; local Nos. 23 to 25.
141 to 143 Benjamin Hart and others; Catarrh Creek; 20 a each; Vegetable Creek; local Nos. 41 to 43.

Department of Mines, Sydney, 30th January, 1877.

NOTICE TO APPLICANTS FOR GOLD-MINING LEASES.—Notice is hereby given that the undermentioned Gold-mining Leases have been returned to this Department, the Lessees having failed to execute and take delivery thereof, and it is further notified that, after the expiration of thirty days from this date, they will be finally cancelled.

JOHN LUCAS.

TAMBAROORA AND TURON MINING DISTRICT.
No. 13 Frank Keeping; Johnson's Old Reef, Golden Gully; 2 a 1 r 11 p; local No., Hill End, 1122
15 Ditto; Howard's Gully; 3 a; local No., 1126
85 Ernest Charles Davies and others; near the head of Golden Gully; 2 a 3 r 7½ p; local No., 1166
87 Benjamin Doneon and another; Langford's Line, Golden Gully; 3 a 1 r 22 p; local No., 1202
93 James Shergold and others; Red Hill, Hill End; 2 a; local No., 1233.

Department of Mines, Sydney, 23rd January, 1877.

NOTICE TO APPLICANTS FOR MINERAL LEASES.—NOTICE is hereby given that unless the Lessee executes and takes delivery of the undermentioned Mineral Lease within thirty days from this date, it will be finally cancelled.

JOHN LUCAS.

No. 8307; D. A. Campbell; portion No., 367; locality, county of Gough, parish of Herbert; area, 30 acres; date of selection, July 16, 1872.

Department of Mines, Sydney, 2nd February, 1877.

NOTICE TO APPLICANTS FOR MINERAL LEASES.—NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Mineral Lease has been returned to this Department, the Lessees having failed to execute and take delivery thereof and it is further notified that after the expiration of thirty days from this date, it will be finally cancelled.

JOHN LUCAS.

No. 123 John Burke and others; locality, Y Waterholes Creek, Ranger's Valley; area, 40 a; local No., Vegetable Creek, 20.

Department of Mines, Sydney, 2nd February, 1877.

NOTICE TO APPLICANTS FOR GOLD-MINING LEASES.—NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Leases not having been executed by the Lessees, have been returned to this Department for cancellation, and unless the Lessees execute and take delivery thereof within thirty days from this date, they will be finally cancelled.

JOHN LUCAS.

TAMBAROORA AND TURON MINING DISTRICT.
No. 1078 J. Shoobert and others; locality, Macquarie River; area, 4 a 3 r 32 p
1116 C. Lewis and another; West of Oakey Creek, near Hill End; 1 a 3 r 7 p
1490 S. A. Joseph and another; Dirt Holes Creek, north of Tambaroora; 4 a 3 r 39 p.

PASTORAL LEASES ACT OF 1869.

SALE OF THE UNEXPIRED TERMS OF LEASES OF FORFEITED RUNS OF CROWN LANDS IN THE UNSETTLED DISTRICTS.

Department of Public Lands, Pastoral Occupation Branch, Brisbane, January 29, 1877.

The attention of stockowners and others is drawn to the notices in the supplement to the GOVERNMENT GAZETTE of the 27th instant, having reference to the undermentioned Forfeited Runs, situated in the Unsettled Districts, the Unexpired terms of the Leases of which will be offered for sale by auction at the rooms of Arthur Martin, Queen-street, Brisbane, on TUESDAY, March 20, 1877.

The above-mentioned notices set forth the upset prices, areas, unexpired terms of lease, and descriptions of the boundaries of the runs in question, and, when surveyed, the survey fee payable.

Plans of the Surveyed Runs may be seen, and all information obtained, at the Public Lands Office, Brisbane.

JOHN DOUGLAS.

WARREGO DISTRICT.
Authorinaga, North — Barradeen

BURKE DISTRICT.
Cammo — Borogong
Corella Lagoon — Woondoola
Uralla — Flinders Junction
Milgarra — Wills
Miriam Downs — Bulah
Iyaram — Donars Hills
Palmerston — Mount Walker, No. 2
Welney — Bersey
Ritley — Nelia Ponds
Bauert's Creek — Berwick East
Berwick West — Berwick, No. 3, West
Berwick, No. 4, West — Saxby Plains.
Little Saxby Plains

MITCHELL DISTRICT.
Saltbush Park — Alfred Downs, No. 8

GREGORY NORTH DISTRICT.
Wokingham No 1 — Wokingham No. 2
Wokingham No. 3 — Amphitheatre No. 1
Amphitheatre No. 2 — Amphitheatre No. 3.

NORTH KENNEDY DISTRICT.
BarrettVale — Walters Plains.
Gunnawarra

SOUTH KENNEDY DISTRICT.
Hidden Valley — Mount Wyatt.

LEICHHARDT DISTRICT.
Saline Creek.

GREGORY SOUTH DISTRICT.
Venture No. 1 — Venture No. 2
Venture No. 3 — Venture No. 4.
Junction

MARANOA DISTRICT.
Drumfern.

TO PARTIES INTERESTED IN GOLD-MINING AND MINERAL LEASES.

Attention is directed to lists of GOLD-MINING and MINERAL LEASES, to be published in the GOVERNMENT GAZETTE of Friday, the 9th instant, which have been DECLARED VOID, in consequence of the Lessees having failed to execute the same. Lists of such Leases can be seen at the Office of the local Warden's Clerk or Mining Registrar, free of charge.

JOHN LUCAS.

Department of Mines, Sydney, 5th February, 1877.

Engineer-in-Chief's Office, Adelaide, January 15th, 1877.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN RAILWAYS.

KAPUNDA and NORTH-WEST BEND LINE.

TENDERS will be received at this Office up till noon of MONDAY, 19th March, for the CONSTRUCTION of a LINE of RAILWAY between Kapunda and the North-west Bend of the River Murray, being a total length of 55 miles 58·40 chains.

The contract will comprise every operation necessary for the construction of a line of railway, with the exception of station buildings and works appertaining thereto; the supply of all labour and materials, except rails and fastenings for the permanent way; and the maintenance of the whole works for one month after the line has been formally opened for traffic.

Drawings and specifications may be inspected at this Office.

At the offices of Messrs. H. P. Welch and Co. Melbourne, and 43, Pitt-street, Sydney.

At the offices of Messrs. H. Houghton and Co., Dunedin.

At the Union Bank, Christchurch.

At the offices of Messrs. Thornton, Smith, and Frith, Auckland.

And at the offices of the NEW ZEALAND TIMES, Wellington.

The works shown on the drawings, referred to in the specification and enumerated in the approximate schedule of quantities, have been commenced by the Government by day labour, and the contractor will be required to take over the work in the condition in which it may be at the expiration of one calendar month from the date of the notification of the acceptance of his tender, when the work already executed shall be finally measured up in accordance with clause 7 of the Conditions of Contract.

Each Tender must be accompanied by a bank deposit receipt for £500 in favour of the Honorable Commissioner of Railways, without which no Tender will be entertained.

Neither the lowest nor any Tender will be necessarily accepted.

H. C. MAIS, Engineer-in-Chief.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE UNDERSIGNED are prepared to make liberal advances on WOOL, TALLOW, OR OTHER COLONIAL PRODUCE consigned to their friends in London, under whose personal supervision all sales are effected.

MASON, BROTHERS.

THE AUSTRALIAN AUCTION ROOMS
Spring and O'Connell streets.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned beg to notify that their extensive new premises are now completed, and ready for the reception of every description of merchandise and produce, furniture, works of art, paintings, statuary, pianofortes, carriages, plate, jewellery, &c., and offer unrivalled facilities for advantageous display.

Gentlemen wishing to dispose of their effects may avoid unnecessary loss by exhibiting them for private sale in the capacious Showrooms specially constructed for their reception, and fixing an estimate on each article.

Sales by auction held daily for the disposal of unreserved goods.

Out-sales carefully arranged by a special staff, kept exclusively for the purpose.

Cash advances made, and the greatest attention paid to all goods entrusted to our care.

Valuations accurately made for probates, &c. Inventories taken.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB,
Auctioneers and Commission Agents.

DURING my absence from the colony, Mr. F. ROWOHL, is empowered to act as my Agent and Attorney.

ROBERT CHADWICK.

NOTICE of REMOVAL.—G. BOLUS and SON, Wholesale Manufacturers of Saddles, Harness, &c., have removed to 54, Margaret-street, Wynyard-square.

ASSIGNED ESTATE of Mrs. EMMA SHARPE, of Bega.—Creditors in this Estate are requested to send in their claims, on or before the 17th proximo, to MYERS and SOLOMON, after which date none will be recognised.

G. MYERS, T. M'GREGOR, } Trustees.

ST. VINCENTS HOSPITAL.

Eighth advertised List of Bequests, Donations, Church Collections, towards the payment of the debt due on St. Vincent's Hospital for the year 1876.

	£	s.	d.
Balance in Commercial Bank, 31st December, 1875	769	16	2
Executors of the late Mrs. Harnett	50	0	0
A friend per the Rev. T. J. Mahoney, St. Mary's	1	0	0
Executors of the late James Doheny	10	0	0
Executors of the late Miss Agnes Clark	53	8	6
Mr. Halliday, donation per Mr. Palmer, late Mayor of Sydney	6	5	0
Miss Osborne, Wollongong, donations per F. P. Macabe	5	0	0
Executors of the late William Moffitt	10	0	0
Master Butchers' Society, donation per G. Playfair	6	0	0
Sir Daniel Cooper, Bart., donation per G. Phillips	5	0	0
William Charles Cooper, ditto ditto	5	0	0
Executors of the late Matthew Sheils	58	0	0
Executors of the late Harry Hough	10	0	0
Proceeds of Excursion	79	6	0
Proceeds of ball	136	0	0
Proceeds of Excursion	47	15	0
W. B. Campbell, 11th part of money raised by him for charitable institutions	100	10	11
Miss Elwood, part proceeds of Bazaar	5	12	0
	£1358	13	7

CHURCH COLLECTIONS.

	£	s.	d.
The Very Rev Dean M'Carthy, St. Mary's pro-Cathedral	49	0	0
Rev. F Hughs, St. Patrick's Church	24	18	0
Very Rev. Dr. Hallinan, Manly Beach Church	5	15	6
The Venerable Archdeacon Rigney, Parramatta Church	7	13	0
The Rev. J. Slattery, St. Benedict's Church, Parramatta-street	32	16	6
Rev. J. Young, St. Bridget's Church, Miller's Point	10	0	0
Rev. J. Luckey, Liverpool Church	5	18	0
The Very Rev. Dean Sheridan, St. Francis Church, Haymarket	25	4	10
Rev. J. Garvey, Moruya Church	3	8	0
Rev. J. J. Carrol, Bombala Church	8	0	0
Rev. F. Fitzpatrick, St. Joseph's Church, Newtown	20	2	3
Very Rev. Dr. Sheehy, Appin Church	14	17	3
Rev. J. Healy, Bega Church	7	4	6
Very Rev. Dean Kenny, North Shore Church	2	5	0
Rev. J. Leeming, St. Joseph's Church, Woollahra	7	0	0
Very Rev. Dr. Forrest, Balmain Church	4	4	0
Very Rev. Dean Flanigan, Wollongong Church	3	0	0
Rev. F. B. Walsh, Queanbeyan Church	4	3	6
Rev. F. Athy, Brisbane Water Church	5	0	0
Very Rev. Dean Ford, Sacred Heart Church	18	9	7
Rev. J. Garavel, St. Charles Church, Waverley	3	6	0
Very Rev. Dean Hanley, Penrith Church	8	0	0
Very Rev. Dean O'Brien, Cooma Church	7	10	0
Rev. J. Joly, Villa Maria Church, Hunter's Hill	6	7	0
Rev. J. C. M'Carthy, Concord Church	2	15	0
	£286	15	11
	£1645	9	6

PAYMENTS MADE.

	£	s.	d.
Liverpool, London, and Globe Insurance Co.	66	6	0
G. Leechar, mortuary table	2	10	0
Interest at 6 per cent. on £882 from 1st July 1st, 1875, to the 17th February, 1876	33	8	2
SYDNEY MORNING HERALD, advertising subscription list, &c.	9	3	6
Frederick Beamont, painting hospital	145	10	0
O. W. Lewis, commission	7	0	0
FREEMAN JOURNAL, advertising list, &c.	5	5	11
Messrs. Ellis and Makinson, guarantee bond	2	2	0
Hackett, butcher, Expenditure Account	10	0	0
Scholes, labour ditto ditto	5	5	0
James Turner, plumbing work at hospital	23	7	9
Interest at 6 per cent. on £1500, from 1st July, 1875, to the 1st July, 1876	90	0	0
	£339	18	4

THE TREASURERS IN ACCOUNT WITH ST. VINCENT'S HOSPITAL.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
To amount of donations, bequests, and church collections, received as per list				1645	9	6
Cr.						
By sundry payments, as per list	339	18	4			
J. B. Holdsworth, mortgage paid off	882	0	0			
J. B. Holdsworth, account of mortgages on land purchased for £1500 in 186	250	0	0			
Interest to Commercial overdraft	0	17	6			
Balance in Commercial Bank	172	13	8			
				1645	9	6
Balance in Commercial Bank to the credit of treasurers, December 31, 1876				£172	13	8

W. J. O'BRIEN, ROBERT COVENY, } Treasurers.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—In consequence of the continued advance in the price of flour, the bakers have risen the bread 1d per loaf.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.

Victoria, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c.

To the WIDOW (if any), and to the next of Kin of ALEXANDER PACIFICO LINDO, late of Hartley, in the colony of New South Wales, Licensed Surveyor, deceased.

GREETING:

WHEREAS it is represented to us, at our Supreme Court of New South Wales, that the said ALEXANDER PACIFICO LINDO departed this life on or about the thirty-first day of January last, at Sydney, in the said colony, intestate, having at the time of his death goods and credits in the said colony: We hereby cite you to appear personally or by your representative Proctors, before our said Court, at the Court-house, in King-street, Sydney, on the twenty-second day of February next, and there to accept or refuse Letters of Administration of the goods, chattels, and credits of the said deceased; or otherwise to show cause (if you know any) why the same should not be committed to THOMAS RAWLINSON, of Bega, in the colony of New South Wales, Solicitor, a creditor of the said deceased.

Witness, the Honorable Sir James Martin, Knight, our Chief Justice of our said Court, this fifth day of February, in the fortieth year of our reign and A.D. 1877.

T. M. SLATTERY, Prothonotary.

SPAIN and SLY, Proctors for the said creditor, 6 and 8, Exchange Sydney.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

To the WIDOW and next of kin of JOHN NEIL, late of Beneerembah, near Hay, in the colony of New South Wales, deceased, intestate.

GREETING:

WHEREAS it is represented to us, in our Supreme Court of the colony of New South Wales, that the said JOHN NEIL departed this life on or about the twenty-eighth day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, intestate, having, at the time of his death, lands, goods, and credits in the said colony: We hereby cite you to appear personally or by your respective proctors before our said Court, at the Court-house, King-street, Sydney, on TUESDAY, the sixth day of February next ensuing, then and there to accept or refuse Letters of Administration of the lands, goods, and credits of the said deceased, or to show cause, if you know any, why the same should not be committed to WILLIAM TURNBULL, of Hay, in the said colony, Auctioneer, a creditor of the said deceased.

Witness—The Honorable Sir JAMES MARTIN, Knight, our Chief Justice of our said Court, at Sydney, this twenty-fifth day of January, in the fortieth year of our reign.

(L.S.) T. M. SLATTERY, Prothonotary.

FREDERICK WOOD REED, Hay, Proctor for the said William Turnbull, by Levy and De Lisa, Bell's-chambers, 173, Pitt-street, Sydney.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.

In the Will of MARGARET TOOHER, late of Crown-street, Sydney, Widow, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that, after the expiration of fourteen days from the publication hereof, application will be made to this Honorable Court by JOHN ANDREW TOOHER and JOHN FREDERICK JONES, the Executors named in the Will of the abovenamed deceased, that Probate thereof may be granted to them as such Executors.

Dated this 5th day of February, A.D. 1877.

PATRICK JOHN HOURIGAN, Proctor for said Executors, Lloyd's-chambers, 362, George-street, Sydney.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO PARLIAMENT—NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to Parliament during the present session thereof, for leave to bring in a Private Bill to authorise the Trustees of a certain parcel of land, being allotment 5 of section 2 in the parish of St. Philip, city of Sydney, at Barrack-square, granted as the site for a hall or building, to be used by the society or denomination called or known as the "New South Wales Auxiliary Bible Society," to sell, dispose of, and convey the said land, and to apply the net proceeds of such sale in the purchase of other land suitable for the site of such hall or building as aforesaid, and in the erection of the necessary buildings thereon.

Dated this eighteenth day of January, A.D. 1877.

ARTHUR M. ALLEN, Solicitor for the Bill 124, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.

ASSIGNED ESTATE of JOSEPH ABRAHAMS, late of George-street.—All CLAIMS must be sent in to the Trustees, care of MYERS and SOLOMONS, on or before the 17th February, after which date none can be recognised.

GEORGE MYERS, E. DAVIS } Trustees.

1st February, 1877.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.

In the Will of PATRICK FRANCIS O'FARRELL, late of Kingston, near Sydney, in the colony of New South Wales, Clerk in Holy Orders, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that, after the expiration of fourteen days from the publication hereof, application will be made to this Honorable Court, by the Rev. JOHN PAUL FITZPATRICK, the sole Executor named in the Will of the abovenamed deceased, that Probate of the said Will may be granted to him as such Executor.

Dated this fifth day of February, A.D. 1877.

ELLIS and MAKINSON, Proctors for said Executor, 89, Elizabeth-street.

MORT AND CO., WOOL BROKERS, LIVE STOCK and STATION AGENTS, SHEEP and CATTLE SALESMEN.

Liberal ADVANCES on Wool, Sheepskins, Tallow, Hides, Leather, Tin, Copper, and any other colonial Produce consigned to them for sale in Sydney, or for shipment to their London agents.

Wool Warehouses, Circular Quay, Sydney.

ABERDEEN POLISHED GRANITE MONUMENTS in Red and Blue, from £5, free on board ship for any part of New South Wales. Inscriptions accurate and beautiful.

Plans and prices free from

JOHN W. LEGGE, Sculptor, Aberdeen, Scotland.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

Mr. J. E. LADD has ceased to be employed on the staff of the Society.

JULES JOUBERT.

CIVIL SERVICE CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY OF NEW SOUTH WALES (Limited).

NOTICE.—It is requested that all ACCOUNTS against this Society up to 31st January ultimo may be sent in not later than the 10th instant.

W. CLARKE, Secretary.

224, Pitt-street, 5th February, 1877.

PROTESTANT ORPHAN SCHOOL, Parramatta.—NOTICE to Parents and Friends of Children.—Visiting will not be allowed during the month of February instant.

ANNIE O'PRINGLE, Matron.

ASSIGNED ESTATE of JOSEPH ABRAHAMS, late of George-street.—All CLAIMS must be sent in to the Trustees, care of Myers and Solomon, 542 and 544, George-street, on or before the 17th instant, after which date none will be recognised.

GEORGE MYERS, E. DAVIS, } Trustees.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL FIRE SOCIETY.—PAYMENT OF BONUS TO POLICY-HOLDERS FOR FOURTH YEAR.—Policy-holders will please take NOTICE that the Bonus of 20 per cent., declared between them and members for the fourth year, is now payable at the Society's Offices, 235, Pitt-street, Sydney, on all Policies from No. 20 to No. 145, from No. 2632 to No. 2785, from No. 4083 to No. 4193, from No. 5926 to No. 6147, and from No. 8418 to No. 8675 inclusive.

WALTER CHURCH, Manager.

N.B. NUMBERS OF POLICIES TO BE PRODUCED TO COUNTER CLERK.

TO OWNERS OF PROPERTY, SQUATTERS, and persons leaving the colony.

THOMAS B. WALKER (late with Brewster and Trebeck), ACCOUNTANT AND GENERAL AGENT, Exchange-corner, Bridge-street,

UNDERTAKES THE SALE, by auction or privately of all descriptions of House and Landed Property, Stations, Store Stock, Wool, &c.; the MANAGEMENT of estates, arrangement and investigation of accounts; and has for SALE Houses, Land, Farms, &c., in the city, suburbs, and country, of all descriptions.

EXCHANGE-CORNER, BRIDGE-STREET.

ICE.—TO BREWERS AND SPECULATORS.—The undersigned is now prepared to erect MACHINERY on the CHEAPEST and latest improved plan for manufacturing ice equal to the NATURAL article.

Has had extensive experience in America. Has also with him patterns which will produce from 1000 lbs. to 3 tons per day. Larger machines contracted for if desired.

For further information address R. RYCROFT, Sydney Post Office, late proprietor of the "Nuuanu Ice Factory," Honolulu, Sandwich Islands, and Brisbane Ice Works, Breakfast Creek, Brisbane, Queensland.

ASSIGNED ESTATE of PETER HATHAWAY, Forth and Clyde Hotel, Balmain.—All ACCOUNTS in above Estate to be sent in full to the Trustees, care of ALLT and CO., 143, Pitt-street, on or before THURSDAY, 15th instant, and thus allow a speedy division of available assets.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—A. COX, Dyer, REMOVED to New Premises, 61 and 63, William-st., Woolloomooloo.

SHERIDAN AND HILLS, LAND, ESTATE, and GENERAL AGENTS, 77 Pitt-street, Sydney.

TO MINERS.—How to Recognise Valuable Minerals. Private practical instructions by Nickel, HERALD.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

NICHOLSON AND ASCHERBERG, 317, George-street, and 127, Pitt-street, are now showing the finest stock of PIANOFORTES in SYDNEY, which they are selling at Lower Prices than any other House, FOR CASH, or on the TIME PAYMENT SYSTEM. Instalments from 25s monthly.

This system was first originated in Sydney by Messrs. NICHOLSON and ASCHERBERG, and is carried out on a really liberal scale only by themselves.

LIPP'S CELEBRATED OBLIQUE PIANOS

RONISCH'S IRON-FRAMED PIANOS

KAPS' SHORT IRON GRANDS

HAGSPIEL'S SHORT GRANDS

ERARD'S PIANOS

COLLARD'S PIANOS

BROADWOOD'S PIANOS

PLEYEL'S PIANOS

SCHWECHTEN'S PIANOS

NEUMEYER'S PIANOS

AUCHER'S PIANOS

BORD'S PIANOS

GERHARDT'S PIANOS

CHALLEN AND HODGSON'S PIANOS

NEUFELD'S PIANOS

NICHOLSON AND ASCHERBERG'S PIANOS.

AUCHER'S PIANOS.

MESSRS. NICHOLSON and ASCHERBERG beg to announce that AUCHER FRERES have no Sole Agency in Australia.

The importations of these well-known instruments, as well as every celebrated and approved maker, are received direct from the various Factories by NICHOLSON and ASCHERBERG.

CABINET ORGANS, by GEORGE WOODS and CO. and MASON and HAMLIN.

Almost every model of these celebrated makers in stock, at very lowest cash prices, or on our INSTALMENT SYSTEM, from 20s monthly.

ALL THE NEWEST MUSIC at HALF-PRICE.

NICHOLSON AND ASCHERBERG'S Latest Publications.

THE CHRISTMAS NUMBER of the AUSTRALIAN MUSICAL MAGAZINE, AUSTRALIAN MUSICAL MAGAZINE, AUSTRALIAN MUSICAL MAGAZINE containing

Fireman's March	Silver Threads Among the Gold
Hildebrant Montrose	(transcription for piano)
Cherry Ripe Galop	When the Swallows
Tim Flaherty	Day Wakes its Sorrows
Waiting	(known as Breathe not of Parting)
Emmett's Quadrille	
Sunny Little Isle Afar	

When the Clock is Striking Eight.

Beautifully Illustrated with Views of Sydney Harbour Melbourne Heads, &c.

Price—ONE SHILLING.

NICHOLSON and ASCHERBERG, 317, George-street.

BEAUTIFUL Parlour HARMONIUMS, by Alexandre, £16 10s each, full size, and full compass. Fine toned Trichord PIANOFORTES, only a few, at £30 each, the greatest bargains in Sydney, at the Royal Furnishing Arcade.

W. B. CAMPBELL.

MOSS'S PIANOFORTE, HARMONIUM and CHURCH ORGAN SHOWROOMS.

UPWARDS of ONE HUNDRED INSTRUMENTS ALWAYS ON VIEW from all the Principal ENGLISH, PARIS, GERMAN and AMERICAN FACTORIES in VARIOUS DESIGNS and WOODS from SIX GUINEAS TO £130, for SALE or BY HIRE.

Any Instrument CAN BE PURCHASED from ONE POUND A MONTH and upwards by WEEKLY, MONTHLY, or QUARTERLY INSTALMENTS, for ONE or TWO YEARS.

EVERY INSTRUMENT WARRANTED.

NEW MUSIC. NEW MUSIC.

All SHEET MUSIC at HALF THE PUBLISHED PRICE.

L. MOSS'S SHOWROOMS, HUNTER-STREET.

W. H. PALING, 335, GEORGE-STREET.

PIANOFORTES on THE EASY-TERMS SYSTEM, in MONTHLY PAYMENTS of from ONE GUINEA PER MONTH, at W. H. PALING'S.

HARMONIUMS on THE EASY-TERMS SYSTEM, in MONTHLY PAYMENTS of from FIFTEEN SHILLINGS PER MONTH at W. H. PALING'S.

CABINET ORGANS on THE EASY-TERMS SYSTEM in MONTHLY PAYMENTS of from ONE POUND PER MONTH, at W. H. PALING'S.

The TIME PAYMENT SYSTEM as INTRODUCED IN THIS COLONY by W. H. PALING has WORKED MOST SUCCESSFULLY for UPWARDS OF TWENTY-ONE YEARS.

PIANOFORTES, CABINET ORGANS, and HARMONIUMS, by ALL RELIABLE LONDON and CONTINENTAL MAKERS, at EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

THE STOCK of MUSIC is NOT TO BE EXCELLED at HALF PRICE, HALF PRICE, at W. H. PALING'S, Agent for

ERARD	PLEYEL	SOUFLETO
AUCHER	KIRKMAN	ALEXANDRE

AND HORACE WATERS, 335, GEORGE-STREET, corner of WYNYARD-STREET, SYDNEY.

FOR SALE, a beautiful-toned Cottage PIANO, by Collard and Collard. W. Grieves, 194, Castlereagh-st.

BUILDING MATERIALS.

BRICKS.—The Steam Plastic Brick Co., Ashfield, are now delivering bricks in any quantity, from 40s.

FOR SALE, Glazed Sashes and French Blinds. Apply, John Phillips, Bathurst-street.

VARNISHES. VARNISHES.

Victoria Varnish Company's celebrated VARNISHES, made specially to suit this climate, equal, if not superior, to any known brands, and at considerably lower prices.

ALEXANDER BORTHWICK, 286, George-street, Sydney; and at 36 Market-street, Melbourne.

SLATES, Cement, Plaster, Sheet Lead and Pipe, Zinc, Galvanized Iron (all lengths), Register Grates and Marble Chimneypieces, Ridging and Guttering, Pottery, &c. G. E. CRANE and SON, 21 and 23, Circular Quay.

GOODLET and SMITH, Timber and Galvanized Iron Merchants, 483, George-street, near Bathurst-street, 7, Parramatta-street, near Railway Bridge.

Pottery and Brickworks, Riley-street, Surry Hills.
Patent Brickworks, Botany Road, Waterloo.
Victoria Sawmills, Pyrmont, near the Bridge.

ON SALE, 3 to 6 lb. SHEET LEAD, cut to sizes. J. A. BROWN, 276, Pitt-street.

PLAIN and corrugated G. O. and Orb IRON, 4 to 10 feet, reduced prices. BROWN, op. School of Arts.

TO TIMBER MERCHANTS, MAST-MAKERS, and SHIPOWNERS.—Just landed, ex Pacific Slope, a splendid assortment of Yellow Oregon SPARS and Yacht and Boats' MASTS, from 4 inches in diameter up to 12, round and octagonal, specially selected by Captain Harrington, to suit the requirements of this Port.

Apply to G. H. HARRINGTON, on board; or to Messrs. R. TOWNS and CO., Charlotte-place.

PATENT WROUGHT NAILS.

J. J. CORDES and CO., the patentees and sole manufacturers of the well-known Patent Wrought Nails, commonly known as

"EWBANK'S NAILS,"

desire to make it known that they have adopted a "Star" or "Cross" as their Trade Mark, and that all Nails now made and sent out by them, except clasp, bear this mark upon their heads, and that within every package sent from their works is also placed a card, bearing their name and address.

Any nails, therefore, which are not distinguished as above, must not be confounded with "EWBANK'S NAILS," the quality of which is so well appreciated as as being far superior to that of any other make.

Dos Works: Newport, Monmouthshire, England.

BRITISH Plate and Sheet GLASS Warehouse.—The largest and best assorted stock in the colony. Oils, Leads, Colours, Brushware, Paperhangings, &c. JAMES SANDY and CO. (late Thomas Edens), 255, George-st.

ON SALE, patent NAILS, horse Nails, Chains—all kinds wrought Nails, and pan and round head Rivets, &c. ELIZA TINSLEY, Merchant Manufacturer, and Importer, 177, York-street, Sydney.

THE GOSPEL OAK IRON AND GALVANIZED IRON AND WIRE COMPANY.

IRON MANUFACTURERS and GALVANIZERS.

TRADE MARKS.

First Brand	Second Brand.
"G anchor O."	"Eagle."
First quality.	Eagle quality.

The GOSPEL OAK is the oldest manufacture of GALVANIZED IRON in England. The original Galvanized Tinned Iron was first made at these works in the year 1842. This iron obtained the prize medal for "EXCELLENT QUALITY" at the Great Exhibition of 1862, it being the ONLY PRIZE MEDAL awarded in the trade.

The price is now greatly reduced.

Works: Gospel Oak Iron Works, Tipton
Mitre Works, Wolverhampton
Regent's Canal, Limehouse, London

Warehouse: 56, Upper Thames-street, London.
Export Office: 110, Cannon-street, London.

200,000 FEET Kauri PINE, the best ever imported into Sydney, for SALE, in lots to suit purchasers, consisting of 6 x 1 T. and G. 6 x 4 T. and G. and B; 6 to 18 x 1, 9 x 2 to 18 x 2, 9 x 3 to 18 x 3, &c. Long deck and ship planking. G. F. MASON, Patent Slip Wharf.

G. O. and ORB IRON, 5 to 10 feet; Sheet Lead, 2 to 6 lbs. W. CARY, 320, George-street.

SLATES and Slate Slabs, Fire Lumps; Zinc, Gas, and Water Pipes. W. CARY, Railway Bridge.

MARBLE and Slate CHIMNEYPIECES, new designs, just landed. W. CARY, Railway Bridge

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OREGON DEALS, SPARS, FLOORING, &c.—The entire cargo of the Forward, from Puget Sound for SALE, at very low prices.

STREET, BROTHERS, Sussex-street.

RICHMOND RIVER PINE, dressed T. and G. Boards, 1-inch, ¾-inch, ½-inch, all widths; undressed ditto; best quality, prices low.

STREET, BROTHERS, Sussex-street.

AUCTION SALES.

DENT and HOSKIN will sell by auction, at Railway Station, THIS DAY, at 9 o'clock, Hay, straw, maize, potatoes, pumpkins, &c.

WELLS and SMITH will sell by auction at Railway, 9 o'clock, Hay, straw, corn.

WELLS and SMITH will sell by auction, at Darling Harbour, at 12 o'clock, Wood.

W. TINDALE will sell by auction, at Railway station, at 9 a.m.—Hay, straw, &c.

W. TINDALE will sell by auction, at Darling Harbour, at 12, Billet wood, &c.

J. S. PROCTER will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at Railway, at 9 o clock, Hay, straw, &c. At Darling Harbour, at 12 o'clock, Billet wood, Posts and rails, 20,000 oak shingles.

Unredeemed Pledges.

DUNN and LISTER will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 204, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, the unredeemed pledges pawned with Mr. T. F. Hamilton, Liverpool-street, consisting of clothing, &c.

WEDNESDAY, 7th February, at 11 o'clock.

On the premises, 381, Elizabeth-street, near Haymarket.

SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS.

R. J. HUGHES and CO. have received instructions from Mr. Bowers to sell by auction, on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, at 11 o'clock, The whole of the furniture and effects, without reserve.

THURSDAY, 8th February, at 11 o'clock.

To Gentlemen Furnishing, Furniture Dealers, and others.

SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS.

On the Premises, 1, Glenwood-ter., Surry-st., Darlinghurst.

R. J. HUGHES and CO. have received instructions from Mr. D'Arcy, to sell by auction, at his residence, Glenwood-ter., on THURSDAY, The whole of his superior household furniture and effects, Without the slightest reserve.

EXTENSIVE CLEARANCE SALE OF GENERAL DRAPERY

Ladies' Kid Gloves, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Crimean Shirtings, Crimean and Cotton Shirts, Hosiery, &c.

To Wholesale Warehousemen, Drapers, Clothiers, and others.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE has been instructed to sell by auction, at his Rooms, 7, Wynyard-street, on WEDNESDAY next, February 7, at 11 o'clock,

To close various consignments,

29 original and broken packages,

3—1 case, 101 dozen Calvert's ladies' black and coloured stitched back kid gloves
4—1 ditto, 21 gross black and white 200 yards reels
50—1 ditto, ladies' linen cambric handkerchiefs
5—1 ditto, 30 dozen angola and balmoral shirts
6—1 ditto, 23 ditto venus shirts
7—1 ditto, 21 ditto heavy cotton o.s. shirts
8—1 ditto, 24 ditto printed crimeans
9—1 ditto, 26 ditto wove ditto
10—1 ditto, 30 ditto printed cotton shirts
11—1 ditto, 25 ditto ditto twill shirts
12—1 ditto, 21 ditto ailsa ditto ditto
13—1 ditto, 20 ditto cambridge shirts, white collars
14—1 ditto, 24 ditto regatta shirts, band and collars
15—1 ditto, 24 ditto, white ditto, ditto ditto
1211—1 ditto, 30 ditto, fancy cotton shirts
196—1 ditto, 23 ditto, ditto ditto
30—1 ditto, 23 ditto, ditto ditto
3-5—2 ditto, each 20 ditto, ditto ditto
37—1 ditto, 23 ditto, o. s Scotch twill shirts
542—1 ditto, 36 ditto, oxford shirts, French cuffs
40—1 ditto, 200 ditto, ladies' W. C. hose
6—1 ditto, 200 ditto, men's brown half-hose
17—1 ditto, 210 ditto, ditto ditto
42—1 ditto, 60 dozen French elastic braces
22—1 bale, 21 pieces, angola shirting
23—1 ditto, 21 ditto, soft twill ditto
24—1 ditto, 25 pieces, printed cotton ditto
25—1 case, 16 ditto, wove ditto.

Terms at sale.

ELECTROPLATED WARE.

THIS DAY, Tuesday, 6th instant, at 12 o'clock.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 167, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 12,

H in diamond.

1—1 case superior electroplated cruets, tea and coffee services, &c., assorted
2—1 ditto tea and coffee services, swing kettles, cake baskets, &c., assorted
3—1 ditto cruets, butters, toast racks, salts, muffineers, marmalades, cups, sardine boxes, biscuit boxes, flower vases, &c.

Terms at sale.

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FUNERALS

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. ROBERT H. C. SEMPILL are informed that the Funeral will leave his Father's residence, 145, Phillip-street, THIS AFTERNOON, February 6, at 2 o'clock, for the Mortuary Station, on the way to Haslem's Creek Cemetery.

THE FRIENDS of Messrs. FREDERICK, WILLIAM, and JOHN DOCKSEY are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of their deceased beloved MOTHER, Mrs. Mary Docksey; to move from her late residence, corner of Hosking and Union streets, Balmain, THIS AFTERNOON, at 1, to Necropolis. THOMAS.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. CHRISTOPHER RICHARDSON are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; to move from his late residence, 36, Francis-street, Hyde Park, THIS (Tuesday) MORNING, at a quarter-past 8 o'clock, to the Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, 118, Oxford-street, and George street.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

BOROUGH OF WOOLLAHRA.—NOTICE is hereby given that, in accordance with the Municipalities Act, 1867, a MEETING of the Electors of this Borough will be holden at the Council Chambers, at the junction of Ocean-street and Point Piper Road, on TUESDAY, the sixth day of February next, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of nominating and electing three Aldermen, one for each Ward, and two Auditors in the room of those retiring.
Nominations, in writing, must be delivered to the Returning-officer on or before Tuesday, 30th January instant.
Dated this 23rd day of January, 1877.
J. W. BOGIE, Returning-officer.

BOROUGH OF THE GLEBE. BISHOPTHORPE WARD. RATEPAYERS, VOTE FOR AMBROSE THORNLY.

BOROUGH of CAMPERDOWN.—Mr. J. SANBROOK is the Candidate for Kingston Ward.

MANLY MUNICIPALITY.
To Mr. WILLIAM REDMAN, Solicitor, Manly Beach.
We, the undersigned, beg to request you to place your valuable services at the disposal of the Electors of Manly by allowing yourself to be nominated for the position of Alderman, at the election in February now instant. Your experience as an Alderman of the Glebe, added to your legal knowledge, will be of material assistance to our new municipality, and if you accede to our request we will do all we possibly can to secure your election.
John B. Smithers, freeholder, Corso.
David Taylor, freeholder, Denison-street,
T. M. Slattery, freeholder, Corso.
George Evans, freeholder, Corso.
Daniel Newman, freeholder, Corso.
George Thornton, freeholder, Manly.
William Lambourne, freeholder, Manly.
Manly, 5th February, 1877.
To George Thornton, Esq., J.P., John B. Smithers, Esq., J.P., and other electors signing the requisition.
GENTLEMEN,—Thanking you for the confidence reposed in me, I have responded to your invitation, and will, if elected, strive to justify your choice.
Yours truly,
W. REDMAN.

BOROUGH OF VICTORIA.—ELECTION OF ALDERMEN.
Electors attend on TUESDAY, at noon. Beware of traitors; the enemy is at work; watch your own interests. No quarter to Unionists. The advice of a fellow elector.

RATEPAYERS OF THE RESPECTABLE OUTER GLEBE WARD.
You have now before you three names on the Board. It is certain two out of three must be rejected when the poll has declared who you have elected. Then take my advice and go and Vote quietly for the best man of the three—
Honest JOHN REILLY.

TO THE RATEPAYERS of OUTER GLEBE WARD.—Your representative, for many years, Mr. JOHN REILLY, is a Candidate, and respectfully solicits your vote and influence at the coming election of Aldermen.

BUSINESS CARDS.

ARCHITECT.—HAROLD BREES, 113, Pitt-st., near Hunter-st., Prize medal. Surveys. Estab. 1869.

A CARD.—Mr. G. SMYTHE, Surgeon-Dentist, 593, Elizabeth-street South, near Devonshire-street.

A CARD.—W. SARGENT, 352, George-street, publishes on WEDNESDAY, Cabinet Photo. of 114 leading Men in New South Wales. Sold by all stationers, only 3s each.

ATTENTION of town and country patients is requested to the fact that Mr. GUSTAVUS GABRIEL, Dentist, has no connection with any other person, and may be consulted only at 20, Wynyard-square.

A. COX, Silk and Woollen Dyer Scourer, and Hot-presser, 55, William-street, Woolloomooloo, and 819, Railway Bridge. Gentlemen's apparel scoured and properly pressed. Mourning dyed on the shortest notice.

B. BASTON, Art Decorator, Painting, Stencilling, Gilding. 3, Pleasant-ter, Elizabeth-st., Redfern.

BULL, PRICE and CO. Importers and Warehousemen, 116, PITT-STREET, next the City Bank, and BASINGHALL-STREET, London.

CORNS, Bunions, and Defective Nails CURED by Mr. ALEXANDER, Surgeon-chiropodist, 410, George-st.

CORNS, BUNIONS Ingrowing Toenails, &c., cured by MME. VON HALLE, Chiropodist, 320, Geo.-st.

CARD.—T. W. EADY and SON, Coach and Saddlers' Ironmongers, Importers of English and American timber in plank, 54, York-street.

EYE, EAR, and THROAT.—Dr. JAMES SPARK may be consulted at 3, Oxford-street, Hyde Park.

ESTABLISHED 1842.—Dr. EMANUEL and SON, Dentists (diploma 1836). Dental operations carefully performed. Artificial teeth, first-class work only. Gold employed, 20-carat. 178, Pitt-street, opp. Punch's Hotel.

F. T. WIMBLE, Printers' Broker and Printing Ink Manufacturer, having been appointed Agent for Messrs. Figgins, Typefounders, London, will shortly commence business in Sydney with a large and splendid assortment of Type and sundries.

HERR WILHELM KEMBEL, Piper-street, Woollahra, Photographer. Views and portraits daily.

MEYERS and CO., Surveyors, Hunter and O'Connell sts.—Surveys made, auction plans with dispatch.

M'COY, BROTHERS.—BOOTS and Shoes of every description, 559 and 561, George-st., Brickfield-hill.

MRS. BRITCHER, Accoucheuse, 432, Elizabeth-st., op Belmore Pk., has accommodation for ladies.

MR. J. SPENCER, Dentist, 8, Wynyard-square awarded the N. S. W. Exhibition Medal and the Queensland Exhibition Medal for 1876, being the seventh year successively, for Artificial Teeth, against all competitors. Also, THE LONDON INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION MEDAL for 1847. Painless extraction by aid of NITROUS-OXIDE GAS

PHRENOLOGY.—Archibald Sellars Hamilton, phrenologist, 27, Hunter-street, 1 door from Pitt-st.

SYDNEY BILL POSTING COMPANY.—Posters to Government, Theatres, Auctioneers. 13, Bridge-st.

WILLIAM AYTON, House Painter, Paperhanger, Glazier, and Church Window Maker, 371, Pitt-st.

W. H. MACKENZIE and CO., Established, 1864, Insurance and General Agents, Exchange-corner, Sydney.

WARBURTON and SON have on Sale, at lowest rate, coal, all kinds coke, best wood, and colonial produce.

BUSINESS ANNOUNCEMENTS.

NOTICE.—We have This Day sold to Mr. THOMAS BENNETT (late of the firm of Williams and Bennett) the whole of the Material and Plant of our Boot Factory in Albion-lane, off George-street, opposite Wilshire's Buildings
MYERS and SOLOMON.
Sydney, 1st February, 1877.
In reference to the above, I beg to solicit a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed upon Messrs. MYERS and SOLOMON.
From my long and practical knowledge of the Boot Trade in all its branches, and having engaged a most efficient staff of workmen, I can confidently guarantee that goods turned out of my establishment shall command satisfaction.
THOMAS BENNETT, late of Williams and Bennett.

MACHINERY.

FOR SALE, 8 h.p. Portable ENGINE, by Garnett. Apply H. Cox, 9, Norton-street, Surry Hills.

4-HORSE Nominal Horizontal ENGINE, Cornish Boiler. Threlkeld's Auction Rooms.

FOR SALE, new ENGINE, 10-inch cylinder, 24-inch stroke, cheap; also a set of Boilermakers' Wrought-iron ROLLERS, 7 feet, all turned, latest improved. C. LEWIS, 201, Phillip-street.

ONE Set Saw Bench PATTERNS, one Set Bone Mill PATTERNS, cheap. C. LEWIS, 201, Phillip-st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR private Sale, 50 head of young HEIFERS, from 1 to 3 years old. For price and particulars apply to JOHN STAHL, Prospect; or to WELLS and SMITH, Auctioneers, 683, George-street.

BONES, BONES, BONES.—The Colonial Sugar Refining Company will give three pounds per ton for good BONES delivered at the Sydney or Petersham Railway Station; the Sugar House, Parramatta-street; a wharf in Sydney; or their Bone Works, Petersham.

FOR SALE, privately, SHEEP and CATTLE, also STATIONS, both in this colony and Queensland. F. L. BARKER, 130, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, the cheapest and best assortment of goods in the colony, as under:—

Knife rests	Butter knives	Saucepans
Bread platters	Teapots	Shoe brushes
Hair brushes	Rat traps	Pickle forks
Scissors	Albums	Tooth brushes
Pocket knives	Ladies' bags	Corkscrews
Table knives	Scents	Steels
Dessert knives	Knife sharpeners	Fenders
Sardine openers	Tea trays	Fire irons
Table bells	Napkin rings	Table mats
Tea urns	Butter dishes	Clocks
Kerosene lamps	Tinware	Tubs and buckets.

EASTWAY, BROTHERS, Importers, 417, George-street.

FISHING TACKLE of every description, wholesale and retail, consisting of fishing rods, winches, artificial fish, flies and insects, hooks on single and double gut, and on gimp and brass and copper wire; gut casting lines, twisted and plaited silk lines, colonial-made machine thread and hemp lines, from 12 to 100 yards long; salmon gut, silk twist, &c.
Fishing nets and cork, also herring, seine, and salmon twine, all sizes.
English fishing lines—a large assortment for stores, at very low prices.
EASTWAY, BROTHERS, Importers of Fishing Tackle, and Manufacturers of Fishing Lines.

WIRE Netting for poultry, flower training, pigeons, balconies, and verandahs, from 4d yard. Eastway's, 417, George-street.

FISH, FISH.—Try our improved Fish Traps, that will catch them. EASTWAY, BROS., 417, George-st.

FLOWER STANDS.—Wire Flower Stands for the hall, balconies, and verandahs, light, elegant, and cheap, made to order to fit any place, at EASTWAY, BROTHERS', Wire Workers, 417, George-street.

PATENT Mouse Traps, want no setting or baiting, always ready for use. EASTWAY'S, 417, Geo.-st.

OLD Barlow RAILS for SALE. City Iron Works, Pyrmont.

EMPTY BOTTLES for SALE, about 400 doz., different kinds. Apply at Clontarf; or 187, George-st.

EXHIBITION CASE.—Wanted to hire one about 10 x 4. M.R., 477, George-street.

FOR SALE.—Table PIANO, by Collard and Collard. Twelve guineas. M. T., Marrickville Post-office.

FOR SALE, a GOAT, just kidded. 427, Kent-street, near Market-street.

FOR SALE, cheap, two Kangaroo DOGS (young), well broken. 577, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

BONA FIDE—WANTED to purchase, at once, for immediate CASH buyers, one, two, or three good central city Investments, from £5000 to £20,000 each cash. Also several various sized Terraces or blocks of Houses, in or near Sydney, from £1000 to £5000 each; and a number of various sized Houses at Woolloomooloo, Surry Hills, Darlinghurst, and Balmain, from £350 to £850 each.
H. E. SHORTER, Conveyancer, 174, Pitt-street.

WANTED, at Petersham, an ALLOTMENT of Land. State size and price, R. M., HERALD Office.

WANTED, second-hand Rope or Patent MANGLE. 106, Duke-street.

WANTED to rent or purchase, a livery stable BUSINESS. N. Mandelson, 181, Dowling-st.

WANTED, PUBLICAN'S LICENSE. A. B., 534, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED to purchase, a FARM about 40 acres with improvements; vicinity of Guilford. Particulars and price to H. F., General Post Office.

WANTED, a first-class PUBLIC-HOUSE, doing a good bar trade. Answer M. T., HERALD Office, giving all particulars; no agent, principals only treated with.

WANTED to rent a FARM of 150 to 300 acres, with House of not less than 5 rooms; orchard, and garden, about 20 miles from Sydney, and near a station. Apply Mr. J. Urquhart, 69, Pitt-street.

WM. NEAVES George-street Markets, being about to leave for England, for a few months, begs to return thanks to his numerous friends and patrons for past favours during the last 16 years, and, as his business will be carried on during his absence by Mrs. NEAVES, assisted by her brother, he trusts to merit a continuance of their support.

YOUNG Gentleman, holding a good position, wishes to meet with young Lady of superior education, with a view to matrimony, enclosing photo. Alpha Beta, Post Office.

PROFESSIONS TRADES, ETC.

A GALVANIZED IRON WORKER wanted, indoor work. R. Glover, 31, Erskine-street.

A FIRST-CLASS SALESWOMAN wanted, to take charge of the millinery showroom; open till Friday. Thomas Butler, 88, King-street.

ASSISTANT MASTER for the Orange Grammar School wanted. Apply, stating particulars to the Head Master. Remittance to-night. W. H. Brisco, Carroll Grammar School.

AN EXPERIENCED Lithographic Plan DRAFTSMAN required at Surveyor-General's Office, Sydney. Applicants will be required to draw a specimen plan at the above office. Twelve months' employment guaranteed to the Draftsman whose plans shall have been approved by the Surveyor-General. Salary not to exceed £250 per annum. Open for a month.
Surveyor-General's Office, Sydney, 3rd February, 1877.

A LARGE Mercantile Firm in England, principally engaged in the hardware line, but executing indents in all branches of trade, wish to meet with an energetic European Gentleman, to act as Resident AGENT in Sydney, on commission. Liberal terms and facilities will be given, so that a good income can be made by an energetic representative. A candidate with a connection amongst the principal indenters will be preferred. Satisfactory references must be forwarded. Address in first instance, to Box 129, General Post Office, Birmingham.

CABINETMAKERS wanted. J. M'Connell, 334, Elizabeth-street South.

COMPOSITORS wanted. F. Cunninghame and Co., 186, Pitt-street.

JUNIOR CLERK.—Wanted a YOUTH, who has knowledge of book-keeping, for the country. Apply to Christopher Newton, Brother, and Co.

MACHINISTS and Improvers wanted for Wheeler and Wilson. 225, Oxford-street, opp. Sacred Heart.

MILLINERY.—IMPROVERS wanted, salary given; also APPRENTICES. 142, Palmer-street.

MEDICAL.—An opportunity now offers for a duly qualified Practitioner desirous of a country tour for a month or two making a remunerative arrangement for so doing. Full particulars by addressing Medico, Box 126, General Post Office.

PLASTERERS wanted, at Mr. Horn's, ironmonger, Botany Road, Redfern.

PLUMBING.—BOY wanted, one used to the trade preferred. Apply early, 271, Castlereagh-street.

PARTNERSHIP wanted by a young Man, where thorough business qualifications and a capital of £200 would meet with a fair return. Junior, Post Office.

REQUIRED by a medical practitioner in the country, a qualified member of the profession as an ASSISTANT, with a view to partnership. For particulars apply to Messrs. Elliott, Brothers, druggists, Pitt-street, Sydney.

TO PAINTERS.—Wanted, a good Brush HAND. Smith and Carter, painters, Bullanaming-st., Redfn.

TAILOR wanted, who can press for Factory. Goldstein's Clothing Factory, 217, Lower George-street.

TO DRAPERS.—Wanted, a good General HAND. Apply T. J. Haynes, Parramatta.

TO BOOTMAKERS.—Wanted, a good General Hand, for stand. J. M'Laughlin, 583, Brickfield-hill.

TO DRAPERS.—Wanted a good HAND, accustomed to gent's. clothing. E. D. Cleary, 107, King-street.

TO PARENTS.—Wanted, a Boy, as APPRENTICE to the Tailoring. D. Cunningham, 6, Bond-street.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, Machinist, also trousers Hands. Apply No. 4, Hibernia-ter., Albion-street.

TO HAIRDRESSERS.—Wanted, an ASSISTANT; good wages; com. home. 179, Castlereagh-street.

TO PAINTERS.—Wanted, a good Brush Hand. W. H. Walker, John-street, Woollahra.

TO TAILORESSES.—Thomas C. Pascoe, Wynyard-lane, wants Singer's No. 2 Machinists and Tr. Hands.

TAILORESSES.—Trousers and Vest HANDS wanted. 418, George-street, opposite Joint Stock Bank.

TO BOOTMAKERS.—Wanted, two good general WORKMEN. 127, Lower George-street.

UNDERCLOTHING.—Wanted, good MACHINISTS; out door. H. Tillie, up gateway, 229, Pitt-st.

WANTED, MATE and one A. B., for the Victory, lying at Pyrmont Ferry. Apply on board.

WANTED, a MACHINIST, W. and Wilson's machine. 44, Taylor-street, off Botany-street.

WANTED, a good PLASTERER. Apply Captain Summerbell's new house, Victoria-street.

WANTED, two PLASTERERS. Apply P. Hart, Hart's-buildings, Gloucester and Essex streets.

WANTED, a good DOORSMAN. R. Swann, Sussex-street South.

WANTED, a first-class Coach Painter; one used to buggy-work. E. M'Carty and Co., 250, Pitt-st.

WANTED, first-class COACHSMITH. Apply E. M'Carty and Co., coachbuilders, 250, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a BODYMAKER, for buggy work. Jones and Keane, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a first-class SUGAR-BOILER. L. Giraud, 78, King-street.

WANTED, a first-class LOZENGE-MAKER. L. Giraud, 78, King-street.

WANTED, a steady PANMAN, to sleep up. L. Giraud, 78, King-street.

WANTED, good Machinists, Boys to cut linings and blocker. E. Gerson, 793, George-street South.

WANTED, MAKERS, for men, youths, and women and children. R. Johnstone, Botany Road, Waterloo.

WANTED, a small BAND, for Thursday. Apply J. Biggs, 481, George-street.

WANTED, a first-class Underclothing HAND. Mrs. Norton, Cleveland-street, West, Redfern.

WANTED, an IMPROVER to the Bricklaying. Apply Newtown Inn, Cook's River Road.

WANTED, smart HAND, for cutting press. J. Kimmins, boot manufacturer, 128, Oxford-street.

WANTED, a PLASTERER. Wenck's Buildings, George-street North.

WANTED, a Jobbing Harness Maker, to repair. Warburton and Son, coal merchants, Pyrmont.

WANTED, for the country, a BUTCHER, a competent hand—none other need apply. John Ritchie, Caledonian Wharf, King-street.

WANTED, two SHOEMAKERS for strong work. Apply to Mr. Dowling, Market-buildings, George-street, Sydney.

WANTED, a PARTNER—capital required, £500—for a good paying business; yearly profits, £1000. Full particulars and terms apply Joseph and Co., 145, King-street.

WANTED, a GENTLEMAN, of active and energetic disposition and good address, as canvasser in city and suburbs for an insurance company. Terms, liberal, to a suitable person. G. Y., Post Office, Sydney.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A COMPETENT Needlewoman Disengaged by day or week. G. T., Glebe Post-office.

A RESPECTABLE MAN open for engagement, as Groom, &c. Address R. G. C., 284, Castlereagh-st.

A CABINET and Ornamental Turner, Carver, and Twister wants Employment. P. L. Dupin, Post-office, Balmain.

A RESPECTABLE young Person from the country, requires SITUATION as Laundress or General Servant. Apply 43, T. W., Mew-street, off Parramatta-street. Open three days.

BONUS, £30.—Permanent SITUATION, in store or otherwise; refs. Percy, Post-office, Paddington.

COOKS and Laundresses waiting at Cragg's Registry; General Servants, Nurse Girls. 284, Castlereagh-st.

ENGINEER, Millwright, wants EMPLOY, fitting up, repairing, or driving machinery. Steady, HERALD.

MARRIED Couples waiting, Barmaids, Housekeepers, also young Men as indoor servants. 6, Bridge-st.

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Good Printer requires ENGAGEMENT. Apply Mr. Small's, York-street.

TWO SISTERS desire SITUATION in one family—Cook and Laundress, House and Parlour Maid. Apply, by letter, M. A., 8, Botany-street, Waterloo.

TO BREWERS.—Town or Country.—Thoroughly practical Brewer open to APPOINTMENT; excellent testimonials. P. A., HERALD Office.

TO STATION MASTERS.—A married Man, a good bush carpenter and smith, seeks a SITUATION on a station. Open for one week. H. T. S., Parramatta-street Post-office.

TO GROCERS, and PROVISION MERCHANTS.—A respectable young Man wants a SITUATION as above, who thoroughly understands the business in all its branches. Has been Manager of first-class houses in Dublin and Liverpool. References first class. Address B. B., HERALD Office.

WANTED by competent Barmaid SITUATION, first-class house; wages no object. D. D., HERALD.

WANTED, by a woman with a little boy, a Place as General Servant. Apply S. Hill, Oxford-street.

WANTED, by a German girl, from the country, Situation as Housemaid. 312, Riley-st., Surry Hills.

WANTED, SITUATION, by rough Carpenter; understands engine-driving also. H. C., HERALD.

WANTED, by respectable young woman, 18, SITUATION as General Servant. C. B., HERALD Office.

WANTED, by a respectable young person, Situation, as Cook and Laundress. 25, Hosking-place.

WANTED, a SITUATION, as Morning Governess. English, French, Music, &c. M. G., Bible Hall.

WANTED, by a young Woman, Situation to assist in a bar or in a shop. 16, Francis-street, Glebe.

WAITING, Housekeeper or Cook and L., small family. Good refs. Mrs. Shepparde's registry, Bathurst-st.

WANTED, by a respectable Man, a SITUATION of trust, storekeeper or otherwise; nine years' Government testimonials. G. T., HERALD Office.

WANTED, EMPLOYMENT for Self and £150, in any trustworthy position. Advertiser writes well and is quick at figures. Five years in present employ; reference. Address Hunter, HERALD Office.

WANTED, by a respectable steady Man, a SITUATION as Gardener; has had 12 years' experience in the gardens of the late Thomas Laidlaw, Esq., of Yass, and other first-class references. T. T., HERALD Office.

WANTED, by a respectable middle-aged Woman, SITUATION as working housekeeper, with good references. Address, Mrs. Sinclair, care of G. F. Stacey, Paddington.

YOUNG Lady requires Situation in first-class hotel. Thoroughly experienced. S. P., 159, Elizabeth-st.

SERVANTS WANTED.

ALL Classes of good Servants and useful Girls wanted, at the Home Registry, 98, Market-street.

A COMPETENT General Servant; also Cook and Laundress, wanted. 219, Macquarie-street.

COOK and LAUNDRESS wanted. 237, Pitt-street.

GENERAL SERVANT wanted; good references; small family; good wages. 253, Pitt-street.

GENERAL SERVANT wanted. Mrs. Mark H. Long, 72, William-street.

OFFICE-BOY wanted. Apply, by letter, to E. Tinsley, 177, York-street, Sydney.

HOUSE and PARLOURMAID wanted. Apply Mrs. A. J. Cape, Torfrida, Elizabeth Bay, 11 and 1.

HOUSE and Parlour MAIDS wanted, Cooks, Laundresses, and General Servants. 6, Bridge-street.

HOUSEKEEPER Wanted, for Newcastle, to attend upon five gentlemen, must be experienced. Apply for particulars No. 6, Lewington-terrace, Milson's Point, North Shore.

IMMIGRANTS per Kapundra, call at Cragg's Registry for employment. 284, Castlereagh-street.

MATRONLY Person to board Girl, aged 11; suburbs preferred. Terms moderate. Beta, HERALD Office.

REQUIRED for Gladesville, House and Parlour Maid and competent Nurse. Apply 108, Victoria-street.

STOREKEEPER.—Wanted, a thoroughly competent Person. Apply letter only, with copies of references, to Learmonth, Dickinson, and Co.

WANTED, 5 BOYS, to work at cigar-making. Vernon Cottage, Addison Road, Marrickville.

WANTED, a smart BOY or GIRL, to be useful. Gordon House, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, a BOY—one used to Printing preferred. Engel, printer, Bridge-street.

WANTED, a BOY, to assist Engineer. Apply on works, John Goodsell, Newtown.

WANTED, a good and intelligent BOY, for office. Glasson, Pitt-street South.

WANTED, two smart BOYS. G. Anderson, 343, Pitt-street.

WANTED, to BOY, to carry out. Apply at 767, Kent-street.

WANTED, a strong BOY, for the Plumbing business. F. O'Meara, 142, William-street.

WANTED, a strong BOY, to chop wood. 27, Botany-street, Oxford-street.

WANTED, two BOYS, this morning. 439, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, a Lad, for garden and useful, 12s.; Lad, indoor-work, 10s., brd. and lodging. 98, Market-st.

WANTED, a respectable LAD, to carry out meat, and be useful. E. S. Hulle, 573, George-street.

WANTED, a Lad, as GROOM, and general useful; references. J. Lapraik, V.S., 51, Parramatta-st.

WANTED, a LAD or young MAN. J. Cooper, butcher, 155, Campbell-street.

WANTED, strong LAD, for stable work. E. M'Carty and Co., 235, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, a respectable LAD. Apply to E. Sandford, butcher, Ann-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a LAD, accustomed to butchering, able to ride. Apply R. Pollard, Bank-st., Chippendale.

WANTED, a LAD accustomed to the grocery business. M. Bayfield, Paddington.

WANTED, a YOUTH, to block and cut linings. Apply J. Biggs, 481, George-street.

WANTED, a smart intelligent Youth, as junior CLERK. R. H. P., HERALD Office.

WANTED, a GIRL, for 2 in family; also, a BOY. 5, Agnes-terrace, Engine-street.

WANTED, respectable young GIRL, to be useful. Apply after 10, No. 98, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, a useful GIRL. Apply 29, Botany-street, Surry Hill

WANTED, clean active GIRL. 10 sharp. 406, Pitt-street South.

WANTED, a useful GIRL, to assist in housework. 381, Crown-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a useful little GIRL. 144, Forbes-street Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a little GIRL, to assist in housework. Apply 60, York-street.

WANTED, a young GIRL, to make herself useful. 44, Mount-street, Pyrmont.

WANTED, a tidy GIRL, about 14. Mrs. A. S. Thomas, 159, Phillip-street.

WANTED, a GIRL, about 13. Apply 320, Upper Brougham-street, Darlinghurst.

WANTED, a respectable Lady NURSE, at once. Apply 215, Elizabeth-street, Hyde Park.

WANTED, a respectable person as NURSE and Needlewoman. Apply Mrs. Carey, Market-street.

WANTED, a young Girl as NURSE, and make herself useful. 4, Triangle-terrace, Walker-st., Redfern.

WANTED, a GIRL, to mind baby. Apply 121, Palmer-street.

WANTED, a little GIRL, to mind a baby. 177, Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a young Girl, as NURSE, with reference, Mrs. J. H. Mulholland, 222, Albion-st., Sur. Hills.

WANTED, a thorough NURSE, for Manly Beach. Apply Mrs. Pawley, Ormonde Cottage, Paddington.

WANTED, a Nurse and Needlewoman; also, Cook, in same house, at Parramatta; private. 98, Market-st.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL, to mind a baby. Mrs. Irwin, corner of Bourke and Short streets.

WANTED, a thorough General SERVANT. Apply Mrs. F. Clissold, Mount Vernon House, Randwick.

WANTED, General SERVANT, clean and capable. Mrs. Little, opposite Railway Station, Petersham.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT for a small family. 143, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, General SERVANT. W. Loughlin, Darling-street, Balmain.

WANTED, a GENERAL SERVANT, Rising Sun Hotel, Elizabeth-street South.

WANTED, a thorough General SERVANT—four in family. 2, Elizabeth-terrace, Pitt-street, Redfern.

WANTED, General SERVANT; highest wages given. Hillside, Upper William-street North.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT, for small family. Between 10 and 12, 155, Bourke-st., W'loo.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. 315, George-street, near Wynyard-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT; another kept. 177, Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. 88, William-street.

WANTED, General SERVANT. Three Crowns Hotel, Church-hill.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply to Mrs. Clune, 12, College-street, Hyde Park.

WANTED, a respectable servant GIRL. 211, Campbell-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a middle-aged General SERVANT (Protestant), two in family. 711, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, a thorough General SERVANT (Protestant). 304, Oxford-street, Hyde Park

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Mrs. Frederick Lee, Ivy Lodge, Pitt-street, Redfern.

WANTED, a female General SERVANT, in small family. 413, Crown-street, corner Fitzroy-st., S. H.

WANTED, a respectable young Girl, as General SERVANT. Royal Crown and Anchor, Glebe Road.

WANTED, a steady Girl, as General SERVANT, with references. 605, George-street

WANTED, a young Girl, as General SERVANT, for a small family. No. 4, Burton-street.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Apply 44, College-street.

WANTED, a respectable Girl, as General SERVANT. 139, Oxford-street.

WANTED, a respectable Girl, as General SERVANT. 49, Elizabeth-street, near Hunter-st.

WANTED, good General SERVANT, in small private family. 3, York-ter., Pyrmont Bridge Road.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL, as General SERVANT. Clarence Hotel, Erskine-st., after 9 a.m.

WANTED, a BARMAID; reference required. Apply Temple Court Hotel, King and Elizabeth streets.

WANTED, Assistant HOUSEMAID. Tattersall's.

WANTED, a respectable young Woman as HOUSEMAID. Jenkins's Hotel, Erskine-street.

WANTED, a good House and Parlour Maid, for Manly. Apply Mrs. Carey, Market-street.

WANTED, a young Woman as COOK and LAUNDRESS, for Randwick. 101, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, COOK to assist in washing; good refs. Mrs. Massie, Chesterfield, Waverley.

WANTED, Cook, Laundress, and Nurse, for one family; General Servants. Registry, 50, Oxford-st.

WANTED, respectable young Girl, as COOK, &c., with references. Apply Mrs. Spencer, 222, Pitt-st.

WANTED, a respectable Woman as COOK and Laundress; references. 53, Lower Fort-street.

WANTED, a Cook and Laundress. Apply Mrs. John Sands, Marmion, Waverley; or at 32, George-st.

WANTED, a single Man, as COOK; wages, £1 10s. P. M'Carroll, butcher, 209, Parramatta-street.

WANTED, a LAUNDRESS, to do washing at home. Apply Priory, North Shore, near Lavender Bay.

WANTED, a competent LAUNDRESS. Apply 15 Church-hill.

WANTED, a good IRONER. 10, Exeter-place, near Haymarket.

WANTED, NEEDLEWOMAN, with machine, by the day. Mrs. R. Stanley, 33, Bent-street.

WANTED, a WOMAN, to wash and iron one day weekly. Apply, this morning, 359, Bourke-street.

WANTED, a young WOMAN, about 16, to assist in general housework. 550½, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, a respectable WOMAN, to wash, on Mondays Mrs. C. J. Jackson, Newtown Road.

WANTED, a strong WOMAN, for the country. Apply Tattersall's.

WOMEN, to do plain needlework. Gioconda Cottage, 381, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, good WAITRESS, must know her work, good wages given. 211, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a WAITRESS; also, a NURSEGIRL. 305, Pitt-street, next Tattersall's.

WANTED, a PERSON, to clean offices daily. Apply at Brigade Office, 12 noon.

WANTED, a smart KITCHENMAI. 46 and 48, Erskine-street.

WANTED, PAGES. Royal Hotel.

WANTED, a young Man, as PORTER, &c. Apply after 9. J. H. Hoare and Co., 333 George-street.

WANTED, Man, as WAITER, and make himself generally useful. Travellers' Rest, Market-street.

WANTED, WAITERS, also KITCHENBOY. Pfahlert's Hotel.

WANTED, a SHOPMAN, wages 2 with board. P. M'Carroll, butcher, 209, Parramatta-street.

WANTED, sober respectable MAN, to drive hansom cab. William Paul, Chisholm-street, Surry Hills

WANTED, a Man, as BOOTS and Night Porter. Horner's Hotel, Wynyard-square.

WANTED, a DRIVER to deliver coal. G. Wilton, Ultimo Road.

WANTED, a good DAIRYMAN. A. Percival, Turner-street, Redfern.

WANTED, a sober, active Man, as RUNNER; one acquainted with the business. 30, Jamison-street.

WANTED, Man to work in marketgarden. H. Lawrance, Waverley.

WANTED, a respectable elderly Man Kitchenman and plain Cook. Warburton and Son, Pyrmont.

WANTED, a sober MAN, to drive an engine. Apply T. Chester, Dibbs's Wharf.

WANTED, a strong, active young MAN. Apply after 9 a.m., 147, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, a MAN to carry out; wages £1 10s with board. P. M'Carroll, butcher, 209, Parramatta-st.

WANTED, good Bricklayers' LABOURER. Apply Newtown Inn, Cook's River Road.

WANTED, single Men, as LABOURERS, accustomed to horses preferred. Warburton and Son.

WANTED, a young MAN, to assist in making small goods. E. S. Hulle, 573, George-street.

WANTED, Commercial MAN going to New Zealand, to take first-class boot commission. Box 367, P. O.

WANTED, single MAN, used to wood and coal yard; drive horse and dray. 100, Crown-st., Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, for a few hours a day, a BOY, about 14. Apply to Mrs. R. Jones, Stoneleigh 297, Upper Dowling-street.

WANTED, a LAD able to milk and make himself generally useful on a farm. G. F. Want, Hunter-street.

WANTED, a respectable young GIRL, about 16, for general housework; two in family. Apply 160, Bourke-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a competent NURSE and NEEDLEWOMAN, to take charge of a boy, 3 years of age. Apply Mrs. Marks, 209, Darlinghurst Road.

WANTED, a young Girl as General SERVANT; no washing nor cooking required. Mrs. Price, Lorne Villa, off Roslyn-street, Rushcutter Bay.

WANTED, a working HOUSEKEEPER, to take general management; three in family. Apply Mrs. Meillon, 160, Victoria-street.

WANTED, COOK and LAUNDRESS. Miss Hall, Roland Cottage, Petersham. Apply on Wednesday, between 11 and 1.

WANTED, an active young MAN for a country store; must be acquainted with the grocery. Barker and James, Market and Clarence streets.

WANTED, a respectable well-recommended young MAN, that can drive well. Apply Frederick Hinds, baker, Pitt-street, Redfern.

WANTED, a smart and competent WAITER, and a clean and professed PANTRYMAN. None need apply but with town references. Apply early, to W. Gannon, Exchange Hotel

YOUTH, as PORTER, wanted. G. L. Carter, opposite Royal Hotel.

APARTMENTS BOARD & RESIDENCE

A COMFORTABLE Furnished BEDROOM, for respectable young man. Apply 6, Bridge-street.

A FRONT ROOM to LET, furnished; suit two friends or a married couple. 235, Oxford-st., op. S. Heart.

A FURNISHED ROOM, suitable for gentlemen, with or without board. C.C., Post-office, Oxford-street.

A LADY could take 2 or 3 Gentlemen to BOARD, at Burwood or elsewhere. Address V., HERALD.

A LARGE airy ROOM for two friends; board and bath. 32, Wynyard-square.

A NICE furnished BEDROOM, suitable for lady or gentleman. 114, Palmer-street.

APARTMENTS and SUITE vacant. Tenby House, next but one to Petty's, Wynyard-sq. Mrs. Mair.

APARTMENTS vacant, for gentlemen, single and double rooms; baths, piano. 24, Wynyard-square.

APARTMENTS for two gentlemen; board. 90, Hunter-street, near Macquarie-street.

APARTMENTS vacant. Mrs. A. S. Thomas, 159, Phillip-street.

APARTMENTS vacant. Mrs. Henfrey's, Alfred House 232, Darlinghurst Road.

APARTMENTS VACANT. 211, Darlinghurst Road.

APARTMENTS vacant; suit single gentleman. Mrs. Grogan, 167, Premier-ter., William-st. Terms, mod.

APARTMENTS vacant, board optional; baths, piano. 12, Francis-street, Hyde Park.

APARTMENTS vacant. Strathspey House, 213½, Macquarie-street.

APARTMENTS vacant, suite or otherwise. 243, Macquarie-street North.

A ROOM to LET. Apply 84, Palmer-street, Woolloomooloo.

ATHOL HOUSE, 199, Macquarie-street, opposite Domain.—APARTMENTS vacant.

AT JAVA HOUSE, Jamison-st., BOARD and RESIDENCE. Plunge and shower baths. Terms, 21s.

AT PEMBROKE HOUSE, 215, Macquarie-street North, APARTMENTS vacant.

A LADY having nicely Furnished HOUSE, in a delightful suburb, is desirous of meeting with another willing to share expenses of housekeeping. Address F. F., HERALD Office.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for two respectable men, in a private family. 17, Bathurst-street West.

BOARD and LODGINGS, 453, Pitt-street, 2 doors from Liverpool-street, good table kept; 18s per week.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, with large balconies, gas, and bath. No. 1, Bishopthorpe-terrace, Glebe.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, for two steady men. 90, Mary-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, for a respectable young man. 75, Prince-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for single gentlemen; bath. 75, Elizabeth-street North.

BOARD and RESIDENCE; every home comfort; bath; terms, £1. 11, Stanley-street, Hyde Park.

CLARENCE VILLA, Forbes-st., Woo'loo.—Commodious airy apartments vacant, families and gentlemen.

COMFORTABLE BED and SITTING ROOM, furnished; kitchen and bath. 11, Mill-street, Pyrmont.

COMFORTABLE furnished Room, for married couple or single men. 2, Bridge-street, near George-street.

CLUB HOUSE HOTEL, BATHURST.—The undersigned begs respectfully to inform commercial gentlemen and others travelling through the Western district, that having become proprietor of the above well and favourably-known hotel, nothing will be found wanting to secure the comfort of visitors favouring him with a visit.
THOMAS M'DONALD DALVEEN.

FRONT ROOM to LET, unfurnished and furnished Bedrooms, for single gentlemen. 21, Botany-st., S.H.

FURNISHED BEDROOMS for respectable tradesmen; plunge and shower bath. 41, Burton and Palmer sts.

FURNISHED ROOM, with or without board, for two single men. Winne-terrace, Macquarie-street South.

MANLY BEACH BATHS.—Quiet healthy situation. BOARD and RESIDENCE on moderate terms. Manly Beach BATHS open for Ladies from 7 a.m. to 6 p.m., and for Gentlemen before and after those hours.

MANLY BEACH.—To parties in search of health.—Situation unrivalled, pure sea bathing, well furnished comfortable ROOMS, good attendance, first class cooking combined with moderate charges. The Clarendon, Mrs. Sergeant, proprietress.

NO. 6, Richmond-terrace, Domain, front BEDROOM vacant, ground floor.

PRIVATE Board and Residence for 2 ladies or gentlemen friends, near Hyde Park. Address Hill's, Ox.-st.

SUPERIOR Board and Residence for single gentlemen. Leamington House, Elizabeth-st., H. P.; baths, piano.

SUPERIOR balcony ROOM, for 2 gentlemen, with board, £1 5s. 253, Elizabeth-street.

TO LET, 2 furnished ROOMS. 29, Little Norton-street, Surry Hills.

TO LET, 2 large and lofty ROOMS, central position, lately occupied by dressmakers. 237, Pitt-street.

TO LET, two front ROOMS, on ground floor, suitable for offices, at 64, Hunter-street.

TO LET, two ROOMS, use of kitchen; rent, 5s 6d. Apply Mr. Moyes, grocer, Pyrmont-street, Pyrmont.

TO LET, 3 ROOMS, use of kitchen. Oxenbridge, baker, Paddington, near Public school.

TO LET, 2 unfurnished ROOMS, with use of kitchen; plenty of water. Apply 131, Gipps-st., Surry Hills.

TO LET, a well furnished BEDROOM, in a private family. 108, Stanley-street.

TO LET, front balcony ROOM, 6s. 357, Burton-street, two doors below Victoria-street, Darlinghurst.

TO LET, two Furnished BEDROOMS, for single men, without board. 86, Harrington-street.

TO LET, a furnished BEDROOM, with fireplace use of kitchen; a married couple, no children. Inquire at Mrs. Orphan's, George-street, Redfern.

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125, GOULBURN-STREET.—APARTMENTS, with or without board; terms moderate.

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251, CROWN-STREET, near Oxford-street.—A furnished ROOM vacant, with board; mod.

284, KENT-ST., off King-street, LODGINGS for single men. Also, a room for two.

A YOUNG Gentleman requires BOARD, only; near Post Office preferred. G. A., 323, George-street.

A YOUNG Lady, who is a good pianist, would give her services for a comfortable HOME; satisfactory references; suburbs or country preferred. Address A. W. A., Spragg and Adams, 94, Oxford-street.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS required, mar. couple, use of kitchen; terms, mod. Town, HERALD Office.

PETERSHAM or MARRICKVILLE.—Wanted to rent, in April or May next, a COTTAGE of 5 rooms and kitchen. Apply, with particulars, to Domo, HERALD Office.

REQUIRED, a STORE, or part, suitable for clothing factory. State particulars, Alpha, HERALD Office.

WANTED, 2 furnished ROOMS, use kitchen; suburbs preferred. Immediate. 370, Crown-street.

WANTED, a 4 or 5 roomed COTTAGE, within ten minutes' walk of G. Post Office. 194, Pitt-st.

WANTED, by married couple, furnished apartments, in suburbs. Terms moderate. T. M., HERALD.

WANTED, immediately, COTTAGE, 4 or 5 rooms. Rent and particulars to Locus, HERALD.

WANTED, near Oxford-st., plainly furnished Bed and Sitting Rooms. M. A., 56, Cooper-st., S. Hills.

WANTED, a neat COTTAGE, between the top of William-street and Paddington, where water is laid on. No children. M. A. W., HERALD Agency Office, Woollahra.

WANTED, in healthy suburb, furnished Cottage, 4 to 5 rooms, &c. E. Ramsay, agent, 412, Geo.-st.

WANTED, by married couple, Furnished front BEDROOM, with use of kitchen, near Railway terminus. State terms, R. Z., HERALD Office.

WANTED, by Married Couple, large, airy, furnished BEDROOM, use of kitchen, bath; healthy locality; rent moderate. Address Leo, care Mr. Pierce, William-street.

WANTED, by Lady (permanent tenant), part of unfurnished HOUSE, or 2 or 3 rooms; use of kitchen; references given. Open a week. Resident, Post-office, Oxford-street.

WANTED to rent, from 1st March, a HOUSE with about 4 rooms, exclusive of servant's room and kitchen, &c.; gas and bath indispensable. Surry Hills or Darlinghurst preferred. Rent not to exceed £84 per annum. A. B. C., Box 92, Post Office.

TO LET.

A SHOP and Residence to LET, with fixtures, &c. 221, Upper Campbell-street, near Oxford-street.

BALMAIN.—COTTAGE, with water frontage to Johnson's Bay, 5 rooms, kitchen, &c., and bathing-house. W. Smith, solicitor, 165, Pitt-street.

CLOSE to town, furnished HOUSE to LET, 6 rooms; also linen, plate, piano, for 3 or 6 months. 412, Geo.-st.

GLEBE, Hereford-street, 6-roomed HOUSE, wash-house, &c. Mr. Clarke, next door, or Lassetter's.

HOUSE, Blanche-terrace, Moore Park, 4 rooms and kitchen. W. P. Woolcott, Bell's-chambers.

HOUSES to LET, 4-rooms, each with garden, in Glebe-street. Apply M'Carthy, Jamison-street.

HUNTER'S HILL.—To LET, Waterside RESIDENCE, near Figtree Wharf, Lane Cove; 8 rooms, large verandah, cellar, and every convenience. Possession on 1st March. D. N. Joubert, 32, Bridge-street.

HARGRAVES and ELIZABETH STREETS, Paddington.—WALLANGY, overlooking Glenmore.—To LET, House, 6 rooms, kitchen, pantry, stable, and large garden. Furniture if required. Apply on premises.

MANLY BEACH.—To LET, a 6-roomed Furnished COTTAGE, near the pier. Apply 442, Elizabeth-st.

MOORE PARK ROAD.—To LET, good family Residence. E. Ramsay, Bank-cham.; or F. Lee, broker.

MOORE PARK.—No. 4, Oxford-terrace, to LET. This delightfully situated family residence contains parlour and dining-rooms, folding doors; drawing-room, French windows; 2 balconies, 3 bedrooms, bath with shower, servant's room, kitchen, yard, &c.; gas and water laid on; rates and taxes paid; rent moderate. Apply N. HOPSON, 598, George-street. 'Bus every 5 minutes.

NORTH SHORE.—To LET, HOUSE, 5 rooms. W. Massey, Lavender Bay.

NORWOOD VILLA, Ocean-street, Woollahra.—This commodious and comfortable residence will be vacant shortly. For particulars apply to Hardie and Gorman, 177, Pitt-street.

SOUTH KINGSTON.—To LET, Roslyn House, Trafalgar-terrace, 5 rooms and kitchen, close to station.

TO LET, a good family RESIDENCE, every convenience, rent moderate. Apply 410, George-street.

TO LET, HOUSE, occupied by G. Stock, Esq., Ocean-street, Woollahra. N. Z. Company, 77, Pitt-street.

TO LET, HARROWBY, Nelson-street, Woollahra, 10 rooms. N. Z. Company, 77, Pitt-street.

TO LET, HAVILLAND, Nelson-street, Woollahra, 8 rooms. N.Z. Company, 77, Pitt-street.

TO LET, detached, London-street, Enmore, hall, 6 rooms; rent, 2..s 6d. D. Elphinston, Glebe.

TO BE LET, No. 2, Holte-terrace, Fitzroy and Crown streets, Surry Hills. Apply at No. 1.

TO LET, 39, West-street, Darlinghurst, 9 rooms, bath-room, two yards, water and gas laid on.

TO LET, No. 31, College-street, Hyde Park, 8 rooms, bath, servants' rooms; kitchen, large range, gas.

TO LET, No. 68, Upper Fort-street, opposite Flagstaff. Apply No. 3, Prince-street.

TO LET, a SHOP, Botany Road, Redfern. P. Mulcahy, Botany Road, Redfern.

TO LET, No. 8 STORE, Macquarie-place. Possession immediately. F. L. Barker, 130, Pitt-street.

TO LET, 3, Menonia-terrace, Victoria-street, Darlinghurst; 8 rooms, gas, and every convenience.

TO LET, HOUSE, at Woollahra, 6 rooms, &c; rent, 12s per week. Walter Cook, 174, Pitt-street.

TO LET, as workshops or storerooms, four 2-roomed Brick HOUSES. 351, Castlereagh-street.

TO LET, FERNVILLE, 9 rooms, paddock, stabling, coach-house, supply pure water. Napper, Randwick.

TO LET, very comfortable COTTAGE, 6 rooms, kitchen, laundry, &c., &c. Kernoa, Wilson-street, Newtown.

TO LET, 2 HOUSES, Junction-street, Woolloomooloo, 4 rooms. Apply C. Kidman, Oxford-street.

TO LET, SHOP in George-street, centrally situated, suitable for any business. Apply 390, George-street.

TO LET, four and eight roomed HOUSES; baths, washhouses. Shine, Shamrock House, Mary-street.

TO LET, a 3-roomed HOUSE. 120, Waterloo-street, off Cooper-street, Surry Hills.

TO LET, HOUSE, 10 rooms, kitchen, bath, gas, and every convenience. 1, Olivia-ter., Bourke-st., S. H.

TO LET, Business PREMISES, in the best part of Pitt-street. S Levin, 164, King-street.

TO LET, GUNNERY VILLA, opposite the Reservoir, Paddington, ten rooms, kitchen, out-houses, good yard, plenty water. Apply Ormond Lodge, Paddington.

TO BE LET, THROSBY PARK, house and grounds, situate at Berrima. Apply W. W. Billyard, solicitor, 32, Hunter-street, Sydney.

TO LET, those 2 first-class semi-detached Gothic VILLAS on the heights of Petersham, near Station, each 9 rooms, bath room, and other good conveniences; key Mrs. Robinson, nr. Station. J. J. Curran, 600, Geo.-st.

TO LET, ILLERTON HALL, opposite Captain Cook's Statue, Randwick. The house is well situated and contains every accommodation for a gentleman's family. Apply to S. H. Pearce, Randwick.

TO LET, ten-roomed HOUSE, three-stall stable, and coach-house; side entrance. 666, Elizabeth-street. Key at Mr. Loney's, Buckingham-street, Strawberry Hill; or at C. Lewis, 201, Phillip-street, Sydney.

TO LET, furnished, for three months, a commodious Cottage RESIDENCE and Grounds, within two miles of Parramatta Railway Station; every requisite. Apply Gilchrist, Stubbs, and Weston, 273, George-street.

TO LET, one of those beautiful Family RESIDENCES in Elizabeth-street, opposite Belmore Park, containing 10 rooms, gas, gasaliers, with every convenience. Apply M. Asher, 442, Elizabeth-street.

TO MERCHANTS, WAREHOUSEMEN, AND OTHERS.—TO LET, one of those newly erected first-class WAREHOUSES, No. 105, York-street, complete, with every appliance for carrying on a large wholesale business. Immediate possession. Apply 97, York-street

TO LET, Family RESIDENCE, at Parramatta, within five minutes' walk from the railway station, known as Experiment Cottage, Harris Park. The house contains 9 rooms, with detached kitchen, &c., &c., and 20 acres of land attached; lately occupied by the Rev. H. A. Langley. Apply to John Taylor, auctioneer and estate agent, Church-street, Parramatta.

VILLA, 6 rooms, outhouses, large grounds, few yards Railway station, easy terms. Delta, Redfern Station.

WOOLLAHRA.—To LET, 6-roomed HOUSE; kitchen, bath, gas, &c. Warrens-ter., Moncur-st.

WOOLLAHRA.—Delightfully situated House, 8 rooms, &c., front garden, fine view. 213, Pitt-st.

WILLOUGHBY PARK HOUSE, Gore's Hill, North Shore, to be LET, furnished or unfurnished, containing 14 rooms and out-offices, all in perfect repair, land, more or less; a delightful family residence, or a fine opening for a first-class hotel and sanatorium, school, &c. Rent, moderate, especially first year of lease. W. P. Woolcott, Bell's-chambers.

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TO QUARRYMEN.—Finest FREESTONE QUARRIES at Lane Cove and Lane Cove Road, Mosman's Bay, and Military Road, Middle Harbour, and Spit Road, open to good roads, to deep water frontages, and wharfs easy of access. Rent, 5s per week per man.
R. HARNETT, Jun., and CO., 324, George-street.

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